Today's Business Article

By Our Financial Editor

FEBRUARY AND MARCH FAIL TO BRING SPRING BOOM

Two Months That Are Usually Good Disappointing So Far

BUYERS CAUTIOUS

Element Of Fear Acting As Deterrent To Merchants

BY DAVID ARAKIE
(Our Financial Editor)

Under completely normal conditions, February and March must be placed in the category of good business months. This year, it would appear, these months have proved quite a disappointment to merchants. Although the Chinese had forecasted that dealers and others would be throwing themselves into the vortex of keen buying at the beginning of the Year of the Rat (in other words this year of grace in the Chinese calendar) so far there has been nothing of a tangible nature on which to hang hopes of any nature. Instead, business has been awfully unfavorable, everything being stagnant. The markets of China today exhibit serenity and calmness. Trade at the present in this country appears to have no backbone. International trade is at a low ebb, and it is hardly surprising that Shanghai is suffering with the rest of the world in the present universal trade depression.

We had expected that the period of commercial fear would be passed with the beginning of the new year, but up to now it would seem that this fear is still with us, and in a marked degree. The problem is to some extent psychological. There is no peering over left shoulders, at the moment, in fear that another period of depression may loom up out of the shadows of the past to haunt us. Conditions could not be worse than they are at the present time. On all sides there is distinct pessimism, but readjustments are certain. It may be a long lane that knows no turning, but sooner or later the improvement must come.

CHANGE REFECTED

Every single one of the business indices and barometers to which attention may be drawn for an estimate of the past, the present and the future, gives reflection of the tremendous change which had taken place in the attitude of business. Merchants are getting resigned to the worst. In fact, things could not be worse than what they are today. Possibly such a condition is one of the penalties of the boom years which the commerce of the eastern countries experienced. Such a condition very likely characterises an era or a cycle in which excessive caution after a period of excessive haste and speed is reflected. The disruption to normal business conditions during the war and the inflation and subsequent depression which followed was too drastic for even the most sober-minded and calculating accurately to measure the breadth and strength of present-day buying demands or estimate their sustained character. Possibly this is one of the problems which can be ironed out only by time.

Any attempt to look ahead in China and judge at what particular point the slack will have been taken up and seasonal needs filled is fruitless. Facts and figures coming from extremely authoritative sources serve no purpose in the present state of China commerce. If these reports could be trusted and guided by, complete recovery should now have been made, for inventories show conclusively that the interior markets are bare of stocks, and yet there is no disposition to stock.

The movement of goods into consumer channels is sluggish, indeed. Purchases are of the hand-to-mouth variety. It is quite evident to the most casual observer in this country that the law of supply and demand is not in full operation. Trade is hampered by encumbrances, one of which—and a very serious one—is the disorganised state of the country. Although to many it would seem that this is rather exaggerated, merchants in upcountry centers have not

(Continued on Page 4)

Weather

Rather mild and variable weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 53.6 and the minimum 32.7, figures for the corresponding day last year being 59.7 and 42.8.

TODAY'S EDITORIAL LEADERS APPEAR ON PAGE 20

The China Press
大陸報

No. 3847 Vol. XIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 申子年二月十二日 SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924 大正十三年三月十六號 第三種郵便物認可 20 CENTS

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe, Pres. Madison, Mar. 20.
FROM U. S. and Europe, Str. E. of Russia, Mar. 21.
FOR Europe via Suez, Str. Naidera, 3 p.m. Tuesday.
FROM Europe via Suez, Str. Kalyan, Mar. 27.

British Air Force Head In Labor Ministry

Gen C B Thomson

Brigadier-General Christopher Birdwood Thomson, C. B. E., D. S. O., who has been named Secretary of State for Air in the Ramsay Macdonald Labor Cabinet in Great Britain.

BRITISH CREW ADMIT BOOZE SMUGGLING

U. S. Asserts "Orduna" Was Regular Law Violator

(Reuter's American Service)

New York, March 14.—Five members of the crew of the Orduna were tried today on a charge of smuggling liquor and narcotics. They pleaded guilty and were remanded for sentence until Wednesday. Two other members of the crew who had previously admitted their guilt, were also remanded. Assistant District Attorney Clark asserts that the Orduna has been used ever since the passing of the Prohibition Act as a vehicle for smuggled liquor. He claims that she has carried $100,000 worth of contraband into New York. Officials of the line however, declare that any violation of the laws, if committed, was without the knowledge of responsible officers and deny all the charges.

(Reuter's American Service)

New York, March 14.—Mr. Edward J. Berwing, the well-known American coal-owner, has furnished the $1,000,000 bond, enabling the Orduna to sail tomorrow according to schedule.

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, March 14.—The British Embassy has furnished the Foreign Office with a report on the Orduna case and will not take further steps unless instructed from London.

FORTY KILLED, 53 INJURED IN TRAIN WRECK

Cyclone Hits Railway Near Delhi, India

(Reuter's Service)

Delhi, March 15.—It is estimated that at least forty persons were killed and fifty-three injured in a railway accident today, three miles from Bareilly, when a mixed train, passing a bridge, was struck by the full force of a severe cyclone. Five third-class bogie carriages in the rear of the train were overturned, three carriages fell into the river and four were completely reversed and the passengers imprisoned in the debris beneath. Most of the casualties were among the third-class passengers.

PICTORIAL PAGE

The new feature—"Pictorial News of the World," which appeared for the first time in Thursday's issue of The China Press, will be published several times each week in future.

Parade Coffins Again As Holocaust Protest In The Chapei District

Peking Again Wired Regarding Reorganisation Of Waterworks Held Responsible For Extent Of Fatal Blaze

Another parade of the coffins of victims, the death of one of the injured and the registry of a further protest to the provincial authorities constituted yesterday's developments in the aftermath of the disastrous fire which caused the death of possibly 100 persons in the Ziang King silk filature in Chapei last Monday.

The procession of the coffins through the streets was conducted with great pomp and was witnessed by thousands, while many Chapei shopkeepers remained on strike throughout the day as a sign of protest to the Chapei Waterworks, reorganisation of which is sought along Municipal lines.

In reply to the demands of the local bodies, General Ho Feng-lin, the Defence Commissioner, promised yesterday to announce a decision in the matter today at noon. The reply of the Governor at Nanking, Han Kuo-chun, was vague. It did not touch the point of reorganisation as demanded by the strikers but merely said:

GOVERNOR WIRES

"I have wired to the Taoyin, City Magistrate and police to maintain peace and order and try to influence the shops to call off the strike."

Another delegation of representatives of the striking shops called on General Ho Feng-lin, requesting the latter to take a strong hand in the matter by declaring an immediate reorganisation of the Chapei Water and Electric Works by the local merchants.

At a mass meeting held in the morning at the Benevolent Institution's compound and attended by nearly 20,000 people—according to Chinese reports—it was decided that an iron statue of the civil governor be erected in the cemetery where the fire victims are buried, on account of his refusal to approve reorganisation of the waterworks, defection of which is alleged to have been largely responsible for the great loss of life.

WIRE PEKING AGAIN

A second circular telegram was sent by the local organisations to Peking yesterday. The text follows:

"We trust that you have received our telegram under date of the 14th. The Governor has ignored the message, consequently public indignation runs high. Our efforts to reopen the shops with the cooperation of the police have been futile. The strike is already two days old and is full of dangerous possibilities. Is the government going to alienate the district of Chapei? An early reply is anxiously awaited."

General Ho's telegram to the Governor follows:

"I trust you have received the three telegrams I sent you yesterday on the subject of the Chapei Water and Electric Works. Today, I have been again requested by the public organisations, headed by the City Legislature of Paoshan, to comply with the will of the public and order a reorganisation of the institution in order to settle the vexing problem and relieve the residents from their sufferings. Therefore I file this telegram in the hope that you will settle the matter at once in deference to the wishes of the public."

The Amalgamated Street Unions of Shanghai will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon to make a public declaration on the strike.

The first death among the many injured millhands taken to hospital after the fire occurred yesterday, when a Yangsih woman, Pao Sze, 42 years old, succumbed at the Cantonese Hospital.

RECOGNITION OF SOVIET IS PUT OFF AGAIN

Peking Less Optimistic Concerning Immediate Settlement

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, March 15.—The Cabinet has not yet reached a decision on Sino-Russian relations. Official circles are today less optimistic regarding the immediate conclusion of an agreement.

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, March 15.—The French protest in connection with the Chinese Eastern Railway considerably weakened the attitude of some of the Cabinet Ministers towards the recognition by China of the Soviet Government.

Nevertheless the announcement made yesterday by the French Minister to the effect that in lodging a protest with the Chinese Government in regard to the Chinese Eastern Railway, France has no intention to oppose the conclusion of the Russo-Chinese agreement but merely to protect the capital of the French, who are concerned with the Russo-Asiatic Bank, has revived the resolve of the Chinese Cabinet which is now being occupied with its preparations for the issuance of orders and with the translation of the draft agreement to be concluded between China and Soviet Russia.

In these circumstances, it is expected that the agreement will be signed this evening or tomorrow. According to the "Far Eastern Times," the interviews conducted on the 13th and 14th instant between Dr. C. T. Wang and M. Karakhan lasted twenty hours, which is a new record in the diplomatic history of China.

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, March 15.—The essence of the arrangements in regard to the Chinese Eastern Railway accruing from the interviews between Dr. C. T. Wang and M. Karakhan is to establish a board of directors, a

(Continued on Page 8)

$4,500 GOLD IS MISSING FROM PRES. WILSON

Wrong Package Found In Treasure Tank

A package containing $4,500 gold in $5 and $10 pieces was found to be missing from the treasure tank on board the President Wilson just before that vessel sailed for Hongkong, and the local offices of the Pacific Mail are now conducting an investigation into its mysterious disappearance.

The money, which was consigned to a Chinese bank in Hongkong, was placed aboard the vessel at San Francisco, it is said, and when the tank's contents were checked here it was discovered missing. According to information given by the Pacific Mail officials another package, not supposed to be in the treasure tank, was found there, and it is assumed that the wrong package was checked, either by mistake or by some crook in San Francisco.

It is said to be impossible for the packages to have been switched aboard the vessel and Mr. B. C. Hatle, agent here for the Pacific Mail, has wired San Francisco the full details to be checked up on there.

Important Notice.

Readers are earnestly requested to be so kind as to communicate with the Business Manager (Tel. C. 1431) should the SPECIAL PICTORIAL SECTION be missing from today's paper, whether delivered by hand or by mail or purchased in the street.

THE CHINA PRESS, Inc.

Shanghai, 2nd March, 1924.

DAUGHERTY IS ACCUSED OF BRIBERY BY WITNESS

Means Creates Sensation In Senate's Oil Probe

NEW ANGLE

Asserts Attorney General Was "Bought-Off"

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, March 14.—Mr. Gaston Means, a former secret agent of the Department of Justice, created a sensation when giving evidence before the Teapot Dome investigation committee today. He testified that in February, 1922, in Washington, he received from a man representing a large Japanese firm $100,000 to end the Government prosecution in the Standard aircraft case.

Witness turned over the money to the late Mr. Jess Smith, a friend of Attorney-General Daugherty. Witness described himself as money-carrier in the transaction for Mr. Smith and others. He related that while making an "under-cover" investigation, which he believed was made at the instance of the late President Harding, he questioned Mr. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, in connection with permits for withdrawals of liquors and got him.

Mr. Means declared that he had questioned Senators Caraway and La Follette, after the latter had agitated for an investigation of the Teapot Dome affair. Witness, who admitted of having been employed as a German secret agent and having been tried

(Continued on Page 8)

REPORT SOVIET MAY PROTEST IN KORNILOFF CASE

Recognition May Save Life Of Condemned Murderer

If Soviet Russia is recognised before April 18—and according to dispatches from Peking such recognition is only a matter of days at the most—Ivan Korniloff may not go to his death before a firing squad at Harbin on April 18, according to information received in Shanghai last night.

Korniloff is sentenced to be executed by the Chinese authorities for murder, on account of the various crimes charged against him has already appeared in The China Press, but considerable agitation has arisen against carrying out of the sentence as it is asserted that he will be the first foreigner to die at the hands of Chinese authorities in over 100 years and that his execution is illegal because of the abolition of the death penalty in the Chinese Eastern railway zone.

Korniloff has a sister who is employed in one of the Soviet bureaus in Moscow and it is reported that she has appealed to the Soviet authorities to take steps to save her brother from death.

If the Soviet Government is recognised by China before April 18, therefore, it is said that they will immediately lodge a formal protest with the Chinese Government against the carrying out of the sentence.

Rykoff Named To Succeed Lenin

A I Rykoff and A Tsurupa

Alexis Ivanovitch Rykoff has been selected as the Prime Minister of Soviet Russia, to succeed the late Nikolai Lenin. He was unanimously elected in the gold room of the Kremlin Palace, in Moscow, by the newly-chosen Central Executive Soviet Committee. Rykoff is a man of ascetic habits and rather sickly physical condition. He is of peasant origin and was born in Saratov in 1881. A. Tsurupa, Vice-President of the Council of Commissars of the Russian Republic, has come far to the front in the management of the Soviet since Lenin's death.

Carlton In Colorful Scene At Children's League Sale

The big Carlton ballroom was turned into a children's paradise yesterday afternoon when the Ministering Children's League bazaar was opened by Lady Stubbs, wife of the governor of Hongkong and president of the league in that city.

Lady Stubbs made a short informal speech in which she outlined the aims of the league and its work. On the platform with her were Mrs. A. C. Clear, president of the Shanghai branch of the league, Mrs. Alister Campbell and Mrs. Trenchard Davis, high officers in the league.

Lady Stubbs said:

"I feel very much honored at being asked to declare the Bazaar open. I am not going to make a speech, as I feel that I am not good at it. All that I want to do is to say a little to the children about the League, but as Mrs. Clear has already done that so much better than I feel that I can, I will only tell the children to go on in the spirit of the League as they have done, bringing comfort to children in many homes. Again urging them to carry on as they had begun, her ladyship added that she had great pleasure in declaring the Bazaar open.

Mrs. Clear, in introducing Lady Stubbs, said: "This is our great day, our Harvest, and we fondly hope the results of the harvest are going to maintain our splendid record of help to those pathetic little men and women, bruised human flowers, who throughout the world win our deepest compassion, and who, under better conditions, would be as healthy and happy as we are. Our Shanghai boys and girls are trying hard to help. We have a splendid new membership this year, and I confidently foretell that, good as today's receipts may be, next year's are going to be far, far finer, representing the united efforts of all Shanghai's young people."

At the conclusion of Lady Stubbs' speech a small cart holding a lovely floral offering and drawn by tiny children, from 2 to 4 years, harnessed with ribbons, came on the stage. Lady Stubbs was visibly pleased by this altogether delightful presentation.

The bazaar was a humming hive of activity from 2:30 until close to the dinner hour last night. Jack Raynes and his musicians were on hand and played throughout the afternoon. The tableaux, arranged by Miss L. M. Hall, were spendid.

The various stalls were masses of color and the artistry of their heaped-up offerings was remarkable considering the fact that most of the articles were made by children.

The sweets stall, the home cupboard stall and the American school's ice cream cone corner did a thriving business throughout the afternoon. At the St. Joseph's school stall the Tombola raffle kept big and small saleswomen rushing from one spot to another.

A notable exhibit and one deserving special mention was that of the Institution for the Blind. Everything in willow and reed and sweet grass, from small sewing baskets and flat card trays to porch furniture, was on display. These articles were all made by the blind and they combine a high degree of usefulness with beauty of design and workmanship.

The Mascot Stall was full of fantastic dolls and mascots, gen-

(Continued on Page 8)

OPPOSITION HERE TO CIGARETTE TAX SEEMS STRONGER

Dealers in Meeting Decide On Strike; Appeal Again To Authorities

In response to the verbal orders given them by Police Magistrate Liu Chun-pu to observe the new regulations governing the payment of the 20 percent cigarette surtax, the local dealers yesterday wrote to the Shanghai and Woosung Constabulary that they would not pay the tax. This was following a mass meeting held at their guild on Ningpo Road yesterday afternoon. They added that they would have no alternative but to strike if they were pressed to observe the new rules.

A translation of the text of the letter follows:

"Confirming the conversation between our representatives and your constabulary yesterday on the subject of the enforcement of the new cigarette surtax, we beg to inform you that a meeting of the dealers has been held at which your views were presented.

"The sense of the meeting is that while we realise the feasibility of making use of the proceeds for educational purposes, we believe that enforcement in territories adjoining the foreign settlement and concession will bring hardship to the dealers through the difference in prices and will destroy the commercial equilibrium here.

"We trust you will transmit our views to the Governor and urge him to sympathise with our difficulties and adopt some other more suitable plan of raising the fund which will be more acceptable to the dealers."

Albert Harris To Head New York Central Lines

(Exclusive China Press)

New York, March 14.—It was announced today that Vice-President Albert Harris of the New York Central lines would be elected to succeed Alfred H. Smith, who was killed by being thrown from his horse while riding in Central Park.

ITALIAN HERE SAYS HUNTED AS KNEW OF ARMS DEALS

Ordered Deported, Hides For Four Months

DRAMATIC ESCAPE

Swims Ashore From Italian Cruiser Here

In astonishing coincidence with the recent Italian arms removal report, emanating from Tientsin—or rather, as an even more startling precursory to that report—is the story told a representative of The China Press here some days ago by an Italian citizen whose apprehension has been sought by the Italian authorities for the past three months and more and who declares that the reason for this last is that he "knows too much" about that same consignment of arms and of arms deals which have been transacted with various Chinese factions and individuals in the North.

A dramatic escape from an Italian warship here in harbor, a life of hiding for nearly four months here and the existence of a puzzled and suffering wife and children in Tientsin form the romantic and dramatic interlarding for the story told.

The huge lot of war munitions which Reuters and other agencies reported being removed out of Tientsin a few days ago, under supervision of Italian marines and presumably destined to swell the equipment of Tuan Kun's braves, is declared by this informant to be the residue of a shipment brought into China by an Italian firm with the knowledge of certain Italian officials four years ago and since peddled out in consignments of varying size to anyone who would buy. It is understood that the official explanation is that this shipment was a government shipment made before the arms agreement with China was signed. But it was not consummated before that agreement.

DENIES GOV'T KNOWS

The informant alluded to is not in his denial that the Italian Government knows anything about the transactions—particularly the present Government—in the face of published reports that the Italian Legation had admitted the sale of 2,500 tons of munitions to the Chili party, these being transferred from the Italian Concession in Tientsin. This man states that as a result of his activities in investigating arms deals—at one time under the authority of an advisor and Intelligence officer to the Chinese Eastern Railway Authorities (hence the government)—and because of his protests to the Italian authorities, notably the Italian Consul-General at Tientsin, on account of arms transfers, he was taken from his home summarily and was told that he was being expelled from Tientsin; instead of which efforts were made to deport him from the country.

In support of his claim as an investigator for the government two authorisations signed by Mr. E. Lennox Simpson, Intelligence Officer to the Military Governor of Kirin, were produced by the man in question—Mr. A. Vespa, for a number of years engaged in the import and export business in Siberia, Mongolia and China, and latterly a resident of Tientsin.

SUBMITS DOCUMENTS

The documents, which Mr. Simpson, upon inquiry, authorised the use of, read as follows:

In support of his claim to have been acting as a Government investigator, Mr. Vespa submitted two documents reading as follows:

"Chita, June, 18

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

"During my absence from Chita Mr. A. Vespa, is authorised to act on my behalf in all matters that are of my concern. All considerations shown him will be much appreciated.

(signed) "E. Lennox Simpson.
"Chinese Government Service.
"Department of the C E Railway Guards and Military Governor of Kirin Province."

"Harbin, March 15, 1923.
No. 231

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

"The bearer of this, Mr. A. Vespa, is investigating on my behalf into matters concerning the

importation and selling of arms and ammunition in Harbin.

(signed) "E. Lennox Simpson.
"Intelligence Officer of the
Military Governor of Kirin."

HIDING FOUR MONTHS

Since the latter part of last November, when he escaped by swimming ashore from the Italian cruiser Calabria here, Vespa has been in hiding. The Italian Consul-General at the time of his escape requested the local police to apprehend him. A few days ago, after a representative of THE CHINA PRESS had called at the Consulate-General and made inquiries in the case, another request for Vespa's immediate location and arrest was sent to the police.

The local officials informed a CHINA PRESS representative that Vespa had been found guilty of inducing or helping to induce a Customs man to smuggle certain cargo, said to be opium or some other commodity, into Tientsin. The other man having confessed and implicated Vespa, they stated, it was not necessary that there be further proceedings, and it was deemed best, in the interest of Italian prestige, to order the two men deported with as little publicity as possible. Vespa maintains that this is a procedure never before employed in such circumstances—even supposing himself to have been guilty—which he stoutly denies. The answer, he declares, is that his knowledge of arms transactions and his inquiries thereanent to the Italian authorities made his presence in China highly undesirable.

GIVES STATEMENT

His statement in the matter is as follows:

"I have been for many years engaged in the import and export business in Siberia, Manchuria and Mongolia, and latterly resident in Tientsin. Eighteen months ago, after having all my property confiscated by the Bolsheviks, I was expelled by them from Siberia. I came to Manchuli, on the Chinese border, where I started a small newspaper. Here I was again forced out by the Bolsheviks who, after threatening me in letters, shot at me through the window of my house with a rifle, a bullet wounding me slightly in the neck. After this incident my wife insisted on our going to Harbin.

"In Harbin in the month of February of last year I was called by Mr. E. Lenox Simpson, who is adviser to the Commander of the Chinese Eastern Railway Guards, an officer of the Intelligence Department of the Military Governor of Kirin and in charge of the wireless station in Harbin. I knew Mr. Simpson very well, having been his secretary during his stay in the Far Eastern Republic as representative of the Chinese Government. It was known that arms were being sold in great quantities in Harbin and Mr. Simpson asked me to investigate the matter. In my investigation I discovered evidence that the arms were of Italian make and that the source of supply seemed to be the Italian Concession in Tientsin.

"In the month of April I went to Tientsin, where after some time I bought the Belmont Hotel Buffet. I introduced myself as a representative of a prospective big buyer so I had a good chance to come in contact with several Italians connected with the arms deals in Tientsin and also in Peking, where I went on several occasions and found out the whole truth about it.

FROM BATTLEFIELDS

"The arms were imported to China by an Italian firm which had bought the lot on the Italian and Austrian battlefields. The firm was backed by ex-Italian officials to China, and by an anti-Fascisti clique. Of this clique were a number of other Italian officials to China—now dead or in Italy.

"The Italian government, so far, as I was able to learn, and especially the Fascisti, never had any knowledge of the Italian arms deals in China, and I defy anyone to state the contrary. For improving Italian finances the Mussolini government has better ways than selling arms to the Chinese soldiers or bandits. The best proof that the arms are not sponsored by the Italian government is the secrecy under which they are sold and the payment of bribes right and left.

"The arms were landed in Shanhaikwan and stored in the Italian fort. Some were sold on the spot. The rest were transported to Tientsin in several shipments and stored in the military magazine in the Italian Concession. The shipment consisted of 70,000 rifles, with 1,000 rounds of ammunition for each; seventy "75 mm." field pieces, with 500 shells for each gun; 500 machine guns, with 5,000 rounds of ammunition for each; 20,000 hand grenades, and several thousand small arms, some of Australian and German make. These arms in Tientsin were sold to anyone who wished to buy, to any military faction or to any individual who could produce the money to make a purchase of fair size. In the month of May 500 rifles were sold to the chief of police of the former enemy concession.

ALLEGES HUGE PROFIT

"A tremendous profit was realised on the arms and ammunition. The cost of a rifle and 1,000 rounds of ammunition landed in Tientsin was about 550 Italian lire, or about Mex. $50. The rifles were disposed of at $80 each, according to the quantity bought. On small arms, machine guns and hand grenades the profit was from 100 to 200 percent. I found out that more than a million in clear profit had been made up to the time of my investigation, and that even the small middlemen had been making thousands from the deals.

"General Semenoff had paid a big amount of money as guarantee for a contract, but after his downfall never had that money returned and the arms were never delivered. Who got the money? At the right time I will give the names of the whole bunch, who have made hundreds of thousands of dollars out of these arms deals.

"I spoke to the Italian Consul in Tientsin, but I got no satisfaction. He told me to mind my own business.

"All through the summer there were indications that the arms were being sold in small lots and then, in about the second week in November, the Chinese Customs authorities discovered a board a Japanese steamer ready to leave Tientsin. The arms were for Sun Yat-sen. It was not the first, nor the last, of shipments of Italian arms to the South. Only a few days ago 2,000 rifles were in Shanghai bound for Canton and I should not be surprised if they are still in Shanghai.

"The day following the discovery of the arms in Tientsin the Italian Chief of Police issued a statement through the press in which he declared that though the arms were Italian they had not come from the Italian magazine, because he had carefully inspected it and found all correct. They must have been old arms which had long been in the possession of the Chinese, he said. Nevertheless it is a fact that many residents of the Italian Concession had seen the arms moved by truck from that Concession three nights previous. They were taken first to the Russian Concession and then to the ship.

TAKEN IN CHARGE

"In connection with this disclosure I went again to the Consul and told him that the statement made by the Chief of the Italian Police was a disgrace for the whole Italian community and that I would publish the whole story of the arms deals. The Consul warned me to be careful and to think of my wife and babies before acting.

"Three days later, on the morning of November 24, at about 10:30 o'clock, the Chief of the Italian police and a navy petty officer called at my house. They showed me a document which was an order of expulsion from the Consular jurisdiction of Tientsin affecting myself and an Italian Customs officer who a few days previous had been dismissed from the service for accepting 'squeeze' and letting pass a consignment of piece goods. In the document it was stated that I had been an accomplice. That the charge against me was framed up is declared in several written statements protesting my innocence given by the same Customs officer to the Italian Minister in Peking and the Consuls in Tientsin and Shanghai and to me. The Customs officer comes from a very good family, was for four years at the Italian front as an artillery officer, was wounded and was decorated for bravery.

"For his first offense he was taken on board an Italian cruiser and made to disappear without leaving any trail. Why? Because he had told the Consul not to lecture him, as he believed his fault to be less serious than the selling of arms to the Chinese bandits, and because he had been a good friend of mine and on many occasions had given me information about the Italian arms movements.

"In China there are many Italians who have been convicted of crimes more serious than 'squeezing' or smuggling. Has any Consul thought to let them disappear? Never. They are in China, and some of them very well thought of by the officials too. It is true that such persons are useful sometimes—but let me get back to my story.

SAYS WIRED MINISTER

"The Chief of police told me that he must take me to the station and that, escorted by sailors, I must leave for Shanghai; that I could not communicate with anybody. The Consul refused to see me, but informed me through the police Chief that in Shanghai I would be free and could write to some friend to settle my business and later on have my wife come on to me. The Chief of police was very nice and allowed me to send a telegram to the Italian Minister asking for two or three days' delay. I got no answer.

"I had only time to speak briefly to my wife, telling her that I had been called suddenly to Shanghai on business, to kiss my babies and I was then taken directly to the railway station. At the station I found my friend the Customs officer and two more sailors and at 1 p.m. we left for Shanghai. In Nanking the day after, my friend sent a very long telegram to the Minister in Peking giving his word as an officer and a gentleman that I was innocent and that he would carry a life-long remorse for the suffering inflicted on me and my family.

"When we reached Shanghai at 10 p.m. November 25 we were met by more Italian sailors and there were two autos awaiting at the station. We were placed in the autos and told that we were going to the Consulate where after some formalities we would be freed. Instead of that we drove to the French Bund, where more sailors met us, and we were placed on board a launch and taken to the Italian cruiser Calabria.

"In the morning I asked to communicate with the commanding officer. I was presented to the second in command. He told me that he knew of no charge having been placed against me, but that he would inquire of the Consul-General here. A chit was sent to the Consulate and the reply, as given to me, was that the Consul-General did not know what the charges were, that there was no warrant, but that there was only a telegram from the Minister in Peking ordering that I was to be sent back to Italy.

"In view of this I was not put under strict surveillance and with the thought of my wife and two babies left alone and without support in Tientsin preying upon my mind I determined to escape.

"During the day my friend the Customs officer sent a letter to the Consul-General here protesting again and for the last time my innocence, and I wrote the same, but we got no answer. At about 8.30 p.m., when things were quiet, I slipped over the side of the cruiser and struck out for the Shanghai shore. After swimming about two hundred yards I was picked up by a Chinese sampanman and landed on the French Bund. The same night and for several days afterward Italian naval officers and sailors made several searches in Italian and Chinese houses in the Settlement and the Italian Consul-General sent a letter to the Settlement police asking them to look for me and, if I were found, to bring me to the Consulate, I having deserted from the cruiser Calabria.

"I am informed that when a representative of THE CHINA PRESS went to see Mr. di Rosa about my case, he was told that I had been found guilty of smuggling opium, or of being implicated with a Customs man in smuggling or accepting, or causing to be accepted, 'squeeze'. A brother of mine writing from Rome says that reports from Italian authorities in China charge me with being anti-Fascist, and I am sure that when my statement appears in the press they will charge me with highway robbery.

FAMILY DESTITUTE

"Since my escape from the cruiser Calabria I have been forced to keep in hiding. I have had no opportunity to earn any money, and what business I had in Tientsin has been ruined during my absence and my wife and children—who still believe me merely here on business—are in need of assistance.

"I learn that protests lodged with the Italian Consulates here and in Tientsin by friends of mine—and I have many friends in China—have fallen on deaf ears.

"If there is any case against me let it be tried openly in court, here or in Tientsin. If there is no case then why am I thus persecuted? The deduction, I think, is quite simple."

'OH, WHAT A MAN!'

Jack Lait's latest snappy fiction story, "Oh, What A Man!," appears on Page 4 of the Magazine section of today's CHINA PRESS. Lait is well known to readers of this newspaper as a writer who combines an excellent and picturesque Americanese vocabulary with a modernised O. Henry twist to his stories.

DR. J. FERGUSON TO TALK ON ART AT MEETING HERE

Peking Expert To Lecture On "Periods" Next Saturday

Dr. J. C. Ferguson of Peking, adviser to the President of the Chinese Republic, and one of the leading authorities on Chinese art, will lecture on "Great Periods of Chinese Art" before a joint meeting of the China Society of Science and Arts and the Short Story Club on Saturday afternoon, March 22, at the home of Messrs. Theodore and Arthur Sopher, 445 Avenue Joffre. Tea will be served at 5 o'clock and the lecture will be given at 5.30. Mr. Arthur de C. Sowerby, president of the Society, will preside.

Members of the Society and the Short Story Club and other persons interested in intellectual advancement in China are cordially invited to attend. This gathering is one of a series of popular meetings held by the Society at the same address.

Dr. Ferguson is vice-president of the Society and joint editor—Literature and Art—of the China Journal of Science and Arts. For the past two years he has been co-operating with Mr. Sowerby, Dr. Herbert Chatley and others in promoting the work of the society throughout China. The organisation has made very definite progress during the past winter in stimulating interest in science, art and literature in this country. At the present time the Art Section is planning an Art Exhibition to be held in Shanghai in the near future; while a start has also been made toward the ultimate goal of obtaining a museum in Shanghai.

Children like it

It is difficult to make children take medicine but there's no fuss made over taking

"MARROW PHOSPHATES"

Pleasant to take and really effective. "MARROW PHOSPHATES" is the ideal tonic for weakly anæmic children.

IT INVIGORATES AND BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM IN A REMARKABLY SHORT TIME.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
(The Shanghai Pharmacy Ltd.)
16 NANKING ROAD.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR
ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

The China Press Want Ads
Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

AMERICAN ORIENTAL BANK
F. J. Raven, *President.*

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT
OF
COMBINED RESOURCES
Showing a
SOUND SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH

DATE	RESOURCES
Dec. 31, 1918	$425,710.00
Dec. 31, 1919	$1,030,019.00
Dec. 31, 1920	$2,762,134.00
Dec. 31, 1921	$3,211,698.00
Dec. 31, 1922	$6,364,221.74
Dec. 31, 1923	$7,870,334.93

VICKS VAPORUB
75 cts.
CALIFORNIA PHARMACY
George Wilhelmi, Manager.
155 Avenue Joffre. Tel. Central 1895.

MARCH NUMBER

Now Ready

The China Journal of Science & Arts
Edited by
ARTHUR de C. SOWERBY, F. Z. S. and JOHN C. FERGUSON, Ph. D.
Annual Subscription $10.00
(Shanghai Currency)
Office: 102 Ben Building
25 Avenue Edward VII.
Shanghai.
Telephone C. 3247

FIRE INSURANCE LIFE
ADEQUATE LIFE INSURANCE
should be the basis of your financial plan.
Talk with Bruce S Jenkins
THE PERSONAL SERVICE MAN AT THE A.A.U.
CENTRAL 8244 15 NANKING ROAD
MARINE PASSENGER BAGGAGE MOTOR CAR

THE PHARMACIE MODERNE
The best and most genuine dispensary in French Town
286/288 AVENUE JOFFRE
Phone W. 3974

ASIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY — EVERLASTING AS THE HIMALAYAS — INCORPORATED

GROWTH

The substantial progress of this Company is well revealed by a comparative analysis of its business for the past two years.

1922		1923
$3,151,294.00	INSURANCE IN FORCE (all lapses and not taken policies deducted) AN INCREASE OF 92%	$6,044,000.00
$3,133,888.00	NEW BUSINESS WRITTEN (including outstanding policies not paid for) AN INCREASE OF 50%	$4,696,816.00
$2,634,416.00	NET new business written and PAID FOR AN INCREASE OF 56%	$4,098,956.00
$331,620.98	Assets AN INCREASE OF 32%	$439,212.00
$95,516.46	LEGAL RESERVES to meet maturity of policies. AN INCREASE OF 108%	$198,822.78

A Company that is destined to be one of China's great financial institutions.

ASIA LIFE INSURANCE Co., Inc.
MAIN OFFICE, 3 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI
CANTON HANKOW PEKING TIENTSIN TSINANFU
Agencies in principal cities throughout China.

Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.

NEW STOCK
OF
KAYSER SILK HOSE
JUST RECEIVED
IN ALL COLORS
Grey, Beige, Nude, Camel, Pongee,
Pearl, Tan, Black and White
All Sizes in Stock

Telephone C. 960

Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.

HONIGSBERG Buick SERVICE

"Motorists who have once driven a car with good *Four wheel Brakes* will never willingly go back to the older method"

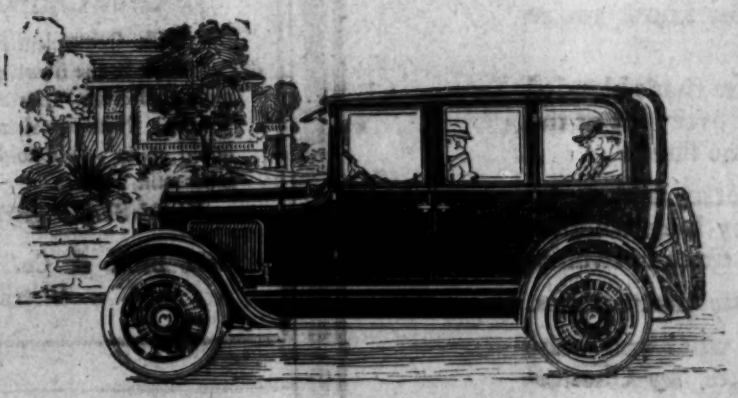
OWNERS OF

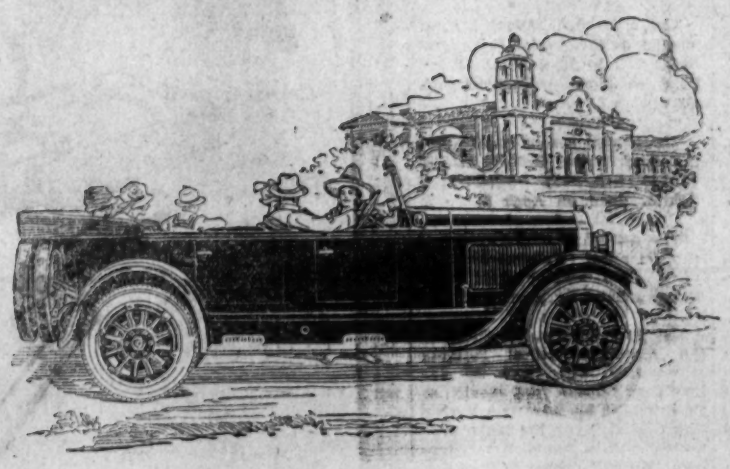
1924

BUICKS AGREE ENTHUSIASTICALLY WITH THIS STATEMENT

HONIGSBERG Buick SERVICE

HONIGSBERG Buick SERVICE





ALL MODELS IN STOCK

H. S. HONIGSBERG & Co., Inc.

40 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Largest distributors of Automobiles in China

PEKING CHEFOO TIENTSIN

TRADE UNION AMENDMENT IS TURNED DOWN

Absurd Bill Is Conservative Slap At Labor

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 14.—The House of Commons today by 211 votes to 141 rejected the second reading of the Trade Union Act of 1913 Amendment Bill providing that, when a trade union has passed a resolution in favor of political action, the members desiring to contribute to the support of its political objects shall indicate their desire in writing and shall not as heretofore be automatically included as supporters unless they contract out.

Captain Charles Ainsworth (Conservative), moving the second reading, said that the object of the Bill was to prevent trade unions from insisting on members paying contributions for political purposes in which they did not believe. He asserted that members seeking to contract out were intimidated.

Mr. Tom Smith (Labor), moving rejection, declared that the reason for the Bill was that the Conservatives were anxious with regard to the progess of the Labor Party. He denied the allegation of intimidation and declared that, if the political activities of trade unionists were hampered, they would be compelled to rely more on strikes.

Today's Business Article

(Continued from Page 1)

liable to recover their commercial morale and there is also an entire disappearance of confidence in the government. It is this which has to a great extent dropped business to a very low level.

If it is so, the condition is perfectly natural. It is very disquieting, and we have found quite a host of chairmen of joint-stock companies, from the chairman of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation to the chairmen of the Oriental and Ewo Cotton Mills placing on record the fact that trade is being hampered by the lack of order and good government in China. If this can be mended by warnings from bankers, economists and business men with drastic action by the Chinese Government, so much the better. But shrewd people seem to hold the view that it would take quite a long time before the country settles down to an ordered state. There is a considerable element of unrest and disquietude in the present situation, and it should be recognised that China cannot afford to allow her trade to go to the dogs. There is no visible sign that the veiled and open warnings made in the past are commencing to take effect. Such warnings have been cumulative and while there have been many smiles and open greetings at the first warnings which were delivered, the action of markets of all sorts in China have demonstrated pretty certainly that they have not been heeded.

Whatever one's desires in the matter may be, and to whichever school, the cautionary or the sparing one may belong the fact appears that business has been considerably slowed down by the action of the hoards of soldiery, pirates and bandits. The bad results of trading, for instance, writ so large in almost every textile company in China, to take only one example, must be laid to the door of the disorder that appears to be seething in many parts of this country. Unless this is remedied it would be idle to expect any big change in the buying power of the Chinese.

Seek To Reduce Emigration From Canada To U. S.

(Reuter's American Service)

Montreal, Jan. 28.—Measures to reduce emigration from Canada to the United States were urged by Mr. Arthur Meighen, Conservative party leader, in an address tonight before members of two Conservative organizations.

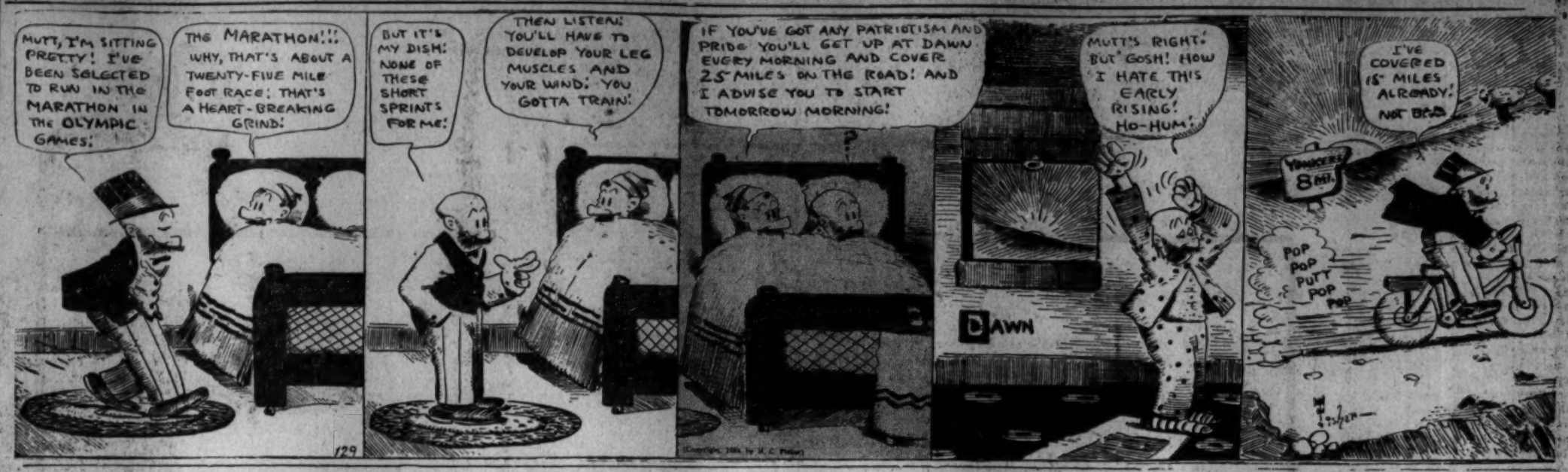
"The figures are not only disquieting," Mr. Meighen asserted, referring to southward emigration, "they are startling."

FOR CHILDREN'S BRUISES

For "black and blue" bruises, sprains of wrists and ankles, strains of cords and muscles, stubbed toes, cuts, burns, and other mishaps of childhood, Chamberlain's Pain Balm always gives relief. Does just as much for older people too. Eases their rheumatic pains, backaches and neuralgia. Just rub it on the sore spots. Sold and recommended everywhere.

MUTT & JEFF -:- The Little Fellow Starts Training For The Marathon -:- By Bud Fisher

(Copyright 1923 By H. C. Fisher, Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)


MUTT, I'M SITTING PRETTY! I'VE BEEN SELECTED TO RUN IN THE MARATHON IN THE OLYMPIC GAMES!
THE MARATHON!!! WHY, THAT'S ABOUT A TWENTY-FIVE MILE FOOT RACE; THAT'S A HEART-BREAKING GRIND!
BUT IT'S MY DISH! NONE OF THESE SHORT SPRINTS FOR ME!
THEN LISTEN! YOU'LL HAVE TO DEVELOP YOUR LEG MUSCLES AND YOUR WIND! YOU GOTTA TRAIN!
IF YOU'VE GOT ANY PATRIOTISM AND PRIDE YOU'LL GET UP AT DAWN EVERY MORNING AND COVER 25 MILES ON THE ROAD! AND I ADVISE YOU TO START TOMORROW MORNING!
DAWN
MUTT'S RIGHT! BUT GOSH! HOW I HATE THIS EARLY RISING! HO-HUM!
I'VE COVERED 15 MILES ALREADY! NOT BAD
YONKERS 8 MI.
POP POP PUTT POP POP

News Brevities

Civil cases filed by employees of Matias and Company against O. M. Matias, who is now serving a month's sentence for traffic in morphine, will come up in the French Mixed Court at 2.30 o'clock on Monday afternoon. The employees are claiming for allege unpaid salaries.

* * *

The engagement of Miss Faith Chang, second daughter of the late Dr. Y. C. Chang, formerly of Shanghai Shantung Road Hospital, to Mr. Hugh Pao of the Compradore staff of Jardine, Matheson and Co., was announced yesterday at the residence of Mr. E. S. Ling, among the young lady's relatives and close friends. Miss Chang is connected with the Beulah Academy on North Szechuen Road.

* * *

The next Musicale to be given at Headquarters by the Musical Section of the B.W.A. will take place on Tuesday next March 18 at 5:30 p.m. An excellent program has been arranged, the following artists have kindly promised to assist: Mr. and Mrs. Bowes Smith, Mrs. Lyle, Mrs. Marden and Mr. Butt.

* * *

The regular meeting of the American Woman's Club will be held at the Club rooms on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, with a program beginning at 4:30. The Library Department will be in charge of the meeting and will give an entertainment consisting of musical numbers and tableaux illustrating the titles of books now in the library. Mr. Arthur de Sowerby will briefly present the cause of Science and Art in China.

* * *

The adjourned annual general meeting of the Marine Engineers' Guild will be held at 21 Jinkee Road on Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914) Ltd. will be held at 2 Canton Road on April 8.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Waterworks Company, Ltd. will be held at 69 Kiangse Road on April 3.

* * *

Mr. F. J. Raven, President of the American-Oriental Banking Corporation will leave by the President Lincoln next month on an extended business trip during which he will visit his banks' correspondents in America and Europe. He will return to Shanghai next September, leaving his family in Switzerland.

* * *

447 bales of raw silk, 51 bales of wild silk and 442 bales of waste silk were shipped from Shanghai to Lyons and ports on the M. M. steamer Cnili on March 13.

* * *

The French cruiser Colmar arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday morning, and moored at the French Naval buoys.

* * *

Mr. Bert L. Kuhn of The China Press, who has been in the General Hospital for a minor operation, is expected to leave the hospital fully recovered today.

* * *

General Thomas Hartigan, well known Manila lawyer, and the father of Mr. Leonard Hartigan, a Shanghai attorney, has contributed pesos 100 to the Philippine Independence fund that is being raised to take the place of funds cut off by the refusal of the Insular Auditor to pass Independence accounts. Gen. Hartigan has also pledged 5 per cent of his salary as director of the Manila Railway Company to the 'cause.' Three or four other Americans also contributed.

* * *

Miss Una Phyliss Higgs became the bride of Lieutenant Colonel W. N. Nicholson of the Suffolk Regiment, now at Hongkong, at a wedding in St. John's Cathedral there on March 11. The honeymoon is being spent at Fanling.

* * *

Count Bonde, the Swedish Charge d'Affaires, and Countess Bonde, expect to leave Peking in the near future for a vacation in Sweden.

* * *

Dr. J. S. Pratt has left Peking for a short trip to Tatungfu in Shansi where he will study the Buddhist rock carvings.

* * *

The Rev. A. J. Aeschliman, Director of Student Work in the Southern City Schools of the Methodist Mission at Peking, has arrived in Shanghai on his way to the United States to attend the sessions of the General Conference of the church at Springfield, Mass.

* * *

Mr. Yoshida, Japanese Consul-general at Tientsin, left last night or Shanghai and Hankow on an inspection trip, according to an Eastern New Agency dispatch.

* * *

Mr. H. D. Rodger, of Rodger and Husar, and Mrs. Rodger, are leaving today for a months trip during which they will visit Peking and Tientsin. In Peking they will be the guests of Captain and Mrs. Marvel Armstrong of the American Legation.

* * *

H.M.S. Cockchafer left yesterday for Yangtsze ports.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9 O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

Are your children full of LIFE?

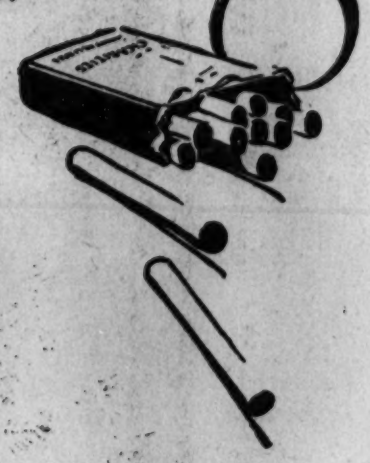
If not, they need SCOTT'S Emulsion which will make them plump, rosy and strong and will enable them to resist coughs, colds and epidemic diseases.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Best for children

Just as good for adults.

Isn't this what you want in a cigarette?



A cigarette that's mild and yet lets you know you're smoking.

A cigarette that's blended to give you every bit of the tobacco's fine flavor.

A cigarette that tastes right all day long whether you smoke three or twenty.

A cigarette that satisfies.

If this is what you want in a cigarette, try Chesterfield.

Chesterfield

CIGARETTES

Of finest Turkish and American tobaccos—blended

They Satisfy

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Moutrie Grand

The Piano of Truly Distinctive Quality

A Small Grand with full and rich tone, occupying little more space than an upright

An Instrument built to give a life time of service

15% Discount for cash with order, or may be Purchased on our Terms of Graded Payments

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

37 Nanking Road

KLIM BRAND POWDERED MILK

Milk from selected cows to you.

Klim is the finest grade of pure fresh whole milk (full cream) pasteurized and reduced to powder. Nothing taken away but the water of liquid milk. Add cold water and Klim is pure, fresh milk again.

KLIM STAYS FRESH FOR MONTHS.

Getz Bros. & Co. of the Orient, Ltd. Distributors.

PURE DRUGS PROMPT SERVICE

At the Sign of the EAGLE

COUGH INSURANCE

A GOOD BUSINESS MAN

insures his stock against fire. A thoughtful traveller insures against accidents. The prudent head of a family insures his life.

EAGLE WHITE PINE, WILD CHERRY & TAR COUGH SYRUP

is the best insurance against Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, La Grippe and all kinds of throat and lung ailments. Good health pays.

BIG DIVIDENDS

Keep 50 cents' worth of this insurance in the house.

THE EAGLE DRUG CO., Inc.

S. HENSHAW JEE, Manager

P-527 NANKING ROAD PHONE C. 7097

J. ULLMANN & CO. ARE CELEBRATING 64TH BIRTHDAY

Well-Known Firm Has Interesting Car er In Far East

Messrs. J. Ullmann, well-known firm of jewellers are celebrating their 64th anniversary. This high class firm has had a most interesting career, not only in the Far East, but also in Europe, where offices are maintained in Paris and a watch factory in Switzerland, at Chaux de-Fonds.

The firm was established in Hongkong by Mr. J. Ullmann in 1860. Ten years later the Franco-Prussian war broke out and Mr. Ullmann closed his offices at Hongkong to serve as Franco-Tireurs and sailed for Bordeaux.

After the war Mr. Ullmann returned to China and re-opened his offices and resumed business till 1880. At that time his brother-in-law, Mr. M. Bernheim, the present senior partner, joined him in business and under his genius and capable management, the business progressed immensely so much that they decided to extend. In this respect they opened their Shanghai branch and Mr. E. Bernheim, brother of Mr. M. Bernheim, was appointed a partner of the firm, and was chosen to manage the Hongkong offices. Mr. Bernheim left Hongkong to superintend the opening of the Shanghai office. Branches were later opened in Tientsin, Peking, and Hankow. The business in these branches is steadily increasing each year.

The two Bernheim brothers, left China in 1911 to return to their home offices in Paris, located at 21 Rue d'Hauteville.

After the departure of the Bernheim brothers, the management of the firm in China was left in the capable hands of Mr. L. Blom, the present manager, who has resided in China for the past 23 years. Mr. Blom, is a well-known business man and is much liked among his French compatriots. Improvements in the business under the guidance of Mr. Blom have progressed extremely well. The announced policy of the firm is to give every service possible to their many patrons. Mr. Blom has added to their many agencies, among which can be listed the following firms: the Tavannes Watch Co., the Movado Watch Co., the Juvenior Watch Co. The latest agency which Messrs. J. Ullmann have acquired under Mr. Blom's handling, is one of much interest, being the famous Bulle Clocks, for which they have the sole agency in the Far East. Undoubtedly the public are aware of the principles of these clocks, which run accurately without winding for ten years. They hold a guarantee and are considered a revolution in the art of clock manufacture. The principle of these clocks, compares with the workings of a chronometer.

Messrs. J. Ullmann and Co. appreciate the idea that it pays to advertise, and their show windows are designed and constructed under expert architectural advice. The windows are displayed by experts in their trades, and are to be compared favorably with any high class jewelry establishment on the Rue de la Paix in Paris. In the way of precious jewels the stocks of Messrs. J. Ullmann and Co. are continually being changed so as to ensure their very many patrons a great range of selection.

Next Mail For United States Goes Thursday

Following the sailing of the Empress of Asia this morning, the next mail for the United States will leave on the Admiral liner President Madison next Thursday, and mail from America is due on the Empress of Russia on Friday. The Presidents Lincoln and Jackson are due here from San Francisco and Seattle on March 24 and 26 respectively.

The Empress boat arrived from Hongkong yesterday and docked at the C. M. Lower Wharf. The liner is to sail for Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria at daylight this morning.

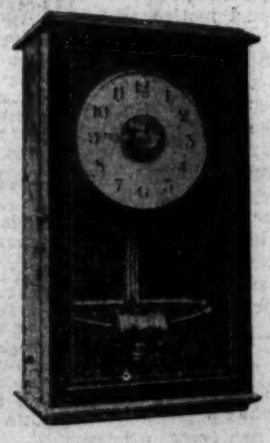
The President McKinley, which arrived from Seattle last Friday and docked at the C. M. Central Wharf, will sail for Hongkong and Manila at 8 o'clock this morning.

Mail for Europe will be dispatched on the P. and O. liner Naidera next Tuesday and closing at 1 p.m. and 3 p.m. for registered and ordinary matter respectively, and parcel posts must be mailed before noon tomorrow. The tenders with passengers for the Naidera will leave the Customs jetty at 2 and 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and heavy baggage should be delivered to the lighter at the Customs jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. tomorrow.

YOU'LL TAKE YOUR HAT OFF TO US—

We have been established in China for 64 years and are glad to be able to tell you that we have acquired the sole agency in the Far East for the Famous French

BULLE CLOCK



THE CLOCK THAT WILL RUN ACCURATELY FOR TEN YEARS, WITHOUT WINDING OR GIVING THE LEAST TROUBLE.

"The clock that caused a revolution in the art of clock manufacture"

STOCKS CARRIED BY THE SOLE AGENTS

J. ULLMANN AND COMPANY

HIGH-CLASS JEWELLERS

38 NANKING ROAD

OLD BILL'S Adventures in America

by Bruce Bairnsfather.

"Radio"

WHEN Bill and I left England some time back, we left it when the great national radio movement was at its height. I am not certain that the epidemic was not on the wane. No antidote has been found, but familiarity was, I think, just beginning to breed contempt. Old Bill's aerial, or whatever you like to call those festoons of wire stretching from a chimney to a tree in the backyard, had just begun to show signs of contempt. Washing hung on an aerial to dry is almost a slap in the face to science.

But in spite of this slight decline in the public frenzy on the subject, the trade continues with unabated vigor. But this state of radio civilisation in England is entirely eclipsed by the extent of the disease over here in America.

I have spoken on the radio several times in America, but never listened. I don't want to listen unless I can get a written guarantee that it is going to be different to the time I listened over in England. It was at a party where the after-dinner relaxation was to be "listening in."

We all sat around with the necessary apparatus clamped over our heads and without any means of retaliation listened to WXYZ telling us what the weather was like in the North Sea.

Now and again to cheer us up our host moved something around in a box full of wires on a table and got all sorts of other effects interwoven with the orchestra, such as Berlin asking Constantinople what the time was and Moscow issuing the rate of exchange in potatoes.

Of course, radio may be better than this over here, I don't know. It all seems such a soul-destroying, heartless business. I can undertand its use commercially, but it's a most hard-hearted way to take amusement. But over here in America I understand the broadcasting centers are the largest in the world. They can send out messages which can nearly go

right round the world and come right back and scorch the seat of your trousers if you're not careful.

I have been asked several times to speak on the radio.

"What do you want me to say?" I have asked meekly.

"Oh, tell them something funny, about five minutes; tell them about Old Bill."

I have agreed to this and evolved some jokes ready for the occasion. Ah, those jokes! What a mockery! I have been taken at nearly midnight to an upper chamber of deathly stillness, depressed-looking individuals tiptoe about the room and shake warning fingers meaning silence, and point to the circular mechanical ears of the radio hanging down, ready to repeat the slightest sound to the ends of the earth.

A mournful man comes up and says, "Will you speak now? Are you ready?"

You answer like a condemned criminal, "Yes, I am ready." They stand you about a yard from those ears and motion that you should begin.

In measured tones you dive into your first joke. Although some millions are listening, there is no response, no laughter, no applause—just the silence of that room at nearly midnight. I feel sorry for those millions; I will never do it again. I somehow feel that a day will come when we will look back on the radio of today with a smile, something like we feel when we look back and think of the Wright Brothers and that first airplane at Kitty Hawk. Anyway, I hope so.

CHARGE SEAMAN STOLE OVERCOAT; HELD FOR TRIAL

There Criminal Cases Await Judge Purdy

Charged with stealing an overcoat and a pair of gloves from Mr. Charles Thompson of the China and Japan Trading Company, an unemployed seaman named D. W. McCabe was held for trial before the U. S. Court for China when he came up before Commissioner Nelson E. Linton for preliminary hearing.

U.S. Shipping Consul J. T. Wright testified that he had noticed McCabe enter the Palace Hotel Counter without an overcoat, and had seen him leave wearing one. After he had gone Mr. Thompson discovered that his overcoat had also gone. Mr. Wright and Mr. Thompson went to the Wayport Rooms where McCabe was found wearing a pair of gloves that Thompson identified as belonging to him. A pawn-ticket was also found which is believed to be for the missing overcoat.

Bail in the sum of C$200 was allowed but as McCabe was not able to raise it he is confined in the American jail.

With the arrest of McCabe there are now three criminal cases awaiting the arrival of Judge Milton D. Purdy who was named to succeed Judge Charles S. Lobingier. It is not known as yet when Judge Purdy will arrive in Shanghai.

Bandits Bite Diamonds From Woman's Rings

Bandits, unable to slip two large rings off the fingers of Ts Yoh-sz, early yesterday morning bit the diamonds, valued at $3,000 from the rings with their teeth and escaped. Mrs. Yoh, the wife of a wealthy cotton millowner was returning to her home at 280 Yunnan Road in her private riesha at 4 o'clock yesterday morning after a session at mah jongg.

As she alighted from the riesha to enter her house two armed robbers stuck revolvers in her face and relieved her of her hand-bag, stuffed with a considerable amount of mah jongg winnings, and then attempted to slip the rings from her fingers. While one of the bandits held her at bay with a revolver the other bit the gems from the rings.

WILBUR'S RECRD

ANIMATED GAZETTE

PATHE NEWS No 12
Released New York, Feb. 16th, 1924.

Now showing in China

PANAMA CANAL. U. S. Soldiers stimulate actual war conditions during joint manoeuvers with the Navy.

BOSTON, MASS. Wreckers work further havoc on warships destined for junk pile.

LONDON, ENGLAND. Seven of the new "lady M.P.'s" in House of Commons pose in group for first time.

DENVER, COLO. The Bean is crowned King of Eats at Miners' Sowbelly Feast.

ST. LOUIS, Mo. Orchids, exhibited in annual display bloom despite snow and zero weather.

TRANSVAAL, S. AFRICA. Farmers struggle to save crops from locust invasion.

COCOA, FLA. Mabel Cody makes spectacular transfer from an auto speeding at 70 miles an hour to a flying airplane.

GUADALUPE, MEXICO. Terror strikes Indians and natives of the poorer classes at "prediction" of big earthquake.

CHAMONIX, FRANCE. American athletes take fourth place in international winter sports.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND. Pathe News cameraman enjoys an aerial sight-seeing trip over British cities—Liverpool, Glasgow, York.

Employment Bureau
NEPTUNE
Male or Female Servants for any occupation guaranteed
121 Ave. Joffre Tel. C. 1189

Surfaces cleaned with
"WYANDOTTE"
DETERGENT
are sanitary
At all the Stores, $1.25 per 5 lb. bag. Special quotations for bulk from
The China and Japan Trading Company
42 Kiangse Road Shanghai

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

17 Nanking Road

3 Cents a Word Minimum Charge 60 Cents

All advertisements must be prepaid and replies called for

EXCHANGE AND MART

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened like new, three cents single four cents double blades. Send your old blades to the Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop—"The Sanitary Shop." 120 Szechuen Road. T. F. 70

FOR SALE. New Portable Typewriter $75.00. New office typewriter $137.00. Apply Post Office Box 1099. 66203

FOR SALE: One diamond, 25 karats; any reasonable offer will be accepted. Apply to Box No. 1057, THE CHINA PRESS. 10075 M 30

FOR SALE. Rin-Tin-Tin's (German police pups), six weeks old. Look my stock over before buying elsewhere. Apply to Box 1151 THE CHINA PRESS. 66234 M 16

FOR SALE: Riding pony, handsome, brown, quiet, excellent trotter and good jumper. Apply to Box No. 1048, THE CHINA PRESS 10070

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, dental instruments, hospital supplies. Pasco Trading Co. Fed. Inc., 26 Canton Road. 66155 M 15

ADVERTISER wishes to purchase selection second hand standard reference books. Apply to Box 1132, THE CHINA PRESS. 10105

FOR SALE, loose and set diamonds to the best bidder. Apply to Box No. 1033, THE CHINA PRESS. 10127 M 25

FOR SALE, one diamond, 24 karats, fine cut, no flaw; will sell at a reasonable price. Apply to Box 1091, THE CHINA PRESS. 10039 M 20

WANTED tenders for supply of cinder for private road. Apply to Box 1085, THE CHINA PRESS. 10033 M 20

FOR SALE, loose diamonds at very reasonable rates. Apply to Box 1089, THE CHINA PRESS. 10057, M 30

FINE Telescope for sale; dimension 37.5" long and 3" diameter, and has two stands. Also three glasses for astronomical work, having magnifying powers of 90, 45, 25; also special attachment for sighting objects on land. Apply to Box No. 1039, THE CHINA PRESS. 10071 M 21

WANTED, moderate-price selection of poplar, ash, plane trees, and other varities. Apply to Box No. 1036, THE CHINA PRESS. 10145 M 26

RADIO: Fine short wave coils for sale. They range from 150 metres to 2,000 metres. Have heard through them stations in Japan and Peking, using 2 steps amplifier 20 feet from the phones. Apply to Box. No. 1034, THE CHINA PRESS. 10128 M 25

DIAMOND necklace for sale Good bargain. Apply to Box No. 1015, THE CHINA PRESS. 10123 M 25

FOR SALE, Woollen suitings, suitable for spring, $6.00 per yard. Sample will be sent on application to Box No. 1029, THE CHINA PRESS. 10142 M 26

FOR SALE: Just arrived, fresh Palestine almonds, 2½ lbs. for a dollar. Apply to Box No. 1031, THE CHINA PRESS. 10143 M 26

WANTED, first-class latest models wireless apparatus in parts, and also sending set that has radius of 500 miles. Apply to Box No. 1020, THE CHINA PRESS. 10144 M 26

FOR SALE: One Telegraphic Morse Ink-Recorder, which automatically starts and stops when the sender at the other end starts and stops sending. It registers the dots and dashes in ink. Apply Box No. 1035, THE CHINA PRESS. 10129 M 25

WANTED: Cheap, step-up transformer to bring up 200 volts 50 cycles to 400 volts 50 cycles; and capable of being used in conjunction with any instruments that take 15 amps. Apply to Box No. 1054, THE CHINA PRESS. 10072 M 30

DANCING CLASSES

AMERICAN DANCE musician (Pianist) now available for private parties. Special terms for hotels, cafe's and dancing classes. Apply to Box 1162, THE CHINA PRESS. 66299 M 16

HOUSES TO LET

TO LEASE. Furnished semi-foreign house. Three rooms, bath and kitchen. French Concession. Reasonable terms. Write or call Sunday or evenings, 9 Route des Soeurs, corner Avenue Foch. 66144

FOR RENT, Peitaiho, well furnished, new roofed, four roomed Bungalow, near Assembly Hall and Sunset rocks, five minutes from Beach, view unexcelled. Tewksbury, 204 Route Ferguson. 66195

TO LET, near Astor House, five roomed house, bathroom, (geyzer), kitchen. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Rent $60. Address Box No. 134, THE CHINA PRESS. 66213

HOUSE, comfortably furnished, Scott Road, screened, garden, modern conveniences. Apply by telephone (N. 2342) or letter to D. MacGillivray, 35 Scott Road. 66218 M 18

TO LET No. 63 Yu Yuen Road, 5 rooms, 2 Bath rooms. Immediate occupation. Furniture and fixtures may be taken over. Apply China Realty Company, Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, Telephone C. 865. T. F. 254

TO LET No. 435 Avenue Joffre 9 rooms, 4 Bath rooms, Garden, Garage, Hot-house, Central Heating, Enclosed Verandahs. Immediate occupation. Apply China Realty Company, Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, Telephone C. 865. T. F. 255

TO LET Large residence in Western District close to tram line, with 3 living rooms, 6 bed rooms and 4 bath rooms; suitable for large family or Boarding house. Immediate occupation. For further particulars apply to the China Realty Company, Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, Telephone C. 865. T. F. 256

FOR RENT. From April 15th for from six to twelve months. Fine large residence on estate of thirteen mow. Excellent location on Avenue Joffre, ten main rooms, ample service rooms, bathrooms, modern sanitary arrangements, sleeping porch, three garages, three tennis courts, vegetable and flower gardens, greenhouse; admirably furnished and with servant staff complete. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Telephone Central 8222. No. 42

BENVENUE TERRACE, Connaught Road. Newly built modern house, with garden and garage. Ready for tenancy in April. Apply Mr. Liu, 134 Szechuen Road. 66131

FOR RENT. From March 15th, fine large foreign residence on 2½ mow of land on Scott Road, eight main rooms, four attic rooms, three small rooms, four bathrooms, six servants' rooms, kitchen, pantries, laundry, etc. Modern sanitation, hot and cold water. Large garage, porter house. Oak finish and panelings. Apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Tel. Central 8222. No. 35

HOUSE to let, best residential district French-town, furnished or otherwise. Very moderate rental. Apply to Box No. 1006, THE CHINA PRESS. 10031 M 21

FOR RENT. Early in April, in Benvenue Terrace, on Connaught Road, new six roomed residence, modern appointments, garage, garden, two bathrooms tiled, also tiled kitchen and pantry, oak floors, servants' quarters. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Tel. Central 8222.

GODOWNS TO LET

GODOWN to let. Ching Tai Chong Co., No. 16-18 Dixwell Road. 66291 M 21

GODOWN. For Rent. Central location on Szechuen Road. First class ground floor godown space 2,000, 3,000 or 5,000 sq. ft., with sprinkler fire protection. Apply to Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. No. 44

LAND FOR SALE

FOR SALE, 300 mow of land, on Northern edge of Shanghai, and a little west of Kiangwan, high and level. Price Taels 430 per mow. Apply 178 N. Szechuen Road. Phone N. 2233. 65830

FOR SALE, 10 mow of land for sale, North Szechuen Road Extension, near Public School. Apply to Box No. 1030, THE CHINA PRESS. 10140 M 24

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICE TO LET, on the third and fourth floors, 50 Avenue Edward VII, modern building. Moderate rental includes elevators, light and water. Please apply the Chinese Cotton Goods Exchange, Ltd., 50 Avenue Edward VII. 66314 A 15

SUITE of small offices to be let, on French Bund. Very moderate rent. Apply to Box 141, THE CHINA PRESS. 66285 M 18

LARGE OFFICE, Rental Tls. 350. Very attractive business location, available forthwith. Apply to Box No. 985, THE CHINA PRESS. 10060 M 19

WHOLE building, except ground floor, to be let in August at moderate rental, situation near Bund and principal Banks. Apply to Box No. 987, THE CHINA PRESS. 10011 M 19

OFFICES to let. On the 2nd and 3rd floors of No. 7 The Bund. Also at No. 7a the premises immediately behind No. 7 Apply to The Commercial Bank of China. T. F. 131

FOR RENT. Office space. Best location on Nanking Road, near Bund, ground floor. For terms and particulars apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. No. 39

OFFICE ROOM to let on 1st floor Nanking Road; very moderate rental. Apply to Box No. 1000, THE CHINA PRESS. 10151 M 23

GROUND Floor Space to let, Kiukiang Road, suitable for shops or banks. Apply to Box No. 1003, THE CHINA PRESS. 10023 M 15

GROUND Floor Space, Kiukiang Road, suitable for large Bank, available shortly in part or whole. Apply to Box No. 1008, THE CHINA PRESS. 10033 M 31

LARGE suite of offices to be let, modern building. July/August, very suitable business quarter. Apply to Box No. 977, THE CHINA PRESS. 10001 M 16

TO LET. Ground floor offices and godown on Szechuen Road. Rental reasonable. Apply to Box No. 979, THE CHINA PRESS. 10003 M 16

OFFICES, first floor modern building, corner of two important thoroughfares, available immediately. Suitable especially for doctors, lawyers. Apply Box 981, THE CHINA PRESS. 10005 M 16

OFFICE suitable for merchants of precious stones, being in first-class concrete modern building, very near Nanking Road and Bund. Apply to Box 982, THE CHINA PRESS. 10006 M 16

OFFICES on first floor, splendidly situated, Central district. Available at once. Apply to Box 983, THE CHINA PRESS. 10007 M 16

LARGE ROOMS to let on second floor, facing Nanking Road, Rental Tls. 65, free of taxes. Apply to Box No. 984, THE CHINA PRESS. 10008 M 16

OFFICES suitable for persons conducting a business that requires a central and safe building available at moderate rental. Apply to Box 993, THE CHINA PRESS. 10018 M 16

TO LET, one big office room @ Tls. 50 per month, tax included. 1st floor of 51B Kiangse Road. Apply to the city Bank of Shanghai, Ltd. T. F. 334

OFFICES. Three nice ground floor offices, central district, steam-heated, single office or suite of two or three rooms. Apply Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road. Telephone Central 8222. No. 30

ROOMS, living or office. Furnished or otherwise. Central district. Apply to Box 1139, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 331

LOANS

ADVERTISER is prepared to advance money on real estate. Apply to Box 1125, THE CHINA PRESS. 10099

MONEY WANTED against security of developed land. Apply to Box 1126, THE CHINA PRESS. 10100

HOUSES FOR SALE

FOR SALE. A terrace of newly constructed foreign residences situated in the Western District. Annual return over 10%. For full particulars apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 1 Foochow Road. T. F. 261

FOR SALE. A nice residence of 10 rooms, with modern conveniences, garage, hothouse, tennis lawns, old trees, etc. Area of land over 10 mow. Situated in quiet section of Western District. For further particulars apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 1 Foochow Road. T. F. 262

TSINGTAU, excellent modern house for sale. Apply to Box 1083, THE CHINA PRESS. 10081 M 20

56 Route Ghisi, newly constructed residence, three living and five bedrooms, modern in every way. Large lawn, hot house, garage, area nearly four mow. Price Tls. 36,000. Apply to The China Realty Company, Limited, Hongkong, and Shanghai Bank Bldg. T. F. 228

34 Seymour Road, situated in the best and most convenient part of the residential district, a substantially built house, three living rooms, six bedrooms and four bathrooms. A real bargain at Tls. 30,000. For further particulars, apply to The China Realty Company, Limited, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Bldg. T. F. 229

FOR SALE: A modern well-appointed six roomed Residence in the Great Western Road, with Tennis Lawn, Conservatory, Vegetable Garden and Garage, area about 2½ mow. A fine opportunity to secure a first class property in the coming Residential District at a reasonable figure. For further particulars apply to the China Realty Company, Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Bldg. Telephone 865. T. F. 251

APARTMENTS TO LET

FLAT to let, Central location, near Nanking Road. Apply to Box 989, THE CHINA PRESS. 10013 M 18

FLAT to let as a whole or by rooms, furnished or otherwise. Apply to Box 990, THE CHINA PRESS. 10014 M 18

FLAT to be let, 4 Ezra Road, 3rd floor, occupation 1st March. Apply to Box 794, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 240

FLAT to be let in six months, very good location, modern Building, Rental Tls. 175. Apply to Box 988, THE CHINA PRESS. 10012 M 19

96 Avenue du Roi Albert. Flats and/or rooms, fully furnished, with or without board. $90, with board for one. West 4071. 10015 M 18

FLAT to be let 1st September, very centrally situated. Modern building. Tls. 215. Apply to Box No. 998, THE CHINA PRESS. 10150 M 26

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

TO LET, one furnished room and bath. Quinsan Road. $50. Apply to Box 992, THE CHINA PRESS. 10017 M 18

FURNISHED rooms to let, with bath, free light, taxes; Tls. 45-65, located close to Nanking Road and Bund. Board may be had by arrangement, with dining-room close by, at $50.00 a month. Apply to Box No. 976, THE CHINA PRESS. 10000 M 16

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ADVERTISER is prepared to entertain purchase of going real estate concern. Apply to Box 1117, THE CHINA PRESS. 10091 M 30

PERSONS looking for reliable agents abroad, please apply to Box 1120, THE CHINA PRESS, who will give full particulars. 10094 M 30

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED. Unfurnished apartment, two or three rooms, with kitchen, central district only. Apply to Box 1169, THE CHINA PRESS. 66333 M 17

WANTED TO RENT. Large second floor loft in vicinity of Trinity Church. Must have heat and good light. Apply to Box 1173, THE CHINA PRESS. 66339 M 18

WANTED, from 1st April, unfurnished flat, of 3 rooms, bathroom and use of kitchen, in French Town or Western District. Please apply to Box No. 1167, THE CHINA PRESS. 66315 M 19

WANTED, flats or apartments in Central District. Apply to Box 1138, THE CHINA PRESS. 10111

ADVERTISER seeks suitable residence in Western District. Kindly apply to Box 1139, THE CHINA PRESS. 10112

KITCHEN COAL
PHONE C. 204
STROM & CO.
9 EZRA ROAD.

PEERLESS INCANDESCENT KEROSENE LANTERNS

If your servants are letting their electrics blaze away while you pay, why not supply their quarters with an Incandescent Kerosene 300 candle power light, at 1 cent per hour?

Lanterns $7 Table Lamps $9
Cash with order. Outport $1 extra for box and postage. 6 extra mantles free.

Bartlett Yung & Co.
17 Honan Road.
Tel. C. 1875

HOW FAR CAN A GIRL GO?

She smoked cigarettes. She drank. She went to petting parties. She led the pace of the gayest life in the gayest of society.

And yet she claimed to be respectable. The men liked her, but there were certain young men who were not seeking her as a wife.

"Why?" she wondered. "Had she gone too far?"

See

FLAMING

To-day at 3 p.m. 5.30 & 9.15 p.m.
AT
APOLLO THEATRE

3 Cents a Word
Minimum
Charge 60 Cents

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

17 Nanking Road

The Shop Window That Comes To Your Arm Chair

17 Nanking Road

All advertisements must be prepaid and replies called for

SITUATIONS WANTED

WELL EDUCATED young Chinese lady wants a position as teaching Chinese or Shanghai language and also desires to work in the office. Willing to start with moderate salary. Apply to Box 1165, THE CHINA PRESS. 66310 M 19

YOUNG, WELL EDUCATED lady desires appointment, preferably with medical profession or as companion to lady. Outport no objection. Apply to Box 1158 THE CHINA PRESS. 66280 M 18

LONDON Agent seeks local connections, import, export. Apply to Box 1119, THE CHINA PRESS. 10093 M 30

LADY SEEKS POSITION as proof reader, moderate salary. Apply to Box 1142, THE CHINA PRESS. 13115

ENGLISH journalist seeks position, many years' experience, verbatim reporter. Best reference. Apply to Box 1084, THE CHINA PRESS. 10083 M 30

POSITION wanted. Engineer well acquainted in all kinds of machinery will accept very small salary, seeks immediate position. Apply to Box 1088, THE CHINA PRESS. 10086 M 30

20 years office experience, assistant seeks position. A.1. references. Will accept moderate pay to start. Apply to Box No. 1010, THE CHINA PRESS. 10118 M 25

ELDERLY Britisher, retired captain, seeks position of trust in a capacity of inspector, overseer, works superintendant. Excellent references. Apply to Box No. 1013, THE CHINA PRESS. 10121 M 25

ASSISTANT with 18 years office experience, British, seeks employment in any capacity. Willing start very moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1024, THE CHINA PRESS. 10135 M 26

FOREIGNER, godown man, honest, many years experience, seeks position. Willing accept $75. a month, Apply to Box No. 1025, THE CHINA PRESS. 10136 M 26

ELDERLY man, married, seeks position as office or works assistant, honest, reliable, hard-working. Good reference. Apply to Box No. 1026, THE CHINA PRESS. 10137 M 26

ACCOUNTANT, foreigner, very qualified and experienced, at present employed, looks to better his position. Salary Tls. 300. Apply to Box No. 1027. THE CHINA PRESS. 10138 M 26

SITUATION WANTED Young girl, competent stenographer, seeks position, hard worker and is willing to accept very small salary. Apply to Box No. 1022, THE CHINA PRESS. 10126 M 25

OFFICE Assistant, many years conversant China Trade, first-class references, British nationality, seeks position. Moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1009, THE CHINA PRESS. 10117 M 25

BRITISHER, aged 35, 15 years experience, imports, coding, accounting and general office work, seeks position, moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1011, THE CHINA PRESS. 10119 M 25

BRITISHER seeks position as private secretary, fluent correspondent, has knowledge of French, and could act in several capacities. Best of references. Apply to Box No. 1012, THE CHINA PRESS. 10120 M 25

ADVERTISER, Britisher, has half his day free for employment in any capacity of trust. Please apply to Box No. 1014, THE CHINA PRESS. 10122 M 25

CHINESE Assistant, 15 years experience, accounts and property, seeks position. Salary $150 per month. Apply to Box No. 1016, THE CHINA PRESS. 10124 M 25

YOUNG man, intelligent, British nationality, experienced in Insurance work, seeks employment at reasonable pay. Apply to Box No. 1017, THE CHINA PRESS. 10125 M 25

Youth, aged 24, well educated, has had office experience, wants position. Very moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1023, THE CHINA PRESS. 10134 M 26

SITUATIONS WANTED

WHEN you are in need of office clerks, typists, etc., etc., ring up C. 5200 or write to Employment Dept., Chinese Y. M. C. A. 129 Szechuen Road. T.F. 66

A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, teacher of French and English language, wishes a position in a school or to give private lessons. Apply to Box 1164, THE CHINA PRESS. 66307 M 16

CHINESE gentleman with 20 years business experience seeks position as senior clerk, inspector, or interpreter, good references. Apply to Box 1046, THE CHINA PRESS. 66021 M 16

CHINESE of wide business experience, well acquainted in all classes, seeks position as agent, dept. manager, compradore, law office. Apply to Box 1157, THE CHINA PRESS. 66273 M 21

EXPERIENCED YOUTH, with good knowledge of typewriting, filing, bookkeeping, shipping and general office routine, seeks position as typist, clerk or office assistant. Moderate salary. Excellent references. Apply to Box 139, THE CHINA PRESS. 66237 M 18

IF YOU WANT private secretary, office assistant, sales representative, interpreter or translator, language teacher etc., please write to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS. 66147

ADVERTISER, agent for special new brand cosmetic with superior qualities, (not too brilliant) seeks for sub-agents. Apply to Box 1126, THE CHINA PRESS. 10102

YOUNG LADY well acquainted with millinery work willing to work for small salary. Apply to Box 1110. THE CHINA PRESS. 10090 M 30

CHINESE returned student desires position in any capacity. Salary no objection. Apply to Box 103, THE CHINA PRESS. 66195 M 16

ABLE and experienced British gentleman, chartered accountant, who has had many years' experience in first class home firms, is open for engagement here with house of good standing. Best reference. Apply to Box 1087, THE CHINA PRESS. 10085 M 30

POSITION wanted by an American, with experience in office management, general clerical work, import and export business and in railroad work. Apply to Box 968, THE CHINA PRESS. 10133 M 26

EDUCATIONAL

ENGLISH lady, with knowledge French, German, Russian, gives lessons English language. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 1112, THE CHINA PRESS. 66172

MANDARIN and Shanghai dialects can be taught in three months: full course in six months. Lesson given on any evening and by appointment. Apply to Mr. Wm. C. Dong. K-1337 Boone Road. 66292 M 18

GENTLEMAN wishes to take lessons in the Russian language. Evenings. Apply stating terms to Box No. 137, THE CHINA PRESS. 66225 M 16

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE, at Tls. 16,000. Land and detached semi-foreign residence, near Junction of Chapoo and Tiendong Roads. Complete with electric and water, fittings and telephone. Apply to Box 142, THE CHINA PRESS. 66302 M 18

WANTED real estate, in small or large lots in Central District. Please submit likely lots to Box No. 1135, THE CHINA PRESS. 10108

BUYER wishes to purchase good Chinese property. Applicant please state particulars of district area and rental, etc. to Box No. 1136, THE CHINA PRESS. 10109

ADVERTISER is in the market for property in the Western District near the New French Club. Applicants please get in touch with Box No. 1137, THE CHINA PRESS. 10110

LAND undeveloped, for sale or lease, Avenue Joffre, road frontage, splendid situation. Apply to Box 1122, THE CHINA PRESS. 10096 M 30

SITUATIONS VACANT

OPPORTUNITY offered with good pay to young lady to pose as live model for Artist. Apply stating age and nationality to Box No. 144, THE CHINA PRESS. 66332 M 15

WANTED, experienced Chinese salesman for Shanghai and outports. Must be well introduced to wholesale and retail provision dealers. Salary and commission. A. 1. references required. Apply in writing stating experience and age to Box No. 1174, THE CHINA PRESS. 66343 M 16

COMPRADORE of A1 repute wanted by well known American firm about to open permanent offices in Shanghai. Must have excellent connections with wholesale and retail provision dealers. Guarantee of $10,000 either in cash or title deed required. Apply in writing, giving full details to Box 1156, THE CHINA PRESS. 66271 M 16

WANTED. Steno-typist, reply giving references, experience and salary required to Box No. 1163, THE CHINA PRESS. 66300 M 18

BOOK-KEEPING and elementary business arithmetic. One capable teacher wanted for two evening classes a week. Apply, with copies of testimonials etc., to Box No. 1152, THE CHINA PRESS. 66250 M 16

POSITION open for lad as general office assistant. Salary to commence $50.00. Apply to Box 1143. THE CHINA PRESS. 10116

POSITION open for well educated able reliable Chinese as canvasser for fire insurance business. Apply to Box 1123, THE CHINA PRESS. 10097

WANTED. Can anyone recommend a good and experienced cook to Box No. 1131, THE CHINA PRESS. 10104

WANTED immediately energetic salesman for surgical instruments and hospital supplies. Apply to Box 1144, THE CHINA PRESS. 66210 M 16

POSITION open for young Chinese experienced in drawing plans of building etc., Apply to Box 1140, THE CHINA PRESS. 10113

OPPORTUNITY for person to do decorative art work for magazine publishers. Apply to Box 1141, THE CHINA PRESS. 10114

OPPORTUNITY for intelligent foreign educated Chinese able to secure life insurance. Apply to Box 1124, THE CHINA PRESS. 10098

WANTED Chinese experienced salesman for mineral bye-products for domestic factories. Apply to Box 1125, THE CHINA PRESS. 10102

ADVERTISING canvasser required for special work. Must be well educated and of pleasing personality. No salary, commission only. Apply, with full particulars, to Box 974, THE CHINA PRESS. 10130 M 26

YOUNG lady, American or British, with newspaper experience, required for special advertising work, Salary and commission and good prospects for the right party. Apply, stating qualifications, to Box 975, THE CHINA PRESS. 10131 M 26

WANTED, first-class chauffeur. Must be honest and experienced. Wages $40 per month. Can anyone please recommend? Apply to Box No. 1019, THE CHINA PRESS. 10132 M 26

HOUSES WANTED

YOUNG AMERICAN couple want to rent furnished house or apartment for four or six months. Best references. Must be modern. Apply to Box 1172, THE CHINA PRESS. 66339 M 16

AN AMERICAN COUPLE wish to rent a small comfortable unfurnished house. Central, French Town or Western District. Long lease. Apply to Box 1148. THE CHINA PRESS. 66224

MISCELLANEOUS

LOCAL AGENT in the market for waste products of coal. Apply to Box 1127, THE CHINA PRESS. 10101

APARTMENTS TO LET

APARTMENT TO LET, bedroom, sitting room, bath and kitchen, nicely furnished, nice surrounding. 42 Seymour Road. 66316 M 16

CHARMING four room, first class flat to let, furnished, verandah, lift, kitchen, all modern conveniences. 24 Nanking Road. 3rd floor. Tel. Central 2035. 66317 M 22

TO LET, one large room, Southern exposure, bathroom attached, without board central Private flat. Also one beautifully decorated room, unfurnished, bachelors. Apply to Box 1160, THE CHINA PRESS. 66293 M 16

TO LET, from April the 1st, flat, two rooms, bathroom and kitchen, furnished or unfurnished. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace. 66262 M 16

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished flat, two large rooms, kitchen, bathroom and servants' quarters, 8-N Honan Road. Tel. North 882. 66283 M 16

73 HASKELL ROAD, two furnished or unfurnished flats, also single room. Modern conveniences, with or without board. 66282 M 16

TO LET, 404 Rue Lafayette, four rooms, attic, two bathrooms, one garage. Modern installation. Apply within. 66289

FOR RENT, Western district, 3 Tsongchow Road, next to Burlington Hotel, furnished or unfurnished flat of three rooms, with all modern conveniences. 66287 M 16

TO LET, modern apartments, newly and completely furnished for housekeeping, in new building. Apply 429 Avenue Joffre, after 12 noon. 66270 M 26

WESTERN DISTRICT, near Carter Road, well furnished flat, two South rooms, balcony, kitchen, bathroom, garden, British Home. Tel. West 2779. 66261 M 16

FURNISHED FLAT to let. Two large rooms and verandah, one small room, kitchen and bathroom. Apply No. 11 Darroch Road. 66251 M 15

TO LET, in private family, (Wayside), furnished flat, two rooms, with bathroom, suit one or two bachelors, breakfast if desired. Apply to Box 140, THE CHINA PRESS. 66239 M 16

TO LET. Modern Apartments, new building, immediate occupation. 3 rooms, bath, kitchen, servants' quarters, central heat, hot and cold water. Flush closets. Modern finish throughout. Location Route de Grouchy, corner of Route Doumer. Apply E. Suenson and Co., Ltd., Eastern Times Building, 30 Foochow Road. 66219 M 19

APARTMENT two rooms, one bathroom and kitchen in two, near Bund. Tls. 120 per month inclusive light, water, taxes. Apply 15 Box 1121, THE CHINA PRESS. 10095 M 30

TO LET, in Bubbling Well Road, two large and two small rooms with bath, garage, could be rented separately. Meals optional. Apply to Box 1076, THE CHINA PRESS. 10079 M 17

FURNISHED FLAT of two rooms, with bath and kitchen, in Western District. Modern conveniences. Quiet family. $.95, including light and taxes. Apply to Box No. 1005. THE CHINA PRESS 10077 M 30

AN ELEGANTLY furnished flat on Avenue du Roi Albert, with bath and separate kitchen, can be had with or without meals. Cheap rates for quiet person. Apply to Box No. 1066, THE CHINA PRESS. 10078 M 30

MODERN flat to let, Central district, immediate occupation, suitable for doctor or lawyer. Rental Tls. 200. Apply to Box 996, THE CHINA PRESS. 10021 M 16

FLAT or offices, whole of 2nd floor, near Szechuen Road and Nanking Road. Very moderate rental. Apply to Box 997, THE CHINA PRESS. 10022 M 16

LARGE flat to let in whole or by rooms, situated near Bund and Nanking Road, immediate occupation. Apply to Box No. 986, THE CHINA PRESS. 10010 M 19

FLAT to be let in September. Modern Building, Rental Tls. 200. Located in best quarter of the city. Apply to Box 978, THE CHINA PRESS. 10002 M 16

HOUSES TO LET

FOR RENT detached foreign house near Hongkew Park, contains six rooms, three bathrooms, servants' quarters, small lawn, garage. Rental moderate. Furniture can be taken over. Apply to Box No. 145, THE CHINA PRESS. 66340 M 16

COSY FOUR ROOMED house, in Dixwell Road, facing South, with garden, suitable for married couple or small family. Occupation early April. Apply to Box 1161, THE CHINA PRESS. 66298 M 16

FIVE ROOM HOUSE, 36 Studley Avenue, newly decorated, electric wired for heating, garage, garden, to let 1st April. Tel. East 120. 66329 M 19

TO LET unfurnished, five roomed house, in Rue Lafayette. Modern conveniences, central heating, garden. Rent Tl15. Apply to Box 143, THE CHINA PRESS. 66318 M 16

TO LET. Corner house near French Park, 7 rooms, with usual servants' quarters and modern conveniences. T200 per month. Immediate occupation. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 1 Foochow Road. Tel. C. 365. T. F. 262

TO LET. Unfurnished house of six rooms, at 160 Route Mayen. All modern conveniences, including heating system. Rent T150 per month. Fittings optional. Apply to Box 1168, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 259

TO LET. Moderate rental, six roomed house, with large garden and garage, in French Concession. For particulars, apply Sidney J. Powell, 12A Canton Road. 66284 M 18

FOR RENT. Two Kuling bungalows near Kuling American School. Especially desirable for persons with children to attend summer school. Access to school tennis courts and swimming pool. Address Headmaster, Kuling American School, Kuling. 66276 M 21

FOR RENT. From April 1st for ten months. House on Avenue Joffre, furnished or unfurnished, five rooms, two baths, modern conveniences, garage, if wanted. Garden. Apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Telephone, Central 8222. No. 45

TO LET, for the Summer months. May 1st to October 1st, new furnished house, all modern conveniences, garage near by, very reasonable rent. Apply to Box 1146, THE CHINA PRESS. 66222 M 18

DETACHED house to let, 18 Avenue Joffre, eight rooms, servants' quarters, garden, garage stable, all modern conveniences. Apply to Box 132, THE CHINA PRESS. 66195 M 16

FOR RENT. From March 15, unfurnished residence on Rue Lafayette, six main rooms with usual servants quarters, etc., garage, modern sanitation, two bath rooms. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. No. 33

TSINGTAU house to let for summer or whole year. Excellent location close to the Bund. Modern, central heating, nicely furnished, one of the finest in the town. Rent $600 a month for not less than 3½ months. Apply to Box 1082, THE CHINA PRESS. 10080 M 30

TO BE LET, commencing first April, North Szechuen Road near Park and tramways), house suitable Japanese tenement Tls. 40-45. Apply to Box 995, THE CHINA PRESS. 10020 M 16

SMALL and large houses with all modern conveniences, garage, near tram. Apply to Shanghai Estate Co., Inc., 41 Rue du Consulat. T. F. 238.

TO LET, from April 1st, furnished or unfurnished, seven roomed foreign residence. Modern sanitation and conveniences, with garage and garden, on Kiangwan Road. Apply to Asia Realty Co. 15 Nanking Road, Tel. Central 8222. No. 32

TO BE LET, soon, a few terrace houses North Szechuen Road, rental about Tls. 45.00 per month. No key money. Apply to Box 994, THE CHINA PRESS. 10019 M 16

FURNISHED residence 549 Avenue Foch to let for seven months from May 1st. Rent Tls. 180 per month, three bedrooms and bathrooms, three sitting rooms, garage, etc. For particulars apply to the Engineer, Shanghai Gas Company. T. F. 237

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

Connaught House
8 and 9 Quinsan Gardens
BOARD—RESIDENCE.

14 and 15 Quinsan Gardens
TO LET, with full board, large and small rooms, with bathrooms and verandahs attached. Telephone North 482.

BOSTONIA
16 Carter Road
Phone West 883
March 1st, one small room and one large one, each with private bath.

TO LET nicely furnished rooms, one large, one small, bath, (geyser), quiet locality. 22-D Range Road. Telephone North 601. 66241 M 19

EXCELLENT ROOM, private American family, modern sanitation, will serve breakfast, near French Club, garage if desired. Apply to Box 1171, THE CHINA PRESS. 66336 M 22

TO LET, large well furnished bedsitting room, private bathroom, kitchenette or breakfast optional. 312 Avenue Joffre. Tel. West 2855 66026

IN NORTHERN DISTRICT, within easy reach of tram service, Rifle Range, Hongkew Park and swimming bath. Two well furnished bedrooms, facing South, bathrooms, hot and cold water, flush toilet, screened verandah. Excellent table, kept under personal supervision. Every home comfort, suit two or four bachelor friends. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 1166, THE CHINA PRESS. 66312 M 16

TO LET. Very desirable well furnished airy double bedroom, large private communicating, bathroom with geyser. Excellent board and attendance. Suitable for two gentlemen or married couple. Best location in town, near Bund. Occupation 25th March. Apply Mrs. Fowler, 11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 66308 M 16

EIGHTEEN QUINSAN GARDENS. Beautifully furnished apartments and rooms. Private bath (geyser) throughout. Real American Home cooking. Clean, comfortable home. 66319

YOUNG British gentleman, will share his room with another. Excellent table and comfortable accommodation. Terms exceptionally reasonable. Centrally located. Apply to Box 146, THE CHINA PRESS. 66242 M 16

HOLLYWOOD. 301 Avenue Joffre, one double, one single room, each with bath and veranda. Excellent food. Phone West 2437. 66148

MRS. J. LEPETIT, 47 Bubbling Well Road, renumbered No. 11 Park Road, close to Race Course and New Carlton, large and small well furnished rooms, bathrooms attached. Excellent food. Meals served to outsiders. Phone W. 1215. 66254

TO LET. Comfortably furnished double room, good food and service. Apply to 103 Bubbling Well Road (near Race Course) Tel. West 805. 66274 M 21

BUBBLING WELL DISTRICT. Large and small furnished rooms to let. Modern conveniences. Excellent board. Terms very reasonable. Tel. West 4558. 66288 M 20

CENTRAL TO LET, large room, with bath, suitable for one or two, full board, 103 Szechuen. Lift to 3rd floor. 66252 M 20

TO LET, two rooms, separately or together. All modern conveniences, big verandah, 450D Avenue Joffre. To see from 1-2½ and 7-9. Saturday and Sunday from 2-7. 66238 M 16

ROOM FOR RENT, to couple. Beautifully furnished room with bath. In private American family, Western District. Apply to Box 1100, THE CHINA PRESS. T F 257

OFF SEYMOUR ROAD, well furnished rooms with bath. With board, $90 per month. Apply to Box No. 1064, THE CHINA PRESS. 10076 M 30

A161, Avenue Road, near Gordon Road. New private boarding house, well furnished double and single rooms, with private bathroom, excellent food and service. Phone W. 3064. 66211 66213

SHOPS TO LET

FOR RENT. Excellent shop space, 1200 to 2500 square feet, on Nanking Road. For terms and other particulars apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. No. 40

TO LET, shop in magnificent corner position. Best part Nanking Road. Available immediately. Area 873 square feet. Apply to Box 957, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 231

LARGE SHOP, best part Nanking Road, may be available by end of year. Lessors prepared to discuss terms with prospective tenants. Apply to Box No. 980, THE CHINA PRESS. 10004 M 16

SHOP, close to Nanking Road, expected to be let by end of year. Rental moderate. Apply to Box No. 1001, THE CHINA PRESS. 10146 M 28

GROUND floor space to let, suitable for Barber Shop, rental Tls. 225. Very near Nanking Road and Bund. Apply to Box No. 1005, THE CHINA PRESS. 10020 M 31

LARGE SHOP on Nanking Road, near Bund, available this fall, rental Tls. 750. Apply to Box No. 1007, THE CHINA PRESS. 10032 M 31

USED CARS

FOR SALE, one small Humber 2 cylinder car, newly painted, 4 new tires and new top. Cheap for cash. 3 motor cycles, one Baby Indian, one Reading Standard, one medium Indian. Universal Motor Repair Co. No. 24 Dent Road. Phone north 1620. 66229 M 20

FOR SALE, 8-cylinder Scripp-Booth, perfectly new and guaranteed. Apply to Box No. 1028, THE CHINA PRESS. 10147 M 26

FOR SALE: 4-cylinder Berliet Landaulette, Tls. 400. Good working order. Apply to Box No. 1018, THE CHINA PRESS. 10148 M 26

FOR SALE, just imported limousine car from France. A1 upholstery. Owner must leave soon. Apply to Box 1090, THE CHINA PRESS. 10038 M 30

CAR for sale, Berliet Landaulette Tls. 500. Apply to Box 1086, THE CHINA PRESS. 10084 M 30

FOR SALE: Limousine Pachard, beautiful upholstery, special body. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box No. 1056, THE CHINA PRESS. 10074 M 30

OFFICES, WANTED

GROUND floor wanted suitable for office and machinery showroom. Neighborhood of Hongkong Road preferred. About 2000-2000 square feet. Linotype and Machinery, Ltd., 132 Szechuen Road. T. F. 258

SUMMER RESORTS

VALLEY HOTEL, KULING. Private Hotel, American owned. Opening June 1st. Located near Russian Swimming pool and Tennis court. Terms moderate. For particulars apply to Box 1109, THE CHINA PRESS. 66170 A 10

EXCHANGE AND MART

WRIGHT AND BELYEA. For House boats and Motor boats. Works Woosung. Telephone Central 1133. T. F. 2

FOR SALE, at very moderate price, 2 pure woolen Persian carpets, 3 x 4, beautiful design. Apply 39 Haskell Road. 66231 M 19

FOR SALE, Rubber tyred rickshs, good condition, cheap. Apply to Box 1129, THE CHINA PRESS. 66281 M 16

FOR SALE. 2 pairs of Analytical Scales (1 pair by Becker's Sons, Rotterdam) complete with weights, in first class condition. For inspection and further particulars apply to Box 1170, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 260

ALSATIAN male pups for sale, by "Diana of Lario" and "Duke of Lario" pedigree prize winners. Also two seven-month pups (male) from the first litter. The pups may be seen at No. 40 Kinnear Road, any time on Saturday and Sunday. (W. 569). 66301 M 16

FOR SALE. Police dog, female, 18 months old. Excellent condition. Good home more important to owner than price. Apply to Box 1155, THE CHINA PRESS. 66269 M 16

FOR SALE. A second-hand roller camera, 3½ by 4½, with Cook's anastigmat lens F 4.5, one film pack adapter, five plate holders and one carrying case. The whole for $175.00. Apply Burr Photo Co., 9 Broadway. 10152 M 30

FOR SALE. Vega Tubaphone Banjo. A 1 condition. Price M.$200.00. See Ellis, Banjoist, Astor House. 66304 M 17

NAPHTHALINE BALLS, British, in cases of 112 lb. net per case. Pasco Trading Co. Fed., Inc. 24 Canton Road. 66233 M 16

WANTED rowing boat large enough for three or four persons; must be in good condition. Apply to Box 1123, THE CHINA PRESS. 10106

MOTOR BOAT, large size, for sale at very moderate price. First-class working order. Apply to Box 1134, THE CHINA PRESS. 10107

FOR SALE. Wonderful stamp collection, has two albums and over one thousand rare stamps, some of which are triangles. Apply to Box 1113, THE CHINA PRESS. 10092 M 29

TREES. Shade Trees. This is the month for planting. American stock of one year, two year and three year trees at $1, $2.50 and $5, respectively. Delivery to be taken at 15 Nanking Road. Apply to Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. No. 45

FOR SALE. Thoroughbred collie pups, six weeks old. Apply J. S. Wright, Chentow, Chihli province. 66169 M. 30

WANTED, second hand modern filing system, cards included. Small steel files preferred. Reply with full details, to Box 970, THE CHINA PRESS. 10141 M 29

FOR SALE, waste strips of brass, in quantity suitable, at low price. Apply to Box No. 1021, THE CHINA PRESS. 10139 M 26

FOR SALE, large quantity of desk scribbling pads. Apply to Box No. 1022, THE CHINA PRESS. 10140 M 26

Sell Your Business At a Good Price

If you feel that you'd "like to sell out if you could get your price," you can find a buyer through advertising in the "Business opportunities" column of The China Press.

Don't just drift along, waiting for a buyer to turn up like magic. Offer your business for sale—give complete information about its advantages—and you'll soon be talking to men who are looking for just what you are advertising.

Just drop your ad today at 17 Nanking Road (ground floor). China Press Want ads will do the rest.

FAMOUS PIANIST TO APPEAR HERE ON 8th OF APRIL

Much interest is being evinced in the forthcoming appearance here of Mieczyslaw Munz, famous pianist who will play at the Town Hall on April 8. It is now announced by Mr. A. Stroh, who is bringing the artist to Shanghai, that there will be a second concert, which will be in the nature of a Chopin recital.

Munz is known through musical circles all over the world, but it is interesting to cull the following comment from a published opinion by Prof. G. Smith, of Syracuse University:

"I cannot conceive of a pianist with greater technical skill, though, of course, there are several among the upper six who may be considered his equal in this respect. Certainly his command of the mechanical resources of the piano is second to no one, Hofman, Godowsky, Rachmininoff, Lhevinne, Friedman, or any others among the pyrotechnical wonders of pianism."

New Carlton Show Attracts Throngs

The show that the New Carlton is putting on these nights would knock fifty years off of an octogenarian's stooped and weather-beaten back; which will give something of an idea of the kick it imparts to the younger—and more susceptible—throng that visits Louie's palace every evening.

Included in the show are two young men who impersonate females and they certainly make a woman-like job of it. One of them, Mr. Sawyer, does a Salome dance that is a riot. The other, Mr. Volin, plays the part of a operatic baritone to perfection.

The chorus, led by Peggy Lovell, soubrette, is all that could be asked as to legs and costuming, particularly legs.

It is a bewitchingly pretty—and funny—show, and now that its fame has spread it is little wonder that the Carlton is entertaining capacity crowds.

Recognition Of Soviet Is Put Off Again

(Continued from Page 1)

bureau of supervisors, and a bureau of the management, which are authorised to deal with all the affairs concerning the Railway in question. The board of directors consists of 5 Russian and 5 Chinese officials, including one Chinese chairman and one Chinese and one Russian vice-chairmen, seven making a quorum, and all resolutions of the board shall be passed unanimously.

The bureau of supervisors consists of three Russians and two Chinese under the Chinese directorship, while the bureau of the management consists of two Russians and one Chinese under the Russian directorship. It is reported in this connection that the above arrangements are of a provisional nature and that pending the final settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway question, the Railway will be managed as it is for a long time to come.

(Eastern News Agency)

Harbin, March 14.—The despatch from Peking reported that Russo-Chinese negotiations are about to be opened before long and that the Chinese Government, as a result of the recent Cabinet meeting, has decided to recognise Soviet Russia has given not a little shock to the public here.

It is observed in Chinese political circles that China's recognition of the Soviet Government will sooner or later give rise to a great change in the management of the Chinese Eastern Railway and that even if, through the Russo-Chinese negotiations, the Railway should be placed under the joint control of China and Soviet Russia instead of being completely restored to China, there can be no reason why the present Russian staff of the Railway should remain in their office.

The Chinese public here takes the view that the demonstration recently made by Chinese here with a view to the expulsion of M. Ostroumoff, Manager of the Chinese Eastern Railway, is nothing but the pressure that is being brought to bear upon the Russian staff of the railway, and that it is only by the protection on the part of the French that the Russian staff are still holding their present posts.

It is reported, however, that the French, in fear lest their protection of the Russian staff may tend to excite the Chinese public against themselves, are not so earnest as before in rendering support and protection to the Russian staff. The French Consul here, a few days ago, hastened to Peking, and it is reported that the object of his visit there is to consult with the French Minister with regard to the Chinese Eastern Railway. In short, the Railway is considered to be the most important subject of the Russo-Chinese conference, and consequently, the fate of the conference upon this subject is being looked forward to with great care.

(Reuter's American Service)

Ottawa, March 15.—A soviet trade delegation has arrived from England and is interviewing members of the Government and manufacturers with the object of developing Russo-Canadian trade. The delegation states that arrangements have been made to enable cash payments for the purchase of Canadian goods.

PARIS-LONDON RATE

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, March 14.—The Paris-London cross-rate is quoted today at: £1—92.35 francs.

KISSES—RED KISSES, red as the rose is red—kisses that burn with the fire of love—that scorch and sear the soul—as you shall learn in

FLAMING YOUTH

Today at
3 p.m. 5.30 p.m. 9.15 p.m.
at
APOLLO THEATRE

Carlton Is Colorful For Children's Sale

(Continued from Page 1)

erally. The famous "Slim Janes," those long-legged, long-armed cloth dolls that are enjoying such a vogue in Paris and America, have been faithfully reproduced and improved upon and were quite popular. A large kewpie, dressed as a jockey, was offered as a prize in a raffle and was looked upon longingly by more than one small girl yesterday.

The work of the children in the various schools, exhibited at their respective stalls, was disposed of rapidly, as were the articles at the Mothers' Union stall and the Children's stall, where everything to delight the mothers of large doll families was to be found.

Dolls' clothes and nursery furniture were features of the Home School and Nursery stall, under the supervision of Lady Pearce, and Mesdames Green and Mackie.

The Girl Guides did their usual efficient work in assisting people about, giving information and helping generally.

On the balcony, a bewildering array of sports was run off by Mrs. J. T. Ford and the children enjoyed themselves hugely.

Young Shanghai was content to go to bed early last night after voting the afternoon the best so far in various youthful careers.

Daugherty Is Accused Of Bribery By Witness

(Continued from Page 1)

for murder, declared that he had learned of the source of the $100,000 from Mr. Smith.

A member of the committee reminded his colleagues that the records of the Daugherty impeachment case contained the allegation that Mr. Daugherty had failed to prosecute in the aircraft case and also that overpayment of $6,500,000 had been made by the Government.

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, March 15.—Attorney-General Daugherty publicly and categorically denies the insinuation contained in the testimony of Mr. Gaston Means before the Teapot Dome investigation committee yesterday.

(Exclusive China Press)

Washington, March 14.—The Senate Oil Committee has issued subpoenas for Rudolph Rynicka, Republican National Committeeman for Ohio; Harry Mackenzie, attached to Coolidge's Chicago headquarters; Griffin Gilmore, Deputy Secretary of State for Ohio, and Norman Gold of New York and Charles Marrish of Oklahoma for questioning in connection with the story told by Leonard Wood, Jr., alleging an oil deal was made at the Republican convention in Chicago in 1920.

(Exclusive China Press)

Washington, March 14.—Mr. Edward B. McLean, millionaire publisher of the Washington Post, the administration paper, and a close personal friend of the late President Harding, told the Oil Committee today that he had said that he loaned ex-Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall $100,000 at Fall's request.

Mr. McLean asserted that he had no interests in either the Doheny or Sinclair oil concerns, and that he had no knowledge of any dealings Fall may have had with Mr. Doheny or Mr. Sinclair except what he had read in the newspapers.

When charges were first made against Mr. Fall a statement was made by Mr. McLean that Fall secured the money which he used to improve his ranch at Three Rivers, New Mexico, from him as a loan. Later Mr. McLean, confronted with an investigation by Senator Walsh of Montana, admitted that he had not actually paid the money to Fall but had sent him checks which were never cashed.

His statement today tends to clear him of any connection whatever with the deal and is evidence that Fall received the money from some other sources as was originally claimed by those prosecuting the charges against the former Secretary of the Interior.

(Exclusive China Press)

San Francisco, March 14.—Chief Justice of the California Supreme Court Curtis Dwight Wilbur, who has just been named as Secretary of the Navy to succeed Secretary Denby, who resigned as a result of the oil scandal in the Harding administration, is one of the best known men on the Pacific Coast and well known by members of the law fraternity all over the United States.

Judge Wilbur was born in Boonesboro, Iowa, on May 10, 1867, and graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1888, serving as an officer only a year, however, before resigning to enter the practice of law at Los Angeles.

He has successively served as Chief Deputy District Attorney of Los Angeles, judge of the Superior Court, and Justice of the Supreme Court. He organised the Juvenile Court of Los Angeles and drafted several juvenile court laws that are enforced throughout California.

Judge Wilbur is a brother of Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, president of Leland Standford University at Palo Alto, California, and one of the best known educators in the United States.

The China Press Want Ads OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

MACGREGOR'S
V. O. S.
"Finest Liqueur"
SCOTCH WHISKY

The excellence of Whisky is in its age, and in the perfection of the blending.

Macgregor's V. O. S. was originally blended by one of the finest Whisky Experts in Scotland.

THE BLEND REMAINS TODAY

"The Connoisseur Comes to Caldbeck's"
4 Foochow Road Telephone C. 7216 (4 lines)

TENDERS
Are invited for the purchase of a
SINLA BUDDHA
Over 1,800 years old
Made of Gold, Silver, Metal and Copper

This Golden Buddha was fashioned of gold, silver and copper in the Sinla Dynasty, more than 1,800 years ago.

In those days it was the national law of the country to bury a buddha with any eminent official or member of the Royal Family, if he or she died, Buddhism being the national religion.

At that time there was an eminent man called Yu Sam Jai, who was the Prime Minister of the King's Court. When the Prime Minister died the King sent this Buddha to be buired with him, in accordance with the law.

Two hundred and sixty years ago this Buddha was discovered in the grave by the late Prime Minister's descendant.

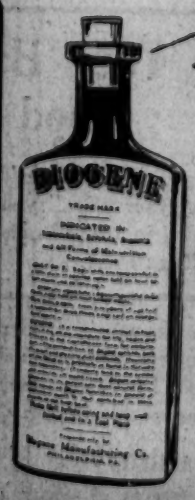
The Sinla Dynasty was before the age of Korea. In the year 1915, at Osaka, one Sinla Buddha, smaller than this one, was sold by public auction for Y250,000. The height was only 6 inches, and the bottom was broken off.

SEALED TENDERS will be received, and each tender must be accompanied by a cash deposit or certified cheque for not less than 5% of the bid, at the American Oriental Bank, which will be refunded by the said Bank to the respective tenderers after the selection of the tender.

The tender must be received by post before 12 o'clock, noon, on June 15, 1924, and will be opened in public at 3 p.m. on the same day. Sealed envelopes should be addressed to, and the Buddha can be seen by appointment at—

W. FUNDER & Co.
40-A Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR
ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road



BIOGENE
—Trade Mark—

Indicated in—
TUBERCULOSIS,
ANAEMIA &
GENERAL DEBILITY

A tonic restorative containing iron in its most active and assimilable form. By taking Biogene you take the iron just as the blood needs it.

Manufactured by
BIOGENE MANUFACTURING Co.
Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE AT ALL THE LEADING DRUGGISTS
OR WHOLESALE FROM
THE BIOGENE MEDICINE Co., of China, Inc.
Sole Agents for the Far East
Head Office: 6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Shanghai China
Tel. C. 2061

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY

A PUBLIC SAVINGS COMPANY
Head Office: 7 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai

PAID-UP CAPITAL AND RESERVES ON 31st JAN., 1924—$7,182,743.54

Board of Directors.

R. FANO, Director of the Assurance Franco-Asiatique; Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine
J. BEUDIN, Member of the Committee of the French Chamber of Commerce for China.
General Manager, Assurance Franco-Asiatique.
General Manager, Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine.
H. MADIER, Chevalier of the Legion of Honour.
President of the French Chamber of Commerce for China.
President of the Assurance Franco-Asiatique.
President of the Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine.
M. SPEELMAN, French Municipal Councillor, General Manager, Assurance Franco-Asiatique
General Manager, Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine.

138th MONTHLY DRAWING of $2,000 PREMIUM BONDS

March 15th, 1924

TOTAL REIMBURSEMENTS $129.990
representing 25% of $519.960
being premia for the month of March, 1924, on total of Bonds 43.330

The Drawing took place at the Head Office of the Society, 7 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai, in the presence of Messrs. Dr. Song Kouo Ping C. Mancini and many other bondholders, Mr. J. BEUDIN, Managing Director, and Messrs. SETH, MANCELL & McLURE, Auditors.

The reimbursements drawn will be paid at the Head Office or at any branches or agencies of the Society.

Result of Drawing

Reimbursements			Drawn by Bonds Numbered		
			9445 Cumulative Progressive Reimbursement		$
1	of	$ 21,665	Drawn by Chinese Bondholders at Shanghai	equal to	21,665
21	„	$ 2,000	1433, 4497, 5189, 5672, 7162, 10974, 11549, 13971, 14973, 15369, 16890, 17056, 25328, 27046, 30528, 33707, 34546, 38140, 40191, 40975, 41731,	„ „	42,000
21	„	$ 300	3185, 9855, 18757, 20816, 20978, 23407, 24031, 28869, 29804, 30172, 32770, 33258, 33811, 33847, 34812, 35575, 36095, 36673, 37214, 38635, 40541,	„ „	6,300
21	„	$ 200	8883, 9495, 10119, 13838, 14696, 18216, 22758, 25254, 27533, 28292, 30270, 30771, 30820, 32520, 34475, 35652, 35653, 35891, 39420, 39698, 41701,	„ „	4,200
21	„	$ 100	515, 2618, 4969, 5372, 6696, 14599, 18032, 19447, 19481, 21473, 23532, 25102, 25324, 29796, 30791, 31458, 32227, 35247, 36683, 40005, 42158,	„ „	2,100
1	„	$ 1,330	7554, ...	„ „	1,330
1	„	$ 200	6526, ...	„ „	200
1	„	$ 130	28806, ...	„ „	130
1	„	$ 69	7439, ...	„ „	69
4,333	of	$ 12	Terminating with No. 5 ...	„ „	51,996
4,422			Reimbursements Totalling ...	„ „	129,990

Notice:—Bondholders not having paid their premiums before noon on the day preceding the drawings, forfeit any reimbursements their bonds may happen to draw at such drawings (Art. II. part 9 of I. S. S. regulations.)

Our Scottish Letter

(By Our Own Correspondent)

Glasgow, Jan. 16.—The situation created by the railway strike is undoubtedly the main topic of conversation in Glasgow today. Surprisingly little interference has been caused to the general life of the City but any prolongation will affect the industrial world severely. Most of the public works laid in a good stock of coal to tide them over the crisis but this is rapidly becoming exhausted.

Practically all the Scottish shipbuilding centers have shared in the improvement in ship-building and the allied industries, but the revival has been most marked on the Clyde. The total new tonnage on hand has increased by over 60,000 tons in the last quarter of 1923, amounting at the end of the year to 119 vessels of 528,914 tons gross. This is about the average figure for pre-war years.

"DOLIUS" LAUNCHED

An interesting launch took place this week from the yard of Messrs Scott and Co., Greenock. This was the motor ship "Dolius," the first vessel to be fitted with the firm's "Scott-Still" engines. The ship was built to the order of Messrs. Holt and Co., Liverpool; is of 3,000 tons dead-weight, and designed for 12 knots. Two sets of engines totalling 2,500 horse power are being installed. Messrs. Scott have been very generous in furnishing engineers with full details of the performance of this engine on the test bed, and will add immensely to the indebtedness of designers if they furnish similar figures for their engine on service.

Next week the Clyde Shipping Association meets to consider the director's report for 1923. It is proposed to request the Clyde Navigation Trustees further to reduce their dry dock dues and the charges for cranage and water. On the representations of the Association, the Pilotage Authority has reduced its charges but these are still considered to be too high. The Association has now 1,335,961 gross tons on its register.

Some minor improvements are taking place in Glasgow Harbor. A barge fitted with oil separating apparatus has been ordered, and is expected to be ready this month. The dredger ordered last August from Messrs. Lobnitz and Co., Renfrew, is now fairly well advanced, being fully framed, and the other parts in course of construction. The ship is of the grab hopper type.

COAL PRODUCTION

The difficulties under which the coal trade is laboring, were referred to in a speech by Mr. John H. Buchan, president of the Scottish Coal Owners Association, at a dinner held in the Grosvenor restaurant this week. However, 80 million tons were exported last year; an increase of 52 millions. The fact that competition from the Ruhr coal fields has vanished, accounts for 20 million tons of the increase.

The local property market continues dull. At the weekly exposure in Glasgow only one sale was effected out of 18 lots on offer. After keen competition, this lot, at 1039 Pollokshaws Road and 2 Langside Avenue, was secured by Messrs. William and R. S. Kerr, restaurateurs, at a price of £4,350. The upset price was £3,000.

STOCK MARKET

The better class of stocks continue on their upward tendency. Operators, however, are cautious, and the total turnover remains small. The quick formation of the new Government, and its personnel, has helped to restore confidence, and the fact that the state of the parties safeguards us from extreme legislation, has removed any feeling of panic.

Keen appreciation has been expressed at the offer of Sir D. M. Stevenson, ex-Lord Provost of Glasgow, to give the sum of £40,000 to Glasgow University. The money is to be used to found two new Chairs in Spanish and Italian.

Preparations are now well advanced for the celebration of the centenary of Lord Kelvin who was born on June 24, 1824. The Royal Society of London has arranged for their celebration of the event to take place on July 10 and 11. On the first day Sir J. J. Thomson, the famous Cambridge physicist, will deliver a memorial oration, and on the next day a dinner will be held, at which it is hoped Earl Balfour will preside. An exhibition of Kelvin's apparatus, borrowed mainly from Glasgow University, will be held, and a memorial volume is to be issued.

Former students will be interested to learn that Dr. Wm. Blackadder, assistant in the engineering department of the Royal Technical College since 1901, has been appointed the first "Jackson" professor of engineering at Aberdeen University.

Our London Letter

(By Our Own Correspondent)

London, Jan. 26.—If the formidable disaster of a labor government predicted in the London papers last week had come off, Britain today would resemble Yokohama after the earthquake. But like most prophesied catastrophies, not a darned thing has happened—yet!

But from the way Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and his ministers have set their hands to the work of Government, something is likely to happen. Whatever happens will be regular and constitutional. The Labor leaders in Britain clearly see that to bring about a violent upheaval would defeat their own aims. They will proceed along lawful lines and accomplish what they can by purely administrative measures. No disastrous legislation can be passed thorugh the present Parliament.

If and when the Labor Party makes good in government, then the country may return a working majority of labor members. In striking contrast to the alarming press of last week, the London papers are now all out for giving labor a fair chance, and it is quite possible that labor will surprise everybody including themselves by making good in government.

RAILWAY STRIKE

Compared with the railway strike, the question of government is of little concern to those who have to get to and from work by train. Sixty thousand engine drivers are out and consequently only a very limited and totally inadequate train service can be maintained.

This strike is foolish and without justification. It is a fight, not against the railways, but between two societies of railwaymen. There seems to be no sympathy in any quarter for Mr. Bromley and his striking engine drivers. But, the railway and Government officials seem reluctant to deal with the strikers.

In the meantime, the travelling public is the "goat" and the nation sustains a loss estimated at a million pounds daily—a rather inconvenient and expensive way to settle a family quarrel among the railwaymen.

HEALTH STATISTICS

In this connection, it is interesting to note the health statistics of strikers. An official of the Welsh National School of Medicine has compiled figures of mortality amongst miners and the percentage who vote for strikes. Lancashire miners vote 90 percent for strikes and have the heaviest death bill. Welsh miners whose percentage of strike voters is 80 are next in mortality. Yorkshire miners have the third place, while Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire have the smallest percentage in both respects.

According to this, it appears healthier not to strike—it is better for the public at any rate.

TEACHERS MANIFESTO

The National Union of Teachers has issued a manifesto giving their views of the educational requirements. At the last election they were very active, and they remind both Liberal and Labor Members of the new Parliament that they promised to resist any attempt to economise further in education. They demand a proper execution of the Education Act, and a better provision of secondary education. Denmark, they remind us, gives secondary education and technical education to 25 percent of its children; Holland and Japan 11 percent England and Wales to less than 3 percent. They protest against any reduction of grants, or medical service, or of the provision of meals.

BAILIFF AT GUARDIANS'

A bailiff or "broker's man", has been installed at the Poplar Board of Guardians. These local authorities with advanced Socialistic tendencies, have been paying out of works in their localities sums ranging from £2 to £5 per week, in addition to the ordinary out of work doles. Needless to say, work is unpopular in Poplar. However, these payments have been declared illegal by the Government authorities and the Guardians have to refund the money. Hence the "broker's man". Previously, the Guardians were imprisoned for a day or two, on account of these payments, but on being released they continued them.

NIGHT CLUBS

A strenuous effort is being made to purge London of its undesirable night clubs before the Empire Exhibition draws crowds of visitors to London this summer.

Many of these night clubs are known to be only a cloak for the sale of drink after permitted hours and morally are in bad repute. Many unsuspecting visitors are "caught" but perhaps out of shame, seldom tell their story to the police.

There are, of course, many night clubs conducted on perfectly reputable lines and number among their patrons Royalty and prominent social figures. But these are also subject to the "cleaning-up" process.

MILLIONAIRE BANKRUPT

Mr. Howard Houlder, head of the brokers firm of that name, made a statement of his position at a meeting of his creditors this week.

He estimates his assets at about £105,000 and liabilities of about the same amount. His position will in no way affect the many large businesses he controls, and is entirely a personal issue.

Mr. Houlder has been very prominent for many years and at one time was Mayor of Croydon.

FIRE UNDER A TOWN

Tipton, Staffs, a town of 36,000 inhabitants, is threatened by a fire which is raging in an abandoned colliery extending under the town. Gas has had to be cut off, and the water authorities are finding it necessary to adopt measures to protect the sewers and water mains. Smoke is coming up from the roadway, and unless the spread of the flames can be stopped at once, it is feared the center of the town will be involved.

17 YEARS IN THE POST

Here is perhaps the world's record postal delay. A love letter, posted at Brighton in July 1906, has just been delivered to Mr. Herbert Knott, of Bromley Common, Kent.

It was handed to Mrs. Knott who discovered that she had written the letter while on a holiday at Brighton prior to her marriage seventeen years ago.

WIRELESS NEWS

A wireless telegraph service has been established between England and Austria. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company operates the service in conjunction with the Austrian Marconi Company.

The service is working satisfactorily and transmission of a message between London and Vienna takes 10 to 15 minutes. Wireless rates are the same as those for wire telegraphy.

A wireless service has also been opened between Vienna and Berlin and the operation of the Austrian station will in time be extended to all the principal European cities.

OIL DEPOSITS

It is reported that one of the largest deposits of oil-bearing shales in the world has been located in Somerset. The volume is estimated at 360,000 million gallons and valued at £3 billion. The beds underlie 10 sq. miles of country and extend 1000 ft. in thickness.

Curiously enough, the British neglect the development of their home oil possibilities but control 70 percent of all foreign oil producing fields and are firmly entrenched wherever oil is to be found, including the United States.

GERMAN DYE PACT

A pact of potential consequences is the agreement between the British Dyestuffs Corporation and the Inter-Essen Geveinschaft, which is the largest of the German Chemical Combines.

It is understood that in this agreement the British Dyestuffs Corporation is to have control of its home markets and an agreed share of the overseas markets, while the German combine is to have an agreed share of the profits of the British company.

This agreement will have to have the approval of the Board of Trade, as the British Government holds 2 million shares in the British Dyestuffs corporation. It is not yet known what attitude the new Labor President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Sidney Webb, will adopt towards this agreement reached before he came into office.

KEEP IN HANDY

Do not forget that there are more bottles sold each year of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than of any other cough medicine. Have you a bottle of it in your home? It is good for the children and the grown ups too. Every user is a friend. For sale everywhere.

C 2240
UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

The China Press Want Ads
OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

$1.00 ANY LENS REPAIR

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER TO INTRODUCE O. I. C. EXPERT SERVICE

ONE DOLLAR
ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL
THIS WEEK ONLY

GUARANTEED GLASSES
FINEST QUALITY ONLY

TORIC FLAT WITH CROOKES COLOR ANY RX MADE UP SAME DAY
in our own shop on the premises

NO MATTER WHETHER THE REGULAR PRICE IS $2.00 or $10.00
Regardless of what you paid before
ANY LENS REPAIRED $1.00
There Is Positively No Catch to this Offer

Although Almost Unbelievable—Although we lose money—
This Generosity is merely an inducement to introduce you to O.I.C. Expert Service and Best Equipped Optical Offices

NOTE. In order to protect ourselves against other Optical Offices sending us their repair work at this *"Below Cost Price"* we can only accept one repair from each bonafide wearer of Glasses to be Repaired.

THE REASON FOR THIS UNPRECEDENTED OFFER
is that we are spending thousands of dollars advertising O.I.C. Service and we have decided to allocate part of this to the above offer to introduce to you the O.I.C. Service and thus convince you

Other small Repairs such as springs, Screws Etc—FREE

BECAUSE WE CARRY A TREMENDOUS STOCK OF THE MOST UP-TO-DATE OPTICAL GOODS
BECAUSE THIS REPRESENTS THE LARGEST OPTICAL INVESTMENT
BECAUSE WE GRIND OUR OWN LENSES IN OUR OWN FACTORY ON THE PREMISES
BECAUSE OUR WORK IS DONE UNDER EXPERT FOREIGN SUPERVISON
WE GUARANTEE HIGHEST QUALITY AT LOWEST PRICES.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER
THIS WEEK ONLY

Oculists' Institute Co.
OCULISTS—OPTOMETRISTS—OPTICIANS
49a NANKING ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 8063
NOTE. No Connection with any other Optical Office in Shanghai

Jews Rush To Farms As Russia Levels Prejudice

American Assistance Aids Colonists Getting Start Under Soviet

BY ELIAS TOBENKIN

After almost two thousand years of detachment from the soil Jews are once again embarking upon agricultural pursuits on a national scale. The first "Jewish peasants" have just made their appearance in Russia. At the All-Russian Agricultural Exposition, which closed in Moscow recently, a pavilion of striking novelty and interest was devoted exclusively to the exhibits of the "Jewish peasantry."

Jewish land workers from twenty or more provinces participated in the exhibit. The Jews made their entry into the agricultural life of Russia with 90,000 individual farm workers and 400,000 acres of tilled land, according to figures presented to the exposition. New farm recruits to the number of 12,000 are being held in abeyance during the winter months.

The very term "Jewish peasants" sounds so unaccustomed and unusual that the Russian press has been echoing and re-echoing with it. Seemingly, however, the term is there to stay. For while the Jewish peasants, thanks to American tractors, American seed, American agronomical experts and American money, have sprung up with mushroom-like rapidity in a single season, their appearance none the less is not accidental nor sporadic. It is, on the contrary, the result of a deep rooted policy—the colonization of a large part of Russia's 3,000,000 Jews—on the part of the Soviet government and on the part of the Jews themselves. Likewise it is a policy which has the sympathy and the practical support of Jews in America and elsewhere.

RUSSIA OPPRESSED JEWS

It was Russia that, in modern times at least, has raised the Jewish question in Europe. The successive governments of the czars have forbidden the Jews to own land. One slight exception was made early in the nineteenth century, when the establishment of several Jewish colonies in the provinces of Kherson and Ekaterinoslav were permitted by Czar Nicholas I. These colonies quickly developed nearly 50,000 Jewish farmers. Subsequent czars, however, put a stop to such colonization schemes and recent pogroms nearly depopulated these colonies. The Jews were compelled to stay within a certain area, known as the "pale," and to follow only prescribed occupations. Even the use of Russian names was at one time or another forbidden them.

The revolution has put an end to this. All restraints and exclusions were nullified. The Jews were accorded the same rights as all other citizens. But the emancipation of the Jews brought with it a vast economic crisis. Due to the heavy restrictions upon them by the czars, the Jews for the most part had become a nation of petty traders and middlemen. The Bolshevist government even under its new economic policy is not favorable to these callings, looking upon them as unproductive and wasteful. It is for this reason that the Soviet government is lending every encouragement to the efforts of the Jews to settle on farms and is giving this encouragement substantial expression.

As a result of the revolution, with its confiscation of the estates of the nobility, there is today government owned land in Russia in large enough amounts to permit the colonization of nearly fifty million people. This land is to be had for the asking by any one. Moreover, all such new settlers are exempted by the government from both taxes and military service for a period of three years. The free use of the land and the concession from the Soviet government are giving the rise of a Jewish peasant class in Russia its greatest impetus.

What the policy of the Soviet authorities is with regard to the Jews was made clear by Leonid Krassin, Russia's trade envoy, and by the Tchitcherin both of whom welcomed the representatives of the Jewish peasantry at the exposition.

KRASSIN PRAISES EFFORTS

"I salute these first efforts of the Jewish masses in the field of agriculture," M. Krassin said. "When I was in London in 1920 a leading Jewish Zionist discussed with me the possibility of Russia opening her frontiers to permit the Jews to emigrate to Palestine. We were at war at the time and surrounded by a blockade; our frontiers were closed, and there was no possibility for emigration. But, I told this Jewish spokesman, when the possibility does arrive, I feel convinced that the Jews of Russia will not want to emigrate. In a free union of Soviet republics the Jew will have no reason to go away from the land of his birth. The Jewish pavilion shows that my prediction is being realized. I am convinced that the productive energies of the Jews will attain their fullest heights in Russia."

The official "Pravda" is not merely complimentary to the Jewish efforts in the field of agriculture; it is even jubilant.

"The government of the czars," exclaims this newspaper, "has distorted and crippled the masses. They did not permit the creative nature of the Jewish Jews to settle in villages, on the land, and they likewise prohibited the Jew from going to big industrial centers, such as Moscow, Petrograd, Ivanovo-Vosnesenk, there to work in the large industries. Under such artificially fostered exclusions, what could they do except turn to petty pursuits and to the meanest of domestic trades and sweatshop occupations! Yes, the Jews of Russia are on the threshold of a new era."

The "new era" is being fostered by two Jewish organizations, which have their headquarters in Moscow—the Jewish Public Committee and the Jewish Society for the Spreading of Manual and Agricultural Labor. A representative of the former, M. Rashkes, recently arrived in New York to gather what aid he could from the "Jewish peasants" of Russia.

The movement toward the soil among Jews in Russia, according to M. Rashkes, is greater than is indicated by the figure of 90,000 individuals thus far on the land. The free land which the government distributes, he explained, is not in the densely populated areas of Russia where the Jews have lived for centuries, but away from them, on the further side of the Volga, in the Crimea and in central Russia. Though inland, the distance to these territories is considerable, and it is necessary to "emigrate" to them, too.

In almost every city and town in what was formerly the "pale" there are therefore organized emigration committees of men and women, young and old, who are ready to leave their homes and go to new territories where land is to be had. These local committees act systematically. They go only when they are ordered from Moscow to proceed, when land and the means wherewith to work it have been alloted to them. In the mean time these would-be emigrants are practicing agriculture on a limited scale in or near their home towns; they are gardening. Even in the densely populated provinces of White Russia, Volhynia and the Ukraine there is some land for gardening left, and on this land Jewish would-be peasants are getting their first experience; also they are earning their livelihood that way.

FIRST AGRICULTURAL LESSONS

In consonance with the policy of the Bolshevist government to implant the "new order" in the young, the agricultural agitation is begun with school children. As a part of the rehabilitation since the war the Jewish public bodies of Russia have established 125 technical and professional schools. In each of these the subject of agriculture is disseminated in one form or another throughout the entire program of the child's eduction.

Among the colonists themselves the new order of Soviet Russia is inculcated by not dissimilar methods. These colonists are not working in communistic groups, but they are working cooperatively, collectively, as the Russians call it. A group of forty or fifty people are assigned to work on a stretch of land. They begin building a little village for themselves. They build separate houses for each family. They build a shed for the family cow or an individual chicken house. But when it comes to farm machinery, to tractors and chain plows, these are co-operative property and are placed in co-operative sheds. The horses are placed in a co-operative stable. People work in the field in groups and the arrangement as to time of starting work or quitting is like that in a factory. The individual must fall in line with group discipline. No man can say that these are "my acres." The acres are group acres.

An insistent feature of all these Jewish "peasant co-operatives" is the studied elimination of middlemen and middlemen processes in buying and in selling, as if both the Soviet government and the Russian Jews themselves were determined to eradicate root and branch from among their midst what formerly was their chief and, in case of many of them, only method of subsistence.

Ever since the close of the war the Jews of America have been raising large funds with which to help rehabilitate the devastated Jewish zones in eastern Europe. Practically every Jewish institution that has arisen in Russia in the last five years has had its share of American support. Chief among the agencies in this country which concerned itself with this rehabilitation work was the American Jewish joint distribution committee, of which Felix M. Warburg is chairman, and the most permanent feature of this committee's work during these five years, it is asserted, is its help and connection with the rise of the Jewish peasantry in the Soviet republic.

Eighty-six tractors were shipped into Russia by the joint distribution committee in the winter of 1922-'23, and these tractors arrived and were put into action in time for the spring plowing. Accompanying these tractors were staffs of American machinists and tons of American pure bred seed. Dr. Joseph Rosen, an internationally known agronomist, was in charge of this agricultural experiment. By working the tractors continuously 100,000 acres were plowed, three season's work being accomplished in one. The plowing and sowing attended to, the American agricultural mission turned to another highly important task, the multiplication of pure bred seed.

War and revolution have greatly deteriorated the quality of Russia's seed. Dr. Rosen organized 252 seed breeding stations, and seed enough to plant 3,000,000 acres of land was grown. A variety of American corn, especially adapted to the Russian soil and Russian climatic conditions, was also produced. Besides, 3,000 horses, 1,000 cows, 400 oxen were distributed among the various agricultural settlements. Several cheese manufacturing co-operatives were established and provided with the proper machinery, while the Soviet government equipped them with the proper refrigerating cars. In addition a quantity of smaller agricultural implements, such as plows, harrows, cultivators, running up to 10,000 have been supplied to these farmers.

The Russian provinces where the joint distribution committee centered its rehabilitation work most actively were Vitebsk, Smolensk, Gomel, Minsk, Chernigov, Volhynia, Kiev, Podolia, Odessa, Kherson and Ekaterinoslav. Beside coming to the aid of the people with seed and machinery the committee also established loan banks for the colonies, the total amount expended in this joint work running up to $1,240,000.

Wrigley's Gum
Peppermint Coated

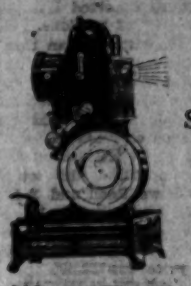
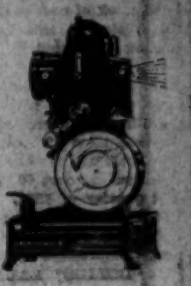
$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

19 JINKEE ROAD
HIRE CARS
OPEN or CLOSED
$1.00 For 20 Minutes $3.00 Per Hour
WEST-189
19 JINKEE ROAD

PEPS For COUGHS COLDS & BRONCHITIS
The Real Breatheable Remedy for THROAT, CHEST & LUNGS

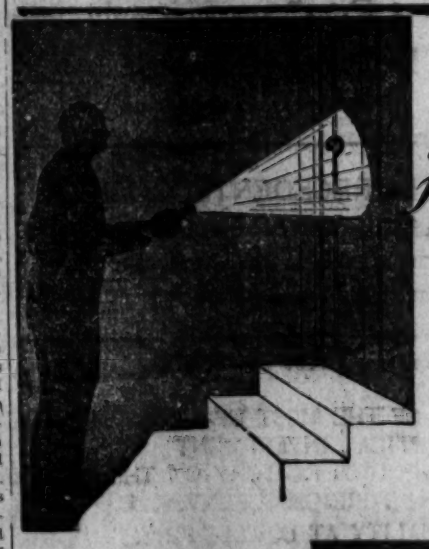
Paints and Painting
THE FINEST MATERIALS
THE MOST CAREFUL WORKMANSHIP
H. B. CAMPBELL - 20 FOOCHOW ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 7126

THE Pathé-Baby



NEW FILMS
Just Received
Supplement No. 4
Partial list:
Comedy

313 The cricket and the ant (cartoon)
402 Harold Lloyd goes a-hunting
429 Good pastry (Harold Lloyd)
430 The joys of a pauper (Harold Lloyd)
431 A plot frustrated (Harold Lloyd, 2 reels)
441 Baby sleeps (Harold Lloyd)
444 A mistake in prescription (2 reels)
463 Two freaks of nature (the fat twins)
480 A run-away auto (Harold Lloyd)
544 Toto plays acrobat (cartoon)
560 Mecanicas and the advertisement (cartoon)
600 Toto, aviator (cartoon)
601 On bread and water
611 Day and night (cartoon)
612 Boby gets excited (cartoon)
648(1-7) A good little devil (7 reels)
650(1-8) Adventures of Collette (8reels)
657 A stiff drink (Snub Pollard & Sunshine Sammy)
670(1-4) The meter of faithfulness (Max Linder, 4 reels)
677(1-4) To see the Rajah (Harold Lloyd, 4 reels)
681(1-8) Chouquette and her Ace (Wiffles, 8 reels)

Also Drama, Travel, Instructive, Sport, etc.
WRITE FOR COMPLETE LISTS of 700 subjects.
All Films Non-Inflammable
PRICE: $1.50 EACH
Free Demonstrations Daily
PATHE-ORIENT
99 SZECHUEN ROAD. Tel. C. 234


He looks for Houses without Yale Locks
The thief is ever looking for houses without YALE locks. An ordinary lock is easy to him. A skeleton key perhaps, or a sharp turn of a steel pick, and he's in.
YALE
The Yale Cylinder night latch No. 44 is a combination night-latch and deadlock, offering all the convenience of the spring lock together with the perfect security of the deadlock. We carry a full range of Yale locks for every purpose.
Call and see our selection, or telephone No. C. 2342
MUSTARD & CO., INC.
Established 1870
22 MUSEUM ROAD SHANGHAI
Exclusive Representatives—China, Honkong, Macao.
Branches: Hongkong, Canton, Hankow, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FINEST TONIC FOR INVALIDS
Dr. MACKENZIE'S
INVALID STOUT
ON SALE AT ALL COMPRADORES
Sole Agents for China:
GANDE, PRICE, LTD.
48 Kiangse Road Tel. C. 205 and 1055

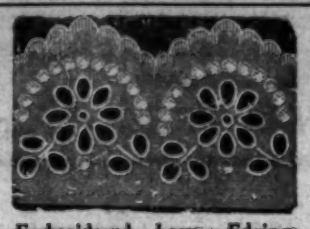
The China Press Want Ads Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

SPRING DRESS GOODS, Ratines, Organdies, Voiles, in a Variety of Designs and Colors

"WHITEAWAY'S"
THE HOUSE FOR VALUE

Spring Model Millinery and Gowns at Very Moderate Prices

Ladies' Light Weight all Wool Opera Combinations, ribbon shoulder straps, lace trimmed knee.
Size, Women's $7.95
O.P. $8.50 Pair
Ditto, with short sleeves
Women's $6.95 O.P. $7.95



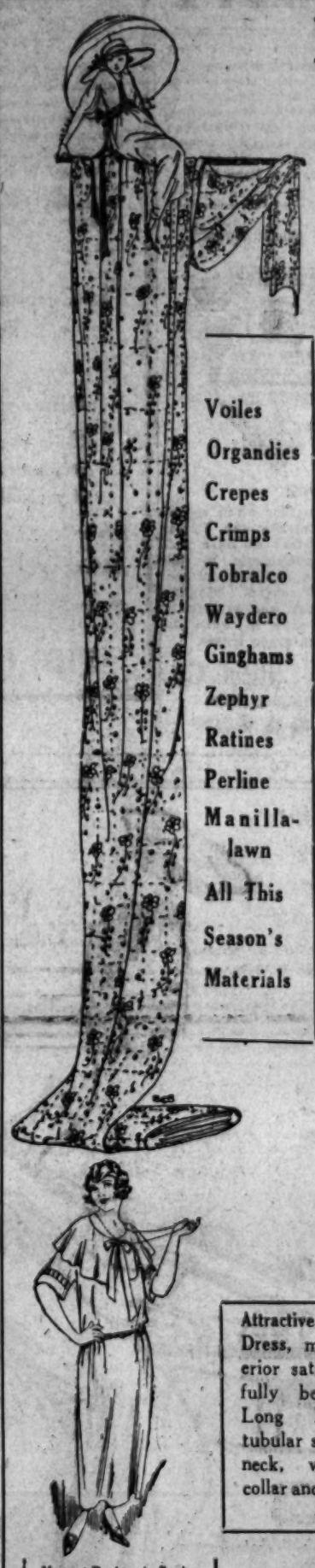
Embroidered Lawn Edgings, assorted 6 designs, wide 2"
Price 25 cts. yd.

Baldwin 4-ply Double Knitting Wool, 17 leading colors.
Price $3.75 lb.

Children's Colored Picture Handkerchiefs, assorted designs, fast colors
Price $1.95 doz.

LISSUE
HANDKERCHIEFS
Fine Mercerized Lawn, White or with Colored Border, ½ dozen in Ivy Box.
Price $7.50

Fashions in Cotton Materials



Permansnt Finish Swiss Organdies
Over 100 Shades in Stock
44 inch wide
$1.25 yard

DRESS MUSLIN

DOTTED SWISS and ORGANDIES VOILES
Our New Stock of Voiles is the Largest Range ever seen in Shanghai Composed of Designs to Suit every Taste from Pins and Bars to Large Egyptian Designs
4 inch wide $1.50
$1.95 yord

Voiles
Organdies
Crepes
Crimps
Tobralco
Waydero
Ginghams
Zephyr
Ratines
Perline
Manilla-lawn
All This Season's Materials

Dotted Swis in every Shade, Genuine Swiss Make
33 inches wide $1.45 yard

Printed Crimp Just the material for making dresses. Requires no ironing; in over 100 designs
28 inch wide 75 cts. yd.

Cellular Shirtings
31 inch wide
95 cts. wide

RATINES
New Fancy Weave Ratines Including Stripes, Checks, Mottled Designs, Inset Lace Borders, Light and Dark Grounds. 40 inch wide
$1.75 to $2.95 yard

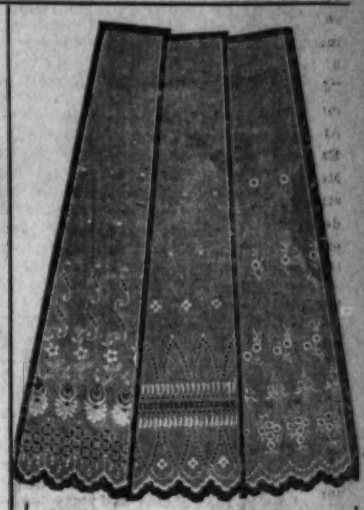
TOBRALCO
TOOTALS GUARANTEE IT

Tobralco in a full range of Whites. Plain colours and Fancy Designs all fast colours.
28 inches wide. $0.95 yard

PLAIN VOILES
in every shade fine weave soft finish 40 inch wide
$1.50 yard

Semi-trimmed Pull-on Hat for Spring Wear made of silk straw, with nigger, royal and red predominating. A rosette of figured silk puts a finishing touch to this charming model. $12.25

Aertex Cellular
Duck
Drill
Oxfords
Piques
Matte
Dress-Linens
Romper Cloth
Eponge
Dimity
Silk and Cotton
Marocain
Full Range of shades in all Materials



White Voile Flouncings, beautifully embroidered, small neat design, width 24"
Price $2.50 yard

The "Dainty" HANDKERCHIEF.
The Dainty Handkerchief, plain White Lawn, Hemstitched Border.
Price $1.25 doz.

Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, ½ doz. in attractive box
Price $2.95 3.50 3.95 box.

The Lotus Brush Wool, 2 oz. Balls. 1 lb. Boxes in 13 leading colors.
Price $4.95 lb.

Pretty and Useful Dress for house wear in Soft Crepe de Chine in a lemon colour; finished at waist with Sash.
$29.50

Dainty Afternoon Frock of Prince Strany Blue, Crepe de Chine, of a heavy rich quality, skin scalloped at hem, and trimmed with ruchings of own material, which is repeated on neck and sleeve. $27.50

Attractive Little House Dress, made from superior satin, in a delightfully becoming shade. Long lines, slightly tubular skirt, long shape neck, with georgette collar and ends as Sketch
$25.00

The Model of the Moment For Spring or Smart Occasions. Dress of lovely Peach colour French Taffela, with lightly rucked panel frontr. Batean neck, narow flat collar of cream georgette piped with own material Exact to sketch above $25.50

Afternoon Dress of Oriental Silk in a conventional Eastern pattern. In various colours cut on simple lines. Exact to sketch alrove. $37.50

THE NEWEST LARGE SHAPE MODEL same style as above hat of grey georgette with saxe blue edge and trimmed with flowers to tone. A neat Spring model. $19.50

Large Banks Roses of fine silk back with heavy foliage on long stem. Colours scarlet red, purple. $1.95

Semitrimmed Pull-on Hat for Spring Wear, made of corded silk, saxe ground with Scarlet, Black, Green and Grey stripes similar to sketch but with slightly higher crown, brim as illustration $11.50

Large Sprays of brilliantly coloured flowers Poppies, Wheat and Cornflowers.
$3.50

Spring Hat in the new wide brim Tuscan straw Royal blue, high crown, has embroidery of Persian design across front. $15.50

Phoenix Silk Stockings, Lisle Tops and Feet. Colors: Black, White, Nude, Grey, Beige, Brown.
Sizes 8 to 10.
Price $3.50 a Pair

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY, LIMITED, SHANGHAI
TERMS CASH "WAYLOO CORNER" NO CREDIT
NANKING ROAD —— SZECHUEN ROAD

The Typical American Dinner

A Symposium By Writers From Many States, Called Forth By A Dinner Served To Mr. Lloyd George In New York

(On October 17 we commented editorially on an "American dinner" that was served to Mr. Lloyd George in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. In our next issue there was a spirited criticism of this editorial by the Drifter, and thereafter the rain of correspondence which poured into the office suggested that the subject had aroused more interest and passion among our readers than the occupation of the Ruhr, the price of coal, or the shortcomings of the administration at Washington. So we referred the controversy to several of the authority of articles in our series on These United States, with the request that they would serve the readers of The Nation with a home dinner typical of their section of the country. They responded enthusiastically; dinner is served.—Ed. the Nation.)

The Supremacy of Beefsteak
By Willim Allen White

American cooking is in general bad—both public and private. But at that it is better than English cooking. Domestic science taught in the schools and colleges has helped only a little; also often making our cooking decorative, inept and given to fruit salads, boiled mayonnaise, paper frills and striped ice cream. But good American dinners may be had in any community. In every town or village is always at least one righteous woman who can cook. And yet whole sections of the land, groups of States, have not one professional man cook worth naming, and no hotel cook who has either distinction or even rudimenatry capacity to fry sour apples.

The American dinner typically is seasonal and served somewhat in the degree of familiarity with which the guest is known. In summer an American dinner would contain fried or broiled spring chicken and strawberry shortcake—made with actual shortening. After the strawberries go, comes corn on the cob, blackberry cobbler or green apple dumpling—American dishes of excellence to go with the young chicken. When young chickens become passe, turkey appears with its trimming; and then pie—pumpkin pie, apple pie or mince pie—is part of the typical American dinner, and the glace sweet potato, the parsnip and the rutabaga. Of course ice cream, which of late years has been universally over the earth served, is rather typically American.

Now all this is the company dinner; the dinner for the stranger guest. But when he has been in the house for a week, or if he is a dear and trusted friend, he is served with a beefsteak of parts and consequence—cut two inches thick, broiled "rare," and served with sauce or without it. The beefsteak is American. It is one of the things which may be found in American homes served better than in public—that is in homes where discerning Americans live. A beefsteak is the most American of our dishes. No other nation knows it—this inch thick, rare, four-pound, T-bone steak, seared over on each side and broiled slowly after the searing without anything in the pan—no grease, no water, no foolish condiments. It is not national. It is as accessible in Seattle as in Palm Beach. But a good beefsteak is the same on every American table. Around it any dinner that is built scientifically becomes rather flagrantly American. But it is not the "company" dinner. That centers around fried chicken, roast turkey, baked ham or some sectional sea food.

No man ever gets a typical American dinner at a New York hotel. The better the hotel, the unlikely one is to get an American dinner and the worse it will be when it is served. Our best hotel cooks have the European tradition. Their American accent is always bad.

A La Maryland
By H. L. Mencken

Eating is no longer practiced as a fine art in Maryland. There are, in fact, not three public eating-houses in the whole State where decent victuals are still to be obtained, and even in private houses there has been a melancholy falling off in my time. Prohibition of course, is to blame. The oldtime Maryland gentry are not rich; in the main they can't afford to buy wines and liquors at the current bootlegging prices. So they cease to entertain, for they can no more imagine inviting a civilised guest to a dry dinner than they can imagine putting him to bed with the hogs.

For many years there was a standard Maryland dinner, served with few variations on all festal occasions, public or private. It began with olives and celery, proceeded to a plate of thin soup (usually mock turtle), then to Chesapeake Bay oysters on the halfshell, then to terrapin in the Maryland style, then to roast wild duck, and then to some modest sweet or ice, and coffee. Sometimes a salad was added. If so, it consisted of hearts of lettuce with thin slivers of Maryland country ham; the dressing was always olive oil and vinegar—much more vinegar than oil. The terrapin, always served with terrapin eggs, as stewed in Madeira; the vile cream sauces favored in New York were absolutely unknown. The duck was served bleeding if the guests were New Yorkers, but rather well done if they were cultivated Marylanders. The oysters were always large; no Marylander ever ate a small oyster. The only condiment put upon them was a drop of lemon juice.

With this dinner there went an invariable program of alcoholic beverages. Cocktails were very seldom served; the first drink was almost always a glass of dry sherry. With the terrapin came champagne and with the duck some sound red wine, usually a heavy Burgundy. With the coffee came a liqueur—almost always fine brandy. The flavored and scented liqueurs were never served save when harlots were present. After dinner it was proper to put a bottle of Madeira on the table, or, failing that, port.

Such dinners are now only dreams. Prohibition has extinguished them, save in the homes of profiteers. Even the profiteers, alas, can't bring back the past. The Chesapeake Bay oyster has been going downhill for a dozen years past, canvas-back ducks have become extremely scarce and genuine diamond-back terrapins are almost unobtainable. The Maryland of today eats the common fodder of the republic. Like all other Americans, he has been ironed out.

Where Pie Is King
By Don C. Seitz

New England does not run to course dinners in the ordinary daily fare. The housekeeper usually "contrives" one dish with trimmings. Certain days have a specified menu. Thursday, for example, is the day of the "boiled dinner." This consists of a considerable piece of corned beef cooked with turnips, beets, carrots and cabbage—plenty of "rubbage," it will be observed. Dinner is at noon, not an evening meal. Supper is light except on Saturday evening, when baked beans and brown bread are insisted upon. If there is company, in fall when the porkers are ripe, this bill of fare may be accepted as perfect:

Baked beans
Roast Spare ribs
Baked potatoes
Biscuit and butter
Pumpkin pie Apple pie
Indian pudding
Tea

Indian pudding is a delicious compound of corn meal and molasses, served with cream. Pie is the universal dessert and adorns most meals, including breakfast, north of a line running from Bellows Falls, Vermont, to Portland, Maine. For Friday, fish chowder is the dinner dish. It is best made from cunners, a fish with firm, sweet flesh, frequenting the rockbound bays of Maine. The chowder is embellished with round "Boston crackers, split in half. Pie and coffee in large cups, with milk, complete the repast. "Broiled scrod"—haddock or young cod cut across the grain—is a favorite breakfast dish. Codfish tongues with pork scraps is another. Portland will not eat flounders, our own filet de sole. There they are "mudfish." Salt codfish is an important item of food. Boiled with beets and served with pork scraps (cubes of salt port fried brown), it is considered delectable. If any is left over, it can be chopped fine and "het up" for breakfast as "red flannel hash." Doughnuts and coffee go with every breakfast, as well as pie. For a supper, ginger cookies and tea serve. The pie allowance for a well-regulated Maine family of five is 21 per week!

When Company Comes in Tennessee
By E. E. Miller

October, for a welcome guest—a form dinner, of course, since city dinners like cities themselves, trend away from the individual and toward standardization.

Country dinners shape themselves around one central dish, and at this season that dish is foreordained. Fried chicken it must be—not the little spring chicken, the creature of a few ounces and a few mouthfuls, but a lusty, coop-fed fellow at the limit of frying size, each drumstick a juicy and satisfying portion, each piece of breast flake after flake of tender whiteness. He is fried just to a golden hue, the skin crisp but not crackly, piled piece upon piece into a great pyramid on a broad platter, choice of cuts and abundant second helpings for all. We give the preacher fried chicken when he comes, or Cousin Dave from the next county; it is what we should give a prime minister if he came; for in all the length and breadth of this lavish land there is nothing better to give.

On one side of the master-dish waits the plate of boiled ham—disks of piquant pink tastiness that quicken appetites anew. On the other, the big bowl of gravy and the yellow, syrup sweet potatoes—who has not eaten chicken gravy and sweet potatoes has something yet to live for.

Butter beans, too, and okra steaming hot, and scarlet tomatoes crisp and cool. Hot biscuits, inevitably—soft, thick, fluffy biscuits that divide at a touch and melt on the tongue, never a crust about them, only a hint of brown on top and bottom. Rivaling them, brittle corn sticks into which the butter fairly flows.

And jellies—that glare of royal winecolor is blackberry jelly; that clear red is apple; that shimmering gold is peach. More jellies than we can get around to, but our hostess, in wholesome pride, may offer us along with them preserves of equally varied colors and equally intriguing flavors.

We countrymen do not care much for the courses with which dinners may begin. Fried chicken is for us a good enough beginning; but dessert there must be, and the dessert of apple-ripening season is prince of them all. Long before it comes into sight tantalizing fragrances drift in to us from the kitchen, and when it appears every eye brightens and every nostril widens. Apple dumplings? The winiest-flavored apples fresh from the orchard, gently baked and slowly simmered a long, long time in a deep earthen dish, a garment of flaky crust about them, sugar and butter and the spices of Araby in their hearts. We pour over them a sauce of liquid sunshine and the dinner rises to its ecstatic conclusion.

Preacher, prodigal, visiting cousin, revered celebrity from distant lands—the guest has been well fed.

In the Creole Capital
By Basil Thompson

The American dinner to my untutored palate is as much a mystery, and will, I blush to confess, remain so, as tatting or Miss Stein's "Tender Buttons." But here, down in "Ny Orl'as," it is a pleasant task to catalogue their victuals and vintages (in the French menage of means and a cellar this latter item is still featured) that find their way into the anatomy. You are, we will say, a modest fellow of some importance. You have been invited to dine at the home of a prominent Creol family. If your host is a gentleman and a pirate, and he is usually both, an ojen, a Martini, or a Sazerac cocktail (he will assure you if the last is proffered that his man mixes them with a skill equal to that of the head bartender at the old Royal Street establishment) is thrust under your nose and you sip not unreluctantly thereof. Perhaps he is well stocked and plies you with another; and perhaps a third, in which event dinner takes on color. You are properly placed. The stage—beg pardon, the table—is set. The man, a sepia-toned old South Senegambian, yassahs and'scue-mes in the best tradition. Is it oysters on the half shell or shrimp cocktail? Either is right, is it crayfish bisque or consomme of fowl or mock turtle (not gumbo at a course dinner)? It is soup in any event. Hors d'oeuvres? Well, as you will, from stuffed olives to pate de foie gras. Fish? Broiled pompaw or snappers. With the arrival of the entre, if your host is true to form, a pirate and a gentleman, you have had with your soup, sherry; with your fish, white wine; and are beginning to feel—well, just a bit drowsy; full is more like it. You glance indifferently at your filet mignon bordelaise and demi-julienne spuds, or Mallard and stuffed egg-plant, or veal roast and candied yams. You eye suspiciously the vin ordinaire, recalling some unpleasant adventure with the red ink of today or last night, literally. You positively sniff at the salad; alligator pear or water cress (de creasmon de fontaine) or head lettuce with French dressing. You are sick if a pastry, or sherbet, or charlotte russe, or some other delicacy is shoved before you. Only your cafe noir and cognac hold any allurement now, and these in the mediciary sense. Pousse cafe, bah! Suississe, out! You totter from the board bloated, taut, sweating. You swear a terrible oath under your beard and smirk painfully at a pink gargoyle somewhat suggesting your hostess.

Go be thanked, mother doesn't lay it on after this fashion. With mother now it's like this—Soup: tomato, vegetable, gumbo creole, oyster stew on "Fridays and days of abstinence." Fish: now and then. Entrees: lamb or pork chop, veal roast, beef. Vegetables: cauliflower with butter sauce, spinach with toast, corn fritters, eggplant, asparagus with drawn butter, beans, red beans, cow peas, green peas, squash cakes, corn on the cob, stuffed tomatoes, potatoes in variety—but not all at once; in season, my dear. Everything in season. Salad? Well, head lettuce, alligator pear, sliced tomatoes. Dessert: apple meringue, bread pudding, peaches and cream, figs in their time, watermelon, or fruit etc. etc. ad. brought up with a fine syrupy demi-tasse, brewed and dripped by Nancy Johnson in the famous manner. And the estimable lady next door doubtless has her own ideas on the subject. Monsieur Alciatore, proprietor of Antoine's restaurant, has his ideas also. And also Madame Begue's anonymous successor, and the anonymous successor to Monsieur Maylie's thriving establishment. Fered Alciatore of the Louisiane, the Galatoire Freres, and Count Cazenave of Le Foyer du Gourmet, have theirs, too. The American dinner? New Orleans answers we eat as we must, or please, or please to please.

What Alabama Offers
By Clement Wood

The private households of moderate means in Albama are of two classes: First, the negro field cabins and the mountain and mill-town white house; second, the more prosperous white and negro families. The typical dinner for the negro field or furnace hand, and the white mill hand or mountaineer, would be about the same:

Sow-belly (fat white pork)
Turnip greens and pot liquor (the latter the water in which the greens are cooked)
String beans, snap beans, boiled onions, or some other cooked vegetable in season
Corn pone (baked of corn-meal, salt and water) Coffee, with "long sweetening"—or molasses

You need not ask for the soup, fish or dessert courses. There

(Continued on Page 13)

"Save your eyes"

A REASON FOR

that supremacy which so decidedly makes our glasses excel, is that we have precision instruments in the hand of a graduate optometrist to conduct scientific sight-testing, and a perfectly equipped shop in which to make high grade lenses.

Chinese Optical Co.
P-33B Nanking Road.
中國精益眼鏡公司

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

In an endeavor to produce an even better paper than was formerly the case—an endeavor which the steadily growing popularity of The China Press has proved to be successful—the publishers have recently increased the editorial staff, supplemented the cable and foreign correspondence services, added a pictorial news section, and improved the editorial and feature contents. These improvements naturally entail a much heavier cost of production, and thus we are reluctantly compelled to increase our rates of subscription, as from April 1st, as follows:

One Year	Mex. $18.00
Six Months	" 10.00
Four Months	" 10.50
One Month	" 2.75

Postage to outports, etc. $6.00 per annum extra.

Under the new rates subscribers will still obtain The China Press more cheaply than it can be purchased day by day on the street. Allowing 312 publishing days to the year (260 weekdays and 52 Sundays), the annual cost, if purchased on the street, is $36.40.

Present and prospective subscribers who wish to take advantage of the still current rate of $23.00 per annum, should send in their renewals and/or subscriptions to the Circulation Manager on or before March 31st. Subscriptions are payable in advance.

(Clip at this point)

The Circulation Manager,
The China Press, Inc.,
14 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

Please enter / renew my subscription to The China Press for ..... months, commencing ..... On receipt of your bill I will send you a cheque.

Name: .....

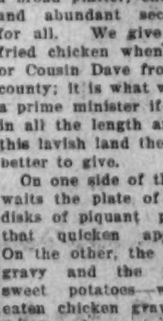
Address: .....

.....

(Please write plainly)

THE CHINA PRESS, INC.

$1. ANY LENS REPAIR
ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road



Oculists' Institute [Company
49A Nanking Rd.
O.I.C.

The China Press Want Ads
Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

Vicks Vaporub	.75
Lepage Glue	.40
Bromo Paper	.85
Listerine	60 cts. $1.10, 2.00
Packers Tar Soap per box	$1.50

CALIFORNIA PHARMACY
155 Avenue Joffre Phone Central 1805
GEO. WILHELMI, *Manager.*

City Paris
GEARY STOCKTON & O'FARRELL TELEPHONE DOUGLAS 4300
ESTABLISHED IN 1850

ANNOUNCE THE RETURN
OF
THEIR REPRESENTATIVE

About April 1

(Definite date will be announced later)

Via New York and Paris, with a personally selected collection of Women's Dresses, Millinery, Accessories and Sports Apparel.

A most impressive group representing the latest creations in smart apparel selected for a discerning Clientele.

Modes for every type, and for the variations of Oriental climate.

ASTOR HOUSE
Suite G—2nd Floor

"HOW FASHION THIS? NO HAVE USE
DAWALU YEAST
NOW HAVE MAKEE SPOIL"

DAWALU YEAST MAKES BETTER BREAD AND CAKE

THE ASIATIC YEAST WORKS
16 CANTON ROAD SHANGHAI TEL. C. 8350

Our Bremen Letter

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Bremen, Feb. 1.—The severe winter began early this year and was fairly steadfast. The result was much discomfort—frozen and bursting pipes—inevitable in a town unaccustomed to and not equipped for polar conditions. Lately the skaters have had a glorious time, for the neighborhood of Bremen—flat country with a network of streams and ditches—is ideal for skating. Latterly ice surfaces have been smooth as glass and the weather clear, bright and without wind.

The average German male, if he is not a gourmand, certainly appreciates good food. This may be the reason why that section of the nation which thinks itself most typical of the race, has recently laid it down that the place of woman—meaning the ordinary wife and mother—is in the kitchen, as the speaker put it, "in front of the cooking pot". It may be he fears his daily dinner may suffer if his mate instead of being there to supervise, is attending a political meeting. To leave his appetite to be catered for by an unaided Marie, Katchen or Resi is an innovation to which the average German of the old school has not yet got accustomed.

Recently there was a threat to close the Leipzig Bucherei, presumably because the Central Government, Saxony and Leipzig can no longer afford its unkeep. To find a parallel one must imagine the Library of the British Museum closed for want of funds for maintaining it. In 1923 the Leipzig Library acquired 22,000 works worth on an average, 100,000 gold marks. The estimated value of the periodicals received amounted to 125,000 gold marks. Here is an opportunity for German wealth. As most of the books and periodicals are presented gratis, all that is wanted is a sum for unkeep, to tide the Library over a year or two of its existence.

WIRELESS TO THE RESCUE

As the Minnewaska, of the Atlantic Transport Line, a branch of the American Line, was on a voyage to New York, a child of one of the passengers took ill with severe intestinal trouble, necessitating immediate operation. The ship's doctor, anxious for someone to share the responsibility, sent a wireless message which was picked up by the Baltic (White Star Line) then at a distance of 70 nautical miles. The Baltic at once changed her course, her doctor helped with the operation which was successful, both vessels remaining alongside during its performance, after which each continued her journey.

The reconstruction of the Emden-Vigo cable (by the Deutsch-Atlantische Telegraphengeselischaft) will enable Germany to communicate direct with South America, Africa and the Far East. Pending completion of the work provisional arrangements for cabling by way of Emden to London, have been made with the Eastern Telegraph Company.

HOW AMERICA HELPS

Sums raised recently in Breman for alleviating distress included contributions from American firms in New York, Baltimore and Galveston.

A short time ago, too, the Bremen Senate received from the United States Lines 87 dollars, being money collected on board their vessels during October and November of last year.

Recently a charitable society here warned householders against indiscriminate charity. It had reason to regret the step. From that moment its premises were inundated by a stream of the needy sent thither by householders, glad no doubt of so easy a way of ridding themselves of importunate beggars. The society now begs people who dump beggars on it to dump the means of relieving them.

Hamburg has planned a great Broadcasting Exhibition (Radio-Ausstellung) to be held from the 29th of May to the 2nd of June of this year. The idea is to show what Germany has accompliahed in this field. As an Agricultural Exhibition is to be held there about the same time, the town hopes they will attract the stream of visitors arriving there from America and the Far East.

GERMAN MISSIONARIES

For the first time since the War the North German Missionary Society in Bremen has sent out three missionaries to Togo. A native pastor—Awuma—writes hailing their arrival and expressing gratitude for all that German missionaries did for his country in the past.

Certain Germans are seriously considering whether Bayer 205, their famous remedy against sleeping sickness, might not be used as a lever for the restoration of their colonies. The drawback to their plan is that the idea might spur other nations to discover an equally potent remedy. It is quite clear too, that the native population may continue to die like flies, in spite of Bayer 205, the main object being to prevent the white man benefiting by it. We seem to miss here that solicitude for the welfare of the native races with which German colonials have always declared they were so deeply inbued.

ABSENT-MINDED LADY

That a visit to the dressmaker may produce a fit of absent-mindedness as acute a that of that German professor who put his clothes to bed and hung himself over a chair, is shown by a story going the round of the press here. After a strenuous afternoon with her costumier Madam X. ordered her chauffeur to drop her at one of the most fashionable cafes in the town. Here owing to the heat, she took off her fur coat when to everybody's astonishment and horror she was revealed in what are familiarly known as combinations. Even a silk petticoat seems to have been absent. This revelation was too much for everybody's nerves. Waiters are said to have dropped their trays. The orchestra ceased playing, the notes of the baritone stuck in his throat. The manager thinking he had to do with an escaped lunatic, hustled the lady off to a lunatic asylum for investigation of her mental condition.

Fortunately the forgotten dress was discovered before the doctor had finished his examination of the patient. Human nature is a paradox. Why such a fuss, seeing there is not a secret of a woman's toilet that is not familiar to the public by this time from the advertisements of the press or from the waxen figures in the shops which delude short-sighted old ladies into the belief that they are flesh and blood? To see women in the least possible garmenting one need only frequent a ball-room or the seaside in summer. The best explanation of such anomalies in human judgments is probably to be found in the saying that it is never what we do but how we do it that matters in life. The inventor of that saying was a great philosopher.

The Typical American Dinner

(Continued from Page 12)

are none. For the rare dinner of state, there might be fried chicken, or possum "an' taters."

In the more prosperous families you will get the most opulent meal that I have yet encountered in America. Leave soup for thin souls and fish for the seaboard; although, of course, Mobile would specialize in "Kubeyon," properly spelled "Court Bouillon" (baked redfish with a thick Creole tomato sauce), alternating with broiled pompano. The ordinary home dinner, with a respected relative or a guest present, would be something like this:

Fried young chicken
Beaten biscuits and corn pone
(An encentric addition would be persimmon bread or sweet potato bread)
Stewed okra. Turnip greens
Mashed yams with pecans and cream Rice
Coffee with cream
Fig preserves. Crab-apple jelly. Quince preserves. Garden tomatoes,
with sugar and vinegar Ambroisa, or Syllabub
(Ambrosia is equal parts of orange, pineapple, and cocoanut, served in orange baskets; syllabub is whipped cream, sweetened and flavored with vanilla)
Lady Baltimore cake
(Before Volstead's day, scuppernong or muscadine wine would be added; with a mint julep before the meal. A homelier dessert would be molasses pie, with molasses biscuits for the children)

Compared to such a meal, or to barbecued lamb, or gamey Southern vension, the boiled New England dinner is as tasteless as the realism of Henry James.

The "Dutch Tradition
By Reginald Wright Kauffman

There being, happily, no such thing as a typical American, it follows that there can be no typical American dinner. I think of Connecticut's oysterstuffing for turkey as a little more alien than garlic used to be, and I'm sure that Connecticut would consider my scrapple of doubtful patriotism. Therefore, I may but contribute to The Nation's symposium the menu of such a dinner as average Pennsylvanians of moderate means "get up" when they want to dine—as on a Sunday afternoon—rather well and altogether "natively":

Fruit Salad
Roast Ribs of Pork, Apple Sauce, Mashed Potatoes, Sauerkraut and Real Beer
Mince Pie (laced, not with brandy, but moonshine wiskey), and Cheese
Coffee Some smuggled liqueur

Dining In New Mexico
By Elizabeth Shepley Sergeant

The New Mexican, like other Americans, orders his life with reference to eating. Among the Pueblos religion itself as Frank Cushing once said, is an insurance against future meals, and I have never fared more hospitably in the pleasant land of France than in this arid corner of our country, where the very cattle are scrawny and athletic like the cowboys, and every scrap of vegetable food—save the nuts and sunflower seeds and wild grasses and cactus fruit, the wild currants and plums which the aboriginal inhabitants used exclusively until the development of corn—has to be won, not only by the sweat of the brow, but by the most cunning ditching, terracing and entreating of scanty waters. In discussing the real American dinner, I must, however, present three menus: Indian, Spanish-American, and plain United States.

Dinner is the evening meal in the Pueblo country—usually there are only two—and when you enter a house in the pueblo of Zuni, for instance you are always greeted: "Enter, sit and eat!" The repast is set out on the earth floor before the three-cornered fireplace in decorated pottery bowls, the family, probably 10 or 12 people of several generations, squatting around it. So long as the chief males or guests of the family are not there, nobody begins to eat. When all are gathered, every person, including the children, selects a morsel of every kind of food, breathes on it, and says this "grace": "Receive, (oh, souls of) my ancestry, and eat; resuscitate by of your wondrous knowledge, your hearts; return unto us of yours the water we need, of yours the seeds of earth, of yours the means of attaining great age." With this the offering is thrown on the fire and the meal begins. Cushing's first name as a real Zuni, He-Eats-From-One-Bowl-With-Us-With-One-Spoon, is indicative of Zuni table manners. Nowadays the guest is likely to be offered a metal spoon and white cup, and granite-ware coffee pot and iron frying pans prevail. But en famille the one earthen spoon, the gourd dipper floating on top of the olla are common, and the food in the bowl is much as it has always been.

Infallibly a stew of meat joints and another of frijoles (succulent brown beans) seasoned with plenty of chile colorado (red pepper meal), onion, and salt, and probably some spicy herb. For a relish, if there are guests, stuffed sheep intestines or a skewer of broiled meat, or a blood pudding—close to the French boudin—cooked in a large intestine. For vegetables, "in season," fried or roast or baked squash, boiled pumpkin, green corn on the cob. For bread—a most important item—he'we or wafer bread, something like our dry breakfast foods in consistency, made by cooking a thin paste of red or blue or yellow corn meal on a hot stone and then rolling it. Sometimes puffy little brown loaves of wheat flour as well, baked in the round outdoor oven of sundried brick, common to both Indian and Spanish villages. In the melon or peach seasons there is an abundance of juicy fruit, and dried melon rind is often baked in a sort of tart as an extra delicacy. But on the whole the Indian meal is without sweets.

Now let us approach a Spanish house in a mountain valley not occupied by descendants of the Conquerors, but by simple "Mexican" people. If the family is alone, we shall be welcomed to little but good frijoles, a bowl of chile, red or green, and a pile of tortillas—a sort of pancake of white flour browned on top of the stove—and a pot of coffee, brewed and rebrewed. In the corner is a sack of pinon nuts—a tiny nut which is taken into the mouth in quantity and cracked with the teeth, the shells being ejected from one corner of the lips while the rich kernel is still being chewed. There will perhaps be another sort of plate pancake of blue meal, served in layers with red chili sauce between or rice cooked with onion and chile. On feast days there will surely be a rich sweet chocolate drink, white bread baked in the round ovens, chile con carne (with meat), bread pudding soaked in spiced syrup, stewed dried apricots or peaches a custard with bananas in it. The Mexicans are charmingly ready to share their last tortilla and their fiesta goodies with American neighbors, but a Spanish servant lass, brought up to abstemiousness at home, eats less than the proverbial mouse in the rancher's house. "What pigs they must think us!" said one of my white neighbors.

The bountiful American farm dinner in my valley is not so different from that of New England. Fried or roast meat, several kinds of excellent vegetables, macaroni baked in a glass dish—for the mail-order houses keep us up to date—preserves of various rich species, flaky hot biscuit, pie, coffee and cheese. The American rancher would scorn to borrow recipes from the Pueblos, but tortillas, "Spanish rice" and chile are not unknown to his table. If there is one article of diet common to all races in New Mexico, it is the same chile colorado, which hangs in flaming strings from the roof beams against the red brown walls of the houses, like the flag of an exotic civilization. Chile keeps the palate keyed up to the climate and the mountains: it is a spice of the devil to counteract the dominant presence of God on the peaks.

Wrigley's Gum
Aids Digestion

Oculists' Institute Company
49A Nanking Rd.
O.I.C.

WALK-OVER
Shoes for Men and Women
STYLE LEADERS
Always first to show the new.

The "ECHO" Model Comes in Black or Russia Calfskin

Interwoven Socks

Nowhere is the trend of Foot-fashion more admirably manifested than in the artistic Walk-Over creations we are now offering.

Our "IVY" Strap In lustrous Black Patent Leather

Gekco Silk Hosiery

Walk-Over Shoe Store
24b Nanking Road
Mail orders given prompt attention

$1. ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

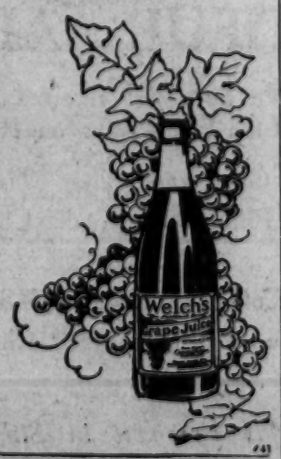
Your Clothes
A Business Asset!

EVER note the impression a well-dressed man makes upon entering an office—at the club—at any social event? Yes, it's the Clothes that go a long way—and here are Clothes designed and made for you.

SPRING MATERIAL NOW IN STOCK
1924 STYLES RECEIVED
DROP IN AND SEE THEM
at
The W. W. Ahana Company
Tailors to the Discriminating
Y. M. C. A. Bldg., 120 Szechuen Road
Tel. C. 2512

Welch's
GRAPE JUICE

Children just crave this delicious, cooling drink—Welch's. Yes, it's good for them. Just the pure rich juice of plump, luscious Concord grapes—Delicious when used in Punch or blended with other beverages. Keep a case in the house. Of good stores everywhere.



Agents:
Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd.
2 Canton Road, Shanghai

The Welch Grape Juice Co.
Westfield, N.Y. U.S.A.

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
14 NANKING ROAD.
Tel. C. 44 SHANGHAI Tel. C. 44
TAILORING DEPARTMENT
SPRING IS COMING!
We Have Just Received A Complete Range of
NEW
SPRING SUITINGS
WEST END TAILOR
ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE
Call and Inspect
HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"
Business Hours 8 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

A Letter From India

(By Our Own Correspondent)

Calcutta, Feb. 14.—The Swarajists have declared Mr. Gandhi's release from prison as a great political victory, although the Government has clearly proved that he was set free on medical advice. Colonel Maddock, who successfully performed a serious operation on him, was of opinion that he should have a prolonged rest at a seaside resort. The Government of India in releasing him have done what any other civilised Government would have done under similar circumstances. It is, however, strange that in Mr. Gandhi's first message to the people, there is not a word of thanks to the Government, on the other hand he expressed his regret at his premature release. He also declared that such release brought him no joy for he held that illness of a prisoner afforded no ground for his release. He stated that he would much better appreciate the affection of his friends if they would devote greater time and attention to such national work as they may be engaged in specially to hand-spinning. It is, therefore, evident that there has not been an iota of change in his political creed during his two years stay in prison. He still believes that the salvation of India lies in the Charkha (hand-loom). He also holds that the union between Hindus and Musalmans does not lie in artificial pacts, but will be achieved by divine help, and that the receptions of the untouchables into the Hindu fold is an indespensable condition to Swaraj. He still swears by Nonviolent Non-co-operation and believes in the efficiency and righteousness of civil disobedience. He has perhaps not forgotten the atrocious murder of innocent police officers and the setting fire of the police station committed by the non-co-operators at Chaurie Chaura in the United Provinces. While Mr. Gandhi was writing his first message to the people, Sir William Marris, the Governor of the United Provinces, unveiled the memorial to these policemen murdered on February 4, 1922 and spoke some plain words about the forces of disorders let loose in the name of non-co-operation. He reminded his hearers that it is a very easy thing to trouble the minds of the masses, but the reckless man who does so, is playing with a mighty fire. For God's sake let us have no more of that in the United Provinces. Whatever our political views, let us be united in this that no real lover of peaceful India can possibly wish to see her advance along such a blood-stained path as the one that was trodden in this place two years ago. At least this monument will be a call to every man among us to withstand that."

Sir William's address on this occasion was a powerful plea for the support of law and order. Such appeals are all the more necessary at the present juncture. On the one hand we have a gentleman who is supposed to wield saintly powers among the masses who still believes in civil disobedience; we have other gentlemen who are bent on obstructing Government unless its present form is either mended or ended. On the other hand we have a vast population, ignorant, credulous and easily inflamed. They have no idea of dominion or responsible government but understand that with the advent of Swaraj nobody will have to pay, and taxes and the police shall cease to exist. They believe that this can be brought about by the removal of the present Government, and that they can help in the process of attaining a speedy Swaraj by resisting all lawful authority. Although they are exhorted to disobey without violence, Chauri Chaura and other similar outrages have amply proved that with the least excitement, a nonviolent mob can easily be lead to violence.

* * *

Dewan Bhadur Ranja-Chariar's motion in the Imperial Legislative Assembly that early steps should be taken to secure Dominion Status for India was reviewed in a very lucid manner by Sir Malcolm Hailey on behalf of the Government, who pointed out that the resolution only meant that the mover and his friends were convinced that India was ripe for full selfgoverning status and that circumstances warrant that immediate steps should be taken to secure it for her.

It is rather strange that the mover himself did not at all speak on the resolution, but Sir Malcolm pointed out that conditions being as they were it was a physical impossibility that India should accept such a status even if it was offered by the Imperial Parliament. There was not even the vaguest plan as to the position of the Native States under a self-governing India. The consent of the rulers of these states have neither been sought nor given nor is it possible to predict their attitude which the States would assume towards the authority of a Sovereign India Parliament. The same vagueness prevailed so far as the defence of India was also concerned. Moreover the interest of important minorities have also to be safeguarded. Finally the Home Members dwelt on the deficiency of India's political development and pointed out that in this country there was still wanting that sense of confidence between class and class which alone makes modern democratic institutions, that it would not be possible at this stage of her development to expect the minority to accept the verdict of the majority and that the grant of full Dominion Status would be a danger rather than an advantage to India. After the clear manner in which the Home Member has explained the political disabilities of the Indians, let us hope that the Councillors will not carry out their threat of withholding supplies when the annual budget is to be voted for at the end of this month, and that the designs of the wreckers in the Assembly will be frustrated.

HESSIANS

The steadiness reported last week still continues and prices have again further advanced by about 6d. for all varieties of Hessians. The consuming centers have fully followed the rise and a fair amount of orders from the U.S.A. have been coming in every day. Local speculators have also been busy buying along with the shippers but it is presumed that with an advance of another 4d., profit takers will come in and hence a decline is likely to set in again. Gunny Bags have been very scarce specially for ready deliveries and Mills as well as local dealers have taken full advantage of the shortage by demanding and receiving extraordinary high prices for same Standard Heavy Cees have been done for ready shipment at Rs. 50/- Fas while price for the same goods for April-June is Rr. 47/8. Orders for shipment for these bags have been mostly coming in from Saigon and Bangkok and it appears that a fair quantity has still to be bought for these ports. During the last week there have been no enquiries for Australian Cornsacks for near shipments but enquiries for the season are coming into a certain extent with no business of importance to report. A fair amount of business has also been done in Twills bags for the United Kingdom and Blue striped Hy. Cs. for China and Japan.

FINANCE

Money still continues to be scarce and there seems to be no relaxation in the demand that set in over three months ago. In former years the rice crop used to be financed in Burma by Madrasee shroffs known as chetties which would prevent the goods from coming into the local market for export purposes. This season the cultivators are receiving no advances from the chetties and therefore cannot store the goods for a better market. All these goods have therefore to go into the hands of shippers who look to the Exchange Banks to buy their documents. The latter are therefore borrowing money on a higher rate of interest to meet the demand, which may continue for some months to come. The statement of the Imperial Bank for the last week of January shows an increase of 19 millions of rupees in the public demand and there has been a great slump in the cash balance of the banks with the result that the Imperial Bank rate of interest has been further raised to 9 percent, which is a record for the last fifteen years, and there is every indication of a better market in the near future. Sterling exchange in sympathy has improved during the week although the forward deliveries are still 3/32 lower than ready. Closing quotation for T.T. is 1/5 1/16 and 3 m/s Bill 1/5 1/16 for ready.

JUTE

The total arrivals of raw Jute from last July to January, 1923 amounts to 7 millions of bales compared to 4.8 millions of bales for the same period during the previous season, and there remains at least 1 million bales more to come before the new crop comes into the market, we will therefore have a crop of 8 million bales against the forecast of 6.2 millions. In spite of the large arrivals prices have ruled much higher than was anticipated some months ago, although the value of business put through has been rather small. Toward the close of the week sellers have been demanding higher prices in sympathy with the rise in the price of the manufactured goods, but the Mills have so far not been willing to follow the rise.

Shellac has continued firm during the current week owing to a general demand from the consuming markets. TN has been done as high as 138/- with shippers buyers at the above prices and sellers demanding 1/- to 2/- higher. Imamanj and standard I are quoted at 135/- and 145/- respectively. Shipments this year are much lower than last year, the total up to February 7 amounting to 3,850 Chests compared to 9,860 for the same period of last year.

United States Court

HEARINGS

(Before the Commissioner)

March 3, 1924, Crim. No 569, U. S. v. A. K. Taylor; testimony taken of Yang Foh Ling. Adit Singh; continued.

March 3, 1924, Crim. No. 570, U. S. v. M. Jensen; continued.

March 3, 1924, Civil No. 149, Gun Kwei Long v. Carl Crow; testimony taken of defendant, P. West; submitted.

March 10, 1924, Crim. No. 572, U. S. v. C. L. Bennett; plea of guilty entered; submitted.

JUDGMENTS AND ORDERS

(By the Commissioner)

March 6, 1924, Cause No. 2392, In re Rebecco S. Hykes' will; order admitting will to probate.

March 7, 1924, Civil No. 146, Kunze and Co. v. V. Elliot; order of dismissal.

March 3, 1924, Civil No. 149, Gun Kwei Long v. Carl Crow; judgment for plaintiff.

March 10, 1924, Crim. No. 572, U. S. v. C. L. Bennett; sentence.

March 11, 1924, Crim. No. 571, U. S. v. A. Glemby; order of dismissal.

MISCELLANEOUS FILINGS

March 5, 1924, Cause No. 2393, In re Rebecca S. Hykes' will; petition; deposition; oath of executor.

March 5, 1924, Corpn. No. 162, A. B. Rosenfeld and Son, Inc.; articles of incorporation.

March 6, 1924, Cause No. 2393, In re Rebecca S. Hykes' will; letters testamentary; inventory.

March 6, 1924, Cause No. 2377, In re Henry S. Leitzel's estate; affidavit of publication.

March 6, 1924, Cause No. 1075, In re Harry Finkelstein's estate; petition.

March 6, 1924, Cause No. 2385, Mao Sha Tse v. W. M. Smith et al.; marshal's return of summons.

March 7, 1924, Cause No. 2394, Wong Chen Tai v. The Shanghai Domino Co.; complaint; summons issued.

March 7, 1924, Cause No. 2175, L. G. Husar v. U. S. Shipping Board et al.; plaintiff's replication to answer to amended complaint.

March 8, 1924, Cause No. 2311, Carl Fick v. American Commercial and Industrial Co. Ltd.; marshal's return of writ of execution.

March 8, 1924, Cause No. 2355, W. I. Eisler v. C. G. Irons; marshal's return of writ of execution.

March 10, 1924, Cause No. 2390, W. Bornhorst v. R. J. Hoch and N. A. Anderson; marshal's return of summons.

March 10, 1924, Cause No. 2395, The Shanghai Mercantile Printing Co., Ltd. v. L. C. Publishing Co.; complaint; summons issued.

March 10, 1924, Cause No. 2396, Lo Lee Sun v. The Shanghai Domino Co.; complaint; summons issued.

March 11, 1924, Cause No. 2231, In re Otis M. Farnham's estate; receipt.

March 11, 1924, Cause No. 2380, In re John H. McMichael's will; affidavit of publication.

March 11, 1924, Cause No. 2397, In re James W. Skains' estate; petition; deposition; administrator's bond.

March 11, 1924, Cause No. 2398, In re Hiram H. Lowry's will; depositions.

March 11, 1924, Cause No. 2395, The Shanghai Mercantile Printing Co. Ltd v. L. C. Publishing Co.; marshal's return of summons.

BY THE COMMISSIONER

March 6, 1924, Crim. No. 569, U. S. v. A. K. Taylor; complaint.

March 7, 1924, Civil No. 146, Kunze and Co. v. V. Elliot; motion to dismiss.

March 7, 1924, Civil No. 152, H. Kunze and Co. v. Rembrandt Photo Co.; petition; summons issued.

March 8, 1924, Civil No. 153, H. Kunze v. Rembrandt Photo Co.; marshal's return of summons.

March 8, 1924, Crim. No. 570, U. S. v. M. Jensen; complaint; warrant issued; marshal's return of warrant.

March 8, 1924, Crim. No. 571, U. S. v. A. Glemby; complaint; warrant issued; marshal's return of warrant.

March 10, 1924, Crim. No. 572, U. S. v. C. L. Bennett; complaint.

March 11, 1924, Crim. No. 571, U. S. v. Glemby; motion to dismiss.

JUST RECEIVED

New Season's :—Stetson and Hardeman Hats

MACBETH, GRAY & CO.

TAILORS—SHIRTMAKERS—OUTFITTERS

The only house in Shanghai devoted exclusively to men's requirements.

20 Nanking Road Tel. C. 4247

WITHOUT DOUBT

SHAMROCK HAMS

Are the best mildcured hams on the market.

Buy one to-day. You will enjoy it's fine grained delicacy, extra mildness and delicious flavour.

10 to 13 lbs. each. per lb. $1.00

HALF HAMS CAN BE SUPPLIED

DOMBEY & SON, LTD.

150 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

Phone West 641

"Swan" the lifetime pen.

"Swan" Pens are famous throughout the world for their reliability and lasting wear and the 14 ct. gold nibs are the finest it is possible to produce.

The fact that "Swan" Pens have held undisputed sway over other makes for more than thirty years is solely due to the excellence of the pens themselves.

"SWAN" FOUNTPENS

OF STATIONERS, JEWELLERS AND IMPORTERS.

Catalogue post free.

MABIE, TODD & Co., LTD., Swan House, 133 & 135, Oxford Street, London, W.1; and at Manchester, Paris, Brussels, Zurich, Johannesburg, Barcelona, Sydney, Wellington, Cape Town and Rotterdam.

Oculists' Institute Company

49A Nanking Rd.

O.I.C.

The China Press Want Ads

Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.

SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND 4/- PER BOX.

See TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS.

THE CROWN PHOTO CO.

ART PHOTO STUDIO

Branch T. Takahashi Tsingtao

SPECIALIZE IN PORTRAITS

TEL. W. 4269

37 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

OPPOSITE THE RACECOURSE

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR

THIS WEEK ONLY

See Our Display Ad. on Page 9

O.I.C.

49a Nanking Road

Agfa

FILMS

PLATES

DEVELOPERS

ACCESSORIES

Ensure Good Results

Ask your Dealer for the

AGFA A Catalogue

BEAUTIFUL APPAREL!

We have just received some of the Finest Silks on Record

Gold and Silver Tissue

Printed Crepe de Chine

Printed Silk

Coloured Gauze and Satin

Wide Width Brocaded Charmeuse

"The Lion Silk Store"

Is Foremost in Silks.

LAOU KIU LUEN SILK COMPANY

P 424 Nanking Road

Soviet Oil Fields Are Full Of Interest For Traveler

Dr. Ross Describes Trip Through District Of Great Russian Industry

BY DR. COLIN ROSS

Dr. Ross, who is writing a series of interpretive articles about Russia for The New York World, was born in Vienna of German parents, but is of Scotch origin. As correspondent of leading German and Austrian papers he has traveled through South America, the Orient, in remote parts of Russia and Persia. He is a descendant of the noted Arctic explorers, James and John Ross. He has recently returned from a journey through Central Asia, going as far as the Afghan frontier and into the interior of Turkestan. He is visiting the United States preparatory to a tour around the world.

For the third time our locomotive was changing its fuel. At first, while we passed through the big Russian forests, the tenders were piled up with huge fir and pine logs and at night, when the stoker flung open the fire door to apply more of the fast burning logs, a glaring red patch would blaze up again and again alongside the rails. Later, when we traversed the Don basin, coal took the place of wood, while now, having left Rostow behind us and while the endless water level of the Don was overstepping its banks and losing itself in the distant mist of the horizon, people busied themselves with hanging the tender with the characteristic tank to the locomotive.

Now we were in the famous Russian oil districts. The farther we came to the south the more oil trains were coming our way in endless procession, one tank after another. Often enough, the trains would carry passengers as well. On the small platforms on both sides of the tanks you could see lots of men and women with their children, crowding and squeezing each other into the queerest positions, benumbed with bitter cold and jolted in the icy and uncomfortable travel of the night.

BLIND PASSENGERS

Most, if not all of them, may have been blind passengers, for, since the new system was established, there is no more travelling by passenger and express train without a ticket. People who haven't booked are tracked down very relentlessly. There are in every train quite a few soldiers of the Red Army, who accompany the guard, or rather the guards, for there always are several of them, when the tickets are controlled.

Such a ticket control in a Soviet train is quite an amusing thing. First there comes an officer who asks you to keep the ticket handy. Then at least two controllers step in the coupe and control the tickets, while behind them the glossy bayonets of the red soldiers glitter threateningly. Whoever they meet without a regiementary ticket or whose legal papers are found not to be in order is assigned to the care of the soldiers, and taken to the rolling prison that is attached to every train. When the staff came to my compartment they picked out a Tartar, who evidently could not give satisfactory proof as to his right to be there, and took him away under loud and protesting lamentations on his part.

Oil trains again were coming our way. At the station, where our train came to a stop, the soil was black and fattened by the oil that evidently had overflowed on it. The statements of the Soviets as to the steadily increasing oil production seem to be correct. According to the last official accounts of the Soviets it amounted to 229,000,000 of poods, showing an increase of 27,000,000 over the corresponding period of the previous year.

As compared with the production in pre-war time that's poor enough, hardly more than half of what it was before the war. But compared to the reports of the other Russian industries, oil production has made an enormous stride, for many industries don't even reach 10 percent of their pre-war production, so seriously affected are they.

THE POOLS MENACED

It was for a long time that the oil production was utterly crippled, too. First of all the Bolsheviks lost the whole of the Caucasus. At the end of the war the Turks had captured it and when they had to leave Batum and Baku again, the counter-revolutionary government got established. In Georgia the social-democratic Mensheviks got at the head of the government; in Armenia control was seized by the Dashnaktzakan, the old revolutionary liberty party; while in Aserbeidshan, the eastern part of the Caucasus and the one which contains the most important pools it was the Husavat, the Turco-Tartar nationalists who got hold of the government wheel.

Besides the not unimportant minority of the Armenians the population of Aserbeidshan consists of Muhamadan Tartars, who, of course, acclaimed the nationalistic government of the Musavat with great enthusiasm. Only the working people on the oil fields were red through and through and, therefore, they took an attitude of passive opposition. The Tartar potentates, on the other hand, had no technically trained people to manage the oil fields, so that one pool after another was menaced with exhaustion.

But to any one familiar with the Russian situation it was evident enough that the Bolsheviks would take advantage of their first recovery in the combat against the White Army and would recapture the Caucasus for themselves. They could not give up Batum, their most important port, nor renounce Baku, today the backbone and nerve of the whole Russian industry.

"ROSA LUXEMBURG"

So one day "Rosa Luxemburg" suddenly made her appearance—this was the name given the armor-plated train that the Bolsheviks sent into Baku. It took the town by surprise, and, with the assistance of the working men, who had started an uprising at the same time, the Soviets quickly put down the Musavat Government and, in this way, brought the whole Aserbeidshan immediately over to the Bolshevik regime.

One night's journey took us to Derbent. Here, at your right, the desert is spreading brown and monotonously and, at your left, not less brown and monotonous, roll the waves of the Caspian Sea.

Yet a little further and the first oil fields can be seen. An oil well is always a queer sight, but nowhere in the world as fantastic and puzzling as in the Caspian district.

Out of the treeless and shrubless steppes, shriveled brown by the sun, suddenly emerge some quaint creations, a fantastic and ghost-like forest. Not before you draw nearer can you detect that these are oil wells. Oil wells and oil wells, extending further than the eye can reach, vast, immense rows, crowded and clustered so closely that you can hardly imagine any open space left to put your foot between. And behind them oil tanks, gasometers, chimneys, flat roofs and, above all these, a foggy, gloomy cloud—that's Baku, the black town.

During the first period of the Bolshevik Government in Aserbeidshan the oil production kept decreasing steadily. They managed the fields on communistic principles. Neither the laborers who did badly paid journey work nor the engineers and conductors even attempted to obtain the largest output possible, as they had no interest in doing so. It was only after the New System was established, when the state organisations were reorganised on a private—capitalistic—basis and with the nomination of Zerebrowsky as oil well commissioner, that it was possible to tide over the actual crisis in the oil production.

SEES ZEREBROWSKY

Soon after my arrival in Baku, Zerebrowsky received me. His office is in a building which formerly was a girls' school and which was then claimed for the management of the state oil trust. The way to him leads past about a dozen sentries, doorkeepers and secretaries, who guard the entrance. But then I have already assumed the attitude of the people who are allowed to pass everywhere.

Zerebrowsky's career is quite an interesting one. He is the son of a workman of the previous Nobel Oil Fields and himself originally worked there as a laborer until the management took notice of the intelligent young man. He was given a chance to study and train to be an engineer.

The revolution, which expropriated the whole private oil production, put the former laborer at the head of the whole Caucasian oil industry.

On the next morning Zerebrowsky took me in his machine around the oil fields—by the way, it was quite a new, heavy built American car. We simply rushed through the refinery districts, the so-called "white town." The name seems strange enough, but compared with the oil dust and the naphtha smoke of the very oil fields, the "black town," the atmosphere here is still relatively clean.

We came into the very midst of the phantastic, gigantic oil wells. Many of them were fast asleep. But the amount of those working has, nevertheless, increased to 1,500. Besides these, 7,400 "sashen" were newly bored during the last quarter of a year.

Heavily the mighty poles were going up and down. They employ all kinds of boring systems in Baku, from the old fashioned, troublesome batting method to the most modern American system. The benzole motors, which drive the poles, are at work clattering and clanking loudly, the electro motors are humming and buzzing faintly, and with a gentle clucking the oil runs slowly and thick through the gutters.

WANT FOREIGN CAPITAL

The Bolshevik Government seems to be willing to make concessions to induce foreign capital to enter the country. They particularly want foreigners to introduce improved managerial policies. The whole complex of the oil fields in Baku, Grosny and Emba is much too wide, much too extended for the Soviet Government to really manage it intensively with the poor technical and financial means at their disposal.

As a matter of fact, there already have been negotiations with the Standard Oil Company and other great organisations, but they remained without results. Apart from the State oil fields there are at Baku only a very few small private plants, the output of which hardly amounts to 4 percent of the whole Caspian production.

Before I left the oil fields I visited the old temple of the fire worshippers at Surachany. Among the bustle of modern industry is hidden, forsaken and lonesome and slowly decaying, the ancient place of worhip. Formerly Parsee priests sat there under the low dome, worshipping the deadly yellow, naphtha flames as they were leaping out of the strange tissues of the earth.

Now, among the restlessness of engine plants this temple appears like an anarchonism. Nevertheless, it was just this ancient idol-worship which gave the impulse to this tremendous modern exploitation which has become Soviet Russia's most important industry.

SON OF MUKDEN MARSHAL FLIES TO NEWCHWANG

Mukden, March 2.—Yesterday General Chang Hsueh-liang, son of Marshal Chang, flew in a Handley Page machine from Mukden to Newchwang to try out the new directorial wireless station (Telefunken System) that has been put up near the arsenal. The test was completely successful, the plane keeping in constant touch by wireless with headquarters during the 100 mile flight which was negotiated in one hour and 20 minutes. Later in the year flights will be made in many directions as landing stations are to be marked out at all strategic points.

The air force in Manchuria has lately been considerably increased and now numbers 33 machines as follows:

Two Handley Page—Commercial Type 0/700 driven by 2-350. H.P. Rolls—Royce Eagle VIII Engines.

Two S. E. 5 Scout machines (1 person) 180 H.P. Hispano-Suiza Engines.

Five Avro Training machines 100 H.P. Mono Engines.

Six Caudron machines (for two persons) 180 H.P. Hispano-Suiza Engines.

Five night Bombing Breguet machines 300 H.P. Renault Engines.

Two 4 Passenger Breguet, non-military type, 300 H.P. Renault.

Two Curtis training machines Hall Scott Engines.

Four Russian machines built in Harbin, Engines various, little dependability.

Great improvements have recently been noticed in the Chinese pilots. The mechanic service is excellent. The development of these aeroplanes in China, like the telephone, the telegraph, wireless and the motor-car, seems not only assured but capable of indefinite expansion as the tremendous value of such a short cut is now fully realised.

Your Perfect Shave is Here

TWENTY years experience in making the original Gillette, a safety razor that satisfied man's requirements for a quick, safe and comfortable shave, has resulted in the New Improved Gillette, the instrument of precision.

Over 3,000,000 men have already bought the New Improved Gillette and their satisfaction with it is evidenced by the tremendous demands being made on the manufacturers.

The New Improved Gillette has the non-clogging guard through which the hair and lather pass without interfering with the full, free edge of the blade. You will enjoy the keen cool way it passes through your beard. You will like its freedom from vibration, which prevents pulling of the hair, and above everything else you will appreciate the speedy, safe and thorough shave it gives you.

The best shops sell the New Improved Gillette.

The New Improved Gillette SAFETY RAZOR

Made in Boston, U.S.A., by the Gillette Safety Razor Company

Representatives: MULLER & PHIPPS (China) Limited 2 Canton Road, Shanghai

4-143

Oculists' Institute Company
49A Nanking Rd.
O.I.C.

The China Press Want Ads
Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

I. CANTOROVICH
28 Broadway Tel. N 190

ANNOUNCE

Arrival of a new shipment of PEQUOT Sheeting, widths 63, 72, 81 and 91 inches.

Pillow Cases 42 x 36 and 45 x 36.

Voiles, fancy and plain

Batist, Persian Lawn, Cambric, Nainsook, Longcloth, Table Cloths, Towelling

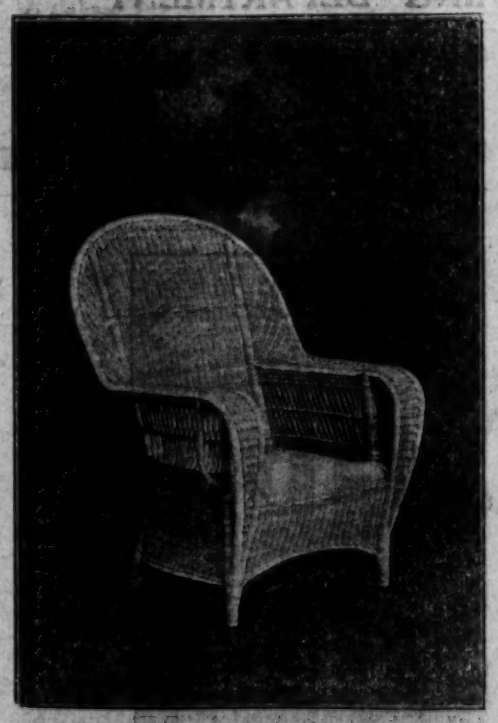
ALSO

A smart selection of Ladies' Hats.

New Line For 1924

Latest Styles and Patterns

WICKER ARM CHAIRS



SUN LING & Co.

Manufacturers and Exporters of Wicker, Rattan, Bamboo and Seagrass Furniture and Baskets

1190 Avenue Road Phone W. 1373

$1. ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

TASTES DIFFER

But in our extensive variety of delicious cheeses, the most epicurean taste will find some that will more than please.

Roquefort
Camembert
De Brie
Limburger in 1-lb. pats
Cream Brick (in full milk, soft, rich, strongly flavored cheese)
Gorgonzola
Gruyere
Parmesan (ideal for macaroni)
Edam
Kraft
Siberian Cheese
Cottage Cheese and Sour Cream (fresh daily)

GENUINE JUICY SWISS CHEESE

Numerous varieties of Canned Cheese
Golden State Butter in ¼ lb. pats
Excellent Canadian Butter in Bulk ($1.15 per lb.)
Sweet Siberian Butter ($1.10 per lb.)

Main Store: 100 Szechuen Road

L. SHAININ & Co. The Home of Delicacies 100 SZECHUEN ROAD PHONE 1181

Branch Store: 1 Woosung Road (Near Astor House)

ASTOUNDING PRICES!

We are able to compete with foreign and local shoes because our prices are so astouningly low.

Your Opportunity!

To secure fine shoes at low prices

ANY STYLE OR LEATHER
ready made or from special copy, our price $7.50 to $10.50 only
ORDERS COMPLETED IN THREE DAYS

CHUNG HWA SHOE CO.
P 565 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

Boris Ostrumoff's Last Stand

BY PUTNAM WEALE

It is notorious that it takes at least three times as long to hang a man in China as elsewhere. There is in this country a rather florid philosophy which sets store on going slow and which thoroughly believes in the doctrine of the long rope. But finally, after delays which seem to the fretful Westerner quite extraordinary and unnecessary, the rope is used,—and there you have your man at last dangling in the air when everybody has almost forgotten his existence.

That this hour has sounded for the Chief Engineer and General Manager of the Chinese Eastern Railway, Boris Ostrumoff, long accused of malpractices is at least clear. The hanging in his case is only a metaphor, as he will merely receive his marching orders, his dismissal.

FINAL STRUGGLE

But this much can be said—that he is putting up a tremendous last-ditch struggle, with never a trace of the white feather.

It is known that the demonstrations around the Central Railway Administration building in Harbin a fortnight ago were organised demonstrations. Just as it is considered imprudent to make direct charges against people, in China, so was it considered diplomatic in his case to give him a reasonable excuse for resigning without a lot of fuss. But the bomb missed fire, and after his surprise and hurt feelings had worn off, Ostrumoff staged a mighty clever comeback. He had two possible combinations—one with the French Government, and the other with the Russian Government. He decided to play both simultaneously since it was highly unlikely that both would fail.

PLOT EXPOSED

This is how he went to work. First, he forced the Russo-Asiatic Bank in Harbin to get a meeting of the Consular Body as in the case of the Land office imbroglio, and when the Consuls were assembled he exposed to them the nature of the "plot" to evict him. The Consular meeting was abortive because the Japanese Consul, with whom the British Consul sided, declined to intervene, stating that this was a matter which was a concern of his employers, not of other nations. But tacitly supported by the American Consul this meeting gave the French Consul excuse enough to take the matter up with the French Legation. He received back instructions to protest with the Chinese authorities and to forbid them from making any move.

Whilst this was going on, Ostrumoff accompanied by two of the directors of the Railway Board, called on M. Rakitin, the Soviet representative, and during an interview lasting several hours declared first that he was a Russian, faithful to Russia above all things; secondly, that M. Raindre, General Agent of the Russo-Asiatic Bank on a visit of inspection to Harbin, had made a secret compact with the Chinese Authorities, by virtue of which in return for sacrificing him, the Bank was to be later given 'special privileges'; thirdly, that Soviet Russia's only chance of solving the problem was to insist on his retention, as he had the keys to every secret and freely offered them.

RESULTS ATTAINED

Like the Consular meeting, he got something out of this, if not everything, because of his exceedingly astute use of a fact which M. Raindre had imprudently allowed to become known i. e., that he, Raindre, had acquired very damaging information, confirming what M. de Hoyer, had carried to Paris, namely, that Ostrumoff was gambling with the Railway company's assets that once again as in the case of the Gaorhoff rail affair, a purchase of equipment from the Usuuri Railway, had resulted in 'differences' being paid to agents amounting to very formidable sums which must have been divided by the higher officials.

But although it was quite untrue that M. Raindre had made any compact with the Chinese Authorities, beyond stating that if they published incriminating documents, the Bank would not stand in the way of Ostramoff's dismissal and the temporary appointment of the Assistant Chief Engineer in Charge. Ostrumoff's appeal to the Soviet representative was sufficient to create suspicions and to lead to a second notification to the Chinese authorities, this time by Soviet Russia, that no change whatsoever must be made pending a Russo-Chinese accord being signed.

A TRAGEDY OF ERRORS

Thus Ostrumoff in these last hours of his reign, is held in office by protests coming from two bitterly opposed camps—France and Soviet Russia—both of which have been "worked" by him, and neither of which understands exactly why the other side acts. Never before has there been such a tragedy of errors.

It cannot last very much longer however, I believe China and Russia cannot fail to reach an understanding very soon. Inasmuch as Soviet Russia has repeatedly asked in the past for Ostrumoff's arrest, his last-hour wriggling and inventing cannot save him. Had China been better advised she would have published the actual proofs of the man's connexion with a whole host of deals, and suspended him from office pending proceedings in court. It is not too late to do this. It should be done. Diplomacy is not likely to intervene when legal proceedings have been initiated against Ostrumoff. I imagine that with the Teapot Dome oil scandals thoroughly disgusting the world, the one thing which will make Consuls and Ministers and bankers and high financiers jump for cover will be a public notification through the Courts that foul play is about to be subjected to a criminal investigation.

Germany At The Cross-Roads

(*By Our Own Correspondent*)

Bremen, Feb. 1.—The economic crisis is by no means over and the situation is still perilous.

The Government bent on balancing the Budget at any price, is diminishing its officials wholesale or reducing their salaries to the lowest possible figure. It is also wringing taxes out of all classes of the community and threatening to turn the screw even tighter.

Industrial concerns hampered by loss of markets and high taxation, are levelling wages to a point below existence minimum and insisting on longer working hours, to the extreme indignation of the working-classes. The situation has been tersely summarised by Herr Dyckhoff, Director of the Hansa Lloyd. "If," he says, "Labor wants the eight-hour day on principle, it must starve on principle."

WRONG GLASSES

The unfortunate tendency of German Social Democrats to look at everything through party spectacles blinds them to hard economic facts. It has been pointed out for instance, that in her present financial condition, Germany must make herself independent of foreign coal. This can only be done by increasing her own output which again is only possible by lengthened working hours. But nothing can persuade Labor in its present mood that this is not a device of the Capitalists to rob it of the fruits of the Revolution.

Social Democracy or Labor—for they are the same thing here—is now passing through a severe crisis. The great hopes built on the Revolution have crumbled. Older men have resented the capture of the trade-unions by younger members under whose regime the unskilled and unmarried worker earns as much as the more experienced and the married.

There is an uncomfortable feeling about too, that many recent social experiments wanted more thinking out before being translated into rigid laws. The desire of Social Democracy to make the State entirely responsible for every individual citizen from his first to his last breath, is reflected in much of German legislation since the War. It is seen in the ambitious schemes for promoting social welfare many of which will inevitable suffer by the inability of either the State or the municipalities to continue their support.

INFLATION

The demoralising influence of inflation with its fictitious prosperity, did nothing to foster that discipline which the workers need for facing their present plight.

Strikes when funds are low, are two-edged. Bavaria moreover, has dealt Labor a mortal blow by declaring strikes in any concern vital to the community as illegal and drastically punishable.

Small wonder that there is despair and bitterness everywhere. What can a man do with 5 marks a week. How can a man at present prices, keep a family and pay rent and taxes on 16 marks a week? Yet these are some of the rates of wages at the moment.

Everywhere business is slack. The small shopkeepers are doing nothing. The labor market echoes little life. Only two industries are brisk—tobacco and sweets. This is significant. People must have some relief, so men, and women too for that matter, find money for smoking and youth no doubt, spends what pocket-money it has, on candy.

There are signs too that agriculture which has so far flourished under conditions ruinous to other industries, is no longer so favorably situated.

Farmers in Southern Germany find France with her depreciated currency, a serious competitor. They call loudly for protective duties. But as Germany is not self-supporting, the Government is bound to encourage agricultural imports.

The agrarians gained enormously by inflation, paying off their debts in depreciated currency. Agricultural prosperity since the War was at its height between 1921 and 1923. Mortgages has been virtually reduced to nothing, taxation was low, while manure, farm implements and machinery were extremely cheap in comparison with pre-War prices. In February 1923 these conditions changed. Corn prices fell with the first stabilisation of the mark. The occupation of the Ruhr caused coal prices to rise and prices of fertilizers followed. The breakdown of the first attempt at stabilisation led trade and industry to put prices on a gold basis.

As a consequence coal and fertilizers, agricultural implements and machinery all became dearer than before the War. Meanwhile the prices of farm produce remained below those of pre-War times. Taxation for the first time since the War, hit the farmer heavily. The result was economic depression. The transition to the Rentenmark has further depressed prices, taxation has been increased, while the farmer is still forced to sell his corn below cost price. The agrarians therefore demand reduced prices for industrial products, a lowering of railway rates and exemption for themselves from further taxation. The urban population will have little sympathy with these demands. It felt itself victimised by the farmers large and small during the War. Its general verdict now will be: "Serve them right."

Thus there are difficulties everywhere.

The Government has intimated very plainly that there can be no balancing of the Budget if Germany has to pay occupation costs. As the balancing of the Budget is absolutely vital the whole question of reparations must be settled before progress can be made. Germany is clearly at the cross-roads and the next few weeks must determine whether she takes the road to ruin or that leading to recovery.

Wrigley's Gum
Perfumes the Breath

TRADE MARK 上海 AKTIESELSKABET UNION BRYGGERI SHANGHAI 啤酒
U.B. Pilsener Beer
Aktieselskabet Union Bryggeri
Scandinavian Brewery Co., Ltd.
SHANGHAI

The Beer to be had Everywhere

DRINK U. B. BEER
ALWAYS
PURE AND FRESH
Fresh Supplies Always to be had at the
AKTIESELSKABET UNION BRYGGERI
(Scandinavian Brewery Co. Ltd.)
Tel. Nos:
Town Office: 17 Museum Road
C. 1462, 4897
Chinese Agents: CHOW JEI-KONG
Tel. C. 2900

請飲最馳名上海啤酒 總經理開吃康電話中央二九零零

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR
ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

PONGEE SILKS
LACES
HAIRNETS
Manufacturers and Exporters
(*Wholesale Only*)
Yannoulatos Bros. (China)
Head Office: CHEFOO
Branch: 4a Canton Road
SHANGHAI
Tel. C. 1932 and C. 3262

WEEKS & CO., LTD.
SHANGHAI - - - - HANKOW
JUST ARRIVED
Our New Consignment Of
PRINTED TILE LINOLEUM
SPECIALLY SUITABLE FOR BATHROOMS PANTRYS, Etc.
STOCKED IN BLUE, GREEN, BLACK AND WHITE 2in. TILE
Sample Submitted upon Application
FURNISHING DEPARTMENT
Telephone Central 296

OnSale At All Chemists

Ayrton's IODISED THROAT TABLETS
THE ONLY SURE AND SCIENTIFIC REMEDY FOR SORE THROAT. DOCTORS RECOMMEND THEM.
Each tablet, as it slowly dissolves in the mouth, releases a definite quanti ty of IODINE to soothe, heal, and sterilize the infl amed area.
Each genuine carton bears his Trade-Mark
Each genuine tablet is embossed with the letter "A"
GILBERT HOOPER & CO. (*sole agents*)
9A, Kiangse Rd., Shanghai
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES
COUPON
Send this coupon, together with 8 cents in stamps, to Gilbert Hooper & Co., 9A, Kiangse Rd., Shanghai, and a specimen tube of 6 tablets will be mailed Post Free.
NAME .....
ADDRESS .....

PAINTING & DECORATING
PHONE WEST 3466
125 Bubbling Well Road
UPSON PAINT COMPANY, INC.

This advertisement is issued by The Asiatic Petroleum Co., (North China) Ltd.

Carpets and Rugs
We manufacture and sell the World-known Hand-made Carpets and Rugs made of the best pure wool with dyes of unfading color, under the supervisicn of our specialists.
All designs and colours kept in stock.
Special designs and colours made to order.
Prices will be furnished on application.
You are cordially invited to visit our sales office or send us your inquiries.
The China Industrial Training Works
Sales Office, 83, Nanking Road, Shanghai
Telephone Central 3951

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD IN PICTURES

AMERICA'S "LADY ASTOR" IN POLITICS.

Mrs. Vincent Astor.

Mrs. Helen Astor, wife of Vincent Astor, of New York, one of America's richest men, has announced her candidacy for alternate delegate to the Republican National Convention in Cleveland, O., in June. She seeks to represent Orange, Putnam and Duchess counties.

Chelmsford Heads Navy in Labor Cabinet.

Lord Chelmsford

Lord Chelmsford, former Viceroy for India, has been appointed First Lord of the Admiralty in the Labor Ministry organized by Premier Ramsay MacDonald.

STEAMER'S S. O. S. CALL FOR DOCTOR IN MID-OCEAN.

Saved at sea

When the steamer Ambridge, outbound from New York, was about 500 miles south of St. Helena she sent out a wireless call for help. The steamer Lowestoft, which was nearby, answered that she had a doctor on board. Boatswain Nevins had been stricken with appendicitis. He is shown being transferred to the Lowestoft, on which he was operated upon, and later transferred to the hospital in St. Helena.

ACTRESS WEARS $2,000,000 COSTUME.

Mlle Delysia

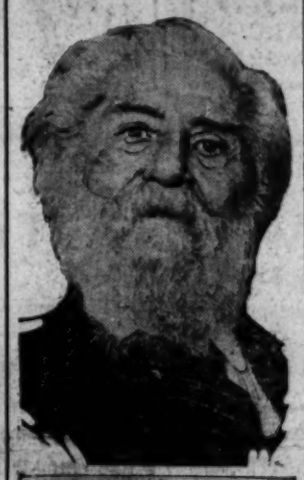
Mlle Delysia, who appears in the "Radiant Diamond" finale of a New York production, is shown in her $2,000,000 (not stage money) costume, decorated with rare diamonds and pearls. The gems belong to a leading Fifth avenue jeweler. Mlle. Delysia dons her costume in the burglar-proof vaults of the jeweler and is taken to the theatre by a heavy guard of armed marksmen, who remain constantly with her until she returns the costume each night to the vaults.

GIVES BUSINESS TO EMPLOYES.

J. C. Herman, Fred Smith & Irving S. Rosoff

"Making money," says H. C. Herman, multi-millionaire New York piece goods and handkerchief manufacturer, "is like picking up horse shoes. When you have a load you quit. I've got my load and I'm quitting. Any more money would be junk to me." So he called in Irving S. Rossoff and Fred M. Smith, who had worked for him faithfully as sales and production managers, and gave them his firm, which did a business last year of $2,000,000. Mr. Herman is twin brother of Al Woods, famous New York theatrical magnate, whose family name is Herman.

Marrying Judge at 90 Is Secretly Wed.



George Sawin

George Sawin, Justice of the Peace at Elmhurst, Ill., Chicago suburb, is 90 years of age. He is known as the "Marrying Justice," and to live up to his title he has just announced his secret wedding to Miss Arlie Bell Mosher, aged 65, of South Bend, Ind. He went to Illinois from Boston in 1853 and accumulated a large fortune.

VANDERBILT IS $20,000,000 OFFICE BOY

Mr. & Mrs William H. Vanderbilt

William H. Vanderbilt, son of the late Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, who perished on the Lusitania, and heir to an estate of $20,000,000 left by his father, is shown here with his bride, who was Miss Emily O'Neil Davis. Determined to learn the financial game from the ground up, young Vanderbilt has taken a job as an office boy for Lee, Higginson & Company, bankers, in Boston, and is drawing an office boy's pay, which doesn't begin to pay the expenses of his Beacon Hill mansion, his five servants and his motor cars. He cleans ink-wells and runs errands for $15 a week.

EX-ACTRESS WEDS BRITISH GENERAL.

General and Mrs Sackville-West

Major-General Sir Charles John Sackville-West, nephew of the late Lord Sackville, British Ambassador to the United States from 1881 to 1888, has been married in New York City to Mrs. Anne Meredith Bigelow, former actress. He is 53 and she is 28. His first wife died in London in 1920. The present Lady Sackville-West divorced Stephen Bigelow, of Boston, in Paris. Under the name of Anne Meredith she played in many Broadway successes. General Sackville-West has a long and meritorious career as a soldier of note. He was the British representative on the Supreme War Council.

DOG GIVEN MEDAL FOR HEROISM.

Frank Murphy, Prince & Alice Murphy

Prince, a terrier belong to Dr. Frank Murphy, of Boston, has been awarded a medal by the Animal Rescue League for saving the lives of Frank and Alice Murphy. When their home was destroyed by flames he jumped on the bed and awakened them, leading them to safety through the smoke and fire.

STILL GOING STRONG

Robert A. Burke

Above is pictured Robert A. Burke, 77-year-old swimming instructor at McPherson Post, No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic, of Pittsburgh, who asserts that swimming beats monkey glands all hollow for prolonging life. He has beaten many of Pittsburgh's younger speed swimmers.

YOUNGEST LICENSED RADIO OPERATOR.

Wendelin Luckner

Wendelin Luckner, an 11-year-old youth of Bridgeport, Conn., has been granted first-grade radio license No. 30,504, and is said to be the youngest licensed radio operator in the United States.

HUGE BEACON FOR NIGHT FLIERS.

450,000,000 Candle power light

This great aerial beacon, with 450,000,000 candle power, shown at Mitchel Field, Long Island, is to be used by the U. S. Army Air Service to direct aviators to all landing fields at night. Its rays have been seen at a distance of 130 miles by flyers. The searchlight is equipped with a dispersion lens that spreads the beams in a fan shape a quarter of a mile wide by half a mile deep, making the area as bright as daylight and making safe landing possible.

SCHWAB VISITS GERMAN MINISTER.

Herr Stresemann & Charles M. Schwab

Charles M. Schwab, American steel magnate, is shown with Dr. Stresemann, German Minister of Foreign Affairs, during the American's visit to Berlin on international business affairs.

AT HOME WITH PRESIDENT'S FATHER.

Mr. Coolidge and Mrs. Pierce

Colonel Coolidge, father of President Calvin Coolidge, is snowbound in his modest little farm home at Plymouth, Vt. Although he could reside in the White House with his famous son, Colonel Coolidge prefers his Vermont home. He is shown here enjoying his evening meal with Mrs. Pierce, his housekeeper for the past sixteen years.

The Literary World: News And Views

"BEST SELLERS" OF THE WEEK IN SHANGHAI BOOK STORES

FICTION

Moordius and Company, by William J. Locke
Kangaroo, by D. H. Lawrence
The Rover, by Joseph Conrad
Land and Sea Tales, by Rudyard Kipling
The Genius, by Theodore Dreiser

NON-FICTION

Life of Christ, by Papini
Aunt Polly's Story of Mankind, by Donald Stewart
Americans, by Stuart P. Sherman
Peking, by Juliet Bredon
Woman, A Vindication, by Anthony Ludovici.

The reported suppression in New York of "Janet March," a recent novel by Floyd Dell, is the newest performance of the vice sleuths of the great city. Inasmuch as the novel has already been abroad for several months, has been listed from Los Angeles to London as a "best seller" and is, after all, almost radically innocent, the censors succeed by this act chiefly in making themselves ridiculous. There would be no laughs in the world, however, unless occasional humans took themselves over seriously. And Mr. Knopf, the indicted publisher, is not the man to waste such advertising opportunities.

* * *

The popularity in Shanghai of Papini's "Life of Christ" was again witnessed this week when a new shipment of the book was sold out in two book stores in two days.

* * *

A growing interest in China and Japan has been a feature of American art activities for several years and it is not surprising now to find New York publishers issuing, after the London fashion, elaborate, authoritative, exquisitely bound volumes on Oriental art subjects. The newest to arrive is the "Art of the Chinese Potter" by R. L. Hobson and A. L. Hetherington, published by Knopf. The book gives faithful reproductions of examples of pre-Ming and Ming pottery and porcelain found in the English collections. It contains an extensive introduction dealing with the development of the potter's art in China from 200 B. C. to 1644 A. D. There are 53 full-page illustrations in as many as 7 colors and more than 100 in half tones. R. L. Hobson is Keeper of the Department of Ceramics and Ethnography, British Museum, and is the author of several authoritative works on Chinese pottery. Mr. Hetherington is the author of "Early Ceramic Wares of China" and is a recognised authority on Oriental art. The book may also be obtained in the English edition, which is very similar.

* * *

Shanghai has got itself into print again in a new edition of "The Gateway to China" by Mary Niade Gamewell. The book has been carefully re-edited and revamped and has a new and very interesting chapter on the city as it is today, together with many new and better pictures.

* * *

Several owners of Robert Louis Stevenson copyrights have clubbed their interests to enable William Heinemann, London publisher, to issue them in the form of a new and nicely bound, though cheap, edition of the works of the great romancer. "Tusitala" is the name given to the new edition. Of the 35 volumes to be published, 12 are now on sale here.

* * *

"To Lhasa in Disguise" is the title of the latest travel book of the explorer, William Montgomery McGovern. It is the most exciting and perhaps the most colorful discription of his adventures that he has ever written. Starting into Thibet from India with a large party, all of whom lost heart and turned back, he alone went on, disguised and accompanied by a single servant, "Satan." After serious illnesses, heroic exploits and almost incredible hardships, he finally reached Lhasa. He spent several weeks in the great capital, interviewing the Dalai Llama and other potentates, studying the people and taking photographs. Mr. McGovern is now lecturing in the United States on Thibet and China. He is related to Theodore Roosevelt and also to Woodrow Wilson, studied at Oxford, is widely known as an Orientalist and as lecturer for the Royal Asiatic Society.

* * *

Another book on China by an American has just been published in New York. It is "China, Yesterday and Today" by E. T. Williams, Agassiz Professor of Languages at the University of California. Dr. Williams was formerly Charge d'Affaires in the American Legation at Peking, spent many years in the Orient and is a well-informed and sympathetic critic. He treats interestingly of Chinese family life, of the standing and the characteristics of women and devotes much space to the question of foreign trade and politics.

"The Real Sarah Bernhardt" just released by Boni and Liveright is said to reveal many a glimpse of the great actresses' life which her audiences never knew. The author, Mme Pierre Berton, contributes many rare photographs of Bernhardt from her own collection.

John Bassett Moore, formerly professor of international law at Columbia University and now American member of the Permanent Court of International Justice offers a new and characteristically informative book on international law, contraband of war, international arbitration and the Court which he calls "Some Current Illusions." The book will be of special interest to foreign government officials in the Orient.

* * *

Four short story competitions, with $10,000 in prizes, are announced by Harper's Magazine for the year 1924. In each competition there will be a first prize of $1,250, a second prize of $750, and a third prize of $500. The first competition is now open, and will close March 31; the second will be open from April 1 to June 30; the third, from July 1 to September 30; and the fourth from October 1 to December 31. Announcements of the judges' decisions will be made as soon as possible after the close of each competition. The winning stories will be published in Harper's Magazine, but the authors will retain all rights other than the first serial rights. All types of stories are desired—love, mystery, humor, adventure, etc. The judges will be Meredith Nicholson, Zona Gale and Professor Bliss Perry.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

When changeable weather or exposure to cold and wet results in bronchitis, start at once taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Been in use for over fifty years, and strongly recommended for stubborn, weakening coughs. For sale everywhere.

DON JUAN

By Ludwig Lewisohn

(Boni And Liveright)

"Marriage is not an inoculation that prevents a man's or a woman's heart from wandering and it is not a loath-some disease that prevents another heart from going out to you," according to the modern Don Juan whom Ludwig Lewisohn has created in his newest book.

Both the title and the lead are intentional misnomers, however, for Don Juan is here neither the impassioned young deceiver nor the wandering benedick, but merely an ordinary business man who has succeeded in getting back to normalcy in emotions and whose only fault is honesty.

The man is married but he is not in love. He falls in love and has the courage to admit it and, convinced that all beauty is not within the law, he attempts frankly to take happiness where he finds it. Society, of course, puts on the customary screws and gives Lewisohn his opportunity for a diatribe against divorce laws and the women who take advantage of them merely to collect a living.

The social stupidity of prolonging artificially the life of a dead marriage situation is the major thesis of the tale. A bit of social psychoanalysis concerning the gossipmonger, however, is a bright feature. In Don Juan's opinion the gossip is ont only an inhibited creature, deserving of indulgence and pity, but a person obviously vulgar and corrupt. It is out of the gossip's own degenerate fancy that most indecencies emerge, degrading and defiling such beauty as those who are honest with themselves establish.

The argument is not radically new, but it is loaded with such truths as disturb a complacently, if 99 percent unhappily, married world and is therefore always penetrating. Lewisohn's earnest handling of it make it especially convincing. Finishing "Don Juan" little doubt remains that there is something wrong in the neighborhood of one of our cherished institutions and wrong enough to stir rebellion.

"Don Juan" suffers considerably as a narrative from this eloquent polemic. One is dimly conscious that there is a story, but is reminded of it only at long intervals. In the end, when the hero surrenders his true love at society's behest and sets out across the Atlantic conscious of the freedom of his soul, one is inclined to wish that there never had been a story of that it had run closer to the American ideal through the last chapter. Like the action in opera, the story in "Don Juan" is a mere incident in the performance—a performance, however, which is a very superior piece of direct satire and a very healthy one for the present generation of book readers to witness and ponder.

MAGAZINE VERSE OF 1923

Anthology of Magazine Verse for 1923 and Year Book of American Poetry. Edited by William Stanley Braithwaite. B. J. Brimmer Company.

Braithwaite's Anthology has become an institution of American letters. This is its eleventh annual issue. Through all this decade of immeasurable developments and world-gripping emotions it has held its own and each year has grown larger, better, more serviceable. New features added to this new volume, while they have perhaps curtailed the space hitherto devoted to the anthology itself, make it a more useful handbook for writers of verse and more valuable as a book of reference. Mr. Braithwaite says in his introduction that he intends in future issues to develop more and more this aspect of his annual anthology and to make it "an indispensable record of facts and achievements."

The anthology occupies two-thirds of the space in this eleventh issue, while in the remaining third, devoted to the "Year Book of American Poetry," are to be found half a dozen or more sections, including an index of poems published in American magazines and newspapers during the year from the first of August 1922, to the end of July, 1923, wherein almost any aspiring young versifier can find his name, listed alphabetically, the title of his affusion, the name of the periodical in which it appeared and the date of its publication. This list fills over a hundred pages and has the appearance of being well-nigh comprehensive and complete, at least so far as the more important periodicals are concerned. Another section of twenty-five pages lists articles about and reviews of poets and poetry. Eleven pages are necessary to contain the list of volumes of poems, with author, title and publisher, which saw the light during the anthology year. Since these total over two hundred and fifty volumes, it would seem, notwithstanding the anthologies, translations and republications included, that American bards were fairly busy last year.

The labor, the pains, the patience, that went into the making of this Anthology and Year Book, as into those that preceded it, must have been so unlimited and so dauntless that the mere thought of them arouses the wonder and the admiration of any penman. Mr. Braithwaite achieves his grilling task every year with notable competence and valuable result. His survey of the poetry product of this country during the last year, written out of a fullness of knowledge such as no one else can possibly have, is not flattering. He feels sure there never was a time when so many people were writing verse, but he is not much impressed by its sum total of value. He finds in it "an amazing variety of expression" and such technical excellence that "verse-making seems to have reached that stage of perfection comparable to the ripeness which Edmund Waller achieved in tapering off the Elizabethan vigor." But out of all this mass of production, this "amazing flood of technical excellence," there do not rise individual notes "rich with the dignity of a secret comprehension of the wonders and beauties of existence." The magazine verse of the year has presented, he declares, a "surging welter of mediocrity," in which he has discovered only "occasional glimpses of the authentic gift."

Oculists' Institute [Company
49A Nanking Rd
O.I.C.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR
ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

The China Press Want Ads
Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

Call West 189
Ford Hire Service

A Strictly First-Class Hotel
SAVOY HOTEL
MODERATE RATES
A Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine
SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

Nestle & Lanoil Wave

What the New Style Nestle and Lanoil hair wave means to you. Wonderful Improvement recently perfected by Nestle have eliminated once and for all the risks of old style permanent waving, the risk of the hair becoming brittle or frizzy
Nestle and Lanoil Wave can now produce a wide, deep wave in every case and rendered not only naturally but full of life and lustre.
M. PAUL.
Specialist
36 Nanking Road

A Handsome, Leather-Covered BINDER
will be given free-of-charge to all New Subscribers, who apply for same, on receipt of their cheque for a year's subscription. Old Subscribers, on paying for a year's renewal, are entitled, on request, to a Binder free-of-charge. These Binders will be found very useful in the home or office. Apply to the Circulation Manager;
THE CHINA PRESS
14, Kiukiang Road

LACES—CROSS-STITCH
MAH-JONG
CHINESE PARASOLS
HAND-MADE NOVELTIES
Wholesale Only
GRAY TRADING COMPANY
18 Nanking Road (Corner of Ezra Road)

Dr. Leo D. Gochring
Telephone C. 1804
QUALIFIED LICENCED
Eye Sight Specialist
Licensed by Examination to Practice Optometry
Member of
American Optometric Assoc.
Western Washington Assoc. of Optometry
Washington State License Optometrist
Our thorough scientific examination, your prescription ground in genuine Toric Sir Wm. Crookes glass, fitted with genuine Shelltex Shur-On frames or mountings all for one inclusive fee,
$15.00
The best glasses obtainable at this moderate price—there are none better.
including examination.
ZYLSTRA BUILDING
(Over Maison Adiz)

ARC
ASIA REALTY COMPANY
FOR SALE
2½ MOW
On Brenan Road
Just Beyond Railway Crossing
Suitable for Residence Development
Foreign Title Deed
Immediately Available
ASIA REALTY COMPANY
SHANGHAI
TEL. C. 6222 15 NANKING ROAD

CHINA COTTON & SILK WORKS
Manufacturers of "Pagoda" Brand best silk hose and half hose,
ALSO
Anchor Brand Lisle Half Hose
Swastica " " " "
Star & "Wreath" " " " "
Golden Eagle Cotton Half Hose
For Full Particulars and Prices
Apply to
Messrs. ILBERT & CO.
Agents and General Managers
1 Canton Road
Retail Department 119a Szechuen Rd

EGGS IS EGGS

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News."

Sir,—I wish to draw your attention to the following paragraph which appeared in your issue of today, in the course of an article on Australian cattle and poultry:—

"A Real Egg. As for poultry, is there a person in Shanghai who does not frequently long for a real egg! The diminutive things to which we are accustomed here can not satisfy a hungry man."

As Managing Director of this company, I wish to take exception to the above, which is quite uncorrect at the present time, and has been for more than a year past, during which we have supplied "Eggsell" (Excel) eggs to Shanghai.

Formerly, all the eggs coming into Shanghai passed through ours and other export factories; the largest and freshest eggs were used for export to Europe and America, the freshest of the smaller grades were used for breaking, freezing and manufacture of frozen egg liquid, albumen, etc., with the consequence that only the smallest eggs of indifferent quality reached the public through the Shanghai markets.

Now however, through "Eggsell," the public has an opportunity of securing larger and fresher eggs than can be obtained anywhere else in the World, and I have no hesitation in stating that our No. 1 grade is superior in average to even Danish or Irish eggs in Europe, or Petaluma eggs in America.

There are some parts of the Yangtze Valley and also close to Shanghai, that send us some of the finest eggs—large brown eggs that can be seen anywhere, while analysis has proven that these contain a higher protein, calory and food value than the average.

We are sending you a sample carton of one dozen "Eggsells" which were taken from our regular stock today. They weigh about two pounds per dozen—nearly three ounces per egg.

I am, etc.,
C. P. RAKUSEN.

The Eggsell Co.,
Shanghai,
March 7, 1924.

*Since receiving the above we have tested the eggs that Mr. Rakusen kindly sends, by the ordinary methods which will suggest themselves to any expermenter and they are certainly all that is claimed for them—large, brown, fresh and delicious.—Ed.

* * *

With compliments from the "North-China Daily News."
March 16, 1924.

Did you see this?

Editor N. C. D. N:—

"They are certainly all that is claimed for them—large, brown, fresh and delicious."

RAKUSEN'S
"EGGSELL"
(EXCEL EGGS)

Guaranteed Fresh
Delivered Daily Direct

Tel. C. 8064

Per Dozen
No. 1.—50 cts.
No. 3.—30 cts.

The Literary World: News And Views

Gossip In A Library

By Sheila Rand

A NOVEL TRIO

Three new novels—each by a noted author and each typical of the different types of fiction that are popular today.

There is "Janet March" by Floyd Dell (Toronto and New York: The Macmillam Co.) which has already been reviewed in THE CHINA PRESS and which is one of the outstanding realistic novels of the season.

* * *

Curiously enough, the second new novel in the trio I have just read, is by an author of the same name. "Dell" but Ethel Mintime and not Floyd, and no two books could be so utterly dissimilar as "Janet March" and "Tetherstones." If "Janet March" is, as I have already said, a novel that portrays life as it really is; then "Tetherstones" is its antithesis for it most decidedly portrays life as it really isn't! If you are one of those romanticists who delight in heroines that faint away five or six times a day and in heroes that lash their dogs unmercifully, curse their fathers and send their sisters supperless to bed—then you will lap up this ink of human madness, by Ethel M. Dell who has, I am prepared to wager more devoted readers than Floyd Dell. "Tetherstones" is published in Toronto by The Ryerson Press.

* * *

Midway between the realism of Floyd Dell and the melodrama of Ethel M. Dell, there flits the "Butterfly" by Kathleen Norris! In this new novel by one of the most popular writers in the United States, we see what can be done with a clever admixture of sentimentalism, vivid portraiture and next to no plot at all. Kathleen Norris finds it very easy to spin a yarn that the public like. But somehow "Butterfly" gave me the impression that this facile pen was writing its death warrant. Too easy. Art is achieved only by great endeavor. "Butterfly" shows no signs of having given Kathleen Norris any more trouble than the capable housewife experiences in mixing the ingredients of a cake she has made over and over because the family like it so much! Published in Toronto by S. B. Gundy; in New York by Doubleday Page and Company.

FACTS NOT FICTION

Let us flee from fiction with its strange "birds" for heroes and vain peacocks for heroines into the realm of our feathered friends, the birds! Jack Miner known throughout the United States and Canada as a "Bird Man" of remarkable gifts and profound knowledge, has completed a most fascinating and instructive book entitled "Jack Miner and the Birds" by Jack Miner, Himself. This handsome volume should be in every home where there are young minds asking questions about the life around them and in every library belonging to one interested in natural history. Mr. Miner's most unusual experience coupled with his uncanny powers to make friends with these little shy folks have made it possible for him to write a book, every word of which is interesting. To add to its attractiveness, Mr. Miner has illustrated his volume profusely with photographs taken by himself and all who love books will congratulate Mr. Miner for having seen to it that his printers (The Ryerson Press of Canada) have employed the finest possible paper.

* * *

This book has taken Jack Miner a half a dozen years to compile and it covers all his experiences with birds. It is also autobiographical, telling how and why this noted ornithologist became interested in birds and describes how his work with the feathered family has progressed. Throughout this volume there are interspersed quaint "Jack Minerisms" bits of philosophy and aphorisms that those who have heard him lecture, will recognise as part and parcel of this striking personality.

The illustrations in the volume are of particular interest. Reproduced from photos, most of which were taken by Jack Miner himself, they show the growth of the Miner institution at Kingsville, Ontario, illustrate the methods Jack Miner uses in dealing with the birds, and throw a good deal of light on the points of the story. They are scattered through the book as a complement to the points they illustrate in the letter press. This book is sold only by Manly F. Miner, Kingsville Ontarion, Canada.

Recent British Books

JAPAN AND HER COLONIES, by Poulteney Bigelow, Arnold, 15/-.

Although the Washington Agreement and the Four Power Pact in the Pacific have been completed, it is significant to note the numbers of books which continue to be published on what is now called the "Japanese Question." Mr. Bigelow has added another to the already long list, and in his book he sets out the fundamental facts of the problem. The birth rate in Japan is 32 per 1000, which means an annual increase of 750,000. During the last ten years the population has increased from 50 millions to 57 millions, or 14%, and it is now 380 to the square mile. But land under cultivation has only increased 5% and the rice output 4%. Thus, every year it is becoming more acutely felt that the Japanese must either emigrate or starve.

However, Mr. Bigelow has no solution to offer, except that America should throw open her doors to the Japanese, and this is a most unlikely event.

TURKEY, THE GREAT POWERS AND THE BAGDAD RAILWAY (A Study in Imperialism), by Edward Meade Earle, Ph. D. Macmillan, 10/6d.

Mr. Earle has written a very interesting and instructive book. As he says, the story of the Bagdad railway is a laboratory full of rich materials for an analysis of modern economic imperialism. In the struggle for this key position of Western Asia, all the big interests of Europe were involved. Diplomats and soldiers, financiers, businessmen and missionaries, were pitted on behalf of their State or cause against each other or against the Turk.

The great struggle with this Railway as the best prize still continues. Great Britain is in the strongest position and may thus obtain another great highway to the East.

ENGLISH COLONIES IN GUIANA AND ON THE AMAZON 1604-1668. By J. A. Williamson, Oxford University Press. 12/6d.

This historical monograph on a little known phase of English colonisation is a book for the specialist rather than the general reader.

At one time Guiana ran level with Virginia as a prospective great English Colony, and the decision of the Pilgrim Fathers to go to New England began the decline of Guiana. Had it been otherwise, the history of North America and the world would have been different. Although written in a scholastic manner, this book cannot conceal the romance of these early 17th century pioneers. An account is given of Raleigh's last voyage in search of the gold mine he had promised James 1st, on being released from his imprisonment in the Tower, and his failure to find this mine, which cost him his head upon his return.

RACE PROBLEMS IN THE NEW AFRICA. By the Rev. W. C. Willoughby, F. R. A. I., F. R. L. S. Oxford University Press. 15s.

This book is a detailed description of the Africans, their racial and geographical settings, their ideas, traditions, institutions and folk lore. An African chief after two months in London with the author, asked why Londoner's never did any work. They appeared to him to spend all their time walking about the streets. The average traveller is equally ignorant of the natives as this chief was of the Londoners, and Mr. Willoughby's books will go a long way to assist the races to a better understanding of each other.

Musical Notes

The appearance today at the Town Hall of Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith as the soloist, is in the nature of a farewell to Shanghai concert-goers. For this lady, with her talented husband, is shortly returning Home, and this corner of the East will, it is regretted, possibly see neither again. A word of appreciation and thanks is due to both these good-hearted folk for their generously given services during the musical season. Most of us will retain the pleasurable recollection of the splendid performance by Mr. Bowes-Smith of the Beethoven Third Pianoforte Concerto. Today Mrs. Bowes-Smith will repeat the success she recently earned with three old Italian songs. In addition she will also sing two French songs, one by Debussy, and the other by Bizet.

* * *

The orchestral items at today's concert will include the five orchestrated sonatas of Scarlatti recently given on a Sunday, three instrumental works by Sgambati, and the amusing symphonic sketch "L'Apprenti Sorcier" by Dukas. This latter is based on a poem by Goethe and concerns the doings of the wizard Pancrates who has the power of breathing life into the inanimate woodenness of a broom-handle. The program concludes with two ballet dances from Berlioz' "Damnation of Faust."

* * *

The Seventh Symphony Concert will take place on Tuesday, March 25, at the Town Hall at 9.15 p.m. and the program will be entirely devoted to Tschaikowsky's works. The soloists will be Mr. P. Selivanov (Bass), and Mr. I. Shevtzoff ('Cello) with whom Shanghai music-lovers have already made acquaintance. The orchestral works will include the famous and popular "Pathetique" Symphony and a first performance of the Symphonic Poem, "Francesca da Rimini."

* * *

John Gay's delightful "Polly" is ballad-opera at its highest level, and is the only example of its kind which has withstood the acid-test of time. Nearly two hundred years ago our bluff forefathers revelled in it and still today, in the swirl and lure of modern excitements, the simplicity of its style, and the vivacity of its lyrics hold sway over the human heart. What a relief its charmingly strung-together ballads are to the sugary sweetness of Italian melody, to the familiar Bellini-like roulades and fanciful arias. "The Beggar's Opera," quite well done by the Quaints here, is the one bright spot in the dismal history of English Opera. Long may Polly and Macheath live with their merry band of cutthroats!

MARCATO.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9 O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

Wrigley's Gum Cleanses the Teeth

KISSES—RED KISSES, red as the rose is red—kisses that burn with the fire of love—that scorch and sear the soul—as you shall learn in FLAMING YOUTH

Today at 3 p.m. 5.30 p.m. 9.15 p.m. at APOLLO THEATRE

COAL

House Coal, specially suitable for Fire Places .....M. $17.00
Soochan Anthracite ....M. $20.00
Steam Coal S'hai $10.50, ex Wharf
S. HEIMANN & Co.,
19a, Canton Road. Tel. C. 1604.

Oculists' Institute Company
49A Nanking Rd
O.I.C.

THE BOOK OF LETTTERS
BY MARY OWENS CROWTHER

What Letters to Write for Every Purpose, Business and Social. The Etiquette of Correspondence.

The purpose of this book is to make a comprehensive study of letters. It begins with the most elementary aspect of the letter and letter-writing, and covers every conceivable detail about letters, even the laws that apply to them.

The author, at the outset, has asked the question: "What is a letter?" and in chapter one has answered it. The purpose of the letter is then considered, and in chapter three we are told what we must do and what we must avoid in letter-writing, with detailed study of the common grammatical errors. The next nine chapters of this very practical book give complete explanation of the letter's correct parts, headings, salutation, body, conclusion, signature, and superscription, including demonstrations of the formats which should be used in personal and business letters, arrangements, and so on.

It is a book that will be of the GREATEST AID TO LETTER-WRITERS.

Special Price $4.00 Mex. net

EDWARD EVANS & SONS, LTD.
SHANGHAI. TIENTSIN.

For 200 Years the BROADWOOD PIANO Has Reigned Supreme, The Finest in the World.

ROBINSON PIANO Co., Ltd.

PARIS GARTERS
NO METAL CAN TOUCH YOU

There is leg comfort and long comfort in PARIS Garters. They are always higher in quality than in price. No binding, plenty of value and socks held securely. When you buy ask distinctly for PARIS.

Representatives Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd. 2 Canton Road SHANGHAI

Manufacturers A. STEIN & COMPANY Chicago, U.S.A. New York, U.S.A.

The China Press Want Ad Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.
BANKING, SHIPPING AND TRAVEL.
8 KIUKIANG ROAD TEL. CENTRAL 1977-8
SHANGHAI
OTHER OFFICES IN THE ORIENT:
KOBE, PEKING, TIENTSIN, HONGKONG, MANILA, CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY.

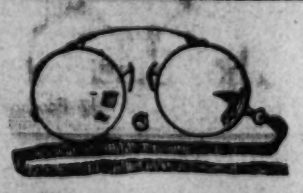
C. O. C.
Compagnie Orientale De Capitalisation
(Société Anonyme Française)
Paid-up Capital: Mex. $100,000.00
Head Office: No. 2 North Soochow Road, Shanghai

Result of the Forty-sixth Monthly Drawing of Premium Bonds of $2,500.00 held on the 15th March, 1924

The above Company gives notice that in accordance with the terms of issue, the Bonds numbered as under, drew prizes at the Forty-sixth Monthly Drawing, held on the 15th March, 1924, at the Company's Head Office, Shanghai, in the presence of Messrs. C. S. Loo, Y. N. Cheng Bondholders, M. de Caters, Managing Director, S. Z. Young, Director, Messrs. Mortimer Reid and Slee, Auditors, and 214 other Bondholders. The prizes drawn represent a value of $13.350, being 25% of $53.400, the premia on 4450 Bonds for the month of March, 1924, including allowance for prizes drawn by bonds with the winning terminal number. Payments in respect of the above prizes will be made on and after the 18th of March, 1924, at the Company's Office, No. 2 North Soochow Road, Shanghai.

2 of $2,500	Nos. 1355 2542	equal to	$	5,000
2 of $ 500	Nos. 1324 4409	" "	"	1,000
2 of $ 300	Nos. 0198 3806	" "	"	600
2 of $ 200	Nos. 0008 4009	" "	"	400
2 of $ 100	Nos. 2628 0953	" "	"	200
1 of $ 710	No. 2709	" "	"	710
1 of $ 100	No. 2126	" "	"	100
445 of $ 12	Terminating with No. 2	" "	"	5,340
457	Reimbursements totalling			$13,350

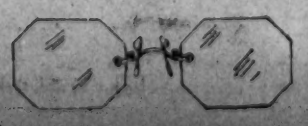
O.I.C.



We are building for Permanence in this Business, and our tools are Optimism, Imagination, Co-operation, Honesty of Purpose and Service, and Hard and Skillful Work.

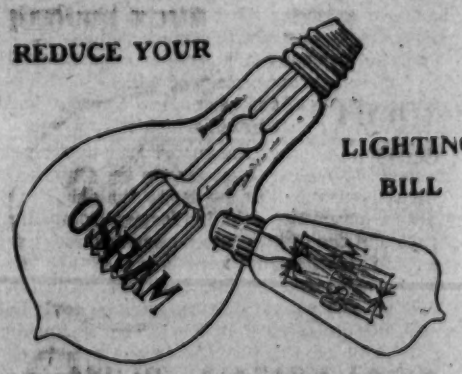
Oculists' Institute Co.
Oculists-Opticians
49-A Nanking Road
C. 8063

O.I.C.



Ad. No. 135

REDUCE YOUR LIGHTING BILL



Osram ELECTRIC LAMPS

The General Electric Co. (of China) Ltd.
1 and 2 Ningpo Road, Shanghai
Telephone: Central 1606 (three lines)

THE CHINA PRESS

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

CHINA PRESS, Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers.

WEATHER

Rather mild and variable weather, with some mist along the coast. North—Easterly to South—Easterly breezes between Shantung and Formosa. Unsteady winds over the Pechili Gulf. Regular monsoon in the South.

BIRTH

BICKERTON. On March 13th, 1924. At Hale Cheshire. To Mr. and Mrs. H. Bickerton, a son. 66309 M 16

The East Window

THE Chinese High Commission headed by Mr. Chang Chien, Jr., of Nantungchow, Kiangsu Province which has been touring Europe and America investigating industrial conditions was in Washington early in February where they were entertained by Dr. Sao-ke Alfred Sze, Chinese Minister, at the Chinese Legation. During their stay in Washington they were received by President Coolidge, Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes and Herbert Hoover, Secretary of the Department of Commerce. There are eight members of the party, seven of whom are graduates of American universities and the eighth a graduate of Oxford. In addition to Mr. Chien the party includes Dr. Chungtao T. Chu, Y. C. Hsi, Alexander Lee, W. Chang, C. F. Hsu, D. C. Hsu and C. C. Chien.

★ ★ ★

On February 12 the members of the party were guests of the China Society of America at the annual dinner of that organisation which was attended by more than 400 guests. According to the press reports in the American papers the party visited Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Detroit, Schenectady, and Chicago, after which they went to Detroit, St. Louis and at the present time are on their way to the Pacific Coast for visits in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland and Seattle. In all of these cities they were entertained by chambers of commerce, Rotary clubs and other organisations. In New York they visited the Stock Exchange, Cotton Oxchange, Bush Terminal, and were taken for a tour of the harbor by the Commissioner of the Port of New York.

★ ★ ★

It is always the man who can't do a certain job well who is usually readiest with advice—so with this introduction we will now volunteer some advice to amateur orators: Don't spend half of the time allotted to you by explaining why you happened to be called upon, why you are unprepared or unfitted to talk on the subject assigned to you, or why this or why that before you actually get down to the thing you have to say. It is surprising to observe how many men when called upon for a speech, spoil what would otherwise be a good talk, by embarking upon a long explanation before they really get to what they have to say. It is only the most experienced speakers who can "get away" with a long introduction, humorous or otherwise, before they arrive at the message which they desire to deliver. For the rest of us poor mortals who are panic stricken when the toastmaster looks in our direction, the best rule to pursue is to embark at once upon the subject and forget everything else. One of the best ideas developed during the strenuous days of the World War was that of the "three-minute" speaker. These "three-minute men" learned to boil things down to essentials and it was surprising the amount of real information and inspiration which they were able to condense into the time the ordinary person requires to get started.

★ ★ ★

A legislative measure known as the "Winslow Bill" has been introduced in the present session of Congress which if passed will give definite diplomatic status to the commercial attache and trade commissioner service of the U. S. Department of Commerce similar to that now possessed by the U. S. Consular and Diplomatic Services. Secretary Hoover who is the chief advocate of the measure in testifying before the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce of the House of Representatives said that the purpose of the bill was to provide a better and more direct co-ordination between consular officers of the State Department and commercial attaches and trade commissioners of the Department of Commerce. He said that while there is no conflict between the two services there is a lack of co-ordination. If the measure becomes a law all officers of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce stationed in foreign lands will be given an official status by accrediting them to the governments of the countries to which they are assigned. At the present time these officials, who have been of such great assistance in recent years in the development of the foreign commerce of the United States, have no statutory standing and the only authorisation for their employment is in the annual approriation bills. Among those who testified before the committee favoring the bill were Charles Lyon Chandler of the Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia who represented the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce; S. L. Nicholson of the Westinghouse Company, who represented the Associated Manufacturers of Electrical Supplies; Ralph Merrit representing the raisin and rice growers of California; Carl Williams, president of the American Cotton Growers Exchange.

★ ★ ★

It is gratifying to read of one of China's diplomats abroad who has sufficient courage to speak frankly regarding the situation in China and some of the causes responsible for that condition. Dr. Sao-ke Alfred Sze, Chinese Minister in Washington did this on February 12 when he addressed the annual meeting of the China Society of America. More than 400 persons including many prominent business men interested in China attended the meeting. In his address, Dr. Sze in part said: "What China needs most from her friends is constructive advice, practical suggestions, expert opinion—and such she seeks and welcomes—but she resents harsh criticisms, unfair comments or baseless reports. If a person should lose the way that leads to his objective, certainly it does no good to scold him or call him names. The only way you can help him is to point out to him what road he should take. . . . . All friends of China will help in this work if they do not encourage either directly or indirectly any of the parties to prolong the political struggle either by giving asylum to those who may hatch plots or organise expeditions against the recognised authorities or by lending them money or selling them arms and ammunition. . . . . The importation of enormous quantities of arms and ammunition into China from abroad helps forces that are working against political unity in China and makes the suppression of brigandage all the more difficult. Brigands have been found armed with foreign weapons." Then turning to the subject of opium the Minister continued, "China is fighting against opium and it is regrettable that on account of the political unrest there has been looseness in the administration of the laws. Patriotic Chinese are indignant that a small minority of their countrymen should disregard the laws causing a temporary relapse in the work of opium eradication. . . ."

★ ★ ★

Recently we read an account of an interview given out by an American missionary home on leave who advised his countrymen to beware of the game of mah jongg, "because mah jongg was responsible for the present deplorable situation of China." The Chinese sit up all night playing mah jongg when they should be attending to the business and politics of their country." Whether our missionary friend is correct in his discovery of what is wrong with China, we are not in a position to state, but we do know that mah jongg has been responsible for the spread in America of the ailment common in China known as "Ningpo varnish poisoning." According to an article in the New York *Times* for February 11 the *Journal* of the American Medical Association was quoted to the effect that many cases of poisoning had developed from players permitting their hands to come in contact with freshly painted or lacquered boxes containing the sets. There was considerable alarm until a doctor who had resided in the Orient advanced the information that the troublesome but not fatal irritation came from the plant "Rhus toxico-dendron" or as it is known in the country districts of America, "poison ivy." The medical name for the disease is "dermatitis venenata," and the best way to avoid it, according to the *Times* is to "be a little careful about putting hands to face or neck while or after playing the mysteriously popular varient of good, old-fashioned 'authors.'"

★ ★ ★

We hope that none of the readers of *The China Press* will pass this information on to the Chinese labor unions, but a recent report of the building trade in New York stated that the wages of plasterers in America now average G.$12 a day. As a result of the effect of this upon the cost of building construction, a new method has been invented whereby one man in a day can now do work which previously required nine men. It seems, according to the report, that one man can plaster over about 80 square yards of surface in a day by using the old hand method, but by using the new method he can cover 773 square yards. On one test a heavy scratch coat of plaster on wire lath, felt and paper, was applied by one man working eight hours to a surface 1,800 square yards in area, and in another test an exterior dash coat was applied in one day by one man, with assistants who prepared the mortar for him, to a surface of over 2,240 square yards. The new method was demonstrated recently in New York to representatives of Japanese interests who are planning to bring it to Japan to use in speeding up the rebuilding of Tokio.

★ ★ ★

The secret is now out about China's great table delicacy popularly known as "hundred year-old eggs." They are not 100 years old, nor 50 years old or even one year old, according to the current bulletin of the Chinese Government Bureau of Economic Information. Those served at Chinese feasts may not be more than thirty days old, in fact the demand for them is so great that the supply is constantly used up and there is absolutely no chance for any of them to become *aged*, says the report. The method of preservation is as follows: Fresh duck's eggs are selected and washed. Then a mixture is prepared consisting of half an ounce of pure soda, two and a half ounces of burned straw ash, and three-eighths of an ounce of table salt with about two ounces of boiling water to get a uniform solution. Then about four ounces of slacked lime is added to make a thick paste. A layer of this is then put about the egg about a quarter of an inch in thickness. The eggs are then covered with rice husks to prevent sticking and are put in an earthenware jar and sealed with wet clay. After standing for thirty days they are ready for the chop-sticks—of those who like them, of course!

★ ★ ★

The American, British, Belgian, French, Netherlands, Italian, Japanese, Norwegian, Swedish and General Chambers of Commerce in Shanghai sent a joint note last week to the Consular Body for transmission to the Diplomatic Body in Peking protesting further against the recognition by the Powers of China's new Trademark Law. According to the Note the main causes of anxiety on the part of the foreign merchants is not merely the fact that the new Chinese law makes no provision for foreign participation in the administration of the newly created Trademark Bureau, but the further fact that, in case of dispute with the Bureau as to whether a trademark is registrable or not, articles 29 to 36 provide only for appeal to purely Chinese bodies, namely in the first instance to three trademark judges who are to be appointed by the Bureau, next to the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce and finally to the native Administrative Court. To summarise the genuine anxiety which exists in Shanghai commercial circles regarding this matter: In America and in Europe and also in Japan the law provides for an appeal from the registrar of trademarks to a court of justice. The Chinese law makes no such provision. Consequently the registration Bureau is in effect the sole arbiter in disputes regarding either the registration or the infringement of trademarks. The result of this will be to place foreign property valued into the millions of dollars directly under inexperienced native jurisdiction and as such constitutes a definite breach in the present treaties pertaining to extraterritority. It's the entering wedge, argue the Chambers of Commerce, and according to one authority foreigners will be placed in the undignified position of having to choose between bribery and the loss of protection for their property. Even if the new law is recognised by the Powers, it would not protect foreign trademarks for the simple reason that no law promulgated by Peking commands the slightest respect in the provinces. Foreign commercial interests in Shanghai and the other commercial centers of China up to the present have been unable to understand why the Diplomatic Body in Peking has not aroused itself to the seriousness of this situation—but on the other hand gets so terribly excited when a Chinese General violates the traffic regulations of the sacred Diplomatic Quarter!

Life Insurance And The Chinese

WHILE government finance in China shifts rapidly from bad to worse with prospects of still further shifts in the same direction, one of the most significant and heartening events conceivable is taking place independently, quietly and almost unobserved by those concerned with financial affairs.

At last, the Chinese people have begun to "take" to life insurance—to buy it by the million—and the importance of that fact as it bears upon the future development and stabilisation of Chinese finances cannot be exaggerated or over-estimated.

To a Westerner it is inconceivable that insurance should not be popular everywhere. In the West *life* insurance, particularly, is, together with the church, school and state, simply one of the things which IS. Insurance has taken the uncertainty out of life for the western nations and life insurance is now one of the major items in every family budget.

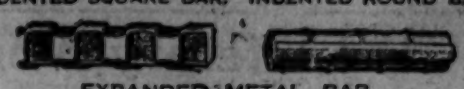
In America it is the insurance companies who, being the chief purchasers of long term bonds, have built the railways which are credited more than any other influence with the mechanical progress of the age. The insurance companies have built the great bridges, dug the great mines, developed the arid stretches of the West, fostered the public utilities and constructed cities. With more than nine billion dollars Gold in assets, American insurance companies are a larger and more important element in American finance than the banks themselves. One company, in fact, is said to have assets greater than the Guaranty Trust Company, the National City Bank and their subsidiaries combined. There are now more than fifty million policy holders in the United States, everyone of whom looks upon life insurance as an absolute necessity both to his country and to himself.

Why has insurance never taken hold in China? Some foreigners assume that Chinese psychology could never adapt itself to insurance—that there were selfish inclinations which would always interfere. On this assumption, life insurance has been offered chiefly to foreigners, with only indifferent attempts to convince the Chinese of its merits. In fact, up to the last two or three years, a Chinese applicant could obtain from foreign companies doing business here only an endowment policy.

It is fairer to assume, however, that the Chinese have not taken to life insurance in a large way because they have never understood nor had the opportunity to understand its advantages. In view of the amazing success during the last year of an American company whose financial statement was published in *The China Press* a few days ago, this fact is obvious. The company has been making a careful study of Chinese conditions and a serious effort not only to give sound insurance to the Chinese people, but to make them understand what it is all about. During the year, it has applied to China western educational methods in insurance, stimulating school lectures, correspondence courses, has used extensive advertising and has availed of every opportunity to make insurance popular on its merits. That the company has written approximately $5,000,000 of new insurance, most of which is Chinese business, is merely one of the rewards of courage, hard work and faith in the institution which it represents.

The striking feature of the report just mentioned, is that the new business written among the Chinese is chiefly straight insurance in contrast to the old endowment insurance heretofore sold by foreign companies. The mere fact that the Chinese are buying insurance for pure protection is all the proof necessary that they have begun to grasp the idea behind the institution and appreciate it. not as a substitute for a savings bank, but for the beneficent protector that it is. The spectacular figure of $5,000,000 of new business in one year in one company is enough in itself to belie the selfishness of the average Chinese person. Insurance is "taking" in China on its merits and the effect which it is bound to have in exhilarating industrial development and in stabilising the finances of China are bound to be far reaching.

INDENTED SQUARE BAR. INDENTED ROUND BAR



EXPANDED METAL BAR.

"BB" EXPANDED METAL DIAMOND MESH LATHING

WILLIAM JACKS & CO., SOLE AGENT

1 HONGKONG ROAD, SHANGHAI

THOS. COOK & SON

All Railway and Steamship Tickets issued at Tariff Rates

THOS. COOK & SON

Tel. C. 2204 15 THE BUND

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING HOUSEHOLD COAL

Delivered within the settlements

$13.00 per ton (Cash with order)

9 a.m. to 4 p.m. weekdays

9 a.m. to 12 noon Saturdays

Orders received at

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING

North Corner, first floor.

Telephone Central 317 No. 12 The Bund

The Electricity Department Is Now Serving

33,000

Consumers With Electricity For

LIGHT, HEAT or POWER

It is not possible to make individual tests of all these installations and it is likely that some Consumers are not receiving the full supply pressure.

Consumers can materially assist in maintaining good service to the mutual benefit of themselves and the Department, if they will advise us in writing whenever they have reason to believe that the supply to their installations is not up to standard.

We Aim To Give You

100 PER CENT

SERVICE—SAFETY—SATISFACTION.

All Communications Should Be Addressed To

The Electricity Department:

17 Foochow Road.

Gas Cookers Are A Necessity

They never fail,

are always ready.

Can be obtained on loan from

THE SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Showrooms ..... 30 Kiangse Road

Offices ..... 5 Thibet Road

Our Belfast Letter

ULSTER AND LABOR GOVERNMENT

Coal Discovery

The attitude which Ulster is taking towards the new Labor government may be judged from the remarks made by the Chief Whip of the Ulster parliament, Captain Dixon, at a recent meeting of the Pottinger Unionist Association.

On every side, said Captain Dixon, there was evidence of a great fear of a Labor Government, but he saw no reason for that. They were all citizens of the British Empire and part of the United Kingdom, and therefore, if Labor or anybody else governed them honorably, they would serve the King's Government. If on the other hand, however, those fears should come true and the Labor Government attempted to do something on the people of Ulster, then, not for the first time, they would show that Ulster could take care of itself. No matter what happened they were subjects of his Majesty and of his Government; therefore they were not to be disheartened or dismayed, as their leaders were not.

THE ULSTER SPIRIT

This speech, which was received with great enthusiasm, admirably expresses Ulster's spirit. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, will have to tread warily where the North of Ireland is concerned. Ulster is loyal, but it demands justice, and its own rights.

With the object of popularising the use of electricity n Belfast, an exhibition of electrical appliances was opened at the Ulster Hall on January 23.

Mr. Wright, the City Electrical Engineer, speaking at the opening ceremony said: "So far as electrical development is concerned, Belfast is somewhat behind but it is never too late to mend." It certainly seems that the city is making up for lost time.

In August last with the opening of the new Harbor Power Station, Belfast was divided up into areas, each supplied with power through a sub-station.

All charges have been considerably reduced, and the tariff for heating brought down from 5d. to 2d. per unit.

By an alternative system, if a customer pays a fixed yearly sum equivalent to 20 percent of the ratable value of his house, he may have power for any purpose at the rate of 1d. per unit.

All restrictions with regard to supply are now withdrawn, and electricity at a moderate charge is brought within reach of all.

Judging from the appreciation and interest aroused by the Ulster Hall exhibition, the people of Belfast are not going to be backward in seizing the opportunities thus presented to them.

COAL DISCOVERY

In view of the threatened shortage of coal, owing to the recently settled English railway strike the report of big coal discoveries at Coal Island in County Tyrone is particularly welcome.

Coal has been discovered in this district on previous occasions, but these have been too small to be of any importance.

The recent discovery is however of greater promise. Experts have been brought over from Wales, and it is estimated that Ulster may in time rely on Coal Island for a practically independent coal supply.

Arrangements for mining are now in progress, miners and engineers have been brought from England, a shaft has been sunk, and house erected for the use of prospective employes.

Coal Island, a short time ago, a tiny little-known village, bids fair to become a large mining town.

The coal shortage which the railway strike, short lived though it was, brought to Ulster, has shown how much it will mean to us, if the hopes which the Coal Island discovery has aroused, are realised and Ulster becomes independent of Britain for its coal.

That the foot and mouth disease which is ravaging the cattle of England and Scotland, might reach these shores, is a contingency which has given the farmers great anxiety.

Fortunately the efforts to prevent the introduction of the disease into Ireland have so far proved successful. A fact which is largely due to the activities of the newly formed Agricultural Committee of the Ulster Parliament.

Today's Church Services

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—Second Sunday in Lent. 8 a.m. Holy Communion. 10 a.m. Mattins (Said): Psalm 119, vv. 41-56; Lessons: Ecclus. iv, 11-28, Matt. ix, 1-13. 10.30 a.m. Choral Eucharist: Lloyd in E flat, Hymns 106, 322, 551; Preacher: Rev. L. W. Fawcett, M. A. 3 p.m. Children's Service and Sunday School. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon: Psalm 119, vv. 57-80; Lessons: Ecclus v. 1-14, Mark xiv, 27-52! Anthem: "Incline Thine ear," Himmel; Hymns 203, 269, 245; Preacher: The Dean.

St. Andrew's Church, Broadway.—10.30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. T. W. Hall, M. A. 11.30 a.m. 11.30 a.m. Holy Communion. 8 p.m. Service for Sailors.

St. Joseph's Church.—Low Masses at 6, 7 and 8.15 a.m. At 10 o'clock. High Mass, Sermon in English. At 4 p.m. Benediction. On week days, Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m.

Union Church.—10.30 a.m. Prayer Meeting. 11 a.m. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Rowland, M. A.; Subject: "The temptations of Elijah"; Chant 57; Anthem: "O worship the Lord" (Smith T.); Hymns 680, 155, 336. 3 p.m. Sunday School. 6 p.m. Preacher: Rev. Harry Bunce, M. A. Chant 88; Hymns 243, 76, 296, 699.

Community Church.—9.30 a.m. 10 Avenue Petain, Sunday School 11 a.m. Morning Worship in the Columbia Country Club, 50 Route Doumer, the Rev. E. J. Aeschliman, of the M. E. Mission of Peking, will preach, subject: "The Print of the Nails." Special music by the choir. 5 p.m. Song Service in the Navy Y. M. C. A. corner of Hongkong and Szechuen Roads. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. G. M. Drury, Subject: "God's Arrows"; lesson from the 38th Psalm.

Shanghai Free Christian Church (Evangelical) Corner of Range and Chapoo Roads. 11 a.m. by Rev. Edwin M. Poteat, D. D. 6 p.m. by Rev. W. H. Warren, of Hangchow. 11 a.m. Children's service. All English speaking boys and girls invited, 3 p.m. Sunday School.

Christian Science Society of Shanghai, Masonic Hall, The Bund. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Substance." Sunday School 10 o'clock. Testimony meeting Wednesday evening 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday from 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. in the Chung Foo Building. 25 Jinkee Road, Rooms 502 and 503.

St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield. Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock. Preacher: Rev. M. H. Throop, M. A.

Union Gospel Mission holds a Gospel Meeting each Sunday evening in the China Inland Mission Hall, 9 Woosung Road, 6.15 to 7.15. Congregational singing commences at 6 p.m. A United Prayer Meeting is held at 5 p.m. The Bible Study Circle will meet with the workers of the coming Evangelistic Meeting at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, when Miss Paxson will again lead the Meeting.

Evolution And Genesis

BY GARRETT P. SERVISS

Three New York judges, of Supreme Court and Appellate Court rank, gave a unanimous decision the other night in favor of the negative at the close of a debate between two clergymen on the formal proposition: "Resolved, That the earth and man came by evolution."

But this may not be as bad as it looks, for probably the decision was based, not on the merits of the case itself, but on the merits of [illegible] of the respective sides. Dr. Straton, the successful debater, shrewdly intrenched himself behind the "burden of proof" convention, which he would have found a very awkward thing to deal with if his opponent had got behind it first. The latter seems to have bowed to the right of the first taker, and Dr. Straton kept his advantage.

The winner of the debate is reported to have made such assertions as that, without the story of creation told in the Book of Genesis there is no way to account for the beginning of the earth! And that, "unless the Bible account of the creation of man is true, we know absolutely nothing about the way in which man appeared upon this planet(!) The gap between dead matter and sentient life has never been bridged except by guesses!"

After that read the Genesis account itself. Does it say, anywhere, that it is "the word of God?" It makes dogmatic statements as to what God did, but it bears no verification stamp and offers no evidence, either in support of its specific assertion or concerning its right to be regarded as a presentation of the only and the full truth.

On the contrary, it bears on its face the marks of what Dr. Straton, if he were on the other side in the controversy, would denominate "guessing." It is a theory of cosmogony suited to the time of its composition. But what is most remarkable, about it is its recognition of the principle of evolution!

Except here and there, where figurative expression is used to vivify the narrative, God is never represented as personally, and "with his hands," creating anything whatever.

In verses 11 and 12 of the first chapter of Genesis we are told that God said: "Let the earth bring forth grass," etc., and "the earth brought forth grass," etc., and God saw that it was good."

Could there be a plainer statement that God worked by law, i.e., by evolution, and not by discontinuous performances with his "own hands?" He implanted the principle, or the seeds, of life in the earth itself, and when the earth had obeyed the law and "brought forth" living things, God examined the product and found that it was all right, and that the principle of evolution by which he intended to develop the earth and its creatures, was sound and suitable for his purposes. Can you interpret what Genesis says in any more evident sense than that?

But this is not all. Go on, and, from verse 20 forward, see how God called upon first the waters and then the land to "bring forth abundantly." To be sure, in later verses it is said that "God created," or "God made" these things, but the context shows plainly that these subordinate statements are only figurative repetitions of the general truth already told, and the intended for simple minds, as we write fables with only a heart or fact, to suit the mentality of children.

And then we come to verse 26-28, in which the creation of men is described; but, while the phrase about "bringing forth" is not again repeated, but God is only said to have "created" them, yet is it possible to assume any fundamental distinction in the method? He made man "in His own image." Surely that does not apply simply to the human form, which is only a special case of the vertebrate mammalian form, as a circle is a special case of the ellipse. What is distinctive of man is brain development, and if there is anything whatever that science has proved it is the gradual evolution of the brain from the reptilian up to the human stage.

Our Literary Column

EXCERPTS FROM GREAT WRITERS

By Mathy

JOHN KEATS: POET AND MAN

The apparent misfortune of early death has had no more striking illustration than in the case of Keats, to whom it meant not only arrested development, but a curiously complete and persistent misconception of his character and life. Of no other English poet has the popular idea been so wide of the mark; about no other English poet have so many clouds of misunderstanding gathered and hung to the lasting concealment of the man.

Poetry suffers chiefly from those whose idea of its nature and function is so superficial that they set it at odds with life, and turn its vital, mellow sunshine, the very joy and fertility of Nature, into a pale, nfruitful moonlight. Great poetry is as real, as natural, as sane, as necessary to the life of man as air and light. Of this sort was the greater part of the poetry of Keats; of this sort would it have become wholly had time and growth fully ripened his gift.

And yet above all English poets Keats has been the victim of his feeble brethren, who mitigate their own sense of baffled ambition with the remembrance of his woes at the hands of Philistine reviewers, and of those sentimental hangers-on at the court of poetry, who mistake the king's robe for the king's majesty, and whose solemn genuflections are the very mockery of homage. Instead of the real Keats, virile, manly, courageous, well-poised, and full of noble ambitions, the world has fashioned for itself a weakly, sentimental, sensuous maker of over-ripe verse, without large ideas of his art, and sensitive to the very death under the lash of a stupid and vulgar criticism.

It was no small offence against the memory of this peculiarly rich and sane nature that these misconceptions were permitted to become traditions. Although Lord Houghton, Mr. Arnold, Professor Colvin, and other students and critics of Keats have done much to rescue his fame from the hands of those who have accomplished what blundering critics were unable to effect, there is still much to be done before the world, which takes its impressions rapidly and at second hand, is set right concerning one of the most promising men of the age.

Obscurity, poverty, and all manner of untoward circumstances have attached themselves to the early years of Keats; and if widely prevailing notions are to be accepted, no poet ever had so unlucky a start in life. It is true that Keats was born of obscure parentage, and that as a child he did not overhear the talk of drawingrooms or play in the shadow of university towns; but he must be a very self-confident critic who would dogmatically pronounce either circumstance a misfortune.

Keats was not coddled by fortune, but he was as well born as Shakespeare, and with much more ease of circumstance and condition than Burns. The year of his birth was an auspicious one for English literature and for the happy development of his genius; for in the good year of 1795, while he was opening his eyes in London, Thomas Carlyle was cradled in Ecclefechan. It was the beginning of a splendid chapter of English literary history; and the prelude of the deep, rich music of the nineteenth century was already in the ear that could hear it.

Ten years earlier Cowper had published the "Task;" and a year later, in 1786, from an obscure press at Kilmarnock had come a slender volume of songs full of the fresh and haunting music which Burns sang to his plough on the uplands of Ayrshire. In the year of Keats's birth Wordsworth was twenty-five, and "The Lyrical Ballads" were only three years distant; Coleridge was twenty-three; Sothey twenty-one; Landor twenty; Scott twenty-four.

A group of powerful and original writers, who were to broaden and deepen the new tendencies in English literature, were standing on the threshold of the new day which came with them. A group of immediate contemporaries, hardly less variously and richly endowed, were starting in the race with Keats, some to be his helpers and friends, others to pass him with scant recognition or to "damn him with faint praise."

Byron was born seven years earlier than Keats, Shelley three years earlier, De Quincey ten years, Leigh Hunt eleven years. Another group, including Tennyson, Browning, Newman, Ruskin, and Arnold, were to keep up the immediate succession of men of genius which has been unbroken since the birth of Burns. To have fallen upon such a period, when the intellectual and spiritual tides were rising, when English literature was recalling in breadth and splendor of its movement the great Elizabethan age, was no small good-fortune.

Mr. Arnold has said that in the creation of a master-work of literature two powers must concur, "the power of the man and the power of the moment." Keats came at the opportune moment, the moment when fresh impulses were felt by all sensitive spirits, when ideas were gaining the force and momentum of great currents through society.

EVERY TIN LIKE THIS CONTAINS

HEALTH and STRENGTH

No one Need Guess about

BEAR BRAND MILK

You KNOW it's Pure

Obtainable from all Storekeepers and from

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.

1 Nanking Road Tel. C. 218

SAY DAH COAL CO.,

951-58, Markham Park, Shanghai

Tele. W. 1178

BEST SCREENED HOUSEHOLD COAL

Hongay Coal (Special For Salamandre Stoves)	$25.00 per to
Hongay Coal Anthracite (Screened) Salamandre Stove	$24.00 per ton
Honan Coal Anthracite (Screened) Salamandre Stoves	$19.00 per ton
Luiking Coal Anthracite (Screened) Hard	$18.00 per ton
Steam Hard Coal (nuts)	$17.50 per ton
House Coal No. 1 (Screened)	$20.00 per ton
House Coal No. 2 (Screened)	$18.00 per ton
Kitchen Coal No. 1 (Screened)	$18.00 per ton
Kitchen Coal No. 2 (Screened)	$17.00 per ton
Steam Coal (Mix)	$13.00 per ton
Steam Coal (Dust)	$11.00 per ton
Fire Wood (Large) 40 bundles	$ 1.00
Charcoal (Large) one basket	$ 0.60

With a view to showing our appreciation to all of our patrons, our prices quoted above are comparatively lower than the market. In case any of our patrons is in need of a big quantity of any kind of coal of the above-mentioned varieties, kindly write or phone us, so that we will be able to despatch our man over for negotiation.

Easy! Quick! "Gets-It" for Corns

Everybody, everywhere needs to know what millions of folks have already learned about

"Gets-It," the guaranteed painless corn and callus remover. Any corn, no matter how deep rooted, departs quickly when "Gets-It" arrives. Wonderfully simple, yet simply wonderful, because all soreness stops with the first application. Get rid of your corn and wear shoes that fit. Costs but a trifle—everywhere; nothing at all if it fails. J. E. Lawrence & Co., Mfr., Chicago. "Gets-It" is sold in this city by

IMMACULATE

Falconite Enamel.

Flat and Glossy—White and Colours

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.

ARNHOLD BLDG 6 KIUKIANG ROAD, SHANGHAI

PHONE CENTRAL 8069 & 8070

Retailed by

R. H. FELGATE & CO. 9 Ezra Road Central 6674

HOONG, NION & CO. 384 Kiukiang Road Central 2299

CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH

No need of suffering from cramps in the stomach or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today; there will be no time to send for it after the attack comes on. For sale everywhere.

The China Press Want Ads

Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

LADIES PLATINUM WATCHES SET WITH DIAMONDS

SIXTEEN JEWELLED MOVEMENTS

Price $225.00

J. ULLMANN & COMPANY

38 Nanking Road

High Class Jewellers

Eversharp and Wahl Pen, in identical designs, in a handsome gift case.

THE new all-metal Wahl Pen is a gift at once personal, intrinsically valuable, useful and out of the ordinary.

Its beauty assures enthusiastic appreciation. Its exclusive all-metal barrel—with consequent unusual ink capacity—makes that appreciation lasting.

For Sale at Leading Shops Everywhere

Wholesale Distributors for China STANDARD PRODUCTS CO., INC. 14 Canton Road, Shanghai.

WAHL PEN

Companion to

EVERSHARP

T. K. CHANG

SWATOW, CHINA

Manufacturing Exporter

LACES AND EMBROIDERY

Irish Crochet Lace—A Speciality

Guaranteed made of No. 80 Coats Thread

Samples and Quotations Mailed upon Request

WHOLESALE ONLY

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY

See Our Display Ad. on Page 9

O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

EXCEL EGGS

GUARANTEED EGGSELL EGGSELL FRESH

The Sign of Fresh Eggs

EGGSELL

DELIVERED TO YOUR HOME TEL: ORDERS—RAKUSEN C. 8064

EGGSELL

Sino-American Co-operation

By Sung Han-chang

The following interesting address on Chinese and American co-operation was given by Mr. Sung Han-chang, Chairman of the General Chamber of Commerce at the dinner tendered members of the Committee of that organisation by the American Chamber of Commerce on Friday night.

"This is, strictly speaking, an informal gathering, a get-together affair for the purpose of better cementing our cordial relations. A valuable opportunity like this should not be missed without a word or two being said of the fundamental aspects of Sino-American friendship. This friendship stands on a very solid foundation and will remain unshaken for decades and centuries to come no matter how much business is done every year, and no matter what differences diplomatic affairs may involve.

"The American Chamber of Commerce and the Chinese Chamber of Commerce are in one respect very much alike. The members of both organisations consist of business men whose foremost aim is to create, maintain and develop conditions most favorable to the growth of commercial prosperity. To the farseeing business man this prosperity does not merely consist of the personal welfare of himself. His success sets in motion various factors having to do with the growth and expansion of industries, the advancement of financial and economic undertakings; and last but not the least, the maintenance of the prestige of his own country in the eyes of a critical world.

"It will, however, be an unfair estimate of the vision of the business man if his activites are to be interpreted in the mere light of a feverish chase after dollars and cents, and that his goal is considered reached when he has piled up a fat banking account. The business man so often praised or blamed for his shrewdness, is wise enough to know that there are no pockets in shrouds. He realizes that it is not by the amount of money he makes but by the amount of good his wealth is instrumental in doing that his real success in life will be measured.

"What I have said is, I believe, sufficiently indicative of the fact that noble ideals and business polices are after all inter-related, and they can be safely mixed without prejudicing business interests. It is from this standpoint that I wish to go on to say that the Americans and the Chinese will always be firmly united in a spirit of world followship with ties that Father Time will not fail to consolidate.

"It is now widely admitted that the ideal culture of the world should be a wise blending of the best cultural elements of the Orient and the Occident. Indeed the Chinese cultural system is so rich in mental food that we have yet to find a sinologue of foreign birth who regrets the years of strenous work spent at his desk in trying to master the Chinese language and thus make accessible to him the treasures of culture which exist all in the realm of Chinese literature and art.

AMERICAN HELP

"Similarly speaking, I find that in the case of Chinese who are anxious to make China safe for democracy and to see her a magnificent force in the trend of world affairs, the history of American democracy and the cultural and ethical aspects of what is known as Americana as personified in the lives of such world-renowned leaders of yours as Abraham Lincoln and Theodore Roosevelt, will always remain a rich source of inspiration. The Chinese people have much to learn from the experience of the American people in the establishment of representative government in order to increase the opportunities for giving talent and ability a fuller measure of usefulness, especially in the field of scientific inventions and modern conveniences.

"The watch-word of the new world order is Co-operation. Now who can imagine the possibility of finding two countries on this planet other than the United States and China that are designed by Nature and Providence to co-operate on a scale that knows no bounds? America has unlimited resources in capital, technical knowledge and equipments and presents to the world the model of standard business methods. China has also unlimited resources in her man-power and natural wealth. In the new awakening among the masses are to be seen unmistakable signs of the advent of a new day when Nature's gifts to her will be energetically turned to full advantage.

"Things in China are not what we would prefer them to be. But it is a necessary part of the complex process of national evolution. Provided our Western friends, our American friends included, will keep one eye on the history of Western civilisation, and bear in mind the heart-rending struggles that had to be gone through prior to the triumph of constitutional rule, and then with the other eye survey conditions in our midst with a sympathetic spirit, they will not fail to see daylight ahead and then biased criticisms will die a natural death. There are bound to be vital changes when ultimately our national affairs are handled by men well-known and respected for their efficient and conscientious achievements, and the merit system given precedence over all other systems.

"I think I have already spoken at a great length. But if my speech has tired you, will you blame the influence of that doctrine which has been the theme of much writing and speaking in these latter days? I mean the advocacy of Sino-American co-operation which is the basic feature of the present gathering. This gathering can only mean one thing, and that is, there is in all of us a strong desire of getting together and striving to see things from each other's standpoint."

America's First Execution By Lethal Gas

A Chinese was the first man executed in the United States by lethal gas, a form of capital punishment recently legalised by the state of Nevada. The following Associated Press account was printed in American newspapers.

Carson City, Nev. Feb. 8.—Lethal gas as a form of capital punishment was used for the first time here today when Gee Jon, Chinese, convicted of killing a rival tongman, was put to death.

Physicians and scientists who attended the execution were unanimous in pronouncing it a swift, painless method. Several of them said they considered it the most merciful form yet devised, less grewsome than hanging, entailing less suffering than shooting or beheading or any of the other traditional ways of execution.

Some of the physicians and prison officials expressed before the execution considerable apprehension about the safety of the witnesses, who stood just outside a glass window, on the other side of which the condemned man sat strapped in a chair in the stone death chamber in the prison yard. But the witnesses were not affected by the gas, though the faint musty odor of it was plain to those standing close. It was believed that the gas issued from cracks in the building so small that they could not be discerned when the effort was made to make the place airtight.

GOVERNOR IS SILENT

Governor J. G. Scrugham refused to discuss lethal gas as a form of execution. It was by his vote, thirteen hours before the execution, that the state pardon board commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of Thomas Russell, who also had been condemend to die this morning. The crime for which Russell was convicted, the murder of an Indian girl, had no connection with the case of Gee Jon.

Gee Jon, who had been extremely nervous and restless as the days brought him nearer the time when he would be the means of testing a new form of execution, seemed to brace himself last night. He slept for a time. He ate ham and eggs for breakfast. His attorneys had said he had become insane through fear of the gas. He was interviewed yesterday by newspaper men and refused to discuss gas other than to admit, "Yes, me savvy gas." Though he had lived in San Francisco's Chinatown many years, he had absorbed little of American ways; he was thoroughly Chinese, and seemed to understand little English.

JON A GUNMAN

It was charged that Jon was a gunman, hired by a tong to go to Mina, Nev., and shoot down an aged laundryman who happened to belong to a hostile tong. The shooting was on August 27, 1921, and the defense attorneys, backed, it was said, by many friends of Gee Jon in San Francisco, used every legal means to stay the execution. Two futile appeals were made to the supreme court of the United States, before which the argument was made that lethal gas was a cruel form of death.

About 9:35 o'clock this morning Gee Jon was led by two guards to the death chamber. He walked firmly. He had no comment to make. When the guards were strapping him in the death chair, he began to weep softly.

"Buck up, Jon, you've got to die," said one of the guards, and the Chinese displayed no further emotion. His face was impassive.

GAS IS RELEASED

The official witnesses all were newspaper men, and as they and the physicians grouped themselves about the window of the cell Gee Jon glanced at them, but without apparent interest. He looked down at the strap about his waist. At 9:40 the lethal drug, liquid hydrocyanic acid, was let into the room through a small hole in the floor. It came as a fine spray and made a hissing sound, faintly audible outside. At the sound the condemned man turned his head. Then he breathed deeply and his head fell forward.

He had been placed facing the spectators, and his expression remained placid. It was largely on this fact that the scientists based their opinion that death had come to him with the first breath of the vaporized acid, and that the movements of his head were but the muscular reactions that frequently follow death.

CAUSES A STIR

Major D. A. Turner of the army medical corps, one of the official physicians, had caused something of a sensation before the execution by announcing that he intended to endeavor, in the interests of science, to revive the Chinese after the gas had been expelled from the room. Warden Denver S. Dickerson did not oppose this experiment, but he left the gas in the chamber for more than half an hour, and he and the chemists in charge of the experiment did not consider it safe for anyone to enter until 12:20. By that time, Major Turner said, it was too late to attempt resuscitation.

The Chinese was not pronounced dead officially until 12:25, when his body had been removed from the death chamber and the physicians had examined it.

While the chamber was being emptied of gas, the warden took the precaution to keep everyone within reach inside the prison walls. The chemists were in the stone compartment next to the execution cell. As the gas floated over the prison roofs it could be smelled plainly.

APPROVES OF METHOD

Later Warden Dickerson said he considered lethal gas a humane form of execution.

"Yet," he added, "the execution involved danger to the spectators. If any one of a number of things had gone wrong others would have died with Gee Jon. Hence it will be necessary, if lethal gas is to supplant other forms of executions, to devise more safe means. This execution was, of course, experimental, and necessarily was crude compared with the perfected method that could be used."

HOW FAR CAN A GIRL GO?

She smoked cigarettes. She drank. She went to petting parties. She led the pace of the gayest life in the gayest of society.

And yet she claimed to be respectable. The men liked her, but there were certain young men who were not seeking her as a wife.

"Why?" she wondered. "Had she gone too far?"

See

FLAMING YOUTH

To-day at 3 p.m. at 5.30 & 9.15 p.m.

APOLLO THEATRE

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9 O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

The China Press want ads OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

SHANGHAI OPTICAL CO., Refracting—Manufacturing IF YOU CANNOT SEE WELL CONSULT US 393 Nanking Rd., Opposite Sincere Co. 上海公司眼鏡專家

THE CHINA ARTS TRADING CO. Manufacturers and Exporters of Mah Jong Sets, Excellent Lacquer Mah Jong Boxes and Racks to Match, Carved Wooden Wares and other Chinese Dominoes. Wholesale and Retail at most Moderate Price 88 Szechuen Road, opposite Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

We thank the many patrons of our WATCH REPAIR DEPARTMENT who have voiced their appreciation of the services given since the arrival of our foreign watchmaker, and installation of modern machinery and equipment

HEACOCK & CHEEK

16A, Kiukiang Road (2nd floor) Opposite Cathedral Garden

CODE BOOKS

A B C Code 5th Edition M.	$125.00
A B C Code 5th Edition (Improved.)	$85.00
A B C Code 6th Edition Five-Letter Words	$40.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase Code New Edition	$15.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase Code Pocket Edition	$15.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase Code (Improved.)	$50.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase & Table Code Big Size	$50.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase & Table Code Pocket Ed.	$30.00
Commercial Telegraph & Cable Code with Supplement	$45.00
Commercial Telegraph & Cable Code Pocket Edition	$25.00
General Telegraph Code Five Letter Words	$45.00
Lieber's Standard Code (English) & (French)	$35.00
Peterson's International Banking Code	$40.00
Voller's 12 Figure system	$12.00
Western Union Five-Letter Code	$75.00
Whitelaw's 401 Million Ciphers for private codes	$30.00

For Sale at Chow Tzu Kong Bookseller 111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 3520.

L. LEIBOVICH EUROPEAN TAILOR & FUR DEALER Tel. C. 2317. Zylstra Buildings

We have just received an excellent assortment of material for spring wear.

Ladies ready made overcoats and costumes.

Gent's ready made overcoats.

Prices Reasonable

NOTICE

We beg to notify our Customers, and the General Public, that we have closed our Branch Store at 96 Szechuen Road and to invite all our Clients to call at our MAIN STORE, 27 NANKING ROAD and see our wonderful display of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, URALSTONES, CRYSTAL BEADS, SILVER WARE, and all the latest creations and designs from Paris.

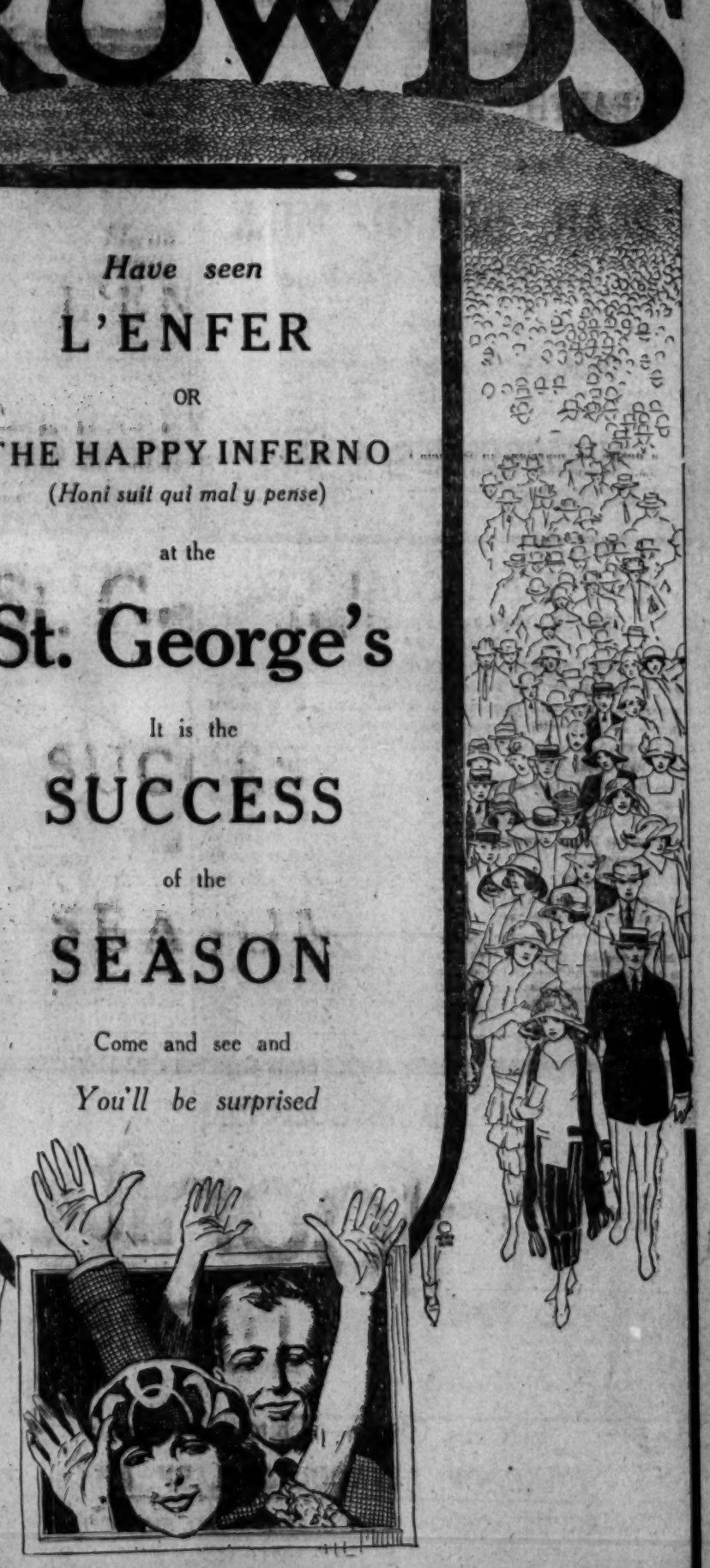
Tel. C. 1913

C 2240 UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE Serves U Right—Day & Night $1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

CROWDS

Have seen L'ENFER OR THE HAPPY INFERNO (Honi suit qui mal y pense) at the St. George's It is the SUCCESS of the SEASON

Come and see and You'll be surprised



ST. GEORGE'S

N. E. NEUWIRT, Manager.

Round The Cinema Houses Of Shanghai

TENSE DRAMA ADDS ZEST TO JAZZY FILM AT THE APOLLO

Tense drama, charming romance, sprightly comedy on a background of "Flapperism" and "Jazz."

This is the picture which is painted by "Flaming Youth," a startling First National photo-drama which opens tonight at the Apollo Theater.

The play can, in a way, be considered an expose of modern society life and yet it is more than that for it tells an absorbing dramatic and romantic story, centering for the most part around a young girl who is brought up in an atmosphere of unconventional frivolity.

Brought up in such an environment it was natural that Patricia Fentriss, the youngest daughter of the Fentriss menage, should look upon love and marriage in the same light as the unconventional merrymakers with whom she was constantly thrown.

Love was but a superficial passion and marriage only a matter of form. So reasoned Patricia Fentriss and she laid her course accordingly. From one affair to the other she leaps with amazing rapidity. She plays with fire and glories in the discomfort of her "victims" and then she meets real love.

But real love does not awaken a desire for marriage in Patricia, who reasons that marriage destroys love and romance and points to the matrimonial failures of her set as proof, but, of course, the girl is wrong and she comes to a realisation of this after passing through a number of experiences which could be expected to come to a girl who reasoned as Patricia Fentriss did.

One of the big dramatic incidents of the picture is when the girl finds herself trapped on a yacht, and at the mercy of one of her admirers to whom she had been attracted because, like herself, he sought life unrestrained by laws or conventions.

Brought to a vivid consciousness of his purpose, the girl battles with the man from one end of the vessel to the other, until finally in desperation she leaps over the side of the boat.

Colleen Moore is charming as the naive young adventuress and Milton Sills is admirable in the role of the one lover, among the several admirers, whose love finally restores Patricia to a saner viewpoint of life.

The remainder of the cast, which handled their lesser roles quite as effectively, comprises Elliott Dexter, Myrtle Stedman, Sylvia Breamer, Betty Francisco, Phillips Smalley, Walter McGrail, Ben Lyon and others.

"MY IRISH ROSE" AT THE ISIS

A special production treating of Irish life, directed by David Smith, will be shown at the Isis Theater tomorrow. The production is "My Wild Irish Rose," taken from the famous stage success of Dion Boucicault entitled "The Shaughraun."

Perhaps no land is more in the public eye right now than the new Irish Free State. Few first pages of newspapers fail to carry a story of Ireland these days. "My Wild Irish Rose" should make not only a timely motion picture, but an appealing one, since it is a genial story which will please all possible factions and offend none.

Few plays have enjoyed such popularity in their time as did "The Shaughraun" from the day of its first presentation in the old Drury Lane Theater, London, in 1875. Since that time it has played all over the English speaking world from Australia to Bom-

THOMAS MEIGHAN and MARTHA MANSFIELD in a scene from "CIVILIAN CLOTHES" A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

scenes are laid in Australia. It is a romantic story and a dramatic one, containing a criss cross tangle of a love affair and plenty of exciting plot and counter-plot. Such scenes as the lovers' tryst in the ruins of St. Brigid's Abbey and the ambush in the gate tower after David Smith a fine opportunity to show his genius as a man who makes motion pictures pictorially perfect.

"CIVILIAN CLOTHES" AT THE ISIS

Some unique theatrical history has been made by "Civilian Clothes," the stage play from which Thomas Meighan's First Paramount picture was adapted. The play opened in New York in the fall of 1919 with Thurston Hall and Olive Tell in the leading roles. It had an unusually successful run, but after several months had to be taken on the road in fulfillment of previously made contracts. Making a profitable journey across the country, "Civilian Clothes" finally reached Los Angeles. Its unprecedented run in the California city led the producers to believe that New Yorkers hadn't seen anywhere near enough of it, and in the summer of 1920 it returned for a second Broadway run, this time with William Courtenay in the leading part.

The photoplay version of "Civilian Clothes" is said to be no less attractive than the stage version. Thomas Meighan is congenially cast as the virile overseas captain who marries a society girl and returns home in civilian clothes, only to be snubbed by the wife. The manner in which he converts her to democracy is amusing.

HAS THE WORLD GONE MAD!

Exposing the whims and foibles of modern civilisation to the searching X-Ray of his own clean-cut understanding, Daniel Carson Goodman, famous author and producer, deals crushing blows to the superficialities and conceits of the present generation in his latest and greatest modern screen drama, "Has the World Gone Mad!" It is to be shown shortly for the first time at the Olympic Theater.

Across the screen pass in review all the time-warped creatures who have come to play an important role in modern life. There is the wife and mother, beyond forty, who craves one last wild fling of romance and gets into trouble. There is the husband and father who, at the same dangerous age, skirts the rim of many pitfalls. There is the son of one family and the daughter of another involved in entanglements of the heart. And with these characters Mr. Goodman tell his stupendously moving story of the soul of the world today.

Scenes of stupendous grandeur and luxury provide a strikingly magnificent background for this stunningly dramatic photoplay.

The ballroom scene, in which a slice of the tinseled life of New York's Great White Way is shown, is one of the most fascinating episodes of this character ever flung upon the screen.

The feature of this exceptional scene is the "Ascending Staircase"—the "Staircase that goes to Heaven," as it is called by the blase round-the-towners and the spendthrifts who keep the wine flowing, the jazz bands booming their raucous melody.

Goodman, the producer, reveals his best mood in this stirring scene. Sleek men and sleeker women occupy the tables. High up on the gilded balcony is a violinist, sending forth eery notes to which an exquisite young dancer sways her supple body.

Here, indeed, is a vivid picture of New York life. All the tinsel and superficiality of the night crowd and the dance palaces where Jazz is King—Long live the King!

One of the most stunningly emotional episodes of the entire production takes place within the gaudy confines of this palace of pleasure. The scene mounts swiftly to a stupendous climax, splendidly developed by Daniel Carson Goodman, the producer.

In the superb cast assembled for the production are such noted stars as Mary Alden, Charles Richman, Robert Edeson, Vincent Coleman, Elinor Fair, Hedda Hopper and others. J. Searle Dawley directed with distinction. The production is distributed by Equity Pictures.

"WHERE IS MY WANDERING BOY TONIGHT?"

"Where Is My Wandering Boy Tonight," the melodramatic offering that comes shortly to the Victoria Theater, promises an unusual treat for lovers of homely drama that gets under the skin. It is a splendidly photographed production and tells a story that touches every human heart and does it in a way to grip the interest and hold it in its clutch to the last flicker of the picture. "Where Is My Wandering Boy Tonight," as one can conjecture from this sentimental title, has heart interest in abundance. And the strain on the feelings is lightened at times by situations calling for quiet chuckles rather than laughter.

The dominating note is simplicity. Three of the four principals are small-town folks—the mother, her son and the latter's sweetheart—and the two former live in a cottage. The sweetheart is the employee of the town's big business man—grocer and banker combined. The fourth member of the quartet is a girl of the show in the city. In the situations revolving around the Boy and the Show Girl there are flashes of Broadway life as it was in the old days—of a cabaret, with dancing girls and clinking glasses and riotous mirth.

The acting opportunities lay within the quartet outlined. Virginia True Boardman is the Mother, and it is a fine and a feeling characterisation she gives us of a role containing pitfalls. She will reach the heart of the boy and of the man. Gullen Landis is the Boy, Garry Beecher, and gives a strong performance. His role is that of a lad in love with a girl in his own town but also fascinated by the visiting show girl. Later he goes to the city to see her. It is then he learns that without means he cannot arouse her interest. He returns home and robs the bank. When his funds are gone he is discarded. He turns about and goes straight, refunding bit by bit the money he has stolen. The transformation is sudden; we are not permitted to see the struggle that brings about the change in spirit.

Ruth "Patsy" Miller is a charming Lorna Owens, the village sweetheart of the Boy. She carries with honor the role of fellow-sufferer with the Mother and wins a large measure of sympathy. Kathleen Key has the harder and unpopular part of the cold-blooded show girl without redeeming qualities—and carries it through with splendid finesse.

All in all this new picture will warm the cockles of your heart for it runs the entire gamut of human emotions, with thrills, tears and laughter.

"ENEMIES OF WOMEN" AT THE CARLTON TOMORROW NIGHT

"Enemies of Women" lives fully up to its promise. Vicente Blasco Ibanez wrote a novel which reveals the inner life of the blase nobleman and sensuous European society woman of before the war, and which shows how the blasting fire of the great conflict cleansed even the soul of these parasites of society. Cosmopolitan produced the picture by spending money lavishly, by sending an entire company to Paris and Monte Carlo to make exterior scenes—imagine going on location to Monte Carlo! And the best possible actors, a director as capable as Alan Crosland and a scenic artist of the fame of Joseph Urban were engaged to give life to the Ibanez story.

This they have done to the best of their ability. The result is a picture appealing to the eye, fascinating because of its splendor when it is not thrilling.

Lionel Barrymore, as the decadent Russian Prince, who forms a group of men pledged to hate women and to use them only

(Continued on Page 24)

THE UNTOUCHED MEAL.

Many people starve although they have ample food on the table; they simply cannot eat. Loss of appetite is a sign of the trouble that sooner or later reveals itself as Indigestion or Nervous Dyspepsia, with low spirits and many other distressing symptoms.

Beware of loss of appetite. Long continued exhaustion is bound to produce serious debility.

The secret of keeping well is to keep up the quality of your blood; for this there is no better medicine than Dr. William' Pink Pills. By enriching the blood, these pills supply strength to the enfeebled digestive organs, and enable them to digest the food eaten. Sufferers from Indigestion and Nervous Dyspepsia will do well to take

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS,

the Blood and Nerve Tonic which has been world-famous for over thirty years.

Obtainable from medicine vendors everywhere, or post free, $1.50 per bottle, $8 for 6 bottles, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

HOW FAR CAN A GIRL GO?

She smoked cigarettes. She drank. She went to petting parties. She led the pace of the gayest life in the gayest of society.

And yet she claimed to be respectable. The men liked her, but there were certain young men who were not seeking her as a wife.

"Why?" she wondered. "Had she gone too far?"

See

FLAMING YOUTH

To-day at 3 p.m. at 5.30 & 9.15 p.m.

APOLLO THEATRE

MUMM CAFE

PRESENTS THE

STRONNY BALLET Co.

IN A COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

ALSO

ZOYA VINOGRADOVA

AND

Tanya Kazanskaya

IN A DANCE DRAMA THAT'S DIFFERENT

AND

ZAZA and SUSIE

IN CHARACTER DANCES

A REAL, LIVELY SHOW

WITH

No Charge for Admission

MUMM CAFE

25 Route Chu Pao San Tel. C. 4631

COMING SHORTLY TO THE OLYMPIC THEATRE

The Photodramatic Gem of 1923 Daniel Carson Goodman's Masterpicture

HAS THE WORLD GONE MAD

Extravagance! Folly! Broken Hearts! Twisted Souls!

HOW long can we play the mad game? How long can we maintain the withering pace of jazz, joy and recklessness. How long shall we be blind to the abyss toward which we are driven by the empty follies and tinseled shams of this, the delirious age of civilization? Are we a nation of self-indulgent lunatics swept off our feet by an unreasoning pursuit of hollow pleasure?

See the Ruthless X-Ray of Modern Society!

SOCIETY grown haggard by the terrific pace—jaded by unbridled excesses—swept blindly onward to God knows where by the very forces of sham and deceit and folly that sent the grandeur of ancient Rome crashing into the dust of forgotten ages—that hurled great kingdoms into destruction—that drove dynasties into oblivion. See it all in this inspiring and prophetic screen document.

See It! Study It! Drink It Deep Into Your Heart and Soul!

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9. O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

Round The Cinema Houses Of Shanghai

(Continued from Page 23)

for base purposes, creates a screen role which is deeply artistic. Alma Rubens is beautiful

Colleen Moore and Milton Sills in "Flaming Youth."

as the exotic Duchess de Lille and she acts better than at any other time in her career. The remainder of the cast glitters with names, Pedro de Cordoba, Gareth Hughes, Gladys Hulette, William H. Thompson, William Collier Jr., Paul Panzer, and the famous beauty chorus of the Ziegfeld Follies. And all plan up the opportunities offered them especially Mr. Panzer, who fights a breath-taking duel with Mr. Barrymore, and Mr. Collier, who is engagingly sincere in a role which fits him perfectly.

"Enemies of Women" is thoroughly European in atmosphere. There is no pretense in it. Its characters are held up to the mirror of the camera as examples of the inbreeding of the Old World's wealth and nobility. They aren't nice, these men and women. They require a catastrophe such as the war to awaken them to their responsibilities. But they form the basis of a fascinating screen story one that is always eye-filling and seldom dull. Even the war shots will jolt a public fed on news reels for four heart-breaking years.

Cabinet Considers Soviet Recognition

Peking, March 5.—Yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet did not discuss the Russian question as was expected. According to the Chinese press the Soviet Representative has agreed to withdraw the Red troops from Outer Mongolia and an agreement has also been reached regarding the Chinese Eastern Railway, that is, China may redeem it by paying an adequate price. Dr. C. T. Wang had submitted memoranda regarding his negotiations with Mr. Karakhan to the President, the Cabinet, the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Communications. If the Government makes its final decision the recognition of Soviet Russia will be announced in a few days. The following points are said to have been agreed upon by Dr. C. T. Wang and Mr. Karakhan:

(1) The territory and sovereignty of Mongolia shall remain as an integral part of the Chinese Republic but Russia shall assume no responsibility for the independence or any independence movement undertaken by Mongolia.

(2) Russia shall withdraw her garrison from Mongolia in a specified time.

(3) Neither party shall carry on propaganda in the territory of the other.

(4) China shall not support the activities of the White Russians in Chinese territory.

(5) The question of navigation on the Sungari and Heilungkiang Rivers shall be settled on the basis of equality.

(6) A commercial treaty shall be concluded between the two countries mutually accepting the Most Favored Nation clause.

(7) The Customs question shall be settled in accordance with the commercial treaty, the tariff to be fixed according to international precedents.

(8) Regarding the Customs question between Russia and Mongolia there shall be a special convention.

(9) Russia unconditionally abandons all extraterritorial rights for her citizens in China.

(10) The past credits and debts between China and Russia shall be settled by a special commission.

(11) A special commission shall be organised to examine and make decisions regarding all treaties and agreements concluded between China and Russia before the year 1917.

(12) A Sino-Russian Commission shall be created for frontier demarcation, all such questions to be settled on the basis of reciprocity.

BUSINESS BOOMS IN MUKDEN; CITY IS MODERNISED

Mukden, March 1.—Mukden is rapidly changing its character and losing the old-world aspect it once enjoyed. It is becoming a commercial city. Practically all foreign firms of importance are transferring their head offices from such places as Newchwang and Dairen to the Manchurian capital, leaving the "ports" simply as shipping centers.

Newchwang is indeed to be completely dethroned for the good reason that Mukden is a much better distributing center it will soon have dropped to the level of Macao. Not only the railways are responsible for this great change but also motorcars. All the big foreign firms send their travellers abroad by motorcar now and the Ford Car Manchurian Agent claims that his sales are four cars a day,—a diminutive return in America but big for China. It is quite certain that in years to come the automotive industry and the big oil firms will do a very big business in Manchuria. The Asiatic Petroleum Company has already a remarkable grip on the country and controls 70 percent of the trade.

A military road is being built from Mukden to Shanhaikwan planted with trees during the whole three hundred miles. It will not cost 15 million dollars, or $5000 a mile which is the standard price in China for a metalled roadway, for the good reason that a town and village corvee as in Egypt has been instituted, each township being responsible for the labor and land to be set aside, and receiving only the broken stone and the lime and cement from the government. Within two years it should be possible in the dry season to motor from the Manchurian Capital to the Great Wall in 15 hours.

In Mukden itself the South Manchuria Railway is going to scrap the present Yamato Hotel and build a hundred-room establishment almost alongside the present Miyako Hotel. The Miyako Hotel is probably being acquired by the S. M. R. within a month, and will be run as an annex of the New Hotel. The center of the New Mukden is stealing closer and closer to the model Chinese concessions outside the city walls and the Japanese railway town does not appear to have a great future. Japan in Manchuria seems to be growing smaller. What has done much to ruin her has been the abortive attempt to make gold yen the money of commerce. When the Gold Yen law went into effect into Dairen, Chinese big business simply moved out. The main feature would seem to be the relentless advance of trading China which, in spite of political uncertainty, is steadily marching forward. Mukden is believed to have nearly 3-4 of a million inhabitants and will surely touch the million mark before the end of the present decennium.

It is said that the Russo-Asiatic Bank is going to open here again. It is high time both British and American banks opened here.

No one understands why such institutions as the Hongkong Bank, the International Bank and the Chartered Bank do not look ahead and purchase property and open at least Agencies here. There is sufficient business even now to cover expenses and in five years there will be handsomer profits than Mukden has ever given.

New Hampshire Wants Coolidge

(Exclusive China Press)

Manchester, N.H., March 14.—President Coolidge carried New Hampshire in the Republican primaries held here today and will receive a majority of the votes of the New Hampshire delegation, and probably the entire vote. Eleven candidates pledged to Coolidge were elected and others are said to be favorable to the President.

Two Wounded By Armed Robbers In Native City

A member of the Shanghai and Woosung Constabulary and a servant were shot and wounded by armed robbers during a robbery at the home of a cotton mill owner in the Chinese City on Friday night. Five men entered the house and shot the servant in the abdomen when he attempted to keep them from going upstairs. A boy in the house ran outside for help and returned with a policeman just as the robbers were leaving. The policemen grabbed one of he robbers, but was shot by a companion. One robber was captured by a brass-smith who struck him to the ground with an iron bar. The servant was taken to the Shantung Road Hospital where it is said he will probably die.

MORTON HOSPITAL
Special Attention to Surgical Diagnosis. Radium for Cancer, and Modern Treatment for Diabetes.
1055 PINE STREET, San Francisco, Cal. U.S.A.

C 2240
UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Nigh
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

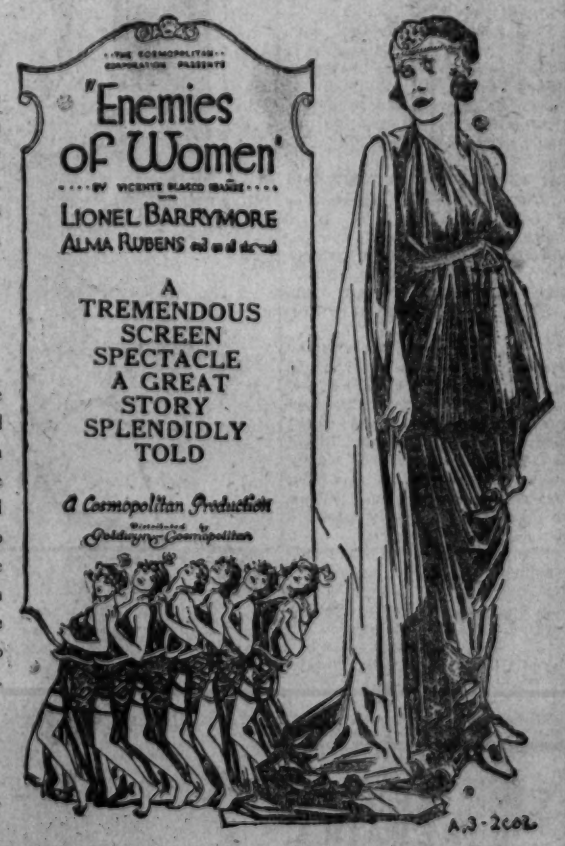
THE FAMOUS FRENCH
BULLE CLOCKS
Ten Years Accuracy Without Winding and Stopping
(Sole Agents)
J. ULLMANN & COMPANY
38 Nanking Road
High Class Jewellers

HOTEL PARISIEN
AND CAFE
CORNER RUE MONTAUBAN AND RUE DU CONSULAT
EVERY ROOM WITH BATH AND SANITARY PLUMBING
DINNER DANSANT EACH EVENING AT 8.30 p.m. IN THE BALL ROOM
The Best COOKING MUSIC SERVICE All Home Comforts
IN THE BALLROOM
THE CHERPINO BALLET Co.
PRESENTS AN
ECCENTRIC BALLET
ENTITLED
"UNLUCKY LOVE"
Kurowsky and Claudia in "Russian Duet Dances"
Madame Knajervitch in "Fantasie Dances"
Miss Cook and Mr. Cherpino in "Brazilian Duet Dances"
Miss Allien in "Scotch Dances"
Miss Claudia and Miss Dora in "Butterfly Dance"
Monday, (St. Patrick's Day) open till 3 a.m.
THE HOTEL PARISIEN STILL HAS THE BEST DANCE ORCHESTRA
AND WILL FEATURE
"SOBBIN' BLUES"
ALL WEEK
For Reservations Phone C. 1824

Last 2 Times Today
EVERY NIGHT 9.15
CARLTON THEATRE
PHONE WEST 3641
Matinee Today 3 p.m.
A Tumult of Dramatic and Emotional Action, Mob Scenes, Sword Fights, Romance and Political Intrigue Set in Massive Picturesque Backgrounds—The Whole Dominated by Norma Talmadge in a love Story of Delicate Charm.

TRIUMPHANT NORMA
In the Greatest Triumph of her Career.
In the full sense of the word a masterpiece—Dwarfing in drama, in romance, and in spectacle Norma Talmadge's magnificent Pictures of the Past
Joseph M. Schenck presents
NORMA TALMADGE
"Ashes of Vengeance"
The crowning achievement of that gifted actress who sways the hearts of men with the same grace and ease she moves a feathered fan.
B. A. T. TRAVELOGUE, showing all the scenic wonders of the ancient city of Moukden
MATINEES: Children 30 cts., 60 cts. Adults 60 cts., $1.00
EVENINGS: 60 cts., $1.00, $1.50. Loge Seats $2.00.

BARGAIN MATINEES DAILY 3 p.m.
Starting Tomorrow
EVERY EVENING 9.15
A Superior Screen Production
A Photoplay of Merit
Russia and the Revolution from the Spectacular Background for the Powerful Drama by the Author of "The Four Horsemen," Staged in Unparalleled Luxury in Pairs, Petrograd, the Riviera and Monte Carlo.
This is one of the most magnificent productions ever made. In order to insure accuracy in the Foreign Scenes, the Entire Company spent six months in Europe, on the original locations described by the author in his famous story.
Monte Carlo,
Its gambling halls, the palace of the prince of Monaco, and the beautiful mountains in the background, provide colorful locations. The actual gambling halls of Monte Carlo are shown in action, for the first time in any motion picture. This is due to the efforts of Senor Ibanez, who gave the Company every aid.
Here's a Good Tip!
Don't Miss This Picture.



MATINEES 3 p.m. Children 30 cts., 60 cts. Adults 60 cts., $1.00.
EVENINGS 9.15 Lower Floor 60 cts., $1.00. Balcony $1.50, $2.00.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

THE YELLOW JACKET
17 Nanking Rd.
Telephone Central 3341
TEA and TIFFIN
A cozy spot for tea and a chat, convenient after shopping and before the ride home.
Wholesome food deliciously prepared.

The China Press Want Ads
OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

Wrigley's Gum
Chew it after every meal

Honeymooners!
Hangchow, among the Hills, Temples and beautiful healthy surroundings, is the right place for you and your wife.
The New Hotel
is fitted with all modern conveniences and is situated on the West Lake
Reservations by telegram or letter to S. K. Tang, Manager

NESTLÉ'S SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE

The China Press
大陸報

LACTOGEN FOR YOUR BABY
The NATURAL-MILK Food

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

Business and Official Notices

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 3228.

HONGKEW PARK

Owing to the public demand for the use of the space available for the playing of games, it has been decided, in lieu of the "First come first served" practice, to call for applications by those desiring playing space, whereafter allocation will be made and notification will be issued as to what arrangements are feasible.

All persons desiring such playing space should form themselves into groups or associations of whom one person shall be considered to be the representative.

Each application should provide the following information in the order given:—

1.—Name of group club or association.
2.—Name of Chairman or President.
3.—Name and address of Secretary.
4.—Number of members.
5.—Space applied for.
6.—Number of months and days per month and approximately the hours during which it is desired to make use of the space applied for.
7.—Whether in case applications outrun the number of playing spaces, the club is willing to share a space with another club playing on alternate days.
8.—Court or Courts used last season.

Applications in writing should be made to Mr. D. MacGregor, Superintendent of Parks and Open Spaces on or before Friday, April 18, 1924, after which date playing spaces will be allotted for the current season.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Acting Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 13, 1924.
66265

No. 3229.

PARKS AND OPEN SPACES SALE OF REFRESHMENTS

The Council is prepared to grant the privilege of selling light refreshments (non-alcoholic) at the various parks and Gardens from May 1 to October 31, 1924. Those wishing to avail themselves of this privilege should submit tariff of prices it is proposed to charge, to the undersigned not later than 11 a.m. on Thursday, March 27.

Particulars of the conditions to be observed by the caterer in the carrying out of this concession may be obtained on application at the Public Works Department.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Acting Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 13, 1924.
66265

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the owner's duplicate copy of United States Consular Paoshan Title Deed No. 175, in the name of S. P. Barchet, now deceased, has been declared to be lost or stolen, the original owner's copy having been found, and that application will be made to the United States Consulate General at Shanghai for the cancellation of the duplicate Title Deed at the expiration of three months from this date.

DAVIES & BRYAN,
Attorneys for Beneficial Owner.
Dated: March 6, 1924.
66113

Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS

The following are the new rates which will come into force on the 1st April next by virtue of the agreements entered into with the French Municipal Council:

Maintenance of Water, Electric Light and Electric Heating meters—free of charge
Water—Tls. 0.0875 per cubic meter
Electric Light—Tls. 0.13 per kilowatt-hour
Electric Heating—Tls. 0.06 per kilowatt-hour (dating as from 1st January, 1924)
Lifts with rotary converter—Tls. 0.06 per kilowatt-hour
Lifts without rotary converter—Tls. 0.13 per kilowatt-hour
66266

TO LET.

Ground floor, of No. 24 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Especially suitable for office or machinery show room.

Apply to
The Ben Buildings Co.
Maurice Benjamin, Proprietor,
Ben Building.

Cercle Sportif Francais

The annual general meeting of the Members of the CERCLE SPORTIF FRANCAIS will be held in the Club house on Saturday, 5th April, at 5 p.m.

Members desirous of bringing forward a Resolution on any special matter should send the same in writing to the Secretary at least eight days before the Meeting.—Members wishing to be elected to a Committee are requested to send in there names to the Secretary before the 1st April and to mention the Committee which they wish to join.

By order of the Committee,
H. BERTHELOT,
Secretary.
66335 M 19

Patton's Sunproof Outside Paints

VELUMINA
"The Oil Flat Wall Paint"
IRONHIDE
"The Great Rust Preventive"
AUTO GLOSS FINISH
"High Grade Auto Enamel"
FLORIDE ENAMEL
"Floor Enamel in Colors"
PITCAIRN'S VARNISHES
"A Varnish For Every Purpose"
WOOD STAINS
TECTOR
"The Universal Undercoater"
MUNN'S CALCIMINES
RENNOUS-KLEINLE PAINT BRUSHES

Painting Contracts Undertaken, Using These Materials, By
The Continental Woodworking & Painting Co., Ltd.
For sale by
The Fearon Daniel Co.
Sole Agents for China
5 Szechuen Road. Tel. 1944
66313 M 16

S.S. "President Grant" from Manila and Hongkong

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of ship's damaged cargo ex the s.s. "President Grant" will be held at the China Merchants Eastern Wharf on Monday, March 17, at 10:00 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler, Reeves and Murphy, Marine Surveyors will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, AGENTS.
66338 M 16

S.S. "Ravenrock" from Antwerp

An examination of damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be held at The Kaiyosha Yangtze Wharf, Pootung at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, 19th March, 1924, when Messrs. Carmichael, Lennox and Gray will be in attendance.
66337 M 19

Dr. Suming Zing, Dentist

Artificial Teeth made by modern method. Deformed Teeth extracted without pain, and Dental Diseases guaranteed cured.
Office hours 10 a.m.—6 p.m.
Office 73 Nanking Road,
Phone C. 2137.

DR. R. HOLPER, M.D.
French University
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY & SKIN DISEASES.
Office Hours: 11-1 & 4-6
or by appointment. Tel. C. 734
15 NANKING ROAD
(Amer-Oriental Bank Building)
65475

NOTICE

We, the undersigned, have this day been appointed sole agents for the Far East for the BIOGENE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa., for the sale of their preparation BIOGENE. (A patent medicine indicated in Tuberculosis, Anaemia and General Debility).

The Biogene Medicine Co. of China, Inc.
Head Office:
6, Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Shanghai, China
Tel. C. 2061
66272 M 18

Cercle Sportif Francais

FANCY DRESS MASKED BALL

The Committee beg to inform all Members of the C. S. F. that a Fancy Dress Ball will take place on Saturday, 22nd March, at 10 o'clock p.m.

Admission will only be granted to those wearing disguised dresses.

At midnight there will be a march past, and prizes will be given for the best costumes (Ladies and Gentlemen) and best groups. After march past, all masks to be removed.

Applications for tickets for members and guests should be sent in to the Secretary on or before the 21st March, 1924.

ENTRANCE FEE $3.00
COLD BUFFET $1.00

P. S. Admission cards will be required at the door.

THE COMMITTEE
66267 M 22

NOTICE
The Young Lee Company
25 Jinkee Road

The drawing for the prizes in connection with the Flyoran Campaign will take place on March 20th, at 3 p.m., on the first floor of Eddie's Cafe, by kind permission of the Proprietor and Manager.

Those dealers holding coupons for which they have not as yet received certificates from the above Company are requested to do so before March 18th.
66258 M 16

Mr. & Mrs. J. H. Botelho

P. P. C.

EWO PRODUCE GODOWN

Godown Order No. 548, dated 17th August, 1920, covering 78 Cases, said to contain Dried Whole Egg, issued to Messrs. Runjy Shaw.

NOTICE is hereby given that if Storage and all other charges are not paid on or before the 14th April, 1924, the lot will be sold by Public Auction for account of the undersigned.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Shanghai, 14th March, 1924.
66255 A 5

Registration for Servants

If you require reliable and honest servants, please consult, phone or write us, and we guarantee to give you good service.

HONGKEW EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
789 Woosung Road
Tel. N. 2813 66244 M 16

Dr. A. H. SWAN, of the firm of Hiltner and Swan, announces change of Office Telephone to Cent. 3886. Residence telephone at 82 Route de Say Zoong W. 3916.
66018 M 16

Great Spring Sale

by China Trunk Emporium, corner of Nanking and Thibet Roads (*not the new small shop; but the 4-roomed one, please note*) of

Wardrobe Trunks

Steamer and cabin trunks, made of 7 and 4 ply wood &c., and covered with fibre, leather, & sheet-steel, and guaranteed indistructible. They are

Lighter, Stronger & Cheaper

than hitherto procurable; also genuine leather trunks, suit cases, handbags, hat cases &c., of quality. Inspection invited. Tel. C. 612.

REMEMBER THE ROYAL

$205.00 (Special Prices to Schools and Missions)

Sole Agents for CHINA THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO SHANGHAI

To CHUNGKING
Via
Hankow and Ichang
S.S. "Robert Dollar II"
Sails Daylight April 2nd

This vessel is one of the most comfortable operating in the Upper Yangtse with an excellent cuisine.

A GREAT TRIP
Through the Wonderful Yangtze Gorges

FOR FREIGHT RATES
Apply Robert Dollar Co.
No. 3 Canton Rd.
Tels. C. 6371, 6372, 6373 & 6374

FOR PASSAGE RATES
Apply Dollar S.S. Lines
29 Nanking Rd. Tel. C. 6373
American Express Co.
Robert Dollar Co.
No. 3 Canton Rd.
Tels. C. 6371, 6372, 6373, 6374, 6375.

MADAME ALEXANDRA
17 NANKING ROAD

WE HAVE REMOVED FROM THE BEJONJEE STORE AND ARE NOW SHOWING

PARIS MODEL HATS

Drop in on Monday and see them

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

On and after the 15th March our offices will be moved to No. 2 Kiukiang Road.

WHITE & CO.
TELEPHONES:
Office: C2760 and C4782 Exchange: C5044 and C 5045

Continuance of Sale

Exceptional Bargains in
Dresses, Hats and Gloves
MAHRIAH'S Ltd.
6 Broadway.
66230 M 16

Business and Official Notices

TSINGTAO

IF YOU WISH to spend your holidays in Tsingtao, or to pass the whole bathing season in that delightful place, or if you prefer the beautiful Laushan Mountains, we can recommend you rooms with or without board at moderate rates. For full particulars apply to:

P. O. Box 220.
TSINGTAO

NOTICE

The Universal Motor Repair Co.
No. 24 Dent Road

Is now under the managership of J. W. Doyle. All bills from the above date will be paid by J. W. Doyle.

Shanghai, March 13, 1924.
66229 M 18

Cercle Sportif Francais

On Thursday, 20th March, 1924 at 9.15 p.m. sharp
Theatrical Performance of
"LE VERTIGE"
Play in four acts by Ch. Mere.
Dancing afterwards

Tickets $3.00 for Members and their friends only can only be obtained through Members.

Booking opened at the Cercle Sportif Francais on the 3rd of March, 1924.
65987 M 20

The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders of The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited, will be held at The Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street, Hongkong, on Saturday the 22nd March, 1924, at 11.30 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of accounts and the report of the Board of Directors for the year ended the 31st December 1923, confirming the appointment of Directors, and re-electing a Director and the Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Friday the 14th March, 1924 until Saturday the 22nd March, 1924, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PERCY H. SUCKLING,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 6th March, 1924.

INVEST in YOUR GOOD APPEARANCE

and begin with your hat—it pays. No one who expects to succeed nowadays can afford to look shabby.

You can keep your hats looking NEW and fresh always: when they are soiled or out of shape, send them to me to be RENOVATED by Special processes.

Telephone N. 527
LA UNION. Hat Renovators
V. D. Aiobog, Mgr.
3206 Haining Road, Near Corner of Chapoo Road

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment

in connection with
High Class Restaurant
SUKIYAKI a specialty
10 Seward Road Tel. No. 3258
PROF. J. K. SETO. PROP.

NOTICE

For the convenience of our Frenchtown customers, we are opening a new branch at 375-D Avenue Joffre about March 15, 1924, where a full line of candies and bakery goods will be kept.

CHOCOLATE SHOP
AND
BAKE RITE BAKERY
66230 M 19

The China Press Want Ads OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

Spend Week-End on River.

For hire on Tsien Tang River at Hangchow foreign houseboat fully equipped for three. You step straight off train into boat. Write Lee Tsung Shing, Zahkow, Hangchow.
65520 M 24

Mme. Lohmann
Massage

Violet Rays, Injections and Vaccination. Hours 11-2. 4-6½. 573 Nanking Road, opposite American Drug Co. Tel. C. 178. Residence Avenue Joffre 301 D. Tel. W. 4205.
66040 A 10

Great Cheap Sale

From March 2nd to 16th.
Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles,
Soaps, Perfumes, Drugs, etc., etc. at remarkably low prices.
Also Doctor's Prescriptions filled out by Qualified dispenser.

The Warder Dispensary
Corner of Woochang & Seward Roads.
Tel. N. 2729
65979 M 16

DR. J. PODPAERA, M. D.
SPECIALIST in female diseases, internal diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Hours from 12-1 a.m. 4-6 p.m. except Saturday and holidays, 14 Kiukiang Road, Ezra Building, above China Press. Tel. C. 484.
66313 A 2

OFFICES TO LET
IN THE
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to Messrs. ALGAR & Co., Ltd.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.
64808

NOTICE
SIN WAN PAO CO.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Company's Office, 19 Hankow Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, March 20th, 1924, at 5 p.m.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. L. COWEN
Secretary.
65642

NOTICE
THE NANYANG BROTHERS TOBACCO CO., LTD.

Consequent upon the death of the late Mr. Kan Chiu Nam, President of this Company, who died on the 28th day of October, 1923, (being the 19th day of the 9th moon), any person holding contracts or other documents purporting to bear the signature of the deceased as President and on behalf of the Company, is requested to produce such contracts and other documents at the Head Office of the Company, 20 Seward Road, Shanghai, within three months from the date of this notice, for verification and countersignature by the Vice-President AND NOTICE is also given that any such contracts and other documents which are not so produced, verified and countersigned are liable to repudiation by the Company in the event of any subsequent dispute.

By Order of the Board of Directors of the Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Company, Limited,
HSU CHIU YUEN,
KUM PEK SAN,
Secretaries.
Shanghai, 15th January, 1924.

Wharfage and Landing Charges

This is to notify all concerned that on and after June 1st, 1924, the WHARFAGE, LANDING, and DELIVERY CHARGES, as printed on the present Tariff, dated January 1st, 1922, will be increased by 20%,—instead of the present 10% as printed on the front of the Tariff.

A special rebate of 15% will be allowed at the Pootung Wharves on the increased Tariff.

China Merchants' Lower, Central, Eastern, and Yangkadu Wharves, Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co's Hongkew, Old Ningpo, and Pootung Wharves.

March 1st, 1924.
65860

LADY DOCTOR R. R. IMMERMAN, M. D.,
begs to announce the opening of her private maternity home, 142 Bubbling Well Road, Tel. West 1561. Inquiries at Doctor's office, 16, Nanking Road, Tel. Central 1669, and at the Maternity Home from Doctor's assistant Midwife, Mrs. Conde Rengarten.
66153 A 3

PHYTIN "Ciba"

(Society of Chem. Industry in Basle, Switzerland)

was introduced into medical science by Prof. Gilbert of the University of Paris, and is an extract of vegetable seeds, producing a rapid increase of weight, appetite and strength. It restores the normal vitality of the organism and increases its resistance against disease, by virtue of its nerve-nourishing and energy-producing qualities.

Packed in bottles of 4° tabl. and obtainable at
THE AMERICAN DRUG CO.
and other leading dispensaries.

DOCTOR HELFENSTEIN M.D.
34 Nanking Road, Tel. C. 7093
SPECIALIST in venereal, urinary, female, skin, internal diseases and sex disorders. Office hours: 10-1 and 4-7 or by appointment.

Before Sending Cargo to the Auction

let us have an opportunity to make you an offer for it and show you what our selling service can do for you.

SHANGHAI GENERAL CARGO DEALERS,
35 Canton Road.
65805 A 25

No. 71

No other Medicated Throat Pastille has such a hold upon the public. At the first sign of soreness or irritation relieve your throat with a "No: 71." Keep a box in the house. Your Chemist stocks "Allenburys" No: 71.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

MISS MANSON
NEW YORK CITY
DANCING
PRIVATE LESSONS
24 Nanking Road Tel. C. 2035
65970

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated in England by Royal Charter 1853

Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Fund £3,000,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund

Court of Directors
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner Chairman.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.,
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
The Right Honourable Sir John Newell Jordan, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., K.C.B.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq., M.P.
James Maxwell Grant Proppit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace Esq.
Colin Frederick Campbell, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The Midland Bank Limited.
Westminster Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star	Haiphong	Peking
(Kedah)	Hongkong	Penang
Amritsar	Hollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Samarang
Calcutta	Kobe	Seremban
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cawnpore	Madras	Singapore
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	Tavoy
Hankow	Zamboanga	Tientsin
		Yokohama

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travellers' Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking business undertaken.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

銀行業匯比華

The Chekiang Industrial Bank Ltd.

Established 1903
(Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association)

Capital $2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 420,000.00

Head Office: 14 Hankow Road. Shanghai.
Branches: Hankow and Hangchow.
Domestic Agencies:
In the principal cities throughout China.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong.
Banking Department, Foreign Department and Savings Department.

LI MING,
General Manager

Tel. C. 7130, Manager's Office,
C. 7131 to 7124, General Office
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK," Shanghai.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger S. A.

(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed)	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	24,000,000

Head office: Brussels
Branches and Agencies at:
LONDON, PARIS, NEW YORK, BUCHAREST, BRAILA, COLOGNE CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA, PEKING, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW.

Allied Banks:
BANCO DE CARTAGENA, MADRID, with Branches in SPAIN and MOROCCO
WIENER BANK-VEREIN, VIENNA, with Branches in AUSTRIA, HUNGARIA, ITALY (TYROL), YUGOSLAVIA, POLAND and RUMANIA
ALLGEMEINER BOEHMISCHER BANK-VEREIN, PRAGUE, with Branches in CZECHO-SLOVAKIA
BANQUE FRANCO-BELGE DE BULGARIE S. A., SOFIA.
LANDESBANK FUER BOSNIEN-UND HERCEGOVINA, SERAJEVO, with Branches in YUGOSLAVIA.

Correspondents in all parts of the world.
Every description of banking business transacted.

A. DONNAY,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Issued & fully paid-up .. $30,000,000

Reserve Fund:—
Sterling ..... £ 4,500,000
Silver $24,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang, Chairman.
D. C. M. Bernard, Esq. Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
W. L. Paltenden Esq.
J. A Plummer Esq.
J. P. Warren, Esq.
N. L. Watson, Esq.
W. P. White, Esq.
CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong:
Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Peking
Bangkok	Hollo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Chefoo	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Sungei-Patani
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Haiphong	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hamburg	New York	V'divostock
Hankow	Yokohama	

London Bankers:
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Bordreau
London Office:
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpment du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Chanchun	Harbin	Shanghai
Chefoo	Hongkong	Peking
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
Hailar	Kashgar	Yokohama
Hankow	Newchwang	Urumtchi

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.

L. Jesierski.
P. Petithuguenin.
Ch. Bleuler.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made a National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1911 and October 31st, 1915).

Capital: Dollars 20,000,000.00
President: Hon. Mr. Chang Chien.
Vice-President: Mr. Chien Yung-Ming.
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Credit granted on approved securities. Special Facilities for Transfers to all parts of China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH:
14 The Bund
Shen Chu Hsu Manager.
T. D. Woo, Sub-Manager.
S. T. Huang, Sub-Manager.
S. Y. Yuan, Sub-Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.
Not more than $300 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.
Interest at the rate of 3½ % per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.
The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.
Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transaction will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
OFFICE HOURS. 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays 10 a.m to noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Ltd.

Incorporated 1912.
Capital Authorised ..£1,200,000-0-0
Capital Paid-up £1,076,315-0-0
Reserve Fund H. K. $ 500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 4 Des Voeux Road Central Hongkong.

BRANCHES:
Shanghai, New York, Canton, Hankow and Bangkok.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 1 and 3 Ningpo Road.

AGENCIES:

Honolulu	S. Francisco	Kobe
London	Sourabaya	Batavia
Manila	Singapore	Canada
Yokohama	Samarang	etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of banking and Exchange business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Savings deposits are cordially invited. Favorable terms are given. Accounts will be kept in Dollars or Taels, at depositors option.

WONG WEN KUANG,
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Authorised Capital $10,000,000 00
Paid-up Capital ..... $ 7,500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
EXECUTIVE OFFICE:
SHANGHAI
BRANCHES:

PEKING	SHANGHAI
TSINAN	HARBIN
HANKOW	SHIHKIACHWANG
TIENTSIN	

Correspondents throughout the World including the Interior of China.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
11A Nanking Road
Telegraphic Address:
"Sinambank" Shanghai
Codes Used:
Bentley's Complete Phrase
Western Union Code
Whiteaway's 461 Millions Code

Transacting a General Banking Business, Issuing Drafts and Making Telegraphic Transfers, Buying and Selling Foreign Exchange, Issuing Commercial and Circular Letters of Credit, Allowing Interest on Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts, and Savings Accounts

YOUR BANKING BUSINESS SOLICITED

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Subscribed Capital .. 75,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1-6-20) 68,500,000.00
HEAD OFFICE:
No. 96 Boulevard Haussmann Paris.

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Hanoi	Tourane
Haiphong	Hankow	Tientsin
Peking	Canton	Mengtze
Hongkong	Pondichery	Bangkok
Singapore	Shanghai	Noumea
Papeete	Djibouti	Yunnanfu
Pnom-Penh	Battambang	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAYA,

International Banking Corporation

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
U. S. $10,000,000.00
Owned by the National City Bank of New York

HEAD OFFICE:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
LONDON OFFICE:
18 BISHOPSGATE, E. C.

BRANCHES

Barcelona	Manila
Batavia	Panama
Bombay	Peking
Calcutta	Rangoon
Canton	San Francisco
Cebu	Santo Domingo
Colon	Shanghai
Dairen	Singapore
Hankow	Sourabaya
Harbin	Tientsin
Hongkong	Tokio
Kobe	Yokohama
Madrid	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

We are also able to offer our Customers the service of the Branches of the National City Bank of New York in the principal countries of Europe, South America and in the West Indies.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1950

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $19,760,100.00
Reserve Fund $ 6,033,345.41

Head Office: Peking
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

etc., etc., etc.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
22 The Bund

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(*Netherlands Trading Society*)
Established 1824

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 18,769,181 (about £1,647,432)
Special Reserve: Guilders 32,669,000 (about £1,888,333).

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongan
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Samarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerakarta
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Tegal
Makassar	Tjilatjap
Medan	Weltevreden
Padang	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1916)

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund $290,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH
27 Jinkee Road
Telegraphic Address "CHUNGFOO"
C. 1929 Manager's Office.
C. 6463)
Telephone Numbers .... C. 6469) General Office.
C. 6470)
C. 5620 T. T. Department.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CHINA

TIENTSIN	Changsha	Hsuchow	Shasi
SHANGHAI	Chengtoh	Ichang	Soochow
PEKING	Chengchow	Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu
HANKOW	Chinkiang	Nanking	Wusieh
ANTUNG	Fengtien	Ningpo	Wuhu
CANTON	Hangchow	Pengpu	Yangchow
CHANGCHUN	Hongkong	Shaoshing	

FOREIGN AGENCIES AND CORRESPONDENTS

Baltimore	Cincinnati	Montreal	San Francisco
Berlin	Cleveland	New York	Seattle
Boston	Detroit	Osaka	St. Louis
Buffalo	Kobe	Philadelphia	Tokio
Cebu	London	Pittsburgh	Washington
Chicago	Manila	Paris	Yokohama

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars, and other currencies according to arrangement. Savings Deposits taken. All kinds of Trust Business undertaken.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

Established 1915
(Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association)

Paid Up Capital...$2,500,000.00 Reserve Funds...$500,000.00
Head Office: 9 Ningpo Rd. Sub-Branches: 15 Szechuen Rd. 206 Boundary Rd. Travel Dept. 97 Szechuen Rd.

Branches and Agencies in the principal cities throughout China.
Correspondents at the principal places abroad.

Banking Department — Savings Department — Foreign Exchange Dept. — Godown Department — Safe Deposit Boxes — Trust Department — Credit Department — Travel Department

Telephone to all Branches and departments Central 8050

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The National Commerical Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907

Capital Fully Paid Up $2,500,000.00
Reserved Fund $900,000.00
Head Office: Shanghai:—Peking & Kiangse Roads.
Manager's Office Cen. 2650.
Telephones: General Office Cen. 2613, 2614 and 2615.
Foreign Exchange Dept. C. 7413.
Branches: Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden, Harbin.
Foreign Correspondents: London, New York, San Francisco, Paris, Berlin, Munich, Hamburg, Tokio Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka, Domestic Correspondents at all principal cities in China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, and Yen.
Interest allowed on Deposit at call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS 4% PER ANNUM
Every description of banking business transacted.
MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

If you have business in the Far East—

The kind of a bank you need to help you is one whose business is exclusively of the Far East—

A BANK whose name and reputation will win the respect and confidence of your customers—a bank that is versed in the methods of the East: that knows its customs and markets—a bank that is your experienced business counselor as well as your financial agent.

Such a Bank is the

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION

ORGANISED and managed by the officers and directors of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, it will give you the same prestige abroad and the same personal service that distinguishes the parent organisation—with the added convenience of a separate bank devoted exclusively to Oriental business.

Call at our New York or Shanghai Offices, and let us tell you how we can help you.

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
SHANGHAI OFFICE: 6 KIUKIANG ROAD
Capital Surplus and Undivided Profits U. S. $2,350,000
CENTRAL 7944. A. E. SCHUMACHER, Manager

行業商工

Head Office: Hongkong. Branch Office: Hankow.

THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Shanghai Branch
51 KIANGSE ROAD

Every description of banking transacted, Correspondents in China and abroad.
Telegraphic Address: "KONGSHAN."

CHU KINHOW, Manager.
Shanghai Branch.

Tel. Nos. C.3304, 5316 and 6513.

行業商東

The Bank of East Asia Ltd.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 10 Kiukiang Road.

Authorised Capital $10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $ 5,000,000.00
Reserved Fund $ 750,000.00
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
BRANCHES: Canton, Saigon.
LONDON BANKERS: The Midland Bank Limited.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. All kinds of banking business transacted.
Interest allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Loans granted on approved securities.

R. CHENG,
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Sino-Italian Bank

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars. 4,500,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire 15,000,000
Paid up Capital .. Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire 4,000,000
Reserves ..... Silver $150,000
Head Office: Shanghai.
Branches:
Shanghai and Tientsin
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belge.
Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Banque Commerciale de la Baie, Leu and Co.'s Bank.
Belgium—Credit General Liegeois
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Sinit SHANGHAI, No. 14 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091
Managers' Office Central 5094.

C. MARMONT,
General Manager.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Hsin Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. A. Buck.
Per C.N. s.s. Woosung from Hankow: Mrs. E. Duggon, Miss Couche, Mr. G. Fenerbach.
Per C.N. s.s. Shuntien from Chefoo: Mr. and Mrs. Fleishman.
Per I-C. s.s. Luenho from Hankow: Messrs. Kengelbacher, J. Jones, R. M. Castle; from Wuhu: Capt. D. Perguson; from Nanking: Mr. Kennedy, Miss Fraser.
Per C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Asia from Hongkong: Miss R. Addis, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bagot, Messrs. R. Bailey, W. D. Brewster, Chan Man-woon, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cameron, Misses J. Coleman, M. Clayes, Mr. and Mrs. E. Crage, Messrs. B. C. Day, E. R. Dovey, D. E. Duff, H. J. Eddo, S. Y. Euren, Major M. Garibaldi, Miss B. Grant, Misses J. Harwich, N. Hooton, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Hazell, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hooton, Mr. S. Humphreys, Misses Johnson, P. E. Kurtz, Messrs. L. V. Lang, J. Lachard, T. J. G. Lawrence, Luk Jim-chuen, G. McKay, Mr. and Mrs. E. N. and Master Monie, Mrs. A. V. Macleary, Miss A. Macleary, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Mui, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Mallinson, Messrs. E. J. Nathon, W. Ott, R. H. O'Young, T. Pyburn, W. R. Pickney, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Poulet, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Perry, Mrs. B. A. Padon, Misses A. E. and E. S. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pyott, Mrs. G. H. Pickney, Major R. and Master Reynolds, Misses N. Remedios, A. S. Rishder, Capt. P. H. Rolfe, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Roxburgh, Mrs. H. Richardson, Messrs. Geo. Repko, E. F. L. Sturdee, Lady Stubbs, Cao and Mrs. W. A. Simson, Mrs. X. Smith, Miss D. Smith, Mrs. A. M. and Master Travers, Messrs. Tong Jen-won, D. A. Walker, C. F. Wong, H. O. White, Mrs. Wareham and infant, Mrs. M. F. Wrench, Mrs. C. K. Wan, Mr. and Mrs. Wong Fuk-men, Mrs. K. S. Wong, Mrs. G. M. C. Aguiar, Mr. C. Zimmerman.
A. L. Aguiar, Mrs. B. Bidwell, Mr. D. P. Bhedwar, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Ildefonso and two children, Mr. F. R. Madeira, Mrs. V. Olsen and two children, Mr. J. S. Pearson, Mrs. M. E. Remedios, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Turner, Miss S. H. Wright, Miss L. Zakarian, Mr. H.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Closed

Banks	Closing Quotations
Stock	
H. & S. Banks	H.$1,100
Chartered	£19⅝
Russo-Asiatic	Nom
Marine Insurance	
Canton	H.$715 B.
North China	Tls. 138
Union of Canton	H.$240 B.
Yangtsee	H.$26⅝ B.
Far Eastern Ins.	Tls. 23
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$145 B.
Hongkong Fire	H.$550 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Del.	H.$133½
Indo-China Pref.	H.$33½ B.
"Shell"	91/3
S'hai Tug ord.	Tls. 86 B.
S'hai Tug Pref.	Tls. 51½ B.
H.C.&M.S.B.Co. Ltd	H.$42½
Star Ferry	H.$82 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 21½
Oriental Cons.	13/-
Raub	H.$5.05
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$155 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 95
New, Eng. Works	Tls. 6 S.
" Pref.	Tls. 4.90 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 185 B.
Hongkong Wharf	H.$167½ B
Lands and Hotels	
China Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 50
A.-French Land,	Tls. 121 B.
Shanghai Land.	H.$120 S.
Hongkong Lands	H.$119½ S.
Humphreys Estate	Tls. 24
Carlton Ltd.	Tls. 53
H. & S. Hotel	H.$27 B.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 11¾ S.
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 106 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 10
Oriental	Tls. 4¾ B.
Shanghai Cotton.	Old 65 S.
	New 40 S.
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	H.$280 B.
Green Island	H.$34¼ S.
Langkats	Tls. 32¾ S.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 82½ B.
Stores	
Hall and Holts	Tls. 7 B.
Llewelyn	Tls. 35
Lane Crawford	Tls. 104 B.
Moutrie	$70
Watson	H.$28 B.
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (local)	
Alma	Tls. 5½ S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 5.90 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2¼ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 23
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.80 B.
Buta	Tls. 0.70 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1 B.
Chamor United	Tls. 0.95 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 4¾ B.
Cheng	Tls. 1.40
Consolidated	Tls. 2.15 B.
Dominion	Tls. 2
Gula Kalampong	Tls. 9½
Java Consolidated	Tls. 14
Kali Glideka	Tls. 5.90 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 12
Karan	Tls. 6
Kedah	Tls. 0.90 B.
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 1.05
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 12 B.
Padang	Tls. 6½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 1.10
Permata	Tls. 2.70
Repah	Tls. 0.77½
Samagagas	Tls. 0.80
Seekees	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 1 B.
Senawang	Tls. 0.75 B.
S'hai Kiebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 4¾
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 9
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1
Sungala	Tls. 1¼
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7¾
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.80
Taiping	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.55 B.
Tebong	Tls. 1 B.
Ziangbes	Tls. 3¼ S.
Miscellaneous	
O. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 325
Cuity Dairy	Tls. 12 S.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 17
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 45
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 50 B.
S'hai Mercury	Tls. 20 B.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 72½ B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 140
China Providents	H.$27¾
H'kong Electrics	H.$36 S.
H'kong Tramways	H.$27¼ B.
Dairy Farm	H.$24¾ B.
Hongkong Ropes	H.$65½ Sa.
China Lights	H.$18½ Sa.

S. Sellers, Sa. Saled, B. Buyers

Financial And Commercial News

Money Exchange

Shanghai, March 15, 1924

Mex. Dollar market rate 71.6125
Native Interest 0%
Copper Cash 257.800
Shanghai Gold Bar 295.80
Bar Silver 33½
Bank rate of Discount 4%
Paris on London 92.50
New York on London ... 429½
London:
Telegraphic Transfer .. 3/2⅝
Demand 3/2⅞
New York:
Telegraphic Transfer .. 69¼
Demand 69½

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank
Opening quotations 9:30 a.m.
BANKS SELLING RATES
London T.T. 3/2⅝
London Demand 3/2⅞
London 4 m-s. 3/3
India T.T. 229½
France T.T. 1490
America T.T. 69¼
Hongkong T.T. 72
Japan T.T. 60¾
Batavia T.T. 183
Straits T.T. 73¾
BANKS BUYING RATES
London 4 m-s. Credits .. 3/4⅜
London 4 m-s. Docts ... 3/4⅝
London 6 m-s. Credits .. 3/5
London 6 m-s. Docts ..... —
France 4 m-s. 1570
America 4 m-s. L/c 72¾
Docs. 73

Gold Dollars: Bank Buying Rates
@ 70⅝=Tl. 141.34
@ exch. 71.8=Mex. $196.85
Sovereign: Bank Buying Rate
@ 3s. 3⅝d.=Tls. 6.06
@ exch. 71.8=Mex. $8.44

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR MARCH

Hk. Tls. 5.44	@ 3/3⅝	£1
Hk. Tls. 1.26	@ 71	Gold $1
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 1895½	Fr. 17.77
Hk. Tls. 1	@ —	Marks —
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 64¼	Yen 1.73
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 231.5	Rupees 2.58
Hk. Tls. 1	@ —	Roubles —
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 16.275	Ital. Lire 18.13

International Banking Corporation
CLOSING COUNTER RATES
Demand selling on America 69⅝
Demand buying on America 70⅜
Demand selling on London 3/2⅝
Demand buying on London 3/3⅝

Chinese Government Bonds
(Supplied by Sing Tung & Co.)

	Friday.	Yes'day's.
3rd Year 6%	96.00	96.00
5th Year 6%	70.00	70.00
7th Year 6%	56.00	56.10
9th Year 6%	79.80	79.95
6% Consolidated	62.00	62.10
7% Consolidated	69.30	69.30
11th Year 8%	98.00	98.00
96 Millions 8%	18.55	18.60

SINO-ITALIAN BANK
BANK'S SELLING RATES
It. Lire 16.00=1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 3.97=1 Tael
It. Lire 9.60=1 Yen

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK
BANK'S SELLING RATE
1 Chervonetz=Mex. $10.00

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Today's Quotations
Shanghai, March 15, 1924
OFFICIAL
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1923 Tls. 99.00
UNOFFICIAL
Telephones Tls. 73.00
Shanghai Lands Tls. 123.00

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9 O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

Review Of Crude Rubber Position

Restriction Scheme Disappointing; Little Prospects Of Higher Prices Until End Of 1924

(*From Our Special Correspondent*)

London, Jan. 26.—A prominent firm of rubber-brokers gives the following review of the crude rubber situation as seen at the beginning of 1924:—

The burst of optimism following the restriction scheme died down slowly.

The Dutch East production has proved larger than the most liberal anticipation and will be in the neighborhood of 136,000 tons (English) for the year, the bulk of the increase coming from the native grown rubber. However, it is very unlikely that the same ratio of increase will be maintained for 1924.

DUTCH SHIPMENTS

Hereunder follows a statement of Dutch Eastern shipments in metric tons from 1921 to 1923 showing the proportion of Estate and native grown rubber exported:

	1921	1922	1923
Estate	67,404	78,099	90,304
Native	5,998	25,359	48,313
Total	73,402	103,458	138,617

which shows the tremendous increase in native production compared with a normal increase in Estate Rubber.

In the British restriction area, although a good many loopholes leading to evasion of the Stevenson Scheme had to be dealt with, the scheme has been tightened and can now be said to be working according to plan. Nevertheless, one must not lose sight of the fact that approximately 15,000 tons should be automatically released for new areas coming into bearing this year.

U. S. ACTIVITY

The American arrivals for 1923 have reached 300,000 tons for all grades, or 9,000 tons in excess of 1922. Furthermore from the questionnaire figures it would appear that the crude rubber stocks in the U. S. A. have been reduced by 8 to 10,000 tons.

In the second half of the year under review the Americans have made a definite alteration in their buying policy. Possibly due to Bankers refusing to grant large forward credits, the manufacturers have bought from hand to mouth instead of covering about a third of their forward requirements in advance, as hitherto customary.

In the last quarter of the year this reversal of policy has proved disappointing to dealers and holders who had bought in anticipation of the seasonal demand.

The consumption on the Continent is linked with the political outlook and vagaries of the exchange rates.

France and Italy have fully absorbed their usual quota.

Germany has been greatly hampered since the Ruhr occupation and it is doubtful whether this country has absorbed in 1923 as much as two-thirds of their 1922 consumption (27,551 tons).

RUSSIAN MARKET

Russia is is a brighter feature and, although comparatively speaking a small consumer, she has accounted for about 5,000 tons in 1923 with prospects of a much larger consumption as the country stabilizes.

Manufacturers in the United Kingdom have had an indifferent year and have suffered from foreign competition particularly in the tyre trade.

Summing up the world's crude rubber position at the present date it is apparent that the statistical position is sounder than for many years, thanks to the restriction scheme, as despite leakage, unforeseen Dutch output, reduced or overestimated consumption in some countries: about 45,000 tons of world stocks have been absorbed in excess of production, and the scheme has stabilized prices around the 15d. level.

Taking into consideration all the adverse political and economical factors at play during the past year, this is no mean achievement.

The outlook for 1924 would appear to indicate a slow market for the next six or nine months, with a hardening tendency and a more active trade towards the end of the year when the pinch occasioned by restriction should make itself felt.

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR COMPANY, LIMITED
CAR, SICKNESS & ACCIDENT AND HOUSEHOLDERS' INSURANCE.
FAR EASTERN BRANCH
26 THE BUND.
Tel. No. C.118.
C. E. MALIGNY
Manager for the Far East
Agents
Messrs. Barlow & Co.
4 Ezra Road, Tel. No. C.211

Hankow Market

The British Chamber of Commerce of Hankow writes as follows in their weekly circular dated Hankow, March 5:

Bar Silver 33⅜ ready 33¼ forward on February 28 was steady between that figure and 33⅜—33⅜ on March 1 but closed at the same rate as opening on March 5. New York-London cross rate 429⅝ on February 28 remained steady between that rate and the closing rate of 430⅛ on March 5. T.T. 3s. 4⅛d. on February 28 rose to 3s. 4⅜d. on March 3 but dropped back to 3s. 4⅛d on March 5. 4 m/s were placed during the week at 3s. 4⅝d. to 3s. 4¼d. Chinese market rates: Shanghai Tls. 97.325. Local currency $69.65. Native interest 7 percent.

Imports.—Piece Goods:—Market quiet. There is some demand for stocks at prices which are weaker in sympathy with the fall in Shanghai auction values. The reduction in Manchester prices has permitted a little forward buying to be done.

Yarn:—Prices show a downward tendency being Tls. ⅝ under Shanghai.

Exports.—There has been some activity in the local market and several purchases of cowhides, goatskins, wood oil, and gallnuts have been reported. The markets on the whole remain fairly steady; Wood Oil, however, is much firmer again and prices are rising, although the American market has not so far followed suit. There are inquiries in the market for tallow, but the prices quoted from home are much too low to permit of business.

Analysis of exports for week ending February 27:

Cow hides to Shanghai 580, Germany 553, Italy 86 and Japan 2,032 piculs.

Untanned goatskins to Shanghai 41,365 and America 57,603 pieces.

China grass to Shanghai 568, China ports 3,396 and Japan 1,177 piculs.

Vegetable tallow to Shanghai 1,002, China ports 643, America 433 and Italy 2,342 piculs.

Animal tallow to Shanghai 13 piculs.

Gall nuts to Shanghai 503, China ports 15, France 82 and Germany 218 piculs.

Raw cotton to Shanghai 18,852, China ports 342, America 2,420 and Japan 1,221 piculs.

Bristles to Shanghai 30, United Kingdom 5, America 5 and Japan 10 piculs.

Sesamum seed to Shanghai 2,734 and China ports 21 piculs.

Beans to Shanghai 15,098, China ports 5,629 and America 1,857 piculs.

Sesamum seed oil to China ports 416 piculs.

Groundnuts (shelled) to China ports 1,584 and Germany 1,693 piculs.

Wood oil to Shanghai 7,238, China ports 1,093, America 20,392 and Germany 591 piculs.

Tea oil to Shanghai 68, China ports 50 and Japan 135 piculs.

Bean oil to China ports 202 piculs.

Hen albumen to United Kingdom 103 and Germany 41 piculs.

Hen yolk to United Kingdom 635 piculs.

Tea black to Shanghai 62, China ports 238 and America 403 piculs.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING
SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION
Invaluable for Toilet and Domestic Purposes. Softens Hard Water.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate, Jewellery, and Carpets.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., Ltd., Guildford Street, LONDON, S.E.1.

Carlton LIMITED.

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

SENSATIONAL SUCCESS!
SENSATIONAL SUCCESS!!
SENSATIONAL SUCCESS!!!

OF

THE MIDNIGHT FOLLIES!
THE MIDNIGHT FOLLIES!!
THE MIDNIGHT FOLLIES!!!

The Follies have scored a tremendous hit headed by
CHRLS HOLT
PEGGIE LOVELL
RALPH SAWYER
and
XENIA MAKLEZOWA
together with the Midnight Beauty Chorus

Last Night's Audience were thrilled with the Cosmopolitan venture of Songs, Scenes, Burlesque, Ultra Dances and an absolute Barrage of Brilliancy

Book your tables early to avoid disappointment.
Phone West 3638—3639

Commencing at 10 p.m. each evening

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
THE ENTIRE CARLTON
has been booked by
THE ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY
for
Monday Evening, March 17th

Don't Forget The Midnight Follies Tuesday

To be CERTAIN of ordering only Brandy of the FINEST QUALITY always ask for:

HENNESSY

Carpets & Rugs

All Carpets and Rugs made in Tientsin and Shanghai, guaranteed to be unsurpassed quality. Colours and new designs are the finest Chinese Vegetable dyes used. Call at our showroom and be convinced.

Yee Chong Hung Rug Co.
P372 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 6896

CHINOSOL

The strongest Antiseptic and Disinfectant.
It supersedes Corrosive Sublimate, Iodoform and Carbolic Acid
It is non-caustic
It is non-toxic
It is very diffusible

Tablets: in tubes of 10 x 1 gram
20 x ½ gram, 60 x 0.1 gram
Powder: 10, 25, 50 gram packets.
Cold Cream and Vaseline
Wholesale: J. LAMBOOY & Co.
Retail: SINE PHARMACY.
AMERICAN DRUG CO.

"GOLDEN HORSE"
CIGARETTES OF DISTINCTION
OBTAINABLE AT ALL LEADING TOBACCONISTS THROUGHOUT CHINA

NANYANG BROS. TOB. CO. LTD.

MATZENE — PHOTOGRAPHER
P. 360 Nanking Road
corner of Lloyd Road
SITTINGS BY APPOINTMENT
Tel. C. 1663

PEKING RELIEVES TUCHUNS OF EXTRA COMMANDS

Kiangsi And Honan Tulis Lose Concurrent Posts

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, March 12.—The principle that no Inspecting General or Tuchun should concurrently hold divisional commands is apparently being carried out with some degree of thoroughness. General Chang Fu-lai, Tuli of Honan, who relinquished the command of the 24th Division and was asked to nominate a successor to that post, has now recommended General Yang Ching-chen.

General Tsai Cheng-hsun, Tuli of Kiangsi, is being relieved of his additional post as commander of the 1st Army Division, but the name of his successor in that command has not yet transpired.

Marshal Wang Huai-ching, Inspecting General of Chahar, Suiyuan and Jehol and commander of the Peking Garrison, also contemplates resigning from the command of the 13th Division, to which post it is expected that Brigadier-General Liu Fen-yao, commanding the 25th Division, will be appointed.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, March 12.—It is reported that Marshal Chi Hsieh-yuan, Inspecting General of Kiangsu, Anhuei and Kiangsi, has telegraphed to the Government recommending the appointment of either General Tien Ching-chang or General Shih Chu-yu as Assistant Director of Military Affairs of Anhuei. The Government is now endeavoring to ascertain the views of General Ma Lien-chia, Tuli of Anhuei on the subject.

Miners To Debate Offer By Owners

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 14.—In connection with the meeting of the miners' delegate conference today, it was officially stated that it would be open to the districts to consider the owners' terms during the interval before March 26 if they desired, but, as far as the conference was concerned, there was no official reference to the districts as it had decided that the terms were inadequate. The adjournment of the conference till March 26 is for the purpose of seeing what can be done in the meanwhile to secure an improved wage for the miners by legislation and, if the Minimum Wage Bill, which will come up for discussion on March 21, is not proceeded with or defeated, there is little doubt that the delegates on March 26 will decide to take a ballot of the coalfields with regard to a national strike after the present agreement expires on April 17.

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 14.—It is understood that the Government has decided to introduce its own Miners' Minimum Wage Bill at the end of the financial year.

Unemployment In Germany Decreases

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, March 14.—A remarkable economic recovery since the stabilisation of the currency was disclosed by the Chancellor today who stated that there were only 430,000 shorttime workers in occupied Germany, as compared with nearly 2,000,000 in November. The number of persons unemployed was recently decreased by 200,000.

Lyceum Theatre

SHANGHAI

R. B. SALISBURY

In conjunction with

THEATRICAL ENTERPRISES

Presents

R. B. SALISBURY'S CO.

THE QUAINTS

Tomorrow Mon., Tues., & Wed., March 17th, 18th and 19th

THE QUAINTS in

"WANTED A SMILE"

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 20th, 21st and 22nd

2nd Edition of

"THE 9 O'CLOCK REVUE"

Matinee Saturday, March 22, at 5 p.m.

2nd EDITION of

"THE 9 O'CLOCK REVUE"

Prices $4, 3, 2 and 1.50

Booking at Moutrie's daily, and at Astor House Hotel from 4 to 7:30 p.m.

United Services Women's Branch Meets March 28

The annual general meeting of the United Services Association—Women's Branch—will be held March 28 at the British Women's Association headquarters 12 Kiukiang Road at 5:30 p.m.

A full attendance is requested, as there are several important subjects for discussion. Any members willing to serve on either the General Committee or the entertainment sub-committee are asked to send their names to the honorary secretary, Miss R. M. Elwin, Bickerton's Hotel, Bubbling Well Road. Members desiring to propose resolutions are asked to send notice to the honorary secretary in order that they may be printed on the agenda for the meeting.

Underwood Wins In Primaries In Alabama

(Exclusive China Press)

Montgomery, March 14.—Senator Oscar Underwood, Democratic candidate for the nomination for President, carried his home state in the primary elections today and is thereby assured of the vote of the Alabama delegation at the Democratic convention to be held in New York City. Senator Underwood received a majority of over 20,000 votes.

REFUSES APPOINTMENT

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, March 12.—According to Chinese sources Mr. Shou Heng-chun, who was recently appointed Consul-General at Vladivostok, has informed the Government that he does not wish to take up this appointment as he has no desire to return to the post which he filled during te difficult period of the European War.

Empire Theatre

Tonight at 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

Mix Out-Mixes Mix!

More Daring Feats Than Ever!

WILLIAM FOX Presents

TOM MIX

in

"SKY-HIGH"

A Thrilling Story of the Grand Canyon of Arizona

MATINEE

Today, March 16th,

at 3.15 p.m.

"TOM MIX in SKY HIGH"

Share Market

In their weekly report on the share market, Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Company write as follows:

The greater part of business transacted on the local Stock Exchange during the past week has been for March Settlements. The tone of the market is dull. With the fall in the price of the raw material Rubber shares have further weakened and few transactions are being recorded, sellers being unwilling to part with shares at present low prices. Cottons are easier with little business passing.

London market quotations for stocks are a little easier, Bonds remaining firm, and the following are the latest prices cabled to us:

Chinese Govt. 5% Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, B.I. £72.10.0 (Middle Price).

Chinese Govt. 5% Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, F.I. £69.10.0 (Middle Price) ex. B.R.I.S.

Chinese Govt. 5% Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, R.I. £68.10.0 (Sellers) cum B.R.I.S.

Chinese Engineering & Mining Co. "B" £3.6.4½ (Middle Price).

Gula Kalumpong Rubber Estate, Ld. £1.8.6 (Middle Price)

Shanghai Electric Cons. Co., "B" £2.14.9 (Sellers).

Shell Transport & Trading Co., "B" £4.11.3 (Buyers).

Hongkong & Shanghai Banks, London Reg. £130.10.0 (Sellers).

Imperial Tobacco of Great Britain (Ord.) £3.10.3 (Buyers).

Singapore Electric Tramways, Ltd. £0.2.9½ (Middle Price).

Mexican Eagle (Ord.) £0.19.0 (Middle Price).

Oriental Consolidated Mining Co. £0.15.3 (Buyers).

KISSES—RED KISSES, red as the rose is red—kisses that burn with the fire of love—that scorch and sear the soul—as you shall learn in

FLAMING YOUTH

Today at 3 p.m. 5.30 p.m. 9.15 p.m. at

APOLLO THEATRE

Stop Publication Of Wilson Papers

(Exclusive China Press)

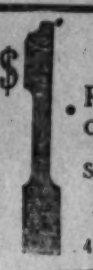
Washington, March 14.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, widow of the late President, has consulted an attorney here to find ways and means to stop the publication of papers and letters written by the late President, which have not been authorised. Mrs. Wilson is said to be prepared to take legal means to stop the publication because an authorised edition of the President's works is soon to be published.

Discover Source Of First A.B.C.'s In Phoenicia

(Reuter's American Service)

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—Dr. George A. Barton, professor of semitics at the University of Pennsylvania, has received a letter from Palestine stating that two French archaeologists, working on the site of ancient Phonicia, have discovered the oldest form of the Phoenician Alphabet yet found. It is declared to date not later than 1200 B. C., and from it Greek, Roman, Hebrew and English alphabets can be traced.

The earliest inscriptions that were previously known in the Phoenician alphabet were upon the Moabite stone found in 1859, dated 850 B. C., according to Dr. Barton.



ANY LENS REPAIR

ONE DOLLAR

THIS WEEK ONLY

See Our Display Ad. on Page 9

O.I.C.

49a Nanking Road

NOW NIGHT 9.15 CARLTON THEATRE PHONE WEST 3641

3 NIGHTS ONLY MON., TUES., WED.

MARCH 31, APRIL 1 & 2.

"OLD LADY 31"

Seats on Sale at Carlton Theatre Box Office

STARTING MON. MARCH 17,

Subscription Tickets may then be exchanged for Seat Tickets for all performances

COMING SHORTLY

TO THE

VICTORIA THEATRE

A picture abounding in poignant situations, chilling thrills, human appeal—and greater than all—a story of home and mother.

"Where is my wandering boy tonight?"

Direct from its sensational run at the exclusive Criterion Theatre, Times Square, New York, comes the picture magnificent, "Where Is My Wandering Boy Tonight?"—the picture with the tremendous heart punch—the picture of Main Street and Broadway, of soda fountains and cabarets, of swell apartments and back stage tabarnies, of dance halls and a little church, of a mother and her wayward boy, of a country lass and chorus girl.

The Picture Beautiful
The Picture You'll Never Forget

A picture of hope and despair, of dreams and the ashes of dreams—a picture of poignant appeal that reaches deep into every human heart.

The picture of joy, laughter, smiles, tears, pathos and much happiness. The picture for every mother, father, sister and brother. The picture for everyone from 7 to 70. A. B. F. Zeidman production filmed from the old song of the same name. Clean, fine, wholesome, packed with drama, filled with suspense, saturated with thrills—truly the picture magnificent.

The VICTORIA THEATRE

PRESENTS

Tonight, Last 2 Performances at 5.30 and 9.15

A REAL CHINESE PRODUCTION

Produced by THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.

SHANGHAI, CHINA

ADMISSION $1.50 and $1.00

COUPONS ACCEPTED

MATINEE

TODAY, at 3.15 p.m.

Wm. FARNUM in "WOLVES of the NIGHT"

ISIS THEATRE

Today, Matinee at 3 p.m. Tonight at 7 and 9.15 p.m.

LAST PERFORMANCES OF THE MAGNIFICENT PICTURE

"THE RESTLESS SEX"

With MARION DAVIES by ROBERT CHAMBERS

Tempestuous, mad with youth, turbulent as the sea, was Stephanie, smashing, in her wild rush, conventions—and men's hearts. Forever unsatisfied, forever craving excitement, is she a type of her sex?

Box Seats $1.50, Dress Circle $1.00, Stalls 60 cents.

Starting Tomorrow, Monday, For 3 Nights, at 7 and 9.15

A STIRRING DRAMA ARTISTICALLY PRODUCED

My Wild Irish Rose

A SONG — Every one knows, sings and whistles because it symbolizes

A PICTURE — Every one wants to see because it is typical of Irish wit, humor and brogue

Adapted from Dion Boucicault's play "The Shaughraun"

With An All Star Cast, including Pat O'Malley.

"Faith It's a Grand Pitcher!"

Sure, it's the loike of yez that should be going to see the greatest pitcher o' the age. There's a breath of Ould Erin in ivery scene and three love stories, with the swatest colleens o' the screen.

There's a bit of brogue and a taste of the blarney that has made Ireland famous for its romance. An', sure, there's a ground foight and the rale Irish spirit that makes yez want to see the pitcher agin and agin.

Box Seats 1.00, Dress Circle 60 cts., Stalls 40 cts.

Starting Thursday, March 20th, For Four Nights Only

AN EXCEPTIONAL POWERFUL AND GRIPPING DRAMA

A HUGH FORD PRODUCTION

Jesse L. Lasky presents

THOMAS MEIGHAN

in

"Civilian Clothes"

With Beautiful Martha Mansfield

An All-Wool Romance, Lined with Silk and Stitched Throughout with Laughter.

OVER there, in his captain's uniform he had been her beau ideal of a man. Over here, in hi butler's garb or his noisy "han d-me downs"—well, this snobbish little aristocrat hadn't planned for that! But he was her husband, married in France. And fighting Sam McGinnis made her fit to be called his wife in America!

ASSOCIATION OF RATEPAYERS TO CARRY ON WORK

Organisation Encouraged To Continue Seeking Civic Improvements

Because of the increased interest in the objects of the association and the apparent need for it to continue functioning the adjourned annual meeting of the Shanghai Ratepayers Association has voted to 'carry on' and elected the following committee for the ensuing year:

Dr. Margaret Polk, Miss J. Ward, Messrs. A. J. Hughes, G. E. Peet, H. Browett, P. W. Gourring, Z. C. Chen, I. Mason, V. J. S. Rumble, Campbell Henderson, T. Sahara, T. M. Yates, T. W. Bowern, and N. A. Viloudaky.

In addressing the meeting Mr. A. J. Hughes, who acted as Chairman, reminded those present—a much larger attendance than at the first meeting—that the adjournment had been taken to test out public opinion on the matter on continuing the Association and the Committee had decided that the organisation should go on.

Mr. Hughes asserted that the existence of the Association had had a very beneficial effect on municipal affairs, particularly pointing out that considerable improvement had been made in traffic conditions in the Settlement.

A proposal that the name of the organisation be changed to "The Shanghai Progressive Society" was not seconded, it being pointed out that the Ratepayer's Association would be weakened by enlarging the scope of its activities beyond trying to get all ratepayers to join in the fight for better municipal conditions.

Rich Men Will Assist Growth Of American Theater

(*Reuter's American Service*)

New York, Jan. 28.—Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is included among the 45 members already belonging to an organisation to be known as "The Founders of the American Theater," which is intended to back the Equity Players in their efforts to stimulate native American drama by the production of plays written and acted by Americans.

The organisation, it was announced yesterday by Mr. Frank P. Gillmore, executive secretary of the Players' Association, will consist of 100 members, each to contribute $1,000.

Plays will be produced not only in theaters here but also in Chicago, San Francisco and other theatrical centers. The aim of the founders is to pattern it after Moscow Art Theater.

Announcement of a prize of $2,500 from an anonymous donor for the best American play submitted or produced before October 21 was made by Mr. Gillmore.

St. Georges Is Drawing Crowd With Deviletes

St. George's Cafe on Bubbling Well Road, which recently reopened under new management, is providing plenty of entertainment nowadays with their collection of 'little devils.' In giving Shanghai cabaret-goers a modernised version of Dante's Inferno Manager Neuwirt of St. Georges has achieved an entertainment feature that is well worth seeing as a novelty. St. Georges, under its new management, makes a specialty of 'chow.'

POINCARE SEES CONSPIRACY IN FRANC DECLINE

Attack Came When Ruhr Project Favored France, He Says

(*French Wireless through Reuter*)

Paris, March 14.—The debate on the financial proposals began in the Senate today with a speech by the Reporter of the Finance Committee.

M. Poincare replied showing that the offensive has been launched against French currency at the moment when the result of the expert financial enquiry ordered by the Reparations Commission was showing itself favorable to France. Everything had taken place as if it were a question of exerting pressure on France to force her to evacuate the Ruhr by promoting economic depression.

The movement was reported to the Government at the beginning of January by the Consul at Nuremberg. Defensive measures were proposed and measures taken against exchange speculators. Moreover, the Government requested Frenchmen, who could do so to support the national currency. Credits had been opened for France in Britain and the United States, permitting the resumption of the struggle in favorable conditions. The charges on the Treasury and the deficit in the budget or recoverable expenditure favored the manoeuvres against the franc.

DEFENDS POLICY

The Government had asked the Chamber for new fiscal resources, and means of fighting against fraud and realising economies: by doing this, the Government were applying the policy of the Senate as declared in 1920. Foreign experts had admitted to members of the Conference that France had been right to enter the Ruhr and that, if she had not entered the Ruhr, a satisfactory settlement of reparations would have been impossible. The reserves for speculation against the franc were not inexhaustible. Certain persons had already perceived this. It was for the Senate, faithful to the Republican spirit, to take the lead in the defence of the franc.

Examining the financial causes of the crisis, the Prime Minister said that the principal, it might be said the only one was the non-payment of reparations by Germany which had obliged France to procure by loan 100,000,000,000 francs, which had to be devoted to the victims of the war and the restoration of the invaded districts. An end must be swiftly made. The battle could perhaps be slowed down for a few days but it would not end until France had deprived her enemies of the possibility of criticising her budget.

M. Poincare declared that the measures of prudence and defence, which he proposed, could imply no abandonment of France's rights and claims against Germany. He pointed out the continued and encouraging growth of the revenue obtained from the Ruhr. In conclusion, amidst applause, the Premier said: "Nothing in the international situation justifies the crisis in exchange. When we have voted the proposed fiscal measures, speculators will only have to calculate their losses. Once again France will have shown her virtues and the sacrifices of which she is capable to return to the situation before the war, for which she was not responsible."

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, March 14.—M. Poincare in the Senate today disclaimed any intention to extend the life of the Chamber of Deputies. The Premier said that a general election would be held before May 31.

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, March 14.—The Poincare Government has cleared the first and most difficult hurdle in connection with the Finance Bill. The Senate, having rejected its own Finance Committee's amendment to Article 1 by 154 votes to 141, subsequently adopted this Article by 161 votes to 128. The Article temporarily delegates Parliamentary authority to the Government more particularly regarding the issue of decrees to carry out reductions in expenditure.

The President of the Finance Committee, before the votes were taken, suggested a compromise in order that M. Poincare should retain office, but the Premier rejected a compromise and insisted on the Government's text as a vote of confidence.

Note: M. Poincare told the Senate Finance Committee on March 6 that he would resign unless it changed its view regarding the Government's Finance Bill, the three main provisions of which the Committee had rejected.

Parisien Ballet Continues To Make Big Hit

Cherpino's Ballet at the Hotel Parisien last night drew another record crowd to the popular down-town cabaret and cafe. The ballets nowadays are notable for the comic motif they contain as well as for the excellent solo dancing done by various members of the troupe, and especially Miss Cook and Mr. Cherpino, the stars of the aggregation. And the Parisien Orchestra, according to Manager Hannigs, is the best dance orchestra in Shanghai.

$ ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR
THIS WEEK ONLY
See Our Display Ad. on Page 9
O.I.C.
49a Nanking Road

Steamers Departed

March 15

Kianghsin for Hankow
Nganking for Hankow
Loongwo for Hankow
Nanyang Maru for Hankow
Yamashiro Maru for Japan
Kansu for C. Tientsin
Dundrennan for Karatsu
Newchwang for Wuhu
Gran for Chinwangtao
Uji for cruise
Soochow for Tsingtao
Hakusan Maru for Europe
Kwanglee for H'kong, C'ton
Troilus for Dairen
Kwangping for Tientsin
Chobei Maru for T. Dairen
Shantung for S. H. Canton
Bellerophon for Europe
Fooshing for Wuhu
Loksang for S. H. Canton
City of York, for Europe
Orinoco for Astoria
Yungshin for Ningpo
Hsin Kiangtsen for Ningpo

KISSES—RED KISSES, red as the rose is red—kisses that burn with the fire of love—that scorch and sear the soul—as you shall learn in

FLAMING YOUTH

Today at 3 p.m. 5.30 p.m. 9.15 p.m. at

APOLLO THEATRE

THE OLYMPIC THEATRE

PRESENT

Tonight, Last Time at 9.15 p.m.

THE WORLD-FAMOUS STARS

MOSJOUKIN and LISSENKO

IN

THEIR MOST SENSATIONAL PHOTO-DRAMA

"THE MORPHINE'S PREY"

'The greatest work of celebrated stars in a modern society drama of stirring intensity.

MATINEE:
Today, at 3.15 p.m.
"THE MORPHINE'S PREY"

The story of a girl who thought love too wonderful to be fettered by marriage.

A picture aglow with the wine of life; aflame with the spirit of youth.

APOLLO THEATRE

Jazz maniacs, moonlight bathers, neckers and petters in a riot of flaming, breath-taking scenes.

A startling expose of ultra-modern society to which the author didn't dare sign his right name.

TO-DAY AT 3 P.M.—AT 5.30 P.M.—AT 9.15 P.M.

FLAMING YOUTH

featuring

COLLEEN MOORE

MILTON SILLS, ELLIOTT DEXTER, SYLVIA BREAMER, BEN LYON, MYRTLE STEDMAN

From the novel by "Warner Fabian." Directed by Joseph Francis Dillon.

Splash!

Come on in! The water's fine.
A swimming party a la silhouette.
"Who cares? You can't stump me!"
Darkness!

A cloud for a chaperone—to keep the man in the moon from peeking!
A flash of electric lights.
Screams!—Scrambling!—Scampering!
Turn off those lights!

A FIRST NATIONAL PICTURE

ADVANCE BOOKING AT ROBINSON PIANO CO.

Admission: at 3 p.m.—70 cts. and $1.20; at 5.30 p.m.—70 cts. and $1.20—at 9.15 p.m. $1.00 and $2.00

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGTSEN, Capt. Klausen, will leave on Sunday, March 16, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LUENHO, 2868 Tons, Captain Woodget, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, March 17, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Str. Fiangshun, Capt. McIlwain, will leave on Monday, March 17 at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KINGWO, 4,635 Tons, Captain Giles, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, March 18, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

CHUNGKING & PORTS.—The American West China Navigation Company's s.s. MEI-REN will sail for the above mentioned ports on Tuesday, March 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to American Asiatic Underwriters Inc., Agents, Phone C. 8244.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGYU, Capt. Johannssen, will leave on Tuesday, March 18, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGFOO, Capt. Maxwell, will leave on Wednesday, Mar. 19, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. SUIWO, 3,671 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, March 20, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, March 21, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Manager. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KUTWO, 3,664 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, March 24, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LOONGWO, 3,925 Tons, Captain Holmwood, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, March 25, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The steamer HSIN KIANGTSEN, Captain Handyside will leave on Tuesday, March 18, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WENCHOW.—The Str. FEI CHING, Captain Manley, will leave on Monday morning, March 17. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. KWANGTAH, Capt. Philip will leave on Tuesday morning, March 18. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW, KEELUNG AND TAKAO.—The O.S.K's Cargo and Passenger Steamer FUKUKEN MARU, 5,000 tons, Captain T. Nanbu, will be despatched from Nos. 8 and 9 Buoys on March 19, at ——. For Freight or Passage, apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2 Canton Road. Phone C. 4234.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. HSINFUNG, Captain Davis, will leave on Sunday morning, March 16. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NEWCHWANG DIRECT.—The Str. KAHO, Captain Soden, will leave on Tuesday morning, March 18. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen. —The O.S.K.'s Cargo & Passenger Steamer KOHOKU MARU, 5,000 tons, Captain M. Miyata, will be despatched from O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf on March 19, at —— For Freight or Passage, apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2 Canton Road. Phone C. 4234.

CHINWANGTAO Direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the steamer KAIPING, Captain Laing, on March 21, 1924. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 12 The Bund, Tel. Central 317.

For Foreign Ports

New York via Panama Calling Taku, Dairen, Japan and San Francisco.—The O.S.K.'s Cargo Steamer ALASKA MARU, 15,000 tons, Capt. M. Yajima, will be despatched from O.S.K. Buoy on March 19, at daylight. For Freight, apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2 Canton Road. Phone C. 4234.

Sailed from Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
President Taft .....Feb. 18
Siberia Maru .....Feb. 20
Cordelia .....Feb. 21
President Cleveland ..Mar. 1
Talabot .....Mar. 1
Standard Arrow .....Mar. 2
India Arrow .....Mar. 5
Argon .....Mar. 8
James B. Duke .....Mar. 8

FOR VANCOUVER
Empress of Australia ..Feb. 25

FOR PORTLAND ORE.
West Cayote .....Feb. 13
Hallfried .....Feb. 21
Pawlet .....Feb. 22
West Jester .....Feb. 25
West Cadron .....Mar. 3
Rigi .....Mar. 7
West Jessup .....Mar. 8
Erviken .....Mar. 14

FOR SEATTLE
Bakesfield .....Feb. 11
President Jackson ....Feb. 13
Crosskeys .....Feb. 16
Iwatesan Maru .....Feb. 16
Arizona Maru .....Feb. 23
Shidzuoka Maru .....Feb. 25
President Jefferson ...Feb. 25
West Hixton .....Mar 11
Satsuma .....Mar. 2
Wheatland Montana ..Mar. 7
President Grant .....Mar. 8
Kongosan Maru .....Mar. 13
Yokohama Maru .....Mar. 13

FOR NEW YORK
Liberator .....Feb. 13
Ixion .....Feb. 13
Mayebashi Maru ....Feb. 18
Eelbeck .....Feb. 20
City of Manila .....Feb. 28
Egremont Castle .....Feb. 28
President Hayes .....Feb. 29
Laconia .....Mar. 3
Southwestern Miller ..Mar. 5
Kabinga .....Mar. 7
Bowes Castle .....Mar. 9

FOR UNITED KINGDOM
Talthybius .....Feb. 15
Syria .....Feb. 15
Phemius .....Feb. 16
Durban Maru .....Feb. 16
City of Canterbury ...Feb. 17
Phemius .....Feb. 19
Morea .....Feb. 19
Demodocus .....Feb. 20
Yokohama Maru .....Feb. 22
Antilochus .....Feb. 25
City of Pekin .....Feb. 27
Glenbeg .....Mar. 1
Hakozaki Maru ..... Mar. 1
Karmala ..... Mar. 4
Elpenor .....Mar. 5
Teiresias .....Mar. 12
Bellerophon .....Mar. 15
City of York .....Mar. 15

FOR HAMBURG
Mito Maru .....Feb. 27
Altai Maru .....Feb. 27
Scheer ..... Mar. 4
Rhineland .....Mar. 6
Delagoa Maru .....Mar. 12
Munsterland .....Mar. 13

FOR ROTTERDAM
Saparoea .....Mar. 1

FOR COPENHAGEN
Asia .....Mar. 9

FOR MARSEILLES
Soudan .....Feb. 16
Angers .....Feb. 29
D. P. Benoit .....Mar. 8
Chili .....Mar. 13

FOR TRIESTE
Anna .....Feb. 18
Rosandra .....Mar. 12

FOR INDIA
Muroran Maru .....Feb. 25
Hosang .....Feb. 29
Tymeric .....Mar. 7
Kidderpore .....Mar. 11

The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Mar. 19	9 p.m.	P. Madison	Seattle	Apr. 5

TO SOUTHERN PORTS INDIA & EUROPE VIA SUEZ

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Mar. 18	3 p.m.	Naldera	Marseilles	Apr. 19
Mar. 22	7 a.m.	Kitano M.	Marseilles	Apr. 27

TO NORTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Vladivostok	Daily	5 p.m.	via Harbin
Siberia	Daily	9 p.m.	via Chita
Newchwang	Today	9 p.m.	Kashing
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Today	8 a.m.	Shuntien
Tsingtao & Dalny	Mar. 17	8 p.m.	Saikio M.
Newchwang	Mar. 17	9 p.m.	Kaho
Newchwang	Mar. 18	7 a.m.	Hupeh
Tsingtao	Mar. 18	8 p.m.	Kohoku M.
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Mar. 18	1 p.m.	Tungchow
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Mar. 18	9 p.m.	Kingsing
Tsingtao	Mar. 19	9 p.m.	Fansang
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Mar. 19	9 a.m.	Chengtu
Newchwang	Mar. 20	9 a.m.	Kwangse
Chefoo & Tientsin	Mar. 20	9 a.m.	Chusan

TO SOUTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Wenchow	Mar. 17	9 p.m.	Feiching
Hongkong & Canton	Mar. 17	9 p.m.	Kwangtah
Amoy	Mar. 18	8 a.m.	Luchow
Swatow	Mar. 18	9 p.m.	Yatshing
Hongkong & Canton	Mar. 18	3 p.m.	Naldera
Hongkong & Canton	Mar. 18	8 p.m.	Rhexenor
Foochow & Formosa	Mar. 18	8 p.m.	Fukuken Maru
Swatow	Mar. 19	9 a.m.	Sunning
Chefoo & Tientsin	Mar. 19	11 a.m.	Kaga Maru
Amoy	Mar. 20	9 a.m.	Sulyang
Swatow	Mar. 22	10 a.m.	Soochow

MISCELLANOUS PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Russia and Europe	Daily	9 p.m.	via Trans
River ports	Daily	9 p.m.	via Trans
Japan ports	Mar. 17	8 p.m.	Manila M.
Japan ports	Mar. 18	8 p.m.	Kumano M.
Manila, Australia & N. Zealand	Mar. 18	3 p.m.	Naldera
Manila, Australia & N. Zealand	Mar. 19	11 a.m.	Kaga Maru
Manila, Australia & N. Zealand	Mar. 20	9 p.m.	E. of Russia
Japan ports	Mar. 21	8 p.m.	Omi Maru

Meteorological Report

March 16, 1924. SIGAWEI

	March 4		March 5	
Sun rises today at 6.22				
Sun sets today at 18.0	14 h.	21 h.	4 h.	9 h.
Barometer (inches)	30.22	30.26	30.19	30.24
(variation for 24 hours	−0.15	−0.13	−0.09	−0.05
at 32° F. (variation for 12 hours	−0.06	−0.03	−0.03	−0.02
Wind—Direction	NE	NNE	NW	NW
Wind—Miles per hour	9.9	8.1	9.3	9.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	40°7	40°1	37°6	44°2
Humidity %	96	90	95	68
Nebulosity (0-10)	10	10	0	4
Rainfall, inches	0.04	0.004	—	—

SIGAWEI ARMOUR REPORT March 4		Mean 1923.	24 Hrs. variation.	Previous average (50 yrs.) same period.
Temperature	(Min. 33°1)	Temperature		(Min. 38°9)
Temperature	(Min. 41°2)	(Fahr.)		(Max. 41°9)
(Fahr.)	(Max. 43°0)	30.26	−0.14	30.24
Rainfall since January 1 (ending midnight)		40°4	−2°9	42°8
		5.455	0.185	2.35

Vessels Due

Albert Voegler, *Yokohama* Mar. 22
Alcinous, *New York* .....Mar. 22
Aa-chen, *Yokohama* .....Mar. 20
Alaska Maru, *Hongkong* ..Mar. 17
Alderamin, *Rotterdam* ....Mar. 18
Aso Maru, *Yokohama* ....Mar. 20
Benmacdhui, *Seattle* .....Mar. 17
Canton, *Gothenburg* .....Mar. 23
City of Bristol, *New York* Mar. 22
Chohei Maru, *Dairen* .....Mar. 23
Chungking, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 18
E. Bowling, *Portland* .....Mar. 23
E. of Russia, *Vancouver* ..Mar. 21
Ekang, *Hongkong* .....Mar. 19
Fukuken Maru, *Dairen* ...Mar 17
Fausang, *Hongkong* .....Mar. 17
Fengtien, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 19
Gerty, *Europe* .....Mar. 16
Glenogle, *London* .....Mar. 16
Hsin Kiangtsen, *Ningpo* ..Mar. 18
Hsin Ningshao *Ningpo* ...Mar. 16
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo* .....Mar. 16
Heimchi, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 18
Hsinming, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 17
Kansu, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 23
Kiangan, *Hankow* .....Mar. 22
Kutwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 22
Kohoku Maru, *Formosa* ..Mar. 17
Kaga Maru, *Seattle* .....Mar. 18
Kianghsin, *Hankow* .....Mar. 23
Kiangfoo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 17
Kiangteen, *Hankow* .....Mar. 24
Kiangwah, *Hankow* .....Mar. 18
Kiangyu, *Hankow* .....Mar. 16
Kitano Maru, *Kobe* .....Mar. 20
Korea Maru, *S. Francisco* Mar. 20
Kungwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 16
Kumano Maru *Osaka* .....Mar. 16
Kwongsang, *Hongkong* ...Mar. 24
Karroo, *Europe* .....Mar. 18
Kiangyung, *Hankow* .....Mar. 21
Kingsing, *Hongkong* .....Mar. 16
L. P. Legazpi, *Barcelonia* Mar. 20
Loongwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 23
Lushan Maru, *Hongkong* Mar. 20
Luenyi, *Hankow* .....Mar. 18
Matsumoto Maru, *Europe* Mar. 18
Machaon, *Liverpool* .....Mar. 23
Moji Maru, *Bombay* .....Mar. 30
Moorish Prince, *New York* Mar. 21
Nagasaki Maru, *Nagasaki* Mar. 20
Niigata Maru, *Yokohama* ..Mar. 23
Ngankin, *Hankow* .....Mar. 23
Nikko Maru, *Osaka* .....Mar. 23
Obra, *Calcutta* .....Mar. 24
Omi Maru, *Osaka* .....Mar. 19
Padua, *Kobe* .....Mar. 19
Perseus, *Kobe* .....Mar. 17
Pingwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 24
Pres. Lincoln, *S. Francisco* Mar. 24
Pres. Madison, *Hongkong* Mar. 19
Porthos, *Kobe* .....Mar. 24
Sarpedon, *Liverpool* .....Mar. 22
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen* .....Mar. 20
Shengking, *Hankow* .....Mar. 16
Shuntien, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 24
Soochow, *Tsingtao* .....Mar. 20
Steel Navigator, *New Orleans* .....Mar. 22
Sungshan Maru, *Hongkong* Mar. 16
Sulyang, *Hongkong* .....Mar. 18
Saikio Maru, *Dairen* .....Mar. 17
Shansi, *Hongkong* .....Mar. 19
Suiwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 19
Tjikembang, *Batavia* .....Mar. 22
Tjisondari, *Batavia* .....Mar. 24
Tajima Maru, *Yokohama* Mar. 17
Tamba Maru, *Kobe* .....Mar. 17
Tatung, *Hankow* .....Mar. 21
Tingsang, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 17
Tuckwo, *Hankow* .....Mar. 20
Tungchow, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 16
Waishing, *Swatow* .....Mar. 21
Whangpu, *Hankow* .....Mar. 20
West Keats, *Portland* .....Mar. 21
West Nomentum, *Portland* Mar. 21
W. Sequana, *S. Francisco* Mar. 20
Wuchang, *Hankow* .....Mar. 17
Woosung, *Hankow* .....Mar. 24
Woising, *Tientsin* .....Mar. 19
Yatshing, *Tsingtao* .....Mar. 17
Yingchow, *Hongkong* ....Mar. 24
Yungshin, *Ningpo* .....Mar. 18

Usuri Railway Traffic Office

3 Ezra Road, Shanghai
'Phone: C. 8411

Gives information about shipment of goods via Vladivostok to Harbin, Manchuria, Urga, renders assistance and facilities to the goods owners.

Shippers attention is drawn to the fact that

a) Ussuri Rly. has fixed the most favourable rates on the shipments via Vladivostok to Harbin and other stations of the C. E. Rly. Western and Eastern Lines.

b) Railway charges may be paid at Harbin, (Kommercheskaya str. No. 20), to our Head Office-Ussuri Rly. Commercial Agency.

c) Custom Examination of goods may be executed at Harbin.

d) Safety of goods can be guaranteed through Bank.

e) For transit goods Government's license is not required.

For particulars please apply to Mr. P. Sery-Siryk, Mgr. at the above address.

P. & O., British India, Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES Incorporated in ENGLAND)
to Hongkong, Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf West Indies, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Australasia (including New Zealand and Queensland Ports.) Red Sea, Egypt, Europe, etc.

P. & O. FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
(Under contract with H. M. Government)
Marseilles, London, Antwerp—via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Egypt

Naldera	Mar. 18	Kaiyan	Apr. 29	Kashgar	June 10
Khyber	Apr. 1	"Plassy"	May 13	Morea	June 24
**Nellore	Apr. 5	**Kashmir	May 20	Karmala	July 8
China	Apr. 15	"Khiva"	May 27	Malwa	July 22

*Also calls at Bombay. **Extra Steamers.

P. & O. to Bombay—via Hongkong, Straits & Colombo.	Naldera Mar. 18; Sicilia Mar. 24
B. I. to Calcutta—from Hongkong via Singapore & Penang.	Takada Mar. 17; Torilla Apr. 4
B. I. to Calcutta—from Shanghai via Japan Hongkong & Straits.	

P. & O. and B. I. Co.'s tickets interchangeable under certain conditions

E. & A. to Sydney and Melbourne—from Hongkong via Manila, Townsville & Brisbane.	Arafura Apr. 2; St. Albans Apr. 30; Eastern May 28

All sailings and dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

For Passage Rates, Handbook, Freights, etc., apply to
1 CANTON ROAD
age C. 2210. Freight C. 2069.
'Phones: General C. 169. Pass
Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.,
AGENTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TRAVEL-DE-LUXE EMPRESS EXPRESS
QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

TRAVEL TO EUROPE
VIA THE CANADIAN ROCKIES

SAILINGS
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Vancouver
Empress of Russia	Apl. 5	Apl. 21
Empress of Australia	Apl. 21	May 7
Empress of Asia	May 10	May 26
Empress of Russia	May 31	June 16
Empress of Australia	June 16	July 2
Empress of Asia	July 5	July 21
Empress of Canada	July 21	Aug. 4
Empress of Russia	Aug. 2	Aug. 18

TICKETS ISSUED TO ALL POINTS IN U.S.A and Canada

THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE AND AROUND THE WORLD

TO MANILA VIA HONGKONG
Empress of Russia ..... Mar. 21

Offices All Departments: Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building (Entrance next the Customs House) 12 THE BUND: Tel. C. 5631.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

FAR EASTERN
PASSENGER and FREIGHT

SERVICE BETWEEN JAPAN, CHINA, HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, COLOMBO AND GENOA AND NORTH CONTINENTAL PORTS.

OUTWARD BOUND

	At Shanghai
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	March 31
S.S. "PFALZ"	May 13
S.S. "HOLSTEIN"	June 4
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	June 28
S.S. "SCHLESIEN"	July 30
S.S. "AACHEN"	August 27

HOMEWARD BOUND

	From Shanghai
S.S. "AACHEN"	March 23
**S.S. "DERFFLINGER"	April 1
S.S. "NIENBURG"	April 11
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	April 29
S.S. "PFALZ"	June 22
S.S. "HOLSTEIN"	July 15
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	July 23
S.S. "SCHLESIEN"	September 10
S.S. "AACHEN"	October 4

*These steamers have accommodation for 96 passengers in the cabin-class and 140 Intermediate-Class passengers.

**S.S. "DERFFLINGER" can take 120 Cabin-Class and 140 Intermediate Class Passengers. Steamers and dates liable to altered or cancelled without notice.

For the passenger boats through Tickets to London via Genoa, Paris or Antwerp/Rotterdam will be issued. (Only for Cabin-Class passengers.)

For PASSAGE and FREIGHT apply to
19/30 Kiukiang Road, MELCHERS & CO.,
Telephones C. 7308-09-10 General Agents.
Tel. Add: "NORDLLOYD" 7391

PACIFIC MAIL Steamship Co

"Sunshine Belt"

TRANS-PACIFIC PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
(Via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu)

S.S. President Wilson .....Mar. 29
S.S. President Lincoln .....Apr. 12
S.S. President Cleveland .....May 10
S.S. President Pierce .....May 24
S.S. President Wilson .....June 7

FOR HONGKONG and MANILA

S.S. Pallas (For freight only) Mar. 16
S.S. President Lincoln .....Mar. 26
S.S. President Cleveland .....Apr. 23
S.S. President Pierce .....May 7
S.S. President Wilson .....May 21
S.S. President Lincoln .....June 4

Through tickets and Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America and Cuba.

TO EUROPE
TRAVEL THROUGH AMERICA
Via Honolulu and California
£120—£112—£110

Shanghai to San Francisco First Class
San Francisco to New York First Class
New York to Europe
First Class, Cabin Class, or Second Class
With Choice of Rail Route San Francisco to New York and of Steamship Line New York to Europe

ATCHISON, TOPEKA and SANTA FE RAILWAY: Yosemite Valley, Southern California, Grand Canon.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Yosemite Valley, Southern California, Texas, New Orleans.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Central California, Lake Tahoe, Salt Lake.
WESTERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Feather River Salt Lake and Rocky Mountains.

Railway representatives meet all steamers to arrange tickets, routing, sleeping accommodations and all necessary details.
Atlantic reservations made here for all European Ports and all steamship lines. Apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Managing Agents U. S. Shipping Board
B. C. Haile, General Agent
13 Nanking Road. Telephones: Central 5058 and 5057
Cable Address: "SOLANO"

STRUTHERS & BARRY

OPERATING U.S. GOVERNMENT SHIPS CARGO ONLY

From San Francisco and Los Angeles via Japan Ports:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST SEQUANA" Mar. 29

For Hongkong and Philippine Islands Ports:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST SEQUANA" Mar. 21

L. EVERETT, GENERAL AGENT. SHANGHAI OFFICE, M. H. CASE, AGENT, No. 18 Jinkee Road, TEL: C. 5017.
Japan, China, Philippine Islands, Indo China, Straits Settlements
TELEGRAMS—"DIXSTRUTH"

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

T. K. K.

TO CALIFORNIA, VIA JAPAN PORTS AND THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

Along The Pathway Of The Sun

For SAN FRANCISCO Via JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU

Taiyo Maru from Yokohama	March 26
Tenyo Maru from Nagasaki	March 25
Korea Maru, via Nagasaki	April 11
Shinyo Maru, via Nagasaki	April 23
Siberia Maru, via Nagasaki	May 5

FOR HONGKONG

Korea Maru	March 20
Taiyo Maru	May 4

Frequent sailings thereafter.

Representatives of American Railroads meet our steamers in San Francisco Bay and exchange Rail orders, make sleeping car reservations, transfer baggage, etc.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all points in the United States, Honolulu, Hilo, Mexico, Central America and the West Coast of South America.

Phone Central 3124 and 3125. For steamer sailings.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR JAPAN
Kumano Maru .....Mar. 19
*Nagasaki Maru .....Mar. 21
*Omi Maru .....Mar. 22
Yamashiro Maru .....Mar. 29
Nikko Maru .....Mar. 26
†Shanghai Maru .....Apr. 1

FOR BOMBAY
Tamba Maru .....Mar. 19

FOR SEATTLE VIA VICTORIA B.C.
Kaga Maru .....Apr. 7
Iyo Maru .....April 21

FOR SOUTH AMERICA VIA Cape From Kobe.

FOR EUROPE
Kitano Maru .....Mar. 22
*Matsuye Maru .....Apr. 1
Haruna Maru .....Apr. 5
Kamo Maru .....Apr. 19
Katori Maru .....May 3

FOR AUSTRALIAN PORTS
Yoshino Maru Apr. 9 from Kobe
Apr. 11 from Nagasaki
Apr. 16 from Hongkong

FOR NEW YORK via SAN FRANCISCO AND CANAL
*Lisbon Maru .....Mar. 20

FOR MANILA & HONGKONG
Kaga Maru .....Mar. 20

†Nagasaki Shanghai Express Service *For Cargo only.

Passenger Ticket and Enquiry Office located on ground floor (facing the Bund) of the Palace Hotel. Phone: Central 880.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Phone North 1155 (Private Exchange) Telegraphic Address "Yusen Shanghai".

M. MESSAGERIES MARITIMES. SERVICES CONTRACTUELS M.

Mail Steamers	Next sailing from Marseilles	Probable sailing for Kobe and Yokohama	Probable sailing for Marseilles
PORTHOS			27th Mar.,
AMAZONE		22nd Mar., 1924	10th Apr.
ANGKOR	21st Feb.	5th Apr., 1924	24th Apr.
CHAMBORD	6th Mar.	19th Apr., 1924	8th May
PAUL LECAT	20th Mar.	2 May., 1924	15th May
ANDRE LEBON	27th Mar.	9th May., 1924	22nd May

NEW REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE
(Including table wine and free Doctor's attendance)

	1st CLASS		2nd CLASS	
MARSEILLES	A. £ 95	B. £ 89	A. £ 63	B. £ 62
LONDON	A. £ 101	B. £ 95	A. £ 72	B. £ 66

Through tickets to Paris and leading towns of Europe.
Re-booking abatements of 25% and 15% for return within 12 or 24 months. Special reductions to families and missionaries.

LIGNES COMMERCIALES (Cargo Boats)
CAPITAINE FAURE expected Shanghai about 6th April.

Tel. 3260 Shipping Department Tel. 987 Passenger Department.
Offices: 5 French Bund.
CONSIGNATION TRANSIT REPRESENTATION

NORTH CHINA LINE / SOUTH CHINA LINE

North and South China Line

For Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Dairen
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KADER" ..... Mar. 13
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KEATS" ..... Mar. 23
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... Mar. 23

From Portland, Ore, U. S. A.
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KADER" ..... Mar. 11
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST OROWA" ..... Mar. 14
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KEATS" ..... Mar. 21
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... Mar. 21
U.S.S.B. S.S. "DEWEY" ..... April 3

For Tsingtau, Takubar and Dairen:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KADER" ..... Mar. 13
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST KEATS" ..... Mar. 23
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... Mar. 23

For Hongkong and Manila
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST OROWA" ..... Mar. 16

Through Bills of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Carleston, and Boston in connection with fast Intercoastal Liners.

For information as to Freight Rates, etc., apply to
C. L. Seitz, Attorney. L. R. Schinasi, Freight Agent.

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.
(Operating United States Government Ships.)
The China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.
Agents.
Tel. C. 1464, 1465, 1466.
No. 6, Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, (5th Floor).

O. S. K.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE. For Marseilles, London, Hamburg & Rotterdam.
S.S. "PARIS MARU" ..... Apr. 4
S.S. "LONDON MARU" ..... Apr. 25
FOR NEW YORK. Via Japan Ports, San Francisco and Panama
S.S. "ALASKA MARU" ..... Mar. 19
FOR SEATTLE AND TACOMA via JAPAN PORTS and VICTORIA
S.S. "AFRICA MARU" ..... (Direct to Kobe) ..April 2
S.S. "ALABAMA MARU" ..... (Direct to Kobe) ..Apr. 17
FOR HONGKONG (Direct)
S.S. "ALABAMA MARU" ..... Apr. 6
FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. Tientsin and Dairen.
S.S. "KYODO MARU" No. 26 (Via Tsingtao) ....Mar. 19
S.S. "KOHOKU MARU" ....(Via Tsingtao) ....Mar. 19
FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.
S.S. "FUKUKEN MARU" ..... Mar. 19
S.S. "KOHOKU MARU" ..... Apr. 3
FOR JAPAN. (For Nagasaki Direct).
S.S. "MANILA MARU" ....(For Nagasaki) ...Mar. 18

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Shipping Office, 3 Canton Road ..... Phone Central 4234
Wharf Office, 36 Yangtsepoo Road ..... Phone East 208 and 113.

Men-Of-War In Port

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
ODW	Jan. 29	Bee	Br. Gun-boat
FNB	Mar. 15.	Colmer	Fr. Cruiser
IC	Mar. 7	Calabria	Ital. Gun-boat
BNB	Mar. 14	Diomede	Br. Cruiser
USB	Dec. 22	D. de Lagres	Fr. Gunboat
I C	Feb. 15	E. Carlotto	Ital. Gunboat
EEW	———	Fushima	Jap. Gun-boat
ODW	———	Penguin	Am. Gun-boat
ODW	Feb. 14	Pigeon	Am. Gunboat
IC	Feb. 29	Seb. Caboto	Ital. Gunboat
IC	Mar. 2	Uji	Jap. Gunboat
YTPDW	Feb. 7	Woodcock	Br. Gunboat
McW.	Mar. 11	Woodlark	Br. Gunboat

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Mar. 16	D.L. Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br. C.P.S.
Mar. 16	— Portland, Ore.	W. O'Rowa	Am. Lumber Co.
Mar. 17	— New York via Suez	Kt. Templar	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 19	D.L. New York	Alaska Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Mar. 20	— Seattle	†P. Madison	Ad. Adl. O. Line
Mar. 23	— Portland, Ore.	W. Nomentum	Am. Lumber Co.
Mar. 23	— Portland, Ore.	W. Keats	Am. Lumber Co.
Mar. 26	— New York	Lisbon Marp	Jap. N.Y.K.
Mar. 28	— New York via Suez	†P. Adams.	Am. Dollar Co.
Mar. 28	— New York	Esther Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
Mar. 29	— San Francisco	†P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Apr. 1	— Seattle	†P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Apr. 2	— Tacoma	Africa Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Apr. 5	— Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br. C.P.S.
Apr. 7	— Seattle	Kaga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Apr. 7	— New York via Suez	Atreus	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 11	— San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Apr. 11	— New York via Suez	†P. Garfield	Am. Dollar Co.
Apr. 12	— San Francisco	†P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Apr. 13	— Seattle	†P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Apr. 17	— Tacoma, etc.	Alabama Mar	Jap. O. S. K.
Apr. 21	— Vancouver	†E. of Australia	Br. C. P. S.
Apr. 21	— Seattle	Iyo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Apr. 23	— San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Apr. 25	— New York via Suez	†P. Polk	Am. Dollar Co.
Apr. 25	— Seattle	†P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Apr. 25	— Vancouver, etc.	C. Winner	Br. B. & S.
May 8	— San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
May 10	— Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br. C. P. S.
May 24	— San Francisco	†P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Mar. 18	— Nagasaki	Manila Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Mar. 19	— Moji, Kobe Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 21	— Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 22	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Mar. 26	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Nikko M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Mar. 29	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Apr. 1	— Nagasaki	Shanghai M	Jap. N. Y. K.

Hugo Stinnes-Linien
OSTASIEN-FAHRT

PASSENGER SERVICE
Shanghai to Naples
Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg
via
Hongkong, Manila, Straits, Colombo, Suez, Port Said

Sailings from Shanghai:
S.S. "ALBERT VOGLER" on or about the 24th March.
S.S. "CARL LEGIEN" on or about the 20th April
S.S. "ADOLF von BAEYER" on or about the 22nd May.

Fares from SHANGHAI to NAPLES:
from £76 upwards
Through-tickets to London will be granted.

Only first class accomodation available

HUGO STINNES-LINIEN OSTASIEN-FAHRT
Tel. C. 6536 58 Kiangse Road

Travel-

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

AN IDEAL JOURNEY
Through the wonderful lands of Canada with its wealth of splendor and countless attractions, via

THE NEW ROUTE
(Separate and distinct from the C. P. R.)

which provides travellers with coaches and through trains of latest design and unexcelled cuisine. Through bookings in connection withany Steamship Line.

THE "NATIONAL WAY"
Serves principal cities in Canada and many in the U.S.A.
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Shanghai Tel. C. 6973

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Mar. 18	5.00 London	†Naldera	Br. M. M. & Co.
Mar. 19	— Bombay	Tamba Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 19	— Hamburg, etc.	†Rhexener	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 20	— Hamburg, etc.	Aachen	Ger. Mel. Co.
Mar. 22	— London	Kitano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 23	— Hamburg, etc.	Aachen	Ger. Mel. & Co.
Mar. 24	— Hamburg, etc.	Albert Voegler	Ger. H. S. Line
Mar. 26	— Rotterdam, etc.	Meriones	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 26	— Hamburg, etc.	Pembrokeshire	Br. G. L. E. A.
Mar. 27	— Liverpool	Perseus	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 27	2.00 Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr. M.M. Cie
Apr. 1	— Hamburg, etc.	Matsuye Mar	Jap. N.Y.K.
Apr. 1	— Hamburg, etc.	Derflinger	Ger. Mel. & Co.
Apr. 1	— London	†Khyber	Br. M.M. & Co.
Apr. 2	— Hamburg, etc.	Troilus	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 4	— Rotterdam, etc.	Paris Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Apr. 5	— London	Haruna Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Apr. 5	— Rotterdam, etc.	Mapia	Det. H. C. T. Co.
Apr. 9	— London, etc.	Kamo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Apr. 10	— Marseilles	†Amazone	Fr. M. M. Cie
Apr. 11	— Hamburg, etc.	Nienburg	Ger. Mel. & Co.
Apr. 15	— Liverpool	Alcinous	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 15	— Hamburg, etc.	Carl Legien	Ger. H. S. Line
Apr. 15	— London	†China	Br. M. M. & Co.
Apr. 16	— London	†Sarpedon	Br. B. & S.
Apr. 19	.. Hamburg, etc.	Glenogle	Br. G.L.E.A.
Apr. 24	— Marseilles	†Angkor	Fr. M. M. Cie
Apr. 25	— Rotterdam, etc.	London Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Apr. 29	— London, etc.	†Kelvar	Br. M. M. & Co.
Apr. 29	— Hamburg, etc.	Cohlen?	Ger. Mel. & Co.
May 3	— London, etc.	†Katori Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
May 8	— Marseilles	Chambord	Fr. M. M. Cie.
May 13	— London	†Pissay	Br. M. M. & Co.
May 14	— Liverpool	Patroclus	Br. B. & S.
May 20	— London	†Kashmir	Br. M.M. & Co.
May 20	— Hamburg, etc.	A. von Baeyer	Ger. H. S. Line
May 27	— London	†Khiva	Br. M. M. Co.
June 10	— London	†Kashgar	Br. M. M. & Co.
June 24	— London	†Morea	Br. M. M. & Co.

FOR AUSTRALIA FROM HONGKONG

Apr. 2	— Melbourne, etc.	†Arafura	Br. M.M. & Co.
Apr. 16	— Melbourne, etc.	†Yoshino Mar	Jap N. Y. K.
Apr. 30	— Melbourne, etc.	†St. Albans	Br. M.M. & Co.
May 28	— Melbourne, etc.	†Eastern	Br. M. M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Mar. 16	8.00 *Swatow	Chekiang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 16	— Hongkong, Manila	W. O'Rowa	Am. Lumber Co.
Mar. 16	8.00 *Hongkong, Manila	P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Mar. 17	— Wenchow	Feiching	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 17	9.00 *A. H'kong, C'ton	Luchow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 17	5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Mar. 17	5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 18	— Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 18	5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Kiangtse	Chi. C.M.S.N Co
Mar. 18	5.00 Ningpo	Yunnshin	Chi. N. S. S. N.
Mar. 18	10.00 *S. H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 19	— Keelung, etc.	Fukuken M.	Jap. O. S. K.
Mar. 19	D.L. S. H'kong, C'ton	Yatshing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Mar. 20	— Manila, Hongkong	Kaga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Mar. 20	10.00 *A. H'kong, C'ton	Sufyang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 20	— Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Mar. 21	— Hongkong, Manila	West Sequana	Am. S. & B.
Mar. 21	— Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C. P. S.
Mar. 22	noon S. H'kong, C'ton	Soochow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 23	1.00 A. H'kong, C'ton	Liangchow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 26	— Hongkong, Manila	P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 28	— Hongkong, Manila	P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Apr. 6	— Hongkong	Alabama Maru	Jap. O. S.K.
Apr. 7	— Hongkong	E. of Australia	Br. C. P. S.
Apr. 9	— Hongkong, Manila	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Mar. 16	10.00 *W. C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 16	8.00 *Newchwang	Kashing	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 16	8.00 *Newchang	Hupeh	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 16	— Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 18	9.00 *Tsingtao Dairen	Saikio M.	Jap. D.K.K.
Mar. 18	3.00 W. C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 18	— Newchwang	Kaho	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 19	— Dairen, etc.	Kyodo Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Mar. 19	D.L. Tsingtao	Fausang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Mar. 19	10.00 *W. C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br. J.M. & Co.
Mar. 19	11.00 *W. C'foo, T'tsin	Chengtu	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 19	— Dairen, etc.	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Mar. 20	11.00 *Chefoo, Tientsin	Chusan	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 20	11.00 *Newchwang	Kwangse	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 21	noon Tsingtao, Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. D. K. K.
Mar. 21	— Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br. K. M. A.
Mar. 22	noon Tsingtao	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 24	3.00 Tsingtao, Dairen	Chohei Maru	Jap. D. K. K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Mar. 16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 15	D.L. Wuhu	Fooshing	Br. J.M. & Co.
Mar. 16	D.L. Hankow	Changsha	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 17	9.00 *Pukow	Kanchow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
Mar. 17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangshun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 18	— Chunking, etc.	Meiren	Am. A.A.U. Inc.
Mar. 18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kungwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Mar. 18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangtoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kwangtah	Chi C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Mar. 20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wenchow	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Mar. 21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Whangpu	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 23	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J.M. & Co.

M. N.—MIDNIGHT. †CARRYING MAIL
D. L.—DAYLIGHT. *MORNING

Information For Mariners

SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

The morning tide are higher than the evening tides, they are about equal after noon and midnight.
Approximate rise, at spring 4¼ h; at neaps, 3 h.
fall, at spring 1¾ h; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
8h. 5m.	3ft. 8in.	8h. 55m.	4ft. 11in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides.)
Approximate rise, 1½ h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.	P.M.
6 50	7 32

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset.

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
1.19 p.m.	2.31 a.m.	6h. 12m.	6h. 7m.	5h. 27m.	6h. 52m.

Mean Barometric Pressure. 30.17 in.
March 766.6 mm.

DOLLAR LINE
"Around the World"

ROUND THE WORLD
PASSENGER and FREIGHT

From SHANGHAI to HONGKONG, MANILA, STRAITS, COLOMBO, SUEZ, ITALY, MARSEILLES, BOSTON and NEW YORK THENCE PANAMA SAN FRANCISCO to SHANGHAI

FIRST CLASS PASSENGER STEAMERS

PRESIDENT ADAMS	Mar. 28
PRESIDENT GARFIELD	April 11
PRESIDENT POLK	April 25
PRESIDENT MONROE	May 9
PRESIDENT HARRISON	May 23
PRESIDENT VANBUREN	June 6

ALSO EXCELLENT THIRD CLASS CABINS
Cargo accepted for local ports of call
ESTHER DOLLAR (Cargo only) Mar. 28.
Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE

Freight Department, Robert Dollar Building. 3 Canton Road. Central 6371-2
Passenger Department, Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Road. Central 6373

ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE

TRANS-PACIFIC
Passenger and Freight Service
Fast — Frequent — Regular
SEATTLE — VICTORIA
via Kobe and Yokohama

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Seattle
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	Mar. 20	Apr. 5
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	Apr. 1	Apr. 17
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	Apr. 13	Apr. 29
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	Apr. 25	May 11
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	May 7	May 23

Thru Connections to Europe
Across United States or Canada
Your Choice Atlantic Lines

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	Mar. 16
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	Mar. 28
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	April 9
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	April 21
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	May 3

ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE

Managing Agents, FREIGHT DEPT. ROBERT DOLLAR BUILDING 3 Canton Road, Central 6371-2
U. S. Shipping Board PASSENGER DEPT. Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Road, Central 6373

LONDON—ANTWERP ROTTERDAM—HAMBURG

Fast Freight Service

S.S. INDEPENDENCE MIDDLE MARCH
WILLIAM PENN END APRIL

For Rates and Particulars apply to

THE BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.
Managing agents U. S. Shipping Board
Admiral Oriental Line, Agents.
3 Canton Road . . . . . Tel. Cent. 6371-2

THE KOKUSAI UNSO KAISHA, Ltd.
(International Forwarding Co.)
Subscribed Capital ... *Yen 10,000,000.—*
Capital paid up ... ... *Yen 4,800,000.—*
Head office: TOKIO, (Yurakucho, Kojimachi Ku)
Foreign Branches
Head office: DAIREN, (Yamagatadori)
Branches:—In Japan:—Tokio, Yokohama, Kioto, Osaka, Amagasaki, Kobe, Shimonoseki, Moji, Kagoshima, Tsuruga,
" In Korea:—Fusan, Keijo, Heijo, etc.
" In Manchuria:—Dairen, Mukden, Chanchun, Yinkow, Shiheigai, Tieling, Harbin, Vladivostock.
Correspondents: All Railway Stations in Japan.
Shipping, Chartering, Warehousing, Stevedoring, Cargo Financing, Customs Brokers, Marine and Fire Insurance.
Shanghai Branch:
No. 9 Canton Road Tel. Central 8213 & 8310

AUCTION SALES

Cables: "MOORECO" Shanghai — ESTABLISHED 1874 — Codes: A1, ABC 5th Ed. & Bentley's

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

Auctioneers, Valuers, Land Brokers
45 Kiangse Road Shanghai
42-44 Bristow Road, Tientsin

Phone { Auction Dept. Cent. 153 / Fire Loss Adjusting Dept. Cent. 6123 / Chinese Department, Cent. 6126

AUCTIONS

SUMMARY OF AUCTIONS

Tuesday, March 18, at 10 a.m.

At 50 Avenue du Roi Albert. Superior Household furniture.

Wednesday. March 19 at 10 a.m.

In Front Salesroom Household Furniture and Sundries.

Wednesday, March 19 at 2.30 p.m.

In Cargo Salesroom General Merchandise and Sundries.

Details as under:—

At No. 50 Avenue du Roi Albert
On Tuesday, March 18, 1924, at 10 a.m.
Excellent Household Furniture & Sundries
being mostly the property of
Mr. Cecil Holliday

COMPRISING:—

HALL. Dark Oak-stained mirror back Hatstand, Hall table, Hall seats, Chairs, Coat Rack, Pictures, Axminster rug, Fine Chinese Porcelains, etc.,

DRAWING ROOM. Axminster Carpet, Teak Mantel Mirror, Tapestry upholstered Chesterfield Couch and Arm Chairs, Chinese Blackwood Marble-top Centre table, Carved Blackwood Side Table, Column stand, stool, Teak mahogany-stained Curio Cabinet, Escritoire, Teapoys, Oil Paintings, Peking Cloisonne vases, Ornaments, etc., etc.,

DINING ROOM. Tentain Carpet, Rugs, Teak Bevelled Mirror-back Sideboard, Cellarette, Heavy Teak leather seated Dining Chair by Arts and Crafts, Leather upholstered Double spring Arm Chairs, Screen, Porcelain ornaments, Brass ware, Good E.P., Crockery, Glass and Cut Glass ware, Red Plush table cover, Table linen, Pictures, etc.

STUDY. Tapestry upholstered Arm Chair, Brass book rack, Book-Case, Bookstand, Lady's Writing desk, Teapoys, etc.

Contents of 2 Bedrooms. Large Walnut-stained Mirror-door Wardrobe Mirror-back dressing table, Chest of Drawers, Washstand, Chairs, Round table, Teapoys, 1 Oak-stained Bedroom Suite fitted with bevelled mirrors, Wooden double Bedstead, Brass Single Bedstead, Screen, Matting, Rugs, Pictures, Tapestry Upholstered Couch and Arm Chairs, Curtains, etc., etc.

also

1 Fine tone Iron framed Piano by Montrie.
1 Electric Vacuum Cleaner 110 Volts.
1 Set Cutlery in Oak Case.
3 Electric table fans,
1 Ice Chest.

On view Sunday and Monday

IN FRONT SALESROOM
On Wednesday, March 19, 1924
Commencing at 10 a.m.
Excellent Household Furniture, Sporting Gun and Sundries.

Comprising:—

Dark oak sideboard, dark oak dining table, dark oak serving table, dark oak dining chairs, dark oak wardrobe, mahogany-stained China cabinet with glass shelves, set teapoys, white enamel wardrobe, white enamel bevelled mirror-back dressing table, chest of drawers, writing desk, Suite white enamel bedroom furniture, mahogany stained bedroom suite complete 8 pieces, large teak wood table, teak wood filing cabinet, teak wood flat top desks, blue enamel wicker child's cot, work basket, pictures, books, glass ware, tapestry upholstered double spring chesterfield couch and arm chairs, E. P. ware, and sundries

ALSO

12 bore double barrel hammerless sporting gun by Frederick Williams, London, Birmingham
Lad's fancy beaded hand bags.

IN MIDDLE SALESROOM
Useful Household Furniture and Sundries, Clothing, Etc.
On Tuesday, March 18, 1924
Commencing at 10 a.m.

Comprising:—

Nickel mounted heating stoves, Procelain lavatory basin, kitchen stoves, Salamandre stove, Marble top round centre table, WARDROBE TRUNK, OAK STAINED MIRROR-BACK SIDEBOARD, DOUBLE SPRING COUCH AND ARM CHAIRS, Flat top desk, SUITE BEDROOM FURNITURE FITTED BEVELLED MIRROR, DOUBLE IRON BEDSTED WITH WIRE & OTHER MATTRESS, EXTENSION DINING TABLE, Marble top washstand, Mirror door wardrobe, Brass coal boxes, OVERMANTLE MIRRORS, Large & small porcelain vases, Glassware, Dinner & Tea crockery, Electric table fan, Wooden boxes, Linen ware, Pictures and Frames, Card table, Carpets & Rugs, and Ornaments etc, etc.

ALSO

A Large assortment of Gent's & Lady's clothing etc, etc.

IN CARGO SALESROOM
On Wednesday, March 19, 1924
at 2.30 p.m.
General Merchandise and Sundries

Comprising:—

1 Case Kitchen Knives, 1 Case Cigarette Boxes, 7 Cases Tooth Powder & Paste, 3 Cases Sandalwood Face Cream & Powder, 5 Cases Rouge, Toilet Water, Perfume &c., 2 Cases Water Heaters, 4 Boxes Photo Lenes, 8 Boxes Gas mantles, 5 Bales British Army Blankets, Brown Kid Leather, 50 Cases Red Caviar, Cigars, Cigarettes, 30 Sets Mah Jong & Boxes, 12 Dozen Tobacco Pipes, Hair Clippers, Razors & Stroppers, Dress Shoes, Tweed & Waterproof Caps, Neckties, Socks, Canvas Bags Porcelain Vases,

also

4 Cases Aluminium Water Kettles, 1 Case Aluminium Sheets 5 Cases Thermos Bottles, 1 Case Icewater Bottles, 1 Case Pandora Perfumery, 3 Cases Pandora Soap, 1 Case Carlsbad Soap, 1 Case Carbolic Soap, 3 Cases Woollen Venetians.

Now On View

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.
No. 45 Kiangse Road
Head Office.

W. FUNDER & CO.

40 A KIANGSE ROAD

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Real Estate Agents and Coal Merchants

Telephone: Central 1152

For sale by private treaty a large consignment of useful Commercial Cable and Telegraphic Codes, etc., all completely new and for sale at Bargain Prices.

Lots and Particulars as follows:

No. 1—A.B.C. 5th Edition.
No. 2—Lieber's 5 letter latest Edition.
No. 3—Scott's Code 10th Edition For Shipping Firms.
No. 4—A.B.C. Code 5 letter words.
No. 5—Farquhar's 100,000 Cypher Words Ideal for private Codes.
No. 6—The Codem Code The Premier Code for Insurance and Shipping.
No. 7—Farquhar's Fur Code.
No. 8—Bentley's Table Code.
No. 9—Skinner's Cotton Trade Directory.
No. 10—The Bankers' Year Book.
No. 11—The Directory of Directors.
No. 12—The Stock Exchange Gazette Book.
No. 13—Stock Exchange Year Book.
No. 14—Voller's 12 figure Code Condenser.
No. 15—Lace Pocket Dictionary.
No. 16—Silk Pocket Dictionary.

W. FUNDER & CO.

40 A. KIANGSE ROAD.

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Real Estate Agents and Coal Merchants.

Telephone: Central 1152.

Will sell by Public Auction in their Godown.

On Monday, March 17, 1924.
At 2:30 p.m. (Afternoon)

General Cargo, Sundry Cargo, Sundries, Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, etc., as follows:

General Cargo

1200 Bags Flour (Peacock Chop) slightly damaged by sea-water.
59 Rolls green wire screen cloth each roll 100 feet long x 3 feet broad slightly damaged by sea-water.
5 Cases Odol (British make)
6 Bags Putty.
3 Cases Royal Velvet Skin Cream in 2 oz. and 4 oz jars. (American make)
5 New hand sewing machines.
1 New Bicycle (Dixie), American make.
3 Cases paint (steel gray) British make.

Sundry Cargo and Sundries

53 Pieces Florstyle, 52 pieces Florstyle End Caps, 5 pieces Leather, 1 dozen Fumigators, etc.,

Wines, Spirits, etc.,

30 Cases Brandy, 70 cases Scotch Whiskies, 150 cases Champagnes, 125 cases Vermouths (first-class Italian) etc.,

Now on view.

C 2240

UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

W. FUNDER & CO.

40 A KIANGSE ROAD

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Real Estate Agents and Coal Merchants

Telephone: Central 1152

For sale by Private Treaty the following new metal Materials:

Mild Steel flat Bars

270 Tons ¾" inch to 4" inch wide x ⅛" to ⅝" inch thick.

Reinforcing Bars

200 Tons in Bundles.

Mild Steel H. Beams

350 Tons ¾" to 9½" inch x 1⅜" to 4½" inch.

Mild Steel Channels.

165 Tons 3½" inch to 7" inch.

Mild Steel round Bars.

75 Tons.

Mild Steel Angles

150 Tons.

Above consists of 1,210 tons in all more or less.

Gas or Water Pipes.

100,000 feet Galvanised gas or water tubes ½" inch internal diameter.
200,000 feet black gas or water tubes ½" inch internal diameter.
100,000 feet black gas or water tubes ¾" inch internal diameter (Best British make).

Bamboo Steel (Plain)

74 Tons in Bundles of 6 ft. lengths ½" to 1" square (Best American make).

Note. The above Mild Steel Materials are the best Belgian make and the piping is all first-class British make.

For further particulars apply to Mr. A. J. Richardson, Manager, 40 A Kiangse Road, who will treat with intending purchasers.

W. FUNDER & CO.

40 A KIANGSE ROAD

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Merchants

Telephone: Central 1152

Having been favored with instructions from The Concerned will sell by Public Auction
At No. 294 Avenue du Roi Albert
On Thursday, March 20, 1924
At 10 a.m. (Forenoon)
Excellent household Furniture and Effects, etc.,

Comprising:

Hall.—Mirror-back hat and umbrella stand, hall table and settee, wicker chairs and couch, pictures, etc.,

Drawing room.—Brussels carpet, Canton heavy carved blackwood cabinet, and mantel mirror in dragon design, tapestry upholstered mahogany-stained and teakwood drawing room suites, center table, teak mahogany-stained silver ware cabinet, escritoire, blackwood carving side table, jardiniere stand, oil painting, curtains, etc.

Study.—Matting carpet, teak flat top desk and chairs, sliding door bookcases and stand, cretonne covered double spring couch and easy chairs, curtains, etc.

Dining Room.—Oak-stained bevel-edged mirror, dining room suite, silver ware cabinet, tapestry covered arm chairs, glass, crockery, and E. P. ware, cloisonne vases, porcelain and bronze curios, etc.,

Bedrooms—White enamelled painted bedroom suite, wooden and iron bedsteads, cloth stand, mantle mirror, teapoy, tapestry covered sofa, bed linen, etc.

Pantry and Kitchen as usual.

also

One Canteen set, 96 pieces with oakwood case.

On view Tuesday.

Hotel—SEASIDE—Pension
Tel. Addr. Monchen.

This Hotel has been completely renovated and extended by a newly completed ANNEXE with only well furnished SEA-facing rooms.
Excellent cuisine. Moderate terms.
Only place in town for hot sea baths.

TSINGTAO.

Shanghai Sharebrokers Association

Business Done

Shanghai, March 15, 1924

OFFICIAL

S.M.C. 7% Debs. 1922 Tls. 104.75

UNOFFICIAL

Consolidated Tls. 2.25
Sanawangs Tls. 0.75

洋灰 — CHEE HSIN CEMENT Company, Limited.

Tangshan Portland Cement is Popularly known as the best of its kind and is used by Municipalities, Railways, Engineering Works, Mining Companies, Building Contractors, etc., throughout China and Far East to their satisfaction.

Wholesale and Retail.

For further particulars apply to
South China Sales Bureau
Telephone Central 7471,
87 Peking Road, Shanghai.

The Jade Tree Studios

TOURISTS—
While in Shanghai do not fail to visit the home of Exquisite Chinese Art.
64 Route Ghisi
Phone West 1440

EMPRESS BRINGS AND TAKES AWAY SHANGHAI FOLKS

The Empress of Asia, which arrived yesterday morning from Hongkong, brought several well known Shanghailanders home from visits in the South, and sails this morning with a number of others who are going to the United States or Europe, via the United States, on business and pleasure.

Lady Stubbs, wife of the Governor of Hongkong, arrived from the Colony for a visit. Others arriving included Miss R. Addis, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cameron, Major M. Garibaldi, Mr. E. F. L. Sturdee, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Mallinson, and Mr. H. O. White.

Among the departures today are Miss Jean Adams of Foochow, Miss Zelia Cox of Shanghai, Mr. C. Gimbel of Peking and Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Donovan of the American Trading Company.

Mr. C. G. Humphreys of the Asiatic Petroleum Company is sailing on an extended leave. Others leaving include Mr. J. Foley of the Tobacco Products Company, the Rev. F. D. Gamewell, Mr. J. D. Gillian, Mr. N. W. Hickling, Mr. Henry W. Lester, Mr. and Mrs. Norman C. Macgregor, Mr. S. H. Noxon, Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Sparks and family, Mr. F. S. Stringer, Mrs. H. Stringer, Mr. T. H. Artindale, Mr. A del Piano, Mr. H. M. Fleming, Dr. W. H. Hudson of Kashing, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moule, Dr. P. F. Price of Nanking, and Mr. M. D. Silas.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 9 O.I.C. 49a Nanking Road

SmokeBetter Cigarettes
—Tareytons, for instance
—Tareytons for pleasure
Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes
Twenty Cigarettes to the Package

Russian Ballet Scores Big Hit In Philippines

The Russian ballet, formerly at the Del Monte and the Parisien, has scored a decided hit in Manila judging from reviews appearing in the Manila papers. The ballet first appeared at the Carnival, and are now playing at the Savoy Theater. Concerning their appearance at the Savoy the Manila Times on March 5 published the following:

Savoy audiences last evening left no doubt as to their appreciation of the new bill presented—by Goulette's Ballet Beautiful. The applause at the conclusion of the "Water Nymph" ballet was almost riotus and mayhap selfish for the crowd kept calling the girls back to the stage until they were almost exhausted.

The new program begins with a Russian Character dance by the two Youry Yourlos. The dancing and picturesque costumes made a big hit. The Sisters Roberty, Marucia and Lydia, in a new dance specialty something really jazzy, brought forth torrents of applause. These little ladies are more than attractive both in dress and appearance and there is nothing lacking with regard to terpsichorean ability. Ida Ray is pretty and can really dance. Her Roumanian number was more than pleasing. She is as light as though she was on springs and as graceful as a scarf blown in a breeze.

Hamilton and Mills, as usual, had the audience with them as soon as they were on the stage. Their two songs, especially "Two Time Dan" were delivered with such gusto that the hit was resounding.

The new "Water Nymph Ballet" is as pretty and as breezy as its title. Eight beautiful girls led by Helen Rachinsky, premiere danseuse from the Moscow Imperial Theater, spoke volumes for their training and the skill of Jans Domaradsky, their director. The "Water Nymph" Ballet is easily the best thing of its kind seen in Manila in a long time.

Tobacco Sales

Messrs. George McBain, General Agents of the Shanghai Sumatra Tobacco Co., Ltd., have received information from the Deli-Maatschappij in Amsterdam to the effect that 3604 bales (of 156 half Kilos each) of the 1923 crop of Tobacco have been sold privately at an average of Glds. 2. 45 per half kilo.

Refugee Relief

A further list of subscriptions to the Refugee Relief Advisory Committee, together with an expression of thanks to the Shanghai Tramways for again printing 50,000 motif tickets free of charge, is included in a letter received from Mr. A. E. Lockyer, honorary treasurer of the Committee. The statement is as follows:

SOUP KITCHEN

Balance as per list of February 15, 1924	$4,483.09
Womens Auxiliary per Miss Alice Peet Jan. & Feb.	40.00
M. S.	10.00
Mrs. Chapman	10.00
Dr. F. M. Neild in memory of N. H. Langley Smith Tls. 10.00 @ 71.8	13.93
Miss E. R. Jansen Feb.	10.00
G. E. Peet, March	25.00
Miss Leslie Brenner	40.00
Miss E. R. Jansen, March	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Wolfe, March	25.00
Mrs. G. M. Weston	31.00
Mrs. W. A. Willis	10.00
Miss Ruth Parker	30.00
Mrs. W. J. Ward	10.00
Miss Ward	10.00
Anonymous	10.00
	$4,761.02
Add Cash at Soup Kitchen for February	$344.34
Tickets sold Soup Kitchen	.50
	$5,105.86
Less February Expenses 17,206 meals	1,932.30
Add Cash at Soup Kitchen for March	1,324.36
	$2,346.36
	$2,763.02
Housing and general balance as per last account	$44.34
Maternity balance as per last account	40.00
Clothing balance as per last account	45.58
Repatriation balance as per last account	$4,067.65
Less Feb. Expenses	$120.00
Cost of repatriating 50 Refugees to Manchuli	1,562.50
Cost of repatriating 50 Refugees to Manchuli	1,682.80
Cost of repatriating 50 Refugees to Manchuli	2,384.85
Balance in hand	$5,577.60

HOW FAR CAN A GIRL GO?

She smoked cigarettes. She drank. She went to petting parties. She led the pace of the gayest life in the gayest of society.

And yet she claimed to be respectable. The men liked her, but there were certain young men who were not seeking her as a wife.

"Why?" she wondered. "Had she gone too far?"

See
FLAMING
To-day at 3 p.m.
5.30 & 9.15 p.m.
AT
APOLLO THEATRE

Important Notice

For the convenience of Classified Advertisers

Special WANT AD. Dept.

has been opened by

THE CHINA PRESS

AT

17, NANKING ROAD

(On the South Side, between Kiangse and Szechuen Roads)

The new department will be found in the large lobby on the Ground Floor. It is open every day from 8.30—12.30 and 2—6. Advertisers will be given a Box Number as usual and will please call for their replies.

ALL WANT ADS. MUST BE PREPAID

THE CHINA PRESS WANT AD. DEPT.
17, NANKING ROAD
Head Office: 14 Kiukiang Road (Second Floor): Tel. C. 1431

MAGAZINE

The China Press

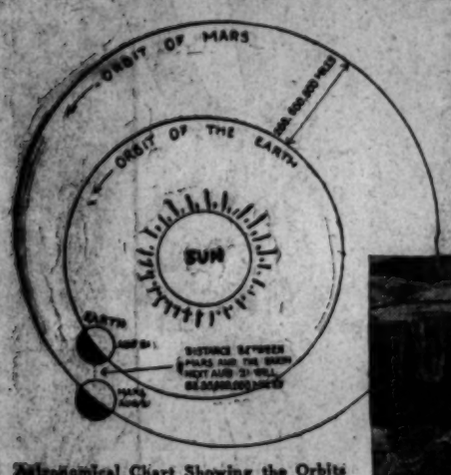
大陸報

AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

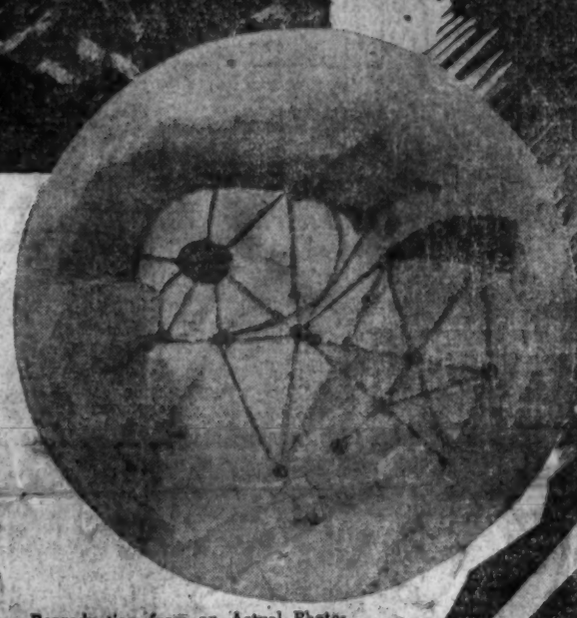
Science's Newest Daring Attempt To Probe the Mystery of Mars

Huge Light Beams, Reflected from Dazzling Mountains of Snow, to Be Used in Signaling to the Planet



Astronomical Chart Showing the Orbits of Mars and the Earth During 1924, and Their Relative Positions Next August 21, at Which Time, It Is Expected, the First Signals Will Be Projected Toward Mars.

A Martian Landscape, by Prof. Scriven Bolton, F. R. A. S., Adapted from Telescopic Studies of the Planet. This View Is Declared to Show the Ice Mountains and Bergs in the Region Surrounding the Martian South Pole.



Reproduction from an Actual Photograph of the Planet Mars, Showing Its Canals, Made by the Late Prof. Percival Lowell at the Arizona Observatory.

Here Is Artist Corea's Fantastic Conception of a Martian Monster, All Head, Brains and Tentacles, Attacking an Earth Woman Who Had Landed on the Planet Mars.
(From H. G. Wells' "War of the Worlds.")

USING the snow-clad slopes of the Alps as a giant reflector, scientists will attempt next August to flash signals from the earth to Mars.

They are already installing on the top of the Jungfrau a gigantic electro-heliographing apparatus which will concentrate the rays from the dazzling snow-fields and hurl them in a super-searchlight beam millions of miles through interstellar space.

The plan is the most stupendous, for its purpose, that the human mind has conceived since the days of Jules Verne.

Yet it is comparatively simple.

To understand the idea, it is only necessary to think of an ordinary searchlight, or the even more familiar headlight of an automobile, and then imagine it multiplied to the size of an enormous mountain.

The familiar auto headlight consists of three things—a glass lens concentrating the beams, an electric bulb and a concave mirror, which serves as a reflector.

In the case of the giant searchlight which is now being set up on the Jungfrau, an enormous double lens, capable of being pointed like a cannon, will be set in a steel structure on the topmost peak. The electric bulb will be replaced by innumerable huge calcium flares; and the reflector, instead of being a small circular mirror, will be the enormous concave shining slope of a neighboring snow-clad mountain.

The gigantic flares, reflected from the great snow-fields, and concentrated in one enormous sky-piercing ray, will make the Swiss mountains as bright as day for a radius of thirty miles, and will be visible, like the Aurora Borealis, from towns and cities of other countries hundreds of miles distant. Ten thousand giant calcium flares, backed by the great shining reflector more than three miles in diameter, which is the whole snow-slope of a mountain, will develop a light roughly estimated at two million billion candle-power!

This is the plan, reduced to its simplest form, but an enormous quantity of apparatus will be set up, and a number of variations will be tried—including perhaps a daytime effort to use the diverted rays of the sun with a monster heliograph.

Mars has been chosen as the planet to which the signals will be sent because astronomers agree it is the one on which there is most likely to be life.

August of this year has been chosen as the time, because then Mars, in its travels through the skies, will be as close as it ever comes to earth.

Both the earth and Mars travel in enormous elliptical orbits around the sun. At times they are as much as 200,000,000 miles apart, but in August of this year the actual distance will be only 35,000,000 miles, and the visual distance, as reduced by high-powered telescopes, will be only about 50,000 miles.

The speed of light (one of the few facts of its kind that science knows with absolute certainty) is exactly 186,000 miles per second. As Mars will be 35,000,000 miles distant from the earth next August 21, at the time these signals are sent, it will take just three minutes and eight seconds for each flash to travel from the earth to Mars. If the Martians are capable of flashing back an immediate answer, the sending and returning of the signals would take less than seven minutes for the "round trip"—less time, counting switchboard connections, than it usually takes for a long distance telephone communication between New York and Chicago — much less than it takes to cable Europe and get an answer.

The telescopes show Mars not as a mere point of light, but as a globe, much like the earth, with snow-caps at its north and south poles, with visible changes on its surface which indicate that they have Summer and Winter there, with two moons revolving around it as the moon revolves around this earth, and with indications that it probably possesses an atmosphere.

The chief thing, however, which leads many astronomers to believe there is intelligent life on the planet is the fact that parts of its surface are criss-crossed with geometric lines which suggest by their form and regularity that they were traced by thinking beings. It is believed by many scientists that these are enormous irrigation canals.

The late Professor Percival Lowell, famous American astronomer, was of the opinion that practically all the water on Mars was frozen up into ice at the polar caps; he believed that when these melted on the edges at the coming of Summer, the inhabitants drew them off to [illegible] barren land in enormous [illegible] which [illegible] the banks of vegetation which [illegible] believed he could see, would then spring up along the banks of the sluices. It is these strips of vegetation, rather than the canals themselves, which astronomers believe they see through the telescope. These lines wholly disappear at times, when, according to Professor Lowell, "there is little or no water in them and the surrounding country is dry and bare. The polar cap melts a little, the water is drawn into the sluices, the crops spring up on the banks."

If conscious, thinking life exists on Mars, there is no reason to suppose that the thinking creatures who exist there resemble men in physical appearance. What they do look like is a subject for purely fantastic speculation. H. G. Wells imagined them as gigantic brains, almost without bone structure, shaped like giant octopi, with long feelers in place of arms and legs. Others have conceived them as a sort of combination of higher insect and human being. It is quite possible, however, that instead of being grotesque and repellant in appearance, they are more radiantly beautiful and more symmetrically formed than any life known on earth to-day.

The idea, however, that they are superhuman monsters who might destroy the human race if they ever came in contact with it, has been expressed by many writers, notably Mr. Wells, in his famous "War of the Worlds," who describes the hideous fate of a world-born woman in the clutch of a Martian.

Most scientists are agreed, however, that if they do exist as thinking beings, their thinking processes, if not their physical appearance, must be very much like those of human beings.

There are certain simple facts, arrived at by reason, which science believes are equally true everywhere in the universe. A fact of that kind is that two and two make four, and that a straight line is the shortest distance between two points, and that any two sides of a triangle are greater than one side of it.

The signals it is proposed to send by the gigantic reflector from the top of the Alps, which will consist of dot-and-dash flashes, like the Morse telegraphic code, will take into consideration this fact:

First of all, they will send simple axioms of arithmetic. For instance, they will flash two quick dots, then two more quick dots after a short interval, and then after a slightly longer interval they will flash four dots. This message will mean "two and two make four."

By repeating signals of this kind, if there are any observers on Mars to get the signals, they will know that the flashes are not accidents of nature, but are being sent by thinking beings.

After this has been done for a time, they will then send simple code messages, saying, "try to answer," or "try to communicate with us."

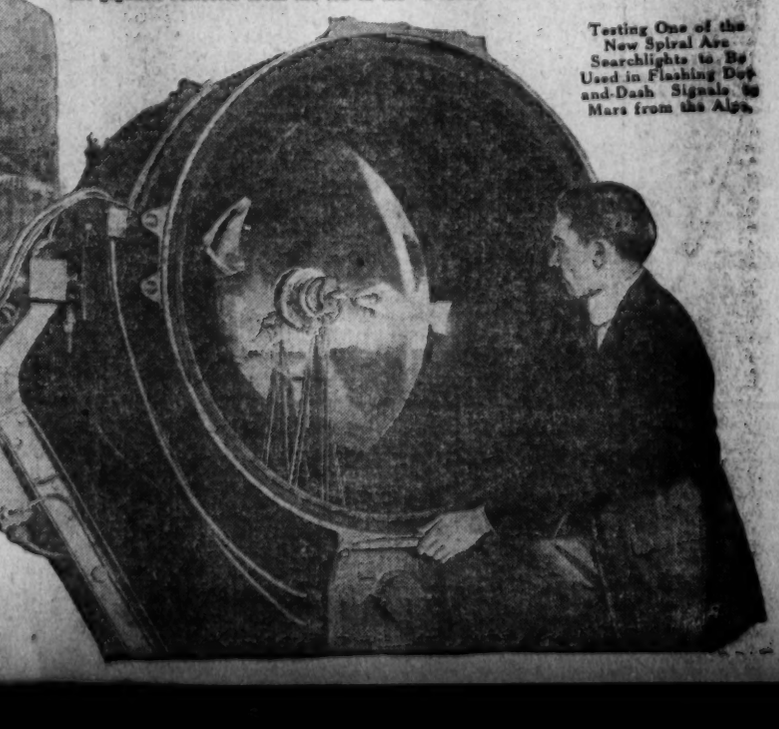
It is not supposed that the Martians will have a language similar to our own, but human ingenuity is capable of decoding practically any secret code in any language, and in some cases even in an unknown dead language. If the Martians are as intelligent as human beings—and there is reason to imagine that they may be infinitely more intelligent—there is a good chance that they will be able to study out the meaning.

After these signals have been sent, then all the great telescopes in the world will be on the look-out for months to see whether there are indications of anything like return signals.

It is a very strange thing, and one of the most wonderful achievements of the human mind, that if any sort of dot-and-dash flash signaling can be exchanged across space, it would then be gradually possible for experts to work out talking codes by which ideas can be communicated, quite regardless of whether there is any language like our own on Mars or not.

If the Martian actually exists and gets these messages, he should have little difficulty in responding. Nothing would be necessary but to send any sort of signals at fixed intervals.

Looking for return signals will be as exciting as sending them. All available telescopes will be trained in that direction—and, most interesting of all, Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, will be at the bottom of a mine-shaft in Chile, South America, watching through a huge telescope, which will utilize one of the mine-tunnels for a tube.



Testing One of the New Spiral Arc Searchlights to Be Used in Flashing Dot-and-Dash Signals to Mars from the Alps.

How the Gigantic Flashes of Light, Reflected from Alpine Snow, Are to Be Projected Toward Mars, 35,000,000 Miles Distant.

For the Theatre Party

THE GOWN which one may wear to the dinner and later to the theatre party offers unusual possibilities for individual taste.

The use of beads is not to be overlooked. Under the subdued lights of the playhouse their shimmering surface takes on an exotic quality, like brilliant Winter stars or splashing waterfalls. There are so many lovely models to suit every woman's figure and the color blendings of this season's offerings are so artfully combined that she of conservative taste need not hesitate to indulge in the theatre gown of brilliants, once considered appropriate only for the ballroom.

ONE sees these attractive gowns at the theatre party. Preceding this occasion, they are in equally good taste at dinner.

For example, there is the model of silk chiffon with its beaded surface. An intricate design splashes harmonious tints in a motif at the bottom of the tunic and strikes a charming contrast with the rather conservative beading which brightens the chiffon tunic above.

Beneath the chiffon one wears a slip of soft charmeuse, the glossy surface of which appears only at the sides and lower extremity of the over-tunic.

When one wearies of the tubular silhouette, there is the bloused bodice style to lend variety to one's wardrobe.

Here is a charming example of what may be achieved with this line in the formal frock for theatre wear. Five rows of metal embroidery are used on the bodice, as if for a foundation from which to shower the beaded flowers, which add such a dainty decorative note to the skirt.

Slightly bloused over the hips, this frock achieves its new line by the use of a wide chiffon sash, which is tied at one hip. Embroidered bands are made into shoulder straps, looping together the front and back of the sheer blouse.

Depending entirely upon the splendor of exquisite bead embroidery, the other frocks are fashioned on the simplest lines. There is the chemise style which we welcomed a few seasons ago.

Regulation round neck and small bell sleeves are seen, this frock relying for its beauty on the colorful bead flowers posed against their plain background.

Another gown gains its place in the wardrobe for the theatre because of its scintillating beaded surface. A simple design of spangles and beads is used at one side of the skirt, and beads are sewed into the squares of the design above and below the girdle tucking, to give the appearance of an eyelet design.

Long lines of tiny, sparkling glass beads cover the surface of another theatre gown.

An oyster design of lustreless pearl embroidery lends a beautiful contrast at one side of the skirt, affording, as you see, a narrow space upon which the strings of the girdle fall most gracefully.

Feminine Philosophies, Fancies, Facilities And Fashions

A Weekly Causerie For Women About Women By A Woman

BY "PRUNELLA"
(Special to The China Press)

"All the world loves a lover" said Emerson and he might have added with equal truth "all the world likes to talk about lovers, to write about lovers, to read about lovers." Just now there seems to be an epidemic of magazine articles written by very noted authors about marriage, its happinesses, unhappinesses, the men women should not marry, the type they should hope to marry—and so on ad infinitum until one wonders that there is anything left to write about. And the queer thing is that each new article arouses fresh interest in this theme as old as the hills and as young as the spring flowers!

BERTA RUCK WRITES OF MEN

Judging from the heroes of the many novels this gifted woman has written, she seems to have a very comprehensive outlook over that domain inhabited by men-to-be-married and men-to-be-spurned. In an article that I read a few days ago, Berta Ruck warns our sex against the Man with a Sense of Humor. She thinks that the man who is always so witty that his friends say he ought to be on the stage, is a frightfully dull dog at home; or so continually chirpy that his high spirits are liable to drive his wife to commit suicide! "There's a time to laugh and a time to weep" said the wise Proverb-Maker, and husbands are no exception to this rule. Men who cannot fall in tune with the changing mood—be it in joyous staccato or a depressing minor key, are failures as husbands. But then so are women failures, as wives I mean—if they cannot respond to the atmosphere of each occasion. The ever-the-same person is a boring companion, as a husband or wife, a complete failure.

CHOOSING A HUSBAND

Sheila Kaye-Smith, one of my favorite novelists of today, is also having her say about Success in Marriage. She is now publishing a series of articles on this momentous question in the Woman's Pictorial." In one article she stresses the importance of the wife keeping her personality. She says:

"The more we can keep ourselves—our personality, our individuality—the more we have to give. The wife who simply merges her existence into that of her husband, becoming his echo and imitation, gives him far less than the woman who keeps in her heart one secret place where he must never enter, but into which she can withdraw for her own refreshing and rebuilding."

HAPPY COLORS

Tucked away in Chelsea where so many English artists live, is a house that from the outside looks like a quaint doll's house with its miniature front garden and its toy trees planted in colored tubs. This house belongs to the noted dramatist A. A. Milne. Its interior beauty proclaims Mrs. Milne as great an artist as her husband.

"I believe" said Mrs. Milne "in having cheerful colors in a London house. I love sunshine walls and Mediterranean blue paintwork—it is quite drab enough outside."

To someone who questioned her about the secret of success in house decoration and furnishings, she replied:

"I think it is simply a matter of making one's home express one's own personality. We both love joy-inspiring color schemes that most people love to see on the stage and rarely dare to bring into their homes. I advise everyone to instal in their homes those things that tend to make them feel happy. After all, happiness is what is needed in a house most of all."

AMERICA VIEWS THE ENGLISH ROYAL FAMILY

Frederick Collins, the American writer, considers that the King is a man of remarkable qualities with a brain second to none in his entire Ministry. He likens King George's brain to an encyclopaedia, a great reference library, lined throughout with three-minute monographs on every topic under the sun—the sun which never sets on his vast dominion. Moreover the King is the essence of sincerity. To quote Frederick Collins: "This is the impression which His Majesty makes on all who meet him. You know and England knows that King George means what he says."

A BEAUTIFUL SPEAKING VOICE

"Beauty is but skin deep" says the proverb that would discourage vanity! But not beauty of voice. That surely is as deep as the innermost recesses of the heart. For a beautiful voice has more power to draw forth response from the secret places of the heart than the most lovely countenance. Thousands of people have been thrilled by the rather low-pitched, beautiful speaking voice of Sybil Thorndike, the noted actress. Many think that this beautiful voice of hers is one of the several reasons why she is considered today the most brilliant actress on the English stage. "Good Housekeeping" printed an article in which Sybil Thorndike gave her views on the cultivation of a beautiful speaking voice. "The secret," she says, "lies not in producing a greater volume of sound but in improving the quality of the voice." She suggests simple breathing exercises.

REMOVING SCREW TOPS FROM BOTTLES

Fold a duster into narrow length slightly wider than the metal band. Place the middle part over the basin, pour on boiling water, wring out, twisting the ends in opposite directions, place the steaming fold of cloth round the band, leave it for a few seconds and then it will unscrew.

ECONOMY IN CANDLES

In these days of candle lighting for the dining table, economy is of importance. This can be accomplished by varnishing the candles with a transparent varnish which makes them last much longer. A number can be varnished together which is a great saving of the varnish.

AN IRONING WRINKLE

A large ironing sheet placed underneath the garment which is being ironed and which can be pinned up in the shape of a bag will often prevent the annoyance of the article which is being ironed from trailing on the ground.

Ostrich Feathers Doomed

What woman twenty years ago would have predicted that ostrich feathers would ever go out of fashion? asks the New York American.

Used as decorations on hats, fans, dresses and worn as plumes in the hair, the ostrich feather was the frame of beauty, the symbol of wealth, the mark of taste and luxury.

The automobile had the largest share in ruining the ostrich business. The wind in open cars blows the feathers to pieces.

Then the propaganda of the Audubon Society succeeded in associating the wearing of feathers with cruelty in the public mind. The importation of aigrette feathers was banned and still remains so. Ostrich feathers also were nearly put in the list prohibited by law, due to a false notion that ostrich feathers are plucked from a screaming bird. They are really clipped before moulting.

Finally, ostrich feathers are unmanageable in crowded subways. Picture hats with feathers did not go with short skirts. Nor do they go with the mannish sport costumes of the out-of-door girl.

Shifts in fashion are not wholly capricious. Often enought they are based upon changes in our living conditions. Witness the ostrich feather.

Bobbed Heads Still The Rage In Paris

Weird Makeups Passe In France, As Women Now Place Accents On Features

BY HEDDA HOYT

Paris.—A woman with a chignon is about as popular as a man with a wart on his nose—in Paris!

In spite of pictures in fashion magazines of Parisians with sleek, long hair drawn severely back from the forehead and twisted in buns, Greek rolls, chignons, etc., one doesn't see this sort of thing in Paris except on women of mature years, who have long since lost the gist of the styles.

Bobbed heads are still prevalent. Glancing over the crowd of gaily gowned women in the theaters, one can truthfully say that over 50 percent of the women have short locks. The wild, curled "bob" of last season, however, is seldom seen.

Straight hair, often so straight that it looks as though it were plastered to the head, is quite the rage of the moment, and on the darkhaired Parisian it is extremely chic. The back of the head is always boyishly "bobbed," with what little marcelle there is concentrated at the front and sides.

Blondes, which, following the boyish cut, usually have the whole head waved and brilliantined in place, as the two severe headdress is not as becoming to the blonde as to the brunette. We can say at least this for the new back clip: it certainly saves a lot of elbow strength, to say nothing of burnt necks.

PARISIAN MAKE-UP

White velvet textured faces, carmined lips and natural eyebrows are the mode for 1924. By white faces, I do not refer to the chalk-like masks often seen on girls in America, for Parisian women prefer a natural creamy shade rather than a dead white one. Eccentric yellowish powders of last year are not being used at all. In fact, make-up this season seems to be concentrated on the mouth, the lashes and the brows. I have never seen lips of such brilliant coloring or lips that are made up with such deftness. The making up of the mouth has always been an art with the Parisian. If her mouth is too small she reddens it to the ends with a waterproof lip rouge and accentuates the cupid's bow by means of an orange stick rather than the finger. Large mouths are never colored entirely to the ends, though by deepening the cupid's bow they can be made to appear smaller.

Plucking of the eyebrows is being done away with to a great extent, and now the idea is to train the brow to form a natural arch by brushing it each day with a small brush and brilliantine. Unruly hairs that form an ugly line are shaved rather than plucked away, as constant plucking tends to weaken the lid of the eye. The Parisian always will make up her eyes more or less. Usually she darkens the lid a bit to give depth of the eye and mascaros her lashes.

Blondes continue to use a light rouge on the cheeks in spite of the prevalent pallor assumed by brunettes. Women whose locks are red or auburn also look their best with a little color on their cheeks.

NAILS ARE RED

The Parisian spends as much time on her hands as she does on her make-up. At present the highly colored fingernail polish is being used, and sometimes the nails are a brilliant red. American women have never considered this high polishing of the nail in good taste, though I must say a while hand with reddish nails looks alluring under the night lights. One sees women now and then with dimples on the back of their hands accentuated with touches of rouge.

Hair dyes, peroxide and henna seem to have vanished completely. Perhaps it is because of the simplicity of the bobbed headdress. One can hide poorly touched-up locks under switches and fastidious hairdoes, but with short, fast growing locks it is a difficult matter.

As to the figure, the uncorseted one continues to rule. What girdles are worn are extremely simple and leave it au naturel. There are a few frocks which carry their own corset, having a combination brassiere and hip-confining arrangement made in the lining of the frock.

Woman's Hair

Most mere men have an idea that woman is most beautiful as God made her.

The efforts of most beauty experts and their feminine victims to beautify themselves by subjecting their hair to artificial processes have been regarded dubiously by the ordinary man.

A number of men will take comfort in the statement of Penrhyn Stanlaws, a well-known artist, who was one of the judges of the Beauty Contest at Atlantic City. When Mr. Stanlaws was asked what qualifications were lacking in the girls who entered the contest, a part of his reply was as follows:

Well, for one thing, they don't know how to do their hair. Some of them look like Zulus. You know, the fuzzy-wuzzy kind. And then there's far too much of this permanent wave stuff. Too artificial. Not enough naturalness.

The only reason the writer of these lines dares to have them published is that they are anonymous. As it is, he puts them forth with fear and trembling. Still he believes Stanlaws was right.

Women's Part In Civilisation

BY DR. FRANK CRANE

The degree of civilisation to which any nation has attained may be most accurately determined by the way its women are treated.

Emerging from brutedom human beings at first recognize the law of force. Who has superior power rules. And rule is exercised, not to help others, but to make them minister to you.

The male having more muscle, and estimating spiritual forces as forms of weakness, arranged customs and established laws to suit himself.

He was IT. The woman was accessory. She was necessary, in a way, as his dog and horse, possibly more, for she bore his children, thus perpetuating his name and feeding his pride.

She also served his pleasure by gratifying his instincts, she was usually soft and comely and pleasing to look upon, and besides, if properly knocked about and kept in her place, she was a good cook and farm hand.

The major part of the human race still exists more or less under these conditions, that is to say, the larger part of humanity is still savage or semi-savage.

In the entire continents of Asia and Africa, women, with hardly significant exception, are regarded as inferior to men and existing only for their use and pleasure. Europe may be considered as about half way out of this condition, and the United States of America as about two-thirds of the way out.

There is no country in the world where women are treated with simple justice, for the plain reason that there is no country in the world as yet wholly civilised.

Among so-called enlightened people there are thousands of homes where the man considers the woman as more or less his property. It is her business to stay at home, look after his comfort and take care of hischildren

In no part of the world is the violation of marriage vows by the man considered to be equally serious as a similar offence by the woman.

As far as that is concerned in no part of the world do the restrictions of law, morality of the state and the church bear as hard on man as they do on woman.

The Feminist Movement throughout the world is but one phase of the forward thrust of the human soul toward ultimate equity and reason.

The only arguments that exist for keeping women in subservience and seclusion are the same sort of moth eaten arguments that are used for reactionism everywhere; the same sort of arguments that keep up kings, armies, navies, bishops, tariffs, silk hats, dress suits and quill pens.

Little by little the earth is rolling up into the light, and when the day shall fully dawn the woman shall stand squarely upon her own feet, mistress of her own body and soul, finding her happiness not in being a shielded slave, but in assuming and discharging her proper responsibilities.

Almost all phases of what is called the social evil are curiously enough regarded by the twisted minds of men as being due to a lack of sufficient protection, alias slavery.

In the Orient you can see the social evil in its most striking features. Notwithstanding all the ridiculous apologies that are made for the existence of the Yoshiwara, or "restricted district" of Tokio, and all the pretty speeches that have been uttered by Lafcadio Hearn and others about the Geisha, the fact remains that the whole business reeks of barbarism, is a form human slavery more loathsome and less useful than ever negro slavery was in the West, is the cause of infinite heartbreaks among decent Japanese women, and does probably more than anything else toward retarding this fine and capable people in their struggle upward to take their proper place among the nations of the world.

CONFIDENCE.
WHAT BEAUTY MEANS TO WOMEN

Every woman cannot be beautiful, but all can be attractive. Even a plain woman, if she has a healthy, beautiful skin, a radiant complexion, can *look* right, and *feel* right. The confidence that comes from a knowledge that one's skin is free from blotches, blackheads, and other blemishes is a profound satisfaction to the least vain among women, and only the neglected skin is ever really unsightly. Knowing this, it is surprising how little care and thought some women show in the choice of face creams; they will accept the [illegible] offered them when shopping very often. The way to have a beautiful skin is to ask your chemist for mercolised wax, and *see that you get it.* This unique preparation is absolutely pure, and extraordinarily beneficial. A few applications will entirely remove the dried-up outer surface, leaving the fresh, unblemished skin underneath as clear and delicate as a child's. Apply it at night and wash off in the morning, and the results will astonish you.

BRAND NEW GOODS!

Beautiful New

H[illegible]

SUITS,

EVENING G[illegible]

In the latest Fashions are Continually Reaching us and are being sold at Reasonable Prices.

First Quality Goods At Modest Prices.

SEE THEM AT

THE ETHEL CAMERON SHOP
44 Bubbling Well Road Tel. W. 1296
(Opposite Race Course)

Grand display of over 500
SMARTEST SPRING HATS
"Meadowbrooks, Gage, Westwood, etc."
Absolutely no two alike.
MODE ELITE
26 Broadway 42a Kiangse Road

Hamilton Brown Security School Shoes

Now is the time to outfit the little tots at advantageous prices. Comfortable footwear is essential to their health and good report at school.

Only a few pairs left.

SPRING GOODS NEWLY ARRIVED!
Have you tried
ALADDIN CREAM
It's the most wonderful cream yet made.
THE KIDDIE SHOP
New Carlton Bldg., Bubbling Well Rd.
Telephone West 3811

The China Press Want Ads
Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

Fashion Exploits Favorites in
Smart New Material

THE Coming of Spring is Simultaneous with the arrival of Delightful Silken Fabrics. We invite you to Inspect some of the following and are certain of your Unqualified Approval.

Egyptian Design Crepe De Chine.
Egyptian Design Silk and Satins.
Silver Brocade in Pink, Blue and Cream.
Gold and Silver Tissue in Changeable Colours.
Embroidered Shawls in New Colours.

TRADE MARK
ESTB. 1857
LAOU KIU CHWANG SILK CO.
"The Leading Silk Store"
P144 NANKING ROAD

KOREA MISSION HOSE ARE GUARANTEED TO BE BETTER THAN ANY OTHER MERCERIZED LISLE HOSE TO BE HAD ANYWHERE AT ANY PRICE.

COLORS: WHITE, BROWN and BLACK

LADIES' HOSE IN SIZES FROM 8 to 10½, EXTRA LONG, NICELY SHAPED, SEAM IN BACK, MEX. $1.40
MISSES' SHORT HOSE FOR SCHOOL GIRLS IN SIZES 7½ and 8 ..... .75

By Parcel Post, post paid from

TEXTILE DEPARTMENT, SONGDO SCHOOL, SONGDO KOREA

Also on Sale at
SQUIRES BINGHAM CO.
Shanghai, China.

Oh, What a Man! — by Jack Lait

PSYCHOLOGISTS tell us that we all have a common complex; we glorify those who do what we want to do, but what we haven't the courage, the strength or the ability to do. In them we see ourselves doing what they are doing.

That explains why women flock to see vamps on the stage and on the screen, why men love two-gun heroes and why boys adore pirates. That is why we are all intensely interested in champions, kings, millionaires, stars—they all are what we would be if we could be.

What boy (and what man, too), has not shut his eyes in bed and fancied himself clouting the homer over the fence with three on bases that won a world's series? Or pictured himself knocking Jack Dempsey out, to the gaping amazement of the multitude? Or sitting in the White House and pulling the magic strings? Or capturing the Kaiser single-handed?

What girl (and what woman, too) has not, with a smile of triumph turned down the Prince of Wales as he knelt before her, or bid him rise and accept his reward? Or sat on Cleopatra's dais, kidding with Antony over Cæsar gritting his imperial teeth outside the gate? Or stepped in and showed all those knock-kneed synthetic stars how to play a love scene right for a screen romance that WAS a romance? Or played cat and fiddle with the 400? Or called for her phantom limousine and ordered her mythical chauffeur to drive to her air castle and not spare the gas?

Yes, every worm is a lion in his own sacred, secret imagination, and every Cinderella projects herself into the embrace of her fairy prince. We all have our dreams that we do not ask the experts to interpret. We understand them well enough. We know just what fabric they're made of, and we know they will always be just dreams. When we see them in slightly more substantial form—on the stage, or, even more wonderful, in actual life—we feel nearer to that realisation which we know can never be, but which that spring of hope that never wears out until it is snapped keeps resilient.

The brute instinct we dare not express finds its outlet in the popular patronage of bull fights, prize fights, contests of all sorts, the scramble for admissions to executions, the crowds that flock to a lynching, the millions who visit abattoirs as against the hundreds who frequent art galleries.

We love to see the villain foiled, because we yearn to foil villains. We love to see the mighty fall because we would fell the mighty—by being mightier. We hate the rich because we worship and envy them, and we know that if we ever changed places with them we would be snobs and tyrants, ourselves, or such handsome givers that we would make them understand who we were and what they were. We fight monopoly because we are out, and vested wealth because we have no wealth in the vest.

This is all very human, and always has been. It isn't as deplorable as it sounds. It has brought about that healthy discontent which made civilization and is equalizing the world, slowly but stubbornly. There are always so many of the lowly that in time they prevail. If they, in turn, set themselves up as monarchs, in time, again, they fail. We are so constituted that we must hate something before we fight it, as well as love something before we fight for it. And what could be fairer than that?

Altruism is very fine, but it is never very important.

That intense worship of power, accomplishment, leadership, has been behind what in our more honest moods we call ambition—energy—progress—success.

But we cannot all be winners; at least, we cannot all be first. And so we light candles to those who are what we can never be.

Therefore, this tale of Homer Beesby:

Beesby was the assistant auditor of a sealing-wax concern, and looked as though he had just stepped out of a musty book. He was thin, short, weazened, pallid, miserable, a congenital consequence cast for the role of Patsy, born to play the underdog.

Like all of his type, he was a Bolshevist in his heart, a bully in his soul, a roaring demon in his sleep, a downtrodden worm in his intercourse with men, a passionately intolerant reformer, a tyrant over the telephone, a white-livered mongrel with spots of yellow, and married.

He had been kicked and cuffed since he was old enough to feel. Always the weakling of his flock and his block, giggled at by the girls and growled at by the boys, commonplace in his talents, a private in all ranks, just one of the eternal silent chorus assembled to drape the moving picture of life's spectacular classic which he never colored and never even understood.

All day long he was a cog in a machine which moved when other men, men he never saw, moved levers and pushed buttons.

And at night and on Sundays he was—well, he was Mrs. Homer Beesby's husband.

For purposes of established dramatic values Mrs. Beesby should have been big, powerful, masculine and ferocious.

But the values were even more dramatic than that; she was tiny, skinny, a physical wasp and, far from masculine, she was so intensively and exasperatingly feminine, that she drove Beesby out of what flat and flatulent wits he had.

She nagged him, she picked on him, she buzzed at him perennially. How and why he had ever married her even he had forgotten, if he had ever known. The harrassed years that had interluded were to him one uninterrupted jazz of bickerings, whimperings, recriminations, jeers, tears, sneers; the dumb driven ass was happy and mighty in comparison.

Never had he spoken up to his wife; to her least of all people. She had him cowed. She had him bulldozed.

Down in that safety deposit box which reposed in the innermost recesses of what went for a heart with Beesby, a treasure hideaway that none but Beesby had ever looked into, he hated his wife with a fierce and consuming conflagration that burned like the fiery furnaces of the steel foundries—or like the brimstone of Hades—night and day and forever.

A Girl Welfare Worker, Known to Be a Hound on Charity, Hurried by with Averted Face.

A million times he had primed himself to let it loose. He would assert himself. Was he a mouse, or was he a man? What could she do, she who through all these years had ragged him and visited indignities upon him—she who had sworn to honor and obey and even love him? What could she do?

She could leave him. Oh Lord, if she only would! She could strike at him. Well, even he should be able to whip her in a fair fight, and at worst what was a black eye or a broken arm in the face of the searing wounds that had scarred him with welts he would take to the grave?

She would, probably, do nothing. Talk. She had talked too long. It had lost its punch. He would slap her face, knock her down, let her crawl on her knees only to beg for his mercy. It could be done. It would be done.

He would start home nursing his resolution like a boy carrying water in a sieve, hurrying, realizing it was seeping out, dripping, slipping away. And by the time he reached the threshold behind which awaited him his pint bottle of carbolic acid he had no water with which to dilute and no blood with which to denature.

The first shrill, shrewish, welcoming squawk from her thin, sharp voice went through him and chilled the marrow in his unmanly bones. He was in for it—in for the night—in for life.

No child, no cheer, no respite, no surcease.

In all the world Homer Beesby hadn't a cat or a picture or a place or a cousin or even a recollection that he could love.

And then came Vladyslav Kozminsky!

The name first fell across the radius of Homer Beesby's tired, harrassed, lightless eyes on the first page of a morning newspaper.

An atrocious, ghastly crime had been committed. Mrs. Vladyslav Kozminsky, a hard-working washerwoman, had come home to her bleary tenement, worn with her day's work. Her husband, a drunken, shiftless loafer, a lowbrowed brute with the form of a gorilla, the abysmal ethics of a headhunter and the mentality of a hog, had demanded the paltry money she had earned. The woman had spent it on shoes for their child. Kozminsky had expected to squander it on hootch.

The neighbors heard a terrible to-do. Kozminsky was bawling at his little wife, which was nothing unusual. His blasphemies and his billingsgate reverberated through the airshaft of the rickety tenement. Her wails and sobs as he beat her echoed the echoes. Then—bang! crash! silence!

When the neighbors heard the child moaning an hour later and came in, they found the body of Mrs. Kozminsky on the kitchen floor, hacked with an axe, the face crushed in by the blows of heavy heels. Kozminsky had escaped. The police found him late that night in a ginmill and it took half a dozen of them to overpower him and send him staggering into a cell.

The newspapers called it one of the most bloody butcheries and inhuman murders in the town's history. There was no need to demand justice, to raise a hue and cry for the State's revenge. Vladyslav Kozminsky would get the works, death, and it was too decent and charitable for him.

Homer Beesby was a member of the law and order association of his precinct and a plate-passer in his church.

But—here was a hero; here was a man; here was the apotheosis of masculine dominance, not over circumstances alone, but over man's natural and eternal arch enemy, woman—yea, woman's lowest form, his own wife!

He felt every stroke of the axe, every crushing stamp of the heel of Kozminsky, and sizzled with the sensation. That—just that—was what he had so long and so often yearned to do to his own wife. And there, in prison, was this courageous mortal who, armed with only an axe and two boots, had paid the score of all men, and he alone would suffer like a martyr for giving expression to what so many shirking slackers, tempted with the same impulse, had choked down and swallowed back into their insect systems because they hadn't the stamina, the manhood of this glorious slaughterer.

And, to think, ten minutes earlier, as his wife had henpecked at him and thrown it in his false teeth that he was a fool and a failure, he had felt life hapless and had known in all the world no one thing beautiful enough to redeem the sour, bitter aspect or flavor its taste. But now. He had a defender, someone to love, someone who would die for him, for him to live for.

Homer Beesby squared his scrawny shoulders and stepped high, wide and handsome as he made for his elevated train that morning. The birds sang for him, the sun shone bright, a smile played on his thin lips and over his peaked face. He chucked a cheery good morning to the office boy, who all but fell off his stool when it came. He threw open his loose leaf ledger with a snap. The girl billing machine operator thought she heard him—Beesby—whistling.

Came twelve o'clock, the lunch hour for the unimportant. Homer Beesby reached for his funny hat, slipped on his well-worn, youth's-size, ready-to-tear coat and slid out of the office. His feet did not turn as usual toward the dingy one-arm hole in the wall where the seething masses of inconsequential men shuffled in, grabbed, gulped and shuffled back again to their desks and their machines and their pigeonholes and their other uninspiring and uninspired divisions of labor under those made of stronger stuff.

No, for once the methodical Beesby was out of step, for once the molecule was leaving the body and guiding itself.

To a fruit stand he went. In his pocket jingled his precious lunch money, his day's allowance which meant coffee and a sandwich and even pie, for Homer Beesby was no fool—he cheated his wife out of half a dollar a week that she never knew about, with all her prying. He chuckled at the thought—h'm, little enough when he was going to come face to face with Vladyslav Kozminsky; a pretty piffling crime when compared to what the hero had done, but still something. The chuckle came up to a gurgle.

Fruit—dainties—Homer Beesby was ordering them; nothing within his means was too good—add a bar of milk chocolate there, what was the idea? Beesby was shouting at the fruit vender; here was one he could shout at, for he was a buyer, and he was in the mood that day.

His pockets loaded with apples, his arms cluttered with bananas, Homer Beesby pranced up to the jail and found the nerve to answer when the forbidding guard at the door demanded his business. He wanted to see Vladyslav Kozminsky. "Oh, that contemptible, cowardly cur?" spat the guard. Beesby smiled a smile that was almost a grin—that guard must be single, he thought. "Relation?" barked the guard? Beesby admitted he was not, but he was a friend—a very dear friend. The door grated open. A deputy warden was sent to escort him.

He made a turn in the labyrinthian path between rows of barred and dismal cells, and his guide stopped. Beesby turned and backtracked.

"Well, that's him," he snapped, "that's the filthy scum. Thought he was a friend o' yourn."

The big, hulking brute came forward.

"Who'n'ell are you?" he roared.

"I'm — I — h'm — Oh, Mr. Kozminsky, I read about you—what you did, you see—and I—well, I brought you these few poor trifles. I suppose prison food isn't——"

Kozminsky reached out a hairy paw.

"Choc'late!" he bellowed, then toned down to what for him was a whisper and hoarsely asked, "Say, you ain't got nothin' on the hip, huh?"

Beesby shook his head and sighed, but fed up his bananas and apples, which Kozminsky took with disgusted resignation.

A girl welfare worker, known to be a hound on charity, sympathetic with fallen sisters and felon brothers, hurried by with averted face. She shuddered with horror for she knew that there was Vladyslav Kozminsky, the bloody butcher. But Homer Beesby was looking up into his eyes.

"Oh, you brave man," he found the voice to say, "you wonderful man. If I had the power I would free you and crown you—"

"Crown me? Where'd you get that stuff, you sawed-off, dyin' hunk o' cheese, I'll——"

"No. I mean I would put a crown of gold and diamonds on your head in place of the crown of thorns which unjust society will press on your brow. You are my ideal. You are——"

"Aw, beat it," roared Kozminsky. "You're off your nut. An' if you come back bring some chewin' t'bacco', an' if you can sneak in a shot, come clean."

And he turned with his booty and walked back into the dark shadows of his cell.

"Grand," thought Homer Beesby, with quivering frame. "So upstanding, so magnificent. Not even behind bars, facing death, is he afraid or does he bow his head or his knee to anyone. Oh, what a man!"

For days Homer Beesby spent his lunch hour and his lunch money and the fifty cents he filched from the foe on Vladyslav, who abused him and yelled at him. And Homer wallowed in it. Through the days of the trial he attended him at the recess, even went as far as to lie part of an afternoon off to see his idol in court, and starved himself to feed him.

It looked gloomy. The defense was lackadaisical. Even the lawyer forced by a court order to make a semblance of a protest against the extreme penalty had no heart in his work. It was a foregone cinch—the jury, with unanimity, dispatch and enthusiasm, found him guilty and sent him to death. Homer Beesby read it with sinking heart in the afternoon paper on his way home.

That night Mrs. Beesby noticed that he was depressed. She was used to seeing him repressed, but this new manifestation was rather startling, for she had raised her eyebrows several times of late at what she thought were vibrations of manhood in him. She had become fascinated herself with the contemplation, remote but conceivable, of what would happen if he, Homer Beesby, should suddenly become a person.

So taken with it she had become that for several days she had not jumped on him with her accustomed vigor and consistency. Nothing revolutionary, of course, as evidenced by the fact that Homer was washing the dishes at the kitchen sink when she thought she heard a mutter, a mumble and pussyfooted up to eavesdrop.

"A splendid young man," she heard him murmur, "and going to a noble death."

Mrs. Beesby leaped in.

"Who? What's that?" she piped.

Beesby steadied himself on the sinkboard.

"N—nothing," he said, "not a thing—I was just humming a new song one of the boys in the office keeps singing all day—it's about—about the unknown soldier!"

AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

Lecture Plan Sure To Help Chauffeurs

By Westa

The new plan announced by the Central Garage to give a course of lectures to chauffeurs is certainly a commendable scheme from whatever viewpoint it may be regarded, and one that is sure to result in a lot of good, not only to the chauffeurs, but to the owners of motor cars.

One trouble with the Chinese chauffeur—in fact it might be called his chief trouble—is that he thinks of his job only in terms of the money he gets out of it. Of course there are drivers who take a real interest in their cars and their work; but that cannot be said of the vast majority of them.

In the course of lectures planned by the local company the drivers can be brought to a better understanding of what the motor car means, and be made to absorb some of the spirit that animates the men in other lands who created and are now developing this great mechanical aid to human progress.

To the men who make motor-cars, and to a less extent perhaps those who own and drive them the motor car has "personality," and is looked upon much as a faithful horse; that is, as a friend, and treated accordingly. The car is taken care of, not only because such care pays dividends in the form of low upkeep cost and greater life, but also because of what might be called a "feeling" for a good piece of machinery. There is something of sentiment in it.

The Chinese, not being mechanical as a race, have nothing of this attitude, and that is one of if not the chief reason why they are so destructive to the cars they drive.

The lecturers who are to discuss the various phases of motor car operation with the chauffeurs will miss an important point, therefore, if they neglect to tell the chauffeurs the "why" as well as the "how" of operating a motor car properly. By doing so they can inculcate in the minds of the chauffeurs a little of that "mechanical sense" which after all is said and done is the first essential in the proper handling and care of a motor car, particularly in the care of it.

Motor Cycle Gaining In Popularity In Far East, Says London Journal

The following article appeared in a recent number of the Motor Cycle:—

The call of the road in England is a picturesque figure of speech which no motor cyclist with a good machine and a soul of poetry can resist. In China, however, it is an important reality on which the development of motor cycling hinges. Good roads, and many of them, are stages in a big transformation which the country is undergoing.

Motor cycling in China is reserved for a future era rather than the present, but development has set in. A few years ago it was a novelty. There were only a few machines. To-day there are over a thousand being used in the country, and during the past year motor cycling has taken such a leap in popularity that its future is assured. Shipments of machines, chiefly American, are being snapped up, in the course of days.

Up to very recently motor cycling was confined to foreign treaty ports which were the only places boasting of decent roads, and, naturally, these ports, such as Shanghai, Tientsin, and Hankow, had the monopoly of the cycles. But a new era is opening. From the small confines of these ports new roads are being built to neighboring towns and cities by Chinese under the spur of a good roads movement. The day of the narrow footpath, like the paths that meander over our hills and dales, is dead. The Chinese are realising that these makeshifts are unsuitable for the present commercial need, and that wide, metalled roads are urgently needed. A few of these roads have been provided, opening up big stretches of charming countryside to cyclists who were previously bound down to a few miles of city streets, and unable to indulge in the long-distance runs that form such a big feature of motor cycling in England to-day. The new roads are short in comparison with the English idea of roads, but they have given a new lease of life to motor cycling. Added to the utilitarian scope of the motor cycle is the wider sphere of "somewhere to go." Its importance cannot be overrated.

CENTER OF ACTIVITY

In Shanghai alone, in three years the number of machines in use has doubled. In Honekong the pastime has made wonderful progress, and the island colony is probably the largest motor cycling center in the Far East. Very successful tests were made there some weeks ago, but these and similar progress are entirely due to the road schemes which no foreign Government would overlook.

As for the rest of the country, with the exception of the treaty ports, Chinese officialdom, with its evil of sloth and inefficiency which are nation-wide, has not awakened to the modern ideas of road scheming. Paths that served for communication in the days of Confucius are good enough for the present generation. It has been left to Chinese individuals to make roads, maintain them in repair, and draw a revenue and a profit on their investment by exacting tolls on all vehicles using them. These roads are to be found in different parts of the country, but Shanghai is blessed with the Shanghai-Minghong Road, twenty miles long, and the Shanghai-Woosung Road, about the same length. A good road runs from Peking to Tientsin, but few motor cyclists have ventured to use it.

In the increased popularity given to motor cycling by these new roads, it is regrettable that British machines run a poor second to American machines. Heavy freights, necessary owing to the long distance British machines have to be shipped, are big handicaps in the competition, and although patriotism has a big claim on the Briton, it is hard to be patriotic when it costs $200 more per machine in comparison with an American machine, especially when the American cycle in quality is a good competitor with the dearer British cycle. So wide is the breach that a Ford car is nearly on a competitive basis with a single-cylinder British motor cycle in Shanghai.

Figures will show. Against a Trimuph two-stroke at taels 745 (a tael is 3s. 3d. at time of writing) there is the American Cleveland at taels 375. A 349 s.s. B.S.A. is taels 500, and the 577 c.c. B.S.A. taels 600, whereas the Harley-Davidson flat twin is only taels 450, and the big American Excelsior taels 585. A Douglas is taels 600, whereas the high-powered four-cylinder American Ace is taels 725. A German machine on the China market suffers the same price bar as the British machine.

SLOW BRITISH DELIVERIES

Moreover, it is easier to buy American motor cycles. Big stocks are carried, and it is possible to buy one from the window. In most cases British cycles are not carried in stock. The purchaser has to await shipment. Delivery is an important feature of all business transactions, and it is certainly so of buying a motor cycle. The lure of half-a-dozen different types of cycles in a shop window is very great when the alternative is a wait of several week. And the Chinese are very susceptible to bargains. Price counts.

It is surprising how motor cycling has overcome the many difficulties, indigenous, perhaps, to China. Petrol is fairly cheap at 75 cents (1s. 6d.) a gallon, licence fees are not heavy for the foreign areas which they cover, while on the new roads outside the treaty ports a charge of a dollar (2s.) is made for each vehicle. Experience, however, compels every motor cyclist to be his own mechanic. From the minute he buys his machine he is handicapped by having no competent repair shop he can take his machine to if breaks down. Foreign garages generally will not undertake motor cycle repairs; they have their hands too full with motor car repairs. The only recourse is to Chinese shops, where, with no foreign supervision, repairing a machine in many cases means mechanical delettantism, which is very irritating.

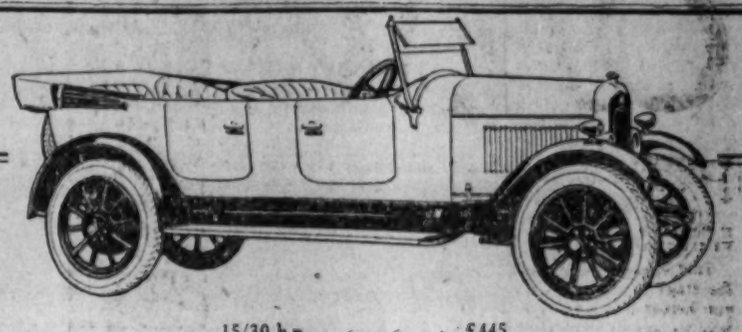
The consensus of opinion, in Shanghai at any rate, is that a foreign motor cycle repair shop would not only be a boon, but would add materially to the feeling of security that a motor cyclist likes to possess in his machine. There is a very good opening for such a shop.

The need is made all the more urgent by the difficulty of conversation. Pidgin English may be a wonderful philological contrivance for ordinary domestic conversation between Chinese and foreigners, but it is useless for engineering purposes. There are many little faults about a motor cycle that a mechanic could rectify in a few minutes if he understands what is wrong. But he would be as much puzzled as the motor cyclist if his instructions from a disgruntled cyclist were as follow: "This cycle no go proper. Pop-pop-pop very bad. I think magneto have something wrong. Suppose I kick off engine makes ou-ou-ou then finish. Me no savvee what thing wrong. Wantchee fix up proper. Before time fitter have take magneto to pieces, then fix up and talkee alright, can do. I run one day then all same before. How fashion can use suppose every day all same? You must fix up proper this time." Waving of hands, gurgling sounds, amateur mimicry generally finishing in lurid oaths. But it is all the more tribute to the progress of motor cycling in China that it should have triumphed in face of these difficulties. Developments are proceeding, and ten years should see a wonderful change come over the country. The Chinese who a few years ago regarded the motor cycle as a curiosity and recoiled with horror when it was suggested that they might ride it, are beginning to buy machines.

Near East Severe Test For Motor Car

Motoring in Bulgaria and the wildly mountainous country which borders it is a very severe test for even the best of cars. It is said that only a few cars have safely accomplished since the war the 500 kilometres which separate Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria, from Constantinople.

One such journey was accomplished on a 16-20-h.p. Sunbeam, which had previously seen many years of service in eastern Europe, having been used for three years for army purposes in Greece. This particular Sunbeam car has carried many distinguished visitors to Bulgaria and Thrace, including Dr. Nansen, the famous Norwegian explorer, and M. Stamboulisky, who at the time was the Bulgarian Prime Minister. One of the most remarkable things about this venerable Sunbeam car is that even after nearly ten years' service it is still averaging 23 to 24 miles per gallon of petrol on the atrociously bad roads of Bulgaria.



15/30 h.p. - - - £445

Crossley Cars

Delivered including duty and charges at Shanghai.

15/30 h.p. Touring Car

£445

19.6 h.p. Touring Car

£795

Prices subject to alteration

AGENTS WANTED FOR CHINA. APPLY:—

CROSSLEY MOTORS, LTD.

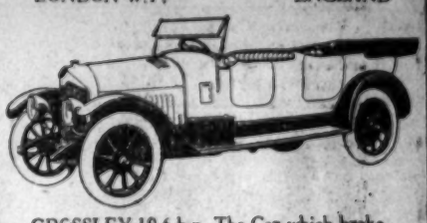
Export Dept: 40-41 Conduit St.

LONDON W.1. ENGLAND

The Cars for 1924

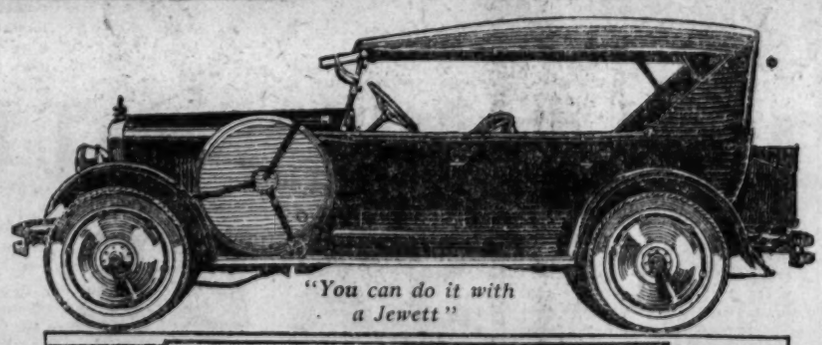
THE 15/30 h.p. Crossley, besides being a strong sturdy car, able to go anywhere a car can go without fuss or labour, has the tremendous advantage of a lively, responsive engine which makes driving a sheer pleasure and takes out the fatigue of long journeys. In every way it is the ideal car for overseas use. Note the price—for a highest grade British Car!

There is also the 19.6 h.p. Crossley, acknowledged to be one of the finest 4 cylinder cars in the world. This is the car for the connoisseur.



CROSSLEY 19.6 h.p. The Car which broke all R.A.C. Certified Trial car mileage records.

CTP 509



"You can do it with a Jewett"

JEWETT SPECIAL

A Thrifty Six Built by Paige

What Positive Lubrication Means

IT required vast experience and foresight to build a motor car with the positive lubrication of the Jewett. Here metal never rubs metal without a film of oil between the moving parts of the engine, forced through at a pressure of 20 to 40 pounds. The perfect lubrication system of the Jewett circulates two gallons of oil per minute through the entire internal mechanism including all main and connecting bearings, which minimizes friction, giving smooth operation and longer life to the motor car.

The Jewett lubricating system is an art that can be best appreciated by Jewett drivers.

JEWETT SPECIFICATIONS:

Engine—6 cylinder, 3¼ x 5; lubricated by high pressure oiling to main and connecting rod bearings; two unit electrical starting and lighting, thermostatically controlled; automatic spark advance; Paige-Timken axles; extra heavy 6 inch "I" beam steel frame; improved type four speed transmission; dry plate clutch; special alloy steel springs, 36" in front, 54" in rear; all-steel universal joints; force feed chassis lubrication.

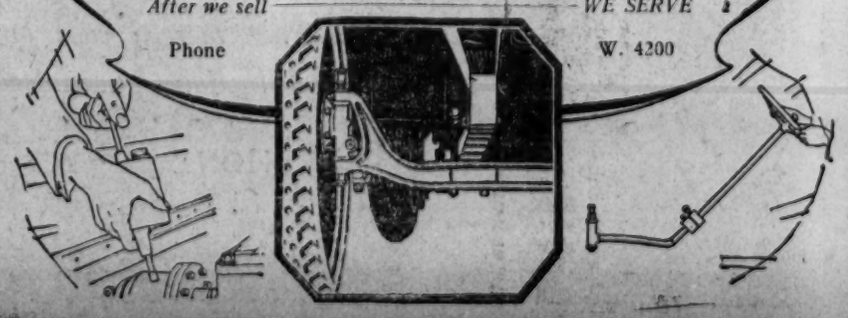
Special models furnished at slight extra cost with additional equipment

Mark L. Moody Inc.

260 Rue Bourgeat

After we sell — WE SERVE

Phone W. 4200

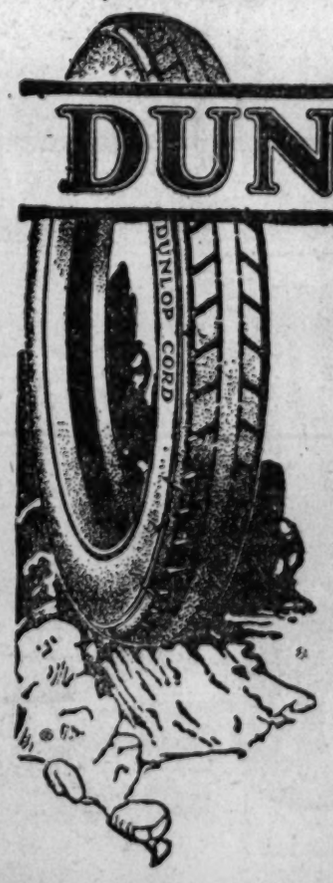


The China Press Want Ads

Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

On the HIGHWAYS of the WORLD

DUNLOP CORDS



Have more than made good. They are the best tyre you can buy to-day, judged by every standard that counts.

Fit them to your car and prove how they save petrol consumption, yield larger mileage, increase "cushioning," reduce driving strain and give you better service, at lower cost, than any other tyres in the world.

"Fit Dunlop and be satisfied."

DUNLOP

RUBBER COMPANY (CHINA), LIMITED

Founders throughout the World of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry

23 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai

PHONES C. 2248 & C. 5051 Cables: "PNEUMATIC"

Play with the Dunlop Maxfli Golfball

What Leading British Designers Think Of The New Balloon Tires

One of the most promising developments of the last year in matters automobile has been the attempt to popularise what is known variously as the balloon or cushion tire. It may be described loosely as a tire very much over-size for a given diameter—i.e., with a very much wider section, and therefore mounted on a smaller wheel than the standard tire of approximately the same overall diameter. Presumably it has come as a development of the giant pneumatic for goods and heavy passenger carrying vehicles, such as fast lorries and chars-a-bancs, and although it is meeting with a certain amount of opposition, not entirely from interested quarters, there seems to be every indication that the tire as a type has come to stay.

Its adoption by owners of existing cars, and its replacing ordinary tires to any considerable extent are rendered improbable by the need for new and special wheels, but if the proper wheels are fitted to the chassis in the first instance, as they may be in the near future, then the balloon tire will undoubtedly meet with a wide welcome. Their chief asset is, of course, a gain in travelling comfort, for naturally the larger a tire the more effectively will it dampen out all road shocks, though the possible size has practical limits in that too large a tire causes roll and decreased controllability of the vehicle. The determination of a satisfactory compromise is but one of the problems to be solved in the commercialisation of the new tires, and these steps are now being taken with every promise of ultimate success.

WEIGHTY LETTERS

In accordance with our usual practice we abstain from full comment on the new tires until we have had an opportunity of trying them out thoroughly for ourselves. In the meantime, however, we publish letters from three men whose opinions are deserving of respect and are based on experience of the new tires and knowledge of all the considerations involved. One of these is the designer of a well-esteemed highspeed touring car; the other is a maker of the new tire, and the third, Mr. Lionel Rapson, is the man who has done more than any other during the past few years to perfect the pneumatic tire and eliminate many of the defects from which it has too long suffered. We may at this juncture refer to the fact that the Dewar Trophy for last year was awarded to the Dunlop Tire and Jack Co., Ltd., for the performance of a set of their tires which covered over 40,000 miles under official R. A. C. observation on a heavy saloon car without giving any trouble whatever. The Dewar Trophy, it will be remembered, is awarded annually to the best performance in an official R. A. C. Trial during the preceding year, and this is the first time it has been won by a tire or set of tires, so that quite apart from the obvious significance of the huge mileage that these tires achieved the event is one of real epoch-marking significance.

From Mr. Thomas Warwick.

Dear Sir,—Quite a lot of people are rather doubtful as to the value of the "Bal-lon-ette" low-pressure tires; they seem to think they cannot get an unbiased opinion. The most unbiased person to give an opinion is the manufacturer. He is making the low-pressure tire not because he wants to but because he has to. All the tire manufacturers are loaded up with moulds for making the ordinary tires—that is, the high-pressure tires that have been used; they are loaded up with stock which they have not been able to sell because of the slump. They are most anxious to get rid of all these tires and are not anxious to scrap all their old moulds, which they have to do when making the "Bal-lon-ette" type of low-pressure tires. To do this is going to cost them thousands of pounds. If they did not know that the low-pressure tire was so much superior to the others, would they do it? To make this tire means an all-round big loss to them, and the low-pressure tire is such a big advance in tire construction that if the present tire companies did not make it, new tire companies would soon arise and put them out of business, because it is going to cost a lot of money to produce, and they have got to scrap their other tires and machinery, etc. This ought to be convincing enough to the public without anything else.—Yours faithfully,

THOMAS WARWICK.

Managing Director, Associated Rubber Manufacturers, Ltd.

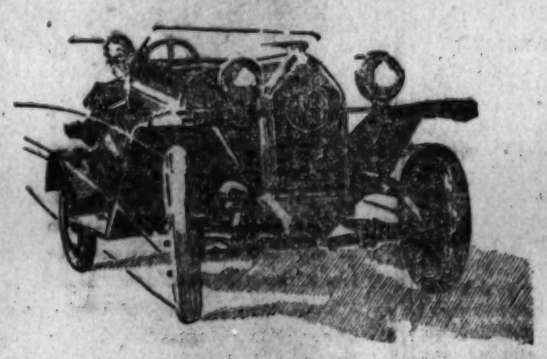
From Mr. Lionel Rapson.

As the person responsible for placing on the market the first commercial low-pressure tire I am naturally interested in the efforts of those who have followed me and who are now trying to go one further, in marketing "balloon" or "comfort" tires.

Quite apart from the appalling position in connection with the various rims, I have been informed by Mr. Warwick, the manufacturer of a beaded edge variety of balloon tire, that his experience is that straight-sided types of balloon tires, unless over-inflated, have a habit of "falling off" the rim! On the other hand, Mr. S. F. Edge, the manufacturer of the A. C. car and an independent, unbiased tester, declares his experience is that the beaded edge type of balloon or comfort tire leads to an increase in fuel consumption, slows the car—especially on hills—is not good as a non-skid, and has a nasty habit of rolling on corners. From America we hear that the straight-sided type of balloon tire suffers from the same defects in so far as increase in fuel consumption and slowing a car is concerned, and in addition, punctures very easily, affects the steering, wears the tread away more quickly, and is generally inefficient.

These criticisms, mark you, are not mine, but are those of pioneer motorists and manufacturers. My personal experience to date, however, generally confirms same and is most certainly not in favor of the present balloon tire. In my opinion the increase from standard to balloon size has been overdone. Cars designed to run on 700 x 80 and 710 x 90 standard tires are being shod with balloon tires almost double the size in section. Very few people realise that the big-section balloon tire is nearly as great in width as the over-size standard size tire as supplied for use on heavy, fast cars such as Roll-Royce, Napier, Lanchester, Daimler, etc. While the latter is built up of eight plies of cord the balloon tire has only

(Continued on Page 7)



THE INCOMPARABLE MATHIS

Tls. 1225

Tls. 400 Down

BALANCE EASY PAYMENTS

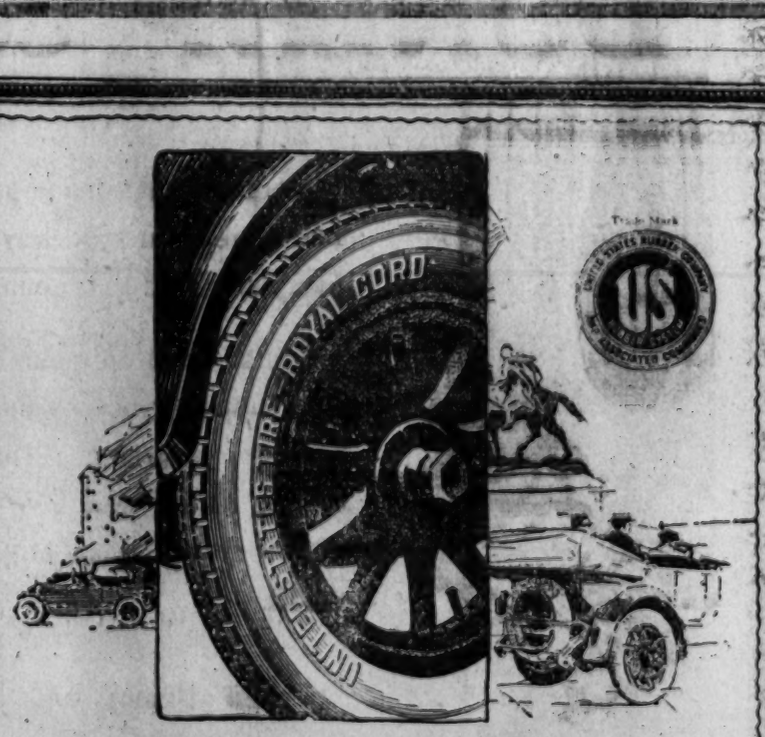
THE ASIATIC MOTORS Inc.

27 AVENUE EDWARD VII.

TELEPHONE NUMBER

1

NORTH EAST WEST



The Royal Cord Tires you use this year are just as *good* as the Royal Cords you used last year And those you buy next year will be just as *good* as those you are using now

United States Rubber Export Co., Ltd.
17 Jinkee Road

Distributors
Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.
36 Bubbling Well Road.

Royal Cord
A 'United States' Tire

The China Press Want Ads Office: No. 17 Nanking Road

AUTO CASTLE BARGAINS IN USED CARS

ARE

DAY BY DAY—
IN EVERY WAY

Proving their Worth and Saving their Buyers.

Select from these

TOURING CARS

Talbot	5	Pass.	(model 1922
Citroen	5	„	(model 1923)
De Dion	5	„	(model 1922)
Fiat	5	„	(run 4,000 miles)
Morris-Oxford	5	„	(used 2 months)
Humber	5	„	(model 1921)
Buick 4	5	„	(run 5,000 miles)
Hupmobile	5	„	(model 1922)
Dodge	5	„	(model 1923)
Willys-Knight	5	„	(model 1922)
Essex	5	„	(latest model)
Studebaker	5	„	(model 1922)
Star	5	„	(model 1923)
Cadillac	5-7	„	(model 59)
Packard 6	5-7	„	(model 1922)
Locomobile	5-7	„	(model 1922)

LIMOUSINES

Unic	Limousine	(model 1922)
Panhard	„	(model 1922)
De Dion	„	(model 1923)
Austin	„	(model 1922)
Citroen	„	(model 1922)
Hupmobile	„	(model 1922)
Studebaker	„	(model 1921)
Buick 4	„	(run 3,500 miles)
Cadillac	„	(model 1923)
Haynes	„	(model 1923)

ROADSTERS

Buick 6	Sport model	(model 1922)
Buick 4	„	(model 1923)
Hupmobile	„	(model 1922)
Chevrolet F B	Roadster	(model 1922)
Morris-Oxford	„	(model 1923)

HALF

of the cost of a new car. Every one of them holds a guarantee, and we see to it, that your satisfaction is assured.

Drop in and let us prove it.

THE AUTO CASTLE

(HEIMENDINGER BROTHERS)

226-228 Avenue Joffre | opposite French
Phone C. 401-402 | Police Station

INAUGURATION

SALE

EVEREADY STORAGE BATTERIES NOW ON WICO MOTORCYCLE BATTERIES

March 15th to April 4th

at

DONG CHONG BATTERY & ELECTRIC CO.

R189-190 Yunnan Road, Corner of Nanking Road
(Opposite Louza Police Station)

SUPPLIERS OF STORAGE BATTERIES AND COMPLETE LINE OF AUTO ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Our motto is:—

Our batteries are not merely sold but also serviced. Satisfaction guaranteed

TELEPHONE
C8217

What Leading British Designers Think Of The New Balloon Tires

(Continued from Page 6)

three, which, in my opinion, is asking for trouble.

I am positive that a properly designed tire, the size being midway between standard and balloon sizes, built up of a minimum of four plies, would not only give equal comfort to any existing type of balloon tire, but at the same time would eliminate each and every defect I have referred to above. When the R. A. C. balloon tire trials are completed and the S.M.M. and T. have told us the rim which is to be standardised I intend to manufacture and market such a tire. Before doing so, however, I shall subject the tire to gruelling R. A. C. road and track trials (as I have done in the past with my present tires and other inventions) so that, contrary to the present position, before purchasing the public will at least know where they stand.
—Yours faithfully.

F. LIONEL RAPSON,
Managing Director.
Rapson Tire and Jack Co., Ltd.

From Capt W. O. Bentley.

To judge from some of the comments I have read upon "Balloon Tires," set out by people who have experimented with them, I can only conclude that they must have had some exceedingly poor samples to test.

It is my business, as a designer of motor-cars, to find out all that I can about any new thing and, although my researches into the question of low pressure tires do not in the least pretend to exhaustiveness, I may say that they have indicated to me in a very definite manner that the "Balloon Tire," so-called (I think it is a bad name in every way), has an immense future.

The tires I have been recently running on my car are nominally 32in. by 6in., and they take the place of the ordinary 820 mm. x 120 mm. tires, using, of course, special rims and wheels. They are manufactured by Dunlop. I have not the least hesitation in saying that, in respect of quality of design and construction, particularly as regards the formation of the tread, they attain a very high standard indeed.

In order to test them out under known conditions I had a set of these large size covers fitted to my coupe cabriolet, on which I had already driven upwards of seventy thousand miles. This car has, to say the least of it, come in for a good deal of rough treatment and I am not going to say that in the ordinary way it is to be regarded as "equal to new," though I am happy to say that mechanically it shows few signs of its arduous life.

The first impression I gained upon fitting the new pattern of tire was that all body rattles, all creakings, squeaks, groanings, and other evidences of unavoidable geometrical distortion instantly vanished. Not only were the larger irregularities of the road surface wiped out in the most remakable way, but what is of quite equal importance, the smaller and the more frequent type of irregularity—which one may easily encounter at the rate of several hundreds per minute—also disappeared. Any tire which can perform that sort of miracle must have a great deal to be said for it in spite of any disadvantages that are subsequently discovered.

The next point that struck me was the pronouncedly greater adhesion which the wheels had upon the road surface. This was seen in two distinct and different aspects: (1) the efficiency of the brakes was greatly enhanced; (2) there was a diminution in the liability to skid upon grease. So much so was this the case that, according to my experience upon this particular car, I would venture to say that the new Dunlop low pressure cord tire is quite the best anti-skid I have ever come across, and I may add that I have tried most kinds of tires under both easy and strenuous conditions.

LOW PRESSURES

The pressure employed in the tires fitted to my car is that recommended by their makers—namely, 20lb. all round. I am of the opinion that an improvement would be made if the front tires were pumped to 22lb. and the rear tires to 18lb. This, of course, is a matter that is concerned with the average distribution of weight in the car.

With regard to tractive resistance, I have seen it stated that low pressure tires add to this—one commentator has even revived the ridiculous old fallacy of the tires having to climb "up a hill" the whole time, conveniently forgetting that at another part of its periphery it has to descend exactly the same "hill." It is conceivable that there is greater resistance when the road surface is heavy. Clearly a car that will move or displace a great quantity of mud per unit of motion will expend more energy in overcoming the added resistance. If, however, the car has a reasonable amount of power I question whether the difference in average or ultimate speed or in speed up hills is at all perceptible. Of course, where an engine is being habitually worked to its last fraction of h.p. output any increase in resistance, however microscopic, must be instantly noticeable, but a car built on such lines is, I make bold to say, initially and fundamentally bad.

According, then, to my experience, Dunlop balloon tires (I will not speak of any others) have no perceptible effect upon the car's performance on the road, except to make it more comfortable to a perfectly surprising degree.

I cannot find any difference in petrol consumption, and I imagine that a very big mileage would have to be covered before any difference, one way or the other, could be established.

STEERING & CONTROLABILITY

The complete absence of "roll" with these tires makes the car just as amenable to quick control and, if necessary, "stunting" as the ordinary kind of tire. This advantage is doubtless to be attributed to the fact that the Dunlop covers are fitted to a rim that is adequately broad in section.

At walking pace these tires call for a little more effort upon the part of the driver in the act of steering. Mechanical conditions show that this effect in any case is unavoidable owing to the greater area of contact. The difference is, however, very small, and at higher speeds it would be a carefully calibrated motorist who could say that there was any noticeable trace of it. The disadvantage, such as it is, is at most so trifling that it is not worth bothering about.

With regard to the question of durability and freedom from puncture, effect on the car in the event of a burst, etc., I am not yet qualified to speak, but I imagine that, as yet very few motorists have run a set of low pressure tires to destruction. I see, however, no reason to suppose that in these respects the new tire will be any worse than the tire which it seeks to displace.

Of one thing I am most confident, and that is that the object of the low pressure tire, namely, to stop at its source the influence of road-shocks upon the car, is a good object; further that in the case of the Dunlop low pressure tire that object is substantially achieved. No doubt there are other makes of "balloon tire" equally as good, but one must testify according to one's experience.

Yours faithfully,
W. O. BENTLEY.

Future To Bring Better Cars, Says American Expert

Herbert Chase, Noted Designer, Looks For Many Improvements

Herbert Chase, one of the best informed automotive authorities, reviews present and future trends of design in "Automotive Industries."

* * *

Compare the car of today with that of a decade ago and it will be appreciated that many changes in design have been made to benefit the user. Basically today's vehicle differs but little from its prototype yet it incorporates many refinements which indicate that American automobile builders have done their full share in advancement of the art.

It does not follow, by any means, that present cars have attained perfection, even though the present type has undergone continual refinement for many years. There are still many details which can be improved and even a minor change for the better will not escape notice in a country in which every eighth person owns a car.

A few years ago one often heard it said that the public is no longer interested in mechanical changes in automobile construction, that they cared only for performance, regardless of how it was attained. If this was true, there seems to have been a decided change in attitude if one can judge by the interest now being manifested in front-wheel brakes.

Users are interested in performance and convenience in operation, but at least a large percentage like to know, also, how improvements are attained. Sales organizations know this and appreciate good "talking points," especially when they are based on easily demonstrated facts.

Intelligent laymen do not need a chart and compass to understand the advantage of comfortable seats, ample ventilators for warm weather, properly fitted curtains which are put on easily and form a reasonably tight inclosure when they are up, batteries which last longer and the like.

All of these are desirable if not essential, but it is not beyond the bounds of possibility that we shall see in the near future developments of a much more striking and important character. In any case such an eventuality will bear careful scrutiny.

The inclination may be to affirm that the industry wants nothing to do with innovations—that it now is organized to build a well-developed type of vehicle and is not inclined to jump to something new even though considerable advantage seems to be attainable. This is a conservative attitude, but there are indications that many makers are casting about for selling features which will differentiate their products from those of competing makers and at the same time give the purchaser a car which is easier to drive, more comfortable to ride in, lower in first cost and less expensive to maintain.

Competition often forces improvements, the need for which sometimes is lost sight of in periods during which demand equals or exceeds supply. Close students of automobile construction well know that even the best of present cars could be improved and it is probable that the concerns which first realize and put into effect improvements which are basically sound will profit accordingly.

That fact that modern cars weigh from two to five times as much as the passenger load they are intended to carry has been made the occasion for adverse comment as to the present status of engineering development and there does seem to be something anomalous in transporting from 300 to 750 lb. of vehicle for each passenger, even in open cars seating five or seven persons.

Taken alone, such a statement does not mean very much, but considered in the light of some other facts it begins to have significance. Rightly or wrongly, first cost appears to be a prime factor controlling the sale of passenger cars to the consumer. A few consider quality or cost per mile first; but the vast majority of buyers purchase the cheapest reputable makes of car which fulfill their needs. Consequently the manufacturer makes a minimum selling price and to do so cuts his net cost per car as low as he can and still retains a reputation for giving good value.

Cost of materials, raw, semi-finished and finished, is a very large item in first cost for the vehicle manufacturer. Some place it is as high as 90 percent. It is exceedingly important, therefore, to make the cost of material as low as possible. Many materials which enter into car construction are bought on a weight basis, hence it is evident that saving in weight is a primary consideration, so long as reasonable durability, dependability and good riding qualities are not sacrificed and production cost is not increased inordinately. Granting this, the logical question is, What feasible methods not now employed can be used to reduce weight?

Many parts of the car are made today far heavier than they need be if not required to withstand shock. Eliminate or materially reduce shock and these parts can be made much lighter and still have adequate strength for the load they must carry. We have used pneumatic tires to reduce shock ever since automobiles first were built, but it seems never to have been realized generally to what extent shock could be lessened by decreasing inflation pressure and incidentally designing the tire to function properly and be durable under these conditions.

This brings us to consideration of the effect which balloon tires may have on car design. One prominent engineer, connected with a large manufacturer of passenger cars, is reported to have said that he could take a thousand pounds out of a 4000-lb. car his concern is building by redesigning it to use balloon tires instead of the conventional cord type. What this means in the case of a car which sells for about 75 cents a pound is not difficult to appreciate.

Fortunately the balloon tire is a step toward easier riding and probably toward greater safety in operation, two factors which have a powerful influence upon sales, for they are appreciated readily by the purchaser.

Next in importance to balloon tires as innovations of considerable interest are substitutes for the conventional gearset. Four-wheel brakes may be considered as an accomplished fact rather than a future development.

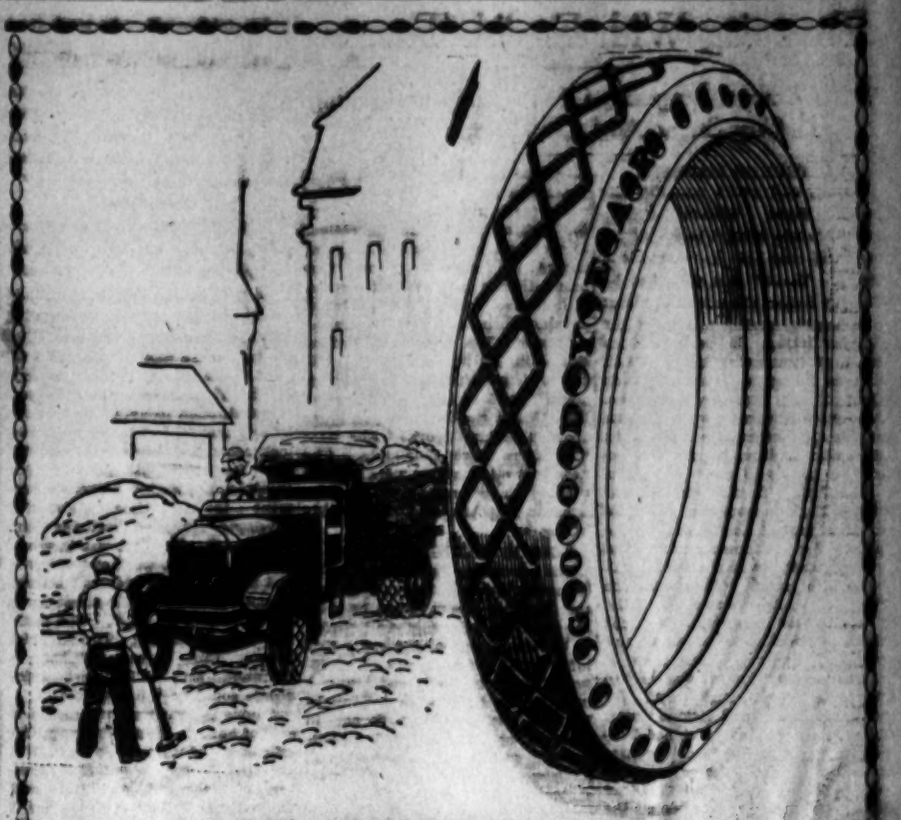
In spite of popular misapprehension to the contrary, the modern sliding change speed gear is a thoroughly good piece of engineering and will be hard to beat from the standpoint of simplicity and dependability, as is indicated by its practically universal employment (except by Ford) in cars of both American and European design. It cannot be denied, however, that there is room for improvement in such a gearset or for a substitute which will be practically noiseless and which will not demand the inconvenience in operation which the present type entails, especially for the unskilled user.

In France and England considerable experimental work has been done with gearset substitutes some of which are termed torque converters and in which the torque ratio—the equivalent of gear ratio—is changed automatically with the resistance to motion of the vehicle.

GEARSET SUBSTITUTES

With these devices the engine speed remains constant so long as the throttle is not touched, but the vehicle speed decreases when a greater resistance to motion, such as an upgrade or a soft footing, is encountered. Consequently the driver need operate only the accelerator to get the desired speed, within the limits of power available, and has no gearshifting to think about. Even the clutch can be dispensed with or used only to disconnect the engine from the driving mechanism when the engine continues to run with the car standing still.

Voisin has been developing a device of this character patented by Lavaud (described in Automotive Industries, Oct. 25, 1923) and recently has announced the intention to market a car fitted with it. In England, G. Constantinesco, an engineer with some accomplishments to his credit, has worked on a device understood to accomplish similar results, but the exact nature of the mechanism employed has not yet been revealed for publication although much interest has been created by various statements regarding it.



LIVE CUSHIONS UNDER YOUR ENGINE

The front end of your vehicle costs twice as much as the rear.

The cushioning of its costly mechanism is an imperative necessity.

Fit Goodyear All-Weather Tread pneumatic Cushion Tyres to your front wheels.

With the three-fold resilience of their scientifically shaped hollow centre, flattened side-walls and deep, springy All-Weather Tread, they absorb shock, lessen vibration and so prolong the life of your engine.

There is no reason to be without this protection.

They wear—and are fitted—exactly like solids.

GOODYEAR MEANS GOOD WEAR

GOODYEAR
PNEUMATIC CUSHION TYRES

HER LADYSHIP'S CAR

VISIONS OF SABLES AND JEWELS AND RUSTLING SILKS.

A MOTOR CAR OF RICH AND ROYAL CHARM.

SUMPTUOUS COMFORT FOR FIVE.

WONDERFULLY EASY TO STEER.

SUPREMELY A WOMAN'S CAR

IN ALL THAT

WOMEN LOVE

IN A CAR

SUCH IS THE NEW

WILLYS—KNIGHT

C. 6002 CENTRAL GARAGE

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Tls. 770

HUDFORD MOTORS

Corner Avenue Edward VII and Thibet Road

Showroom Telephone C. 3804

Service Station „ C. 5087

The China Press Want Ads
OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

Tramping With English Tramps

'Stiffs" Shows Vagrants Of Various Shortcomings In City Street And On Country Road

BY ARTHUR MAURINE

Twenty-odd years ago the late Josiah Flynt Willard ("Cigarette") wrote several books picturing the life of the American tramp. "Stiffs," just published by Thomas Seiter, attempts to present a somewhat similar picture of the English tramp. It is a curious book, an interesting book, a book that at moments stirs suspicion through its very sophistication. Also there are times when it takes on the appearance of a tract, when the narrator drops his story to become a bowler of stale moralities.

The "stiff" is only one variety of the English tramp as portrayed in these pages. Known also as the hobo, the sundowner and the beachcomber, he is a cheerful and optimistic tramp. There is the "beggar," also known as the "bum," the "cadger" and the "Man of the Abyss," a soured and pessimistic tramp. Then there is the "hooligan," known also as the "larrikin," the "rough" and the "tough," a brutal and vicious tramp. In a foreword that is signed Melbourne Garahan the three varieties are thus summed up: "If a 'stiff' found a child struggling in a pool he would plunge in and rescue the little mite. If a beggar found a child struggling in a pool he would sneak quietly by and then run in case the police came and found him in the neighborhood. If a 'hooligan' found a child struggling in a pool he would throw a brick and laugh boisterously if he hit the little mite on the head. Then he would run to tell his companions of his exploit."

A TRAGEDY OF SHORT SIGHT

In the case of the author of "Stiffs" near sightedness assumed the proportions of a tragedy. He had been trained for a seafaring life, having served two years as a cadet on a ship of the British navy and three years at sea on a sailing ship without himself suspecting that his vision was in any way defective. But when trying for a second mate's certificate he failed to pass the eyesight test, mistaking for an M what was really a B on its side. Tolerance for artificial aids to the vision is of comparatively recent origin. The author recalls that Sarah Lady Littleton, writing from Woburn in 1841, said: "The High Sheriff of Bedfordshire presented the Queen with an address from the county. He read it from a white satin copy, but having been used to spectacles, which are forbidden by etiquette before royalty could not well perform his part."

Among those who go down to the sea in ships much of the old prejudice against deficient vision still holds. By doing without his spectacles when applying for the place the author was signed on as boatswain of a small collier bound on a three months cruise through the Mediterranean. He was obliged to wear the spectacles when going aboard at midnight and they brought down upon his head a volley of invective from the mate, a broad shouldered, heavily bearded giant.

"Bos'un? You a bos'un! Not on this ship. I'll be damned if I will sail with a bos'un that wears barnacles. You clear off as soon as you like. What the devil do you know about a bos'un's work?" Nor were the sailors more charitable. The new boatwain's orders were greeted with. "Oh, listen to him! Ain't he a hard case, bim and his ruddy barnacles!"

LIFE IN LONDON STREETS

The handicap of the "ruddy barnacles" proving too much at sea, the narrator began what he calls the meanest and unhappiest period of his life, as one of the scum that infests the London streets. He happened to be in funds and plunged into the city's night life. Soon he had his own particular corner in several public houses and restaurants in and about Soho. He knew a large number of barmaids, waiters, commissionaires and underground attendants by their given names, the very hallmark of "amounting to something" in the frothy, sordid existence. The money gone and his last piece of jewelry pawned, he found refuge in Bruce House. With the associations he found there began his life as a "stiff."

They were curious derelicts; the old actor who was known as "the Busker"; the housebreaker, "Twister"; Harry Gray, a professional kite flier, affectionately called Ikey owing to the sharpness of his brain; Ferguson, the man of 60, whose brain had cracked under too close a study of politics, and Creswell, the out at elbows man of letters, fertile in useless ideas that only by a hair missed being great, a wonderful talker for quantity anyway, and with an astonishing gift for alliteration. Creswell had put together a sentence of more than one hundred words all beginning with the letter T, and he wrote to one of the weekly papers suggesting that they give a prize for the longest alliterative sentence making sense. With the following he felt himself fully armed for the contest:

"Theodore telegraphs today, the twenty-third, that twelve tall, taciturn Turks transported twenty-three tiny terrified Tunisians to Tripoli to trade them." The tale telling Tunisians thoughtlessly tried to turn the tables, thereupon the Turks, thinking this tantamount to treachery, took the trouble to twist their tails, thrashing them twice, thinking thus to teach them to tell true tales to travelers Turks taking the transitory Tunisians to the topmost tower, tying them tightly together, then throttling them, throwing the trash thence to the Tripolitan tonsured thieves that think Turks topping."

OLD JOBS

The inhabitants of Bruce House were a mixed crowd. There was always a backbone of permanent residents, skilled workmen in more or less regular employment and a number of unskilled laborers. For the rest there was no hope, and indeed no desire for regular employment. Their business in life was to get through today, to get through by any means, but to let tomorrow look after itself. Odd jobs supplied the few shillings needed. For example, the author found employment for a time addressing envelopes for an advertising firm in Holborn. The firm was interested only in quick work and quantity and no part of the address mattered except the number and street name and the E. C. or W. C. The name was just a wiggle. Thus Charles Brown, Esq., became ."Chnnnnn Bnnnnnn Enn." The post office people could do the guessing.

Among the vagrants was a certain code of honor. If one of them pulled off a 50 to 1 bet on the races he was expected to search out the members of his crowd and feed and liquor them. Failure to do so meant instant expulsion. It is a wonderful thing, this communism of the hobo," says the author. "Men would empty their pockets to pool for a feed, and nobody commented upon the fact that one had given sixpence while another had given nothing. But what use the comments? Reverse all the positions and the result would be the same."

THE OPEN ROAD

In time the author took to the open road. With a comrade he found employment as a flier of advertising kites over the resorts along the southern coast. Cherry, the companion, was an economical soul who begrudged spending money on railway tickets. Also he had an American education in tramping. So as a test case he bought a ticket and then pretended to the railway officials that he was without one, giving up the ticket only when threatened with arrest. The officials were furious at the waste of time, accompanied as it was by a distinct loss of dignity, and they told Cherry to clear off at once.

"Cherry explained that it was a simple experiment to find out what chance there was of traveling without a ticket in England. In America it was so easy, outside and at times inside the carriage, that a man was just a lunatic to go wasting money on tickets. Moreover, if a stiff was caught he was simply 'hove off' and no shack would fool around arresting people. But he was now satisfied that they were too smart in this country, and he ruefully faced the fact that his trip with me was going to cost more in fares than it would for food."

New Electrical Motor Car Switchs

A patent has recently been granted for a new type of electrical-switch especially suitable for low voltage currents. The novel feature of this switch is the secret working. It has been put on the market by Messrs. Richardson and Whitaker, of 33, Union-street, London, S. E. 1, and should be of great interest to motorists and motor-cyclists as it is adaptable for lighting or for the low tension magnetic current.

When used in conjunction with the lighting circuit it completely foils the arch-enemy of the motorist—the small boy!

When used for the magneto switch on either cars or motor-cycles an extra security is afforded against theft. Turned from solid ebonite, highly polished, and measuring only one inch high by one and a quarter inches in diameter, it is an extremely neat article which would not be out of place on the most palatial dashboard.

An idea of the weather-resisting qualities can be gauged from the fact that even when completely immersed in water it works satisfactorily.

Types are available for fitting to a tube or to any flat surface, while for the motor-cyclist who wishes to be able to switch off his engine like a car a special magneto terminal fitting practically any tpye of magneto is provided.

The China Press Want Ads OFFICE: No. 17 NANKING ROAD

MORRIS CARS

MORRIS OXFORD

and

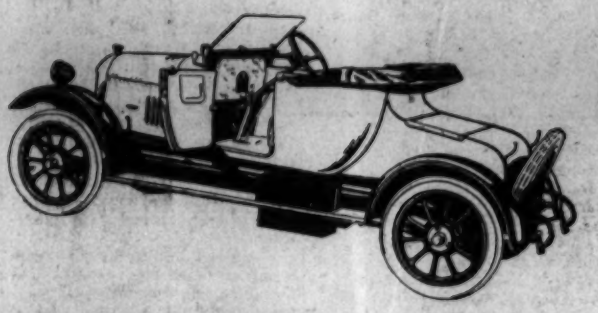
MORRIS COWLEY

THE HALL MARK OF SATISFACTION

is in your Morris Car

Gasoline and Oil are a minor detail. Repairs for years is negligible and the first cost is less than any medium priced American car.

SERVICE THAT IS REAL SERVICE



BEST BRITISH EQUIPPED CAR ON THE ROAD

"Get a real demonstration."

THE AUTO PALACE

(Ryton's Garage)

362 Avenue Joffre

Phone W. 364

The All British Standard LIGHT CAR

The four-seater Standard is the family car de luxe. As reliable as it is powerful; as comfortable as it is roomy, and exceptionally easy to control.

CHINA MOTORS

125 Bubbling Well Road

Phones West 131 and 197

Help Your Engine With Champions

Do not handicap your motor car or motor boat or be a party to deceiving yourself while saving the cost of a new set of sparking plugs.

Old sparking plugs are not a saving, but rather a costly experiment, as they require more than the usual amount of petrol and oil.

A good workman needs good tools. Install a new set of Champion Double-Ribbed Core Sparking Plugs and get your full measure of return from your petrol.

Champion Spark Plug Company, Toledo, Ohio
Champion Spark Plug Co. of Canada, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Champion X Ford Type

Look for the Double-Ribbed core. Buy Champion sparking plugs by the set. A type and size for every engine. Any dealer interested in selling you the best sparking plug satisfaction will recommend Champions.

CHAMPION

Dependable for Every Engine

Annual Dinner of the Shanghai German Paper Hunt Club, held at the German Club last week. Mr. H. Tiefenbacher is President.

LU MU-TAN

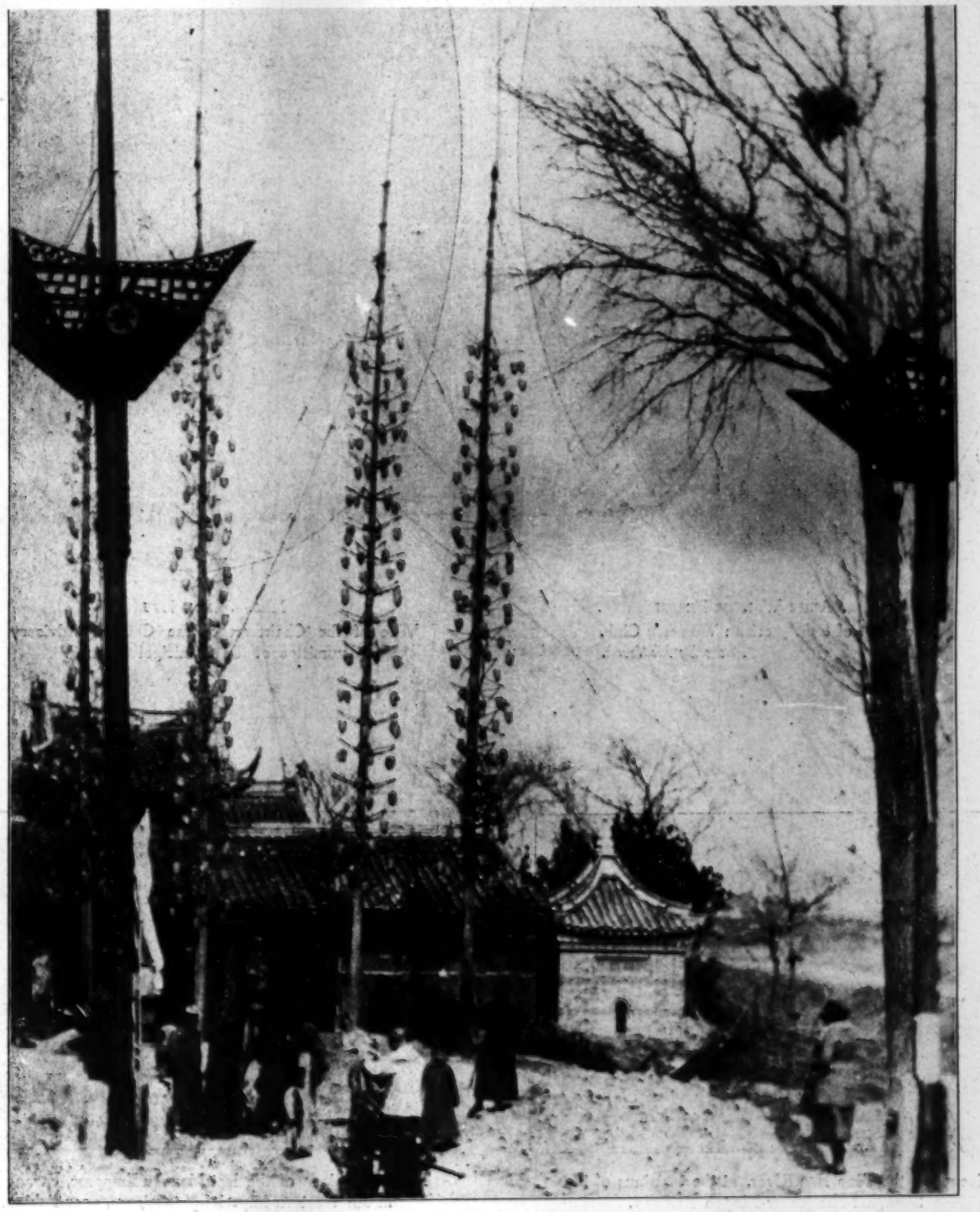
Whose sobriquet is "Green Peony." One of China's new theatrical stars in a scene from his own play, "Three Heroes of the Mortal World." "Green Peony" is appearing now in the Tan Kwei Theatre, Number One Stage, at Chekiang and Foochow Roads.
Photo through courtesy of Mr. Tsau Yih Zan.

STREET SCENE IN NATIVE CITY.

The China that loves the "Green Peony" as devotedly as the scholars and business men who patronize the local Chinese theatres.
Photo by Mission Photo Bureau.

Pictorial Section
The China Press

SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

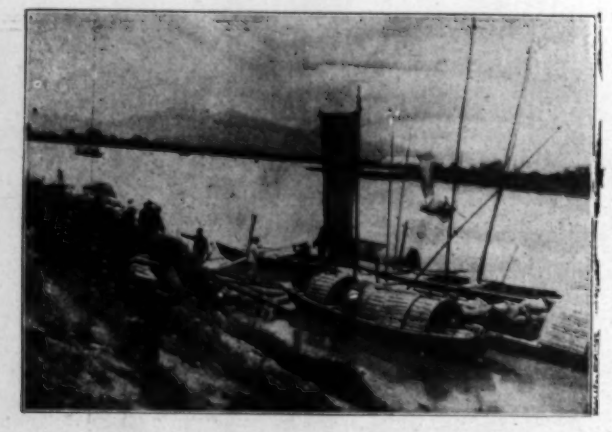


PICTURESQUE CHINA

Lantern-decorated poles in courtyard of old temple near Kiangwan, in Shanghai.
Mission Photo Bureau.

DR. ANNE WALTER FEARN
President of the American Women's Club.
Photo by Maitzene.

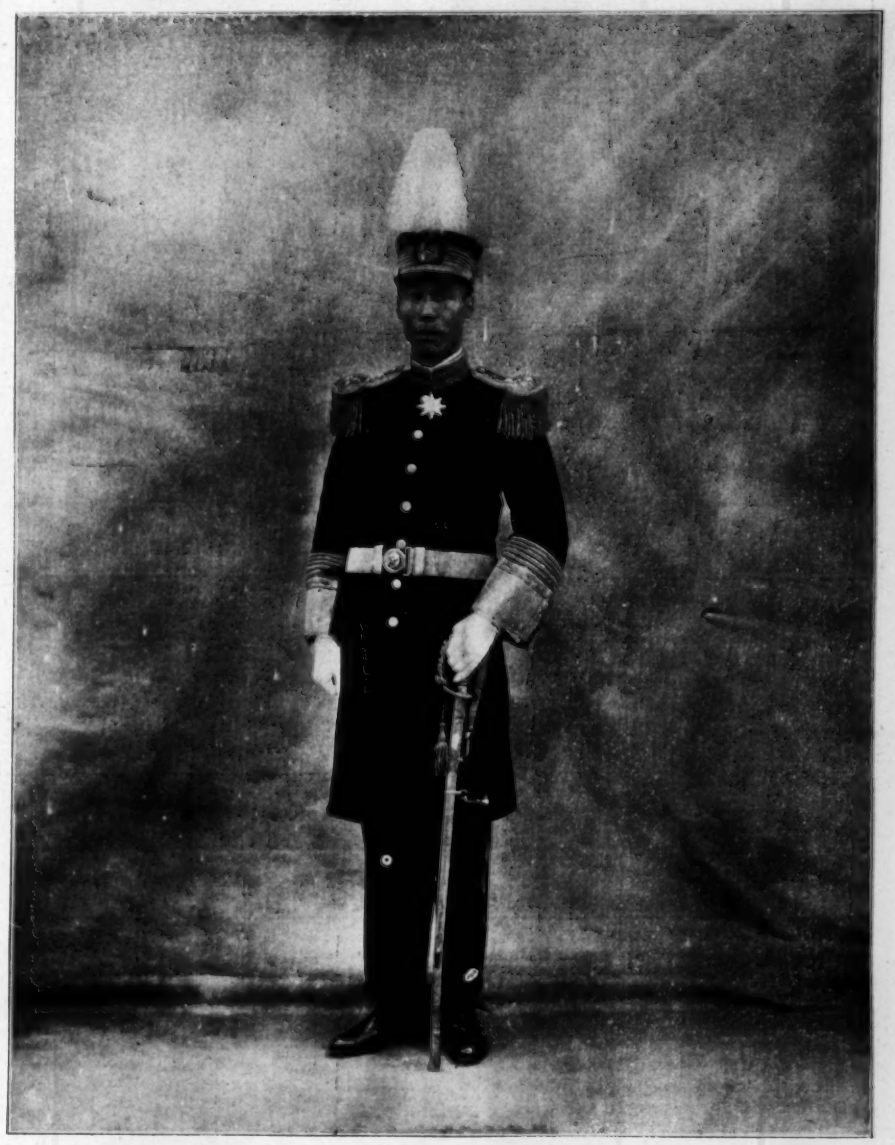
MRS. JABIN HSU
Wife of the Chairman of the Chinese Advisory Committee of the Municipal Council.



Scene on the Tsao Ngo River, at the terminus of the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway.

The burial-place of the last Manchu Emperor, Kwang Hsu, in the Western Imperial Mausoleum, near Peking.
Photo by Mr. Cheng, of Ningpo.

COLONEL LU YUNG-CHIEN
Chief Of the
Shanghai and Woosung
Constabulary.
Col. Lu succeeded
GENERAL HSU KUO-LIANG
Following The
Assassination
Of The Latter
Last Year.
Col. Lu Served
Under Gen. Hsu
For 12 Years
As Chief Of The
General Affairs
Department.



A Twilight Silhouette of the Tsungtongkiang Ferry at the end of the Shanghai-Hangchow line

Miss Mary Dingman, Industrial Secretary of the World's Committee of the Y.W.C.A. Miss Dingman has just returned to Shanghai and is sitting on the Child Labor Commission of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

"THESE LITTLE TOTS WENT TO MARKET"

The two baskets full of babies shown above were brought to the back door of a local shop, where the country woman tried to dispose of the small girls, whose only fault was that they were not boys.

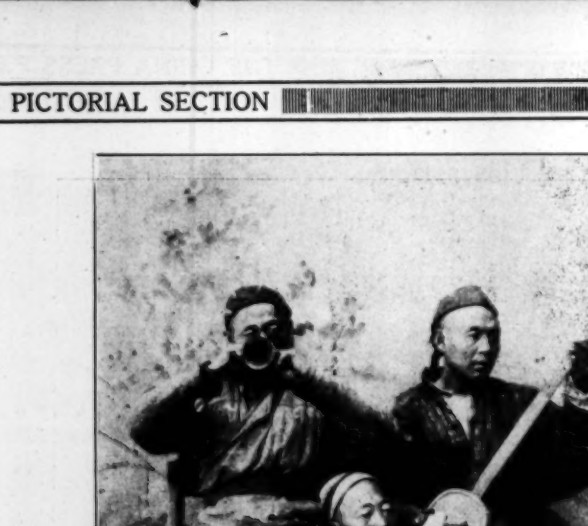
Photo by Burr

GIVE THANKS FOR SILENT PICTURES!

A trio of Chinese "musicians" whose small instruments can be induced to emit weird sounds of such intensity as to make deafness in a foreigner no great hardship during the performance.

Photo by Burr

Dispel the clouds of ill health with Sanatogen



Sanatogen quickly imparts abundant energy and new strength to those whose lives are clouded with nervous exhaustion, despondency and bodily weakness. It is rich with organic phosphorus and proteid—the vital principles of nerve energy and bodily strength—in a form quickly and easily digested by the most delicate.

As a tonic food for use in hot climates Sanatogen is unrivalled Over 24,000 doctors recommend it as most efficacious in feeding the nerves, enriching sound digestion. Get back to robust health by taking Sanatogen from to-day.

Of all Chemists and Stores

Dr. R. W. A., Carlisle, England, writes:

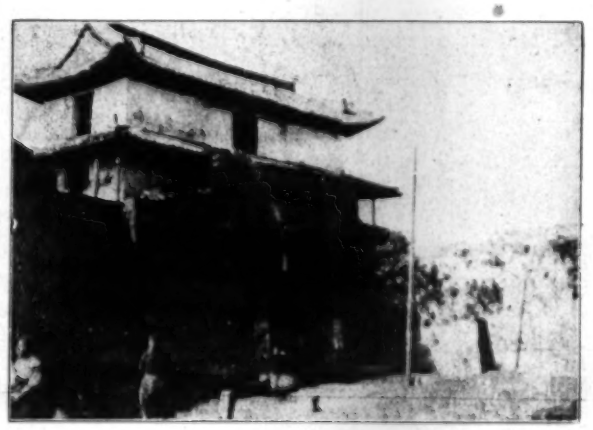
"In my case the results obtained with Sanatogen have been nothing short of marvellous. Three weeks ago I had been confined to bed for over six weeks suffering from Malarial Debility and a recent attack of Recurrent Dysentery. I was reduced to a very low condition, and had lost 35lbs. in weight. I was continually sick and passing motions up to 14 or 15 in a day. When I wrote to you some three weeks ago I had been ordered Sanatogen, and have lived on milk and Sanatogen ever since. This is my sole diet. I rapidly improved from the first. My enteritis is much improved, my weight is increasing, and, extraordinary as it may seem, to-day on a level road I have been able easily to walk three miles."

SANATOGEN

THE TRUE TONIC FOOD

THE MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE BAZAAR

Mrs. A. C. Clear, President of the League (whose photograph appears at the left), was largely responsible for the success of the Bazaar at the Carlton yesterday. Mrs. Alister St. Clair Campbell (at the right), Honorary Secretary of the League, is another officer whose efforts contributed also to the Bazaar's success.

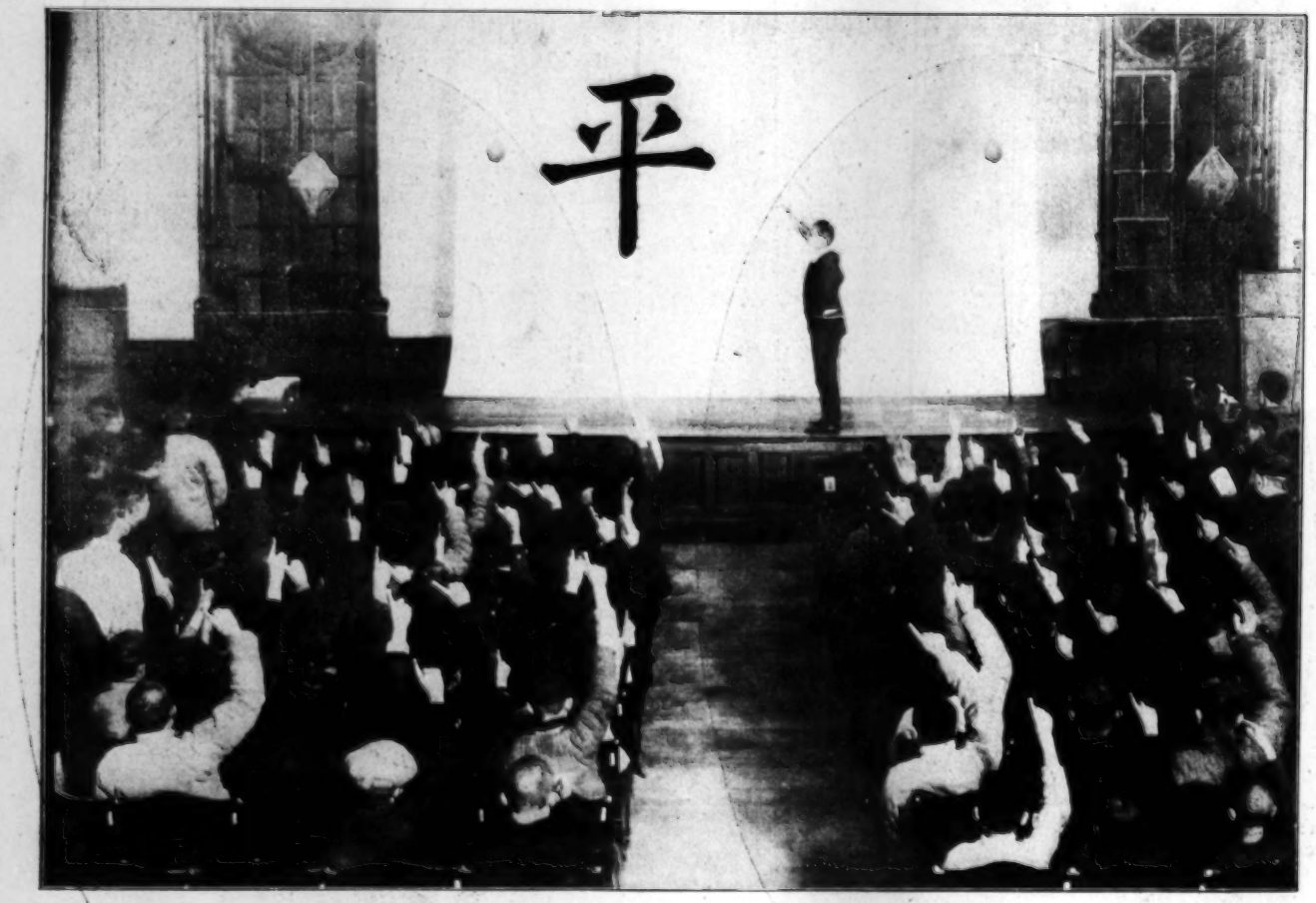


EAST GATE OF SOOCHOW

Photo by Mr. G. Gosling of C.M. Customs, Soochow

WATER GATE OF SOOCHOW

Photo by Mr. G. Gosling, Soochow

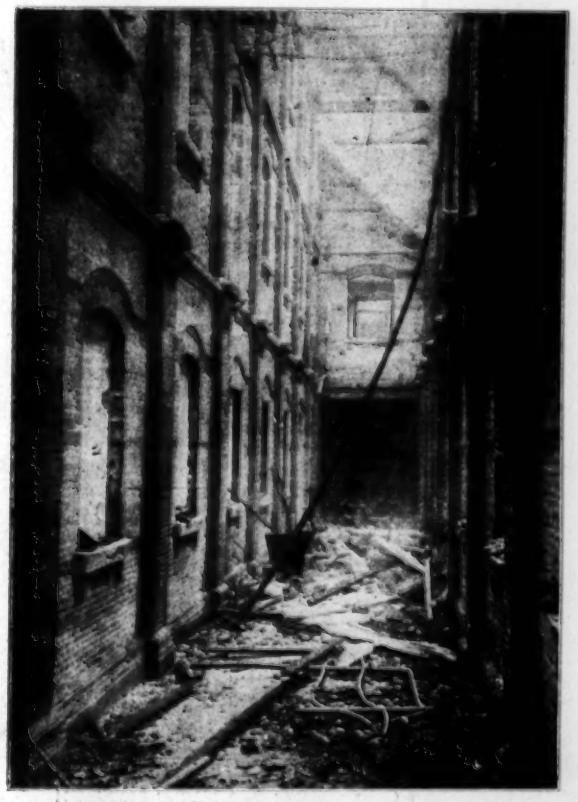


A CLASS IN POPULAR EDUCATION TO COMBAT ILLITERACY IN CHINA. WHICH SHOWS THE BOYS WRITING THE CHARACTER IN THE AIR.

One of the many Chinese student groups learning to read and write their own language.

NEW OFFICES OF BUREAU OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Mr. Hsu Yuan, Special Commissioner of Foreign Affairs of Kiangsu, will be host tomorrow at a reception which will mark the formal opening of the new building of the Yamen for Foreign Affairs located at the end of Route Grisi, in Chinese territory



Ruins of Ziang Kiang Silk Filature, where more than 50 persons lost their lives in a disastrous fire last Monday night. At the left is an exterior view of the building showing the congested nature of the district which made escape practically impossible. At the right is an interior view taken shortly after the fire.

Photo by Sing Sing Studios

Portion of an overhead bridge erected by the former warlord Tung Chi-kwong at Canton, stretching for a mile over the residential quarter from his stronghold on the hill overlooking the city to his headquarters. The object was to ensure his safety in moving about.

Photo by Mr. M. P. Cheng.

Union Football Team, Chinese Recreation Club

Back Row: T. B. Ong, S. Y. Loch (Secretary), K. Zau (Manager), K. T. Yuan (President). Zee, Chow and T. Y. Chen Middle Row: S. Dong. Ho, Z. T. Wang, Y. T. Harr (Vice-Captain) and S. K. Vong. Front Row: T. Chu, B. S. Yang, T. T. Chang Captain), W. P. Wang and T. H. Yau.

Golf
Football
Rugby
Racing
Paper Hunting

China Press Sports

Hockey
Basketball
Billiards
Boxing
Comment

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, MARCH 16, 1924

RECS DEFEAT CLUB IN FAST SOCCER GAME

Holders Of Skottowe Cup To Retain Possession

BIG CROWD OUT

Fast And Scrappy Contest; Navy Eleven Beaten

RESULTS
Rec. SKOTTOWE CUP
Recs .... 2. Club 1
Club 2ND LEAGUE
Club .... 1 Navy 0

The Recs, having won the toss decided to play against the wind and immediately from the kick-off the Club commenced to press and Xavier, miskicking conceded a corner from which, however, there was no result. Johannson got possession of the ball and then goal-ward, some nice combination work being seen, but a promising movement was nullified by Tonkin who cleared well. From now on the game became somewhat scrappy and Sofoulis was given offside.

The Club now got away Dailey taking the ball well down the field and centered to Goldman. Turner tackled well but unfortunately fouled but from the kick-on nothing resulted. The Recs. left wing now played the ball between them and after some clever combination work Sofoulis took possession and scored an excellent goal thus opening the score. The Club now pressed very hard but all attempts by Coulcher and Goldman to break through were frustrated by Turner who marked these two players well. At one moment, however, Goldman after working for himself a nice position shot in a terrific drive which missed the aperature by only a few inches. Both sides were now playing a very fast and loose game. Harris saved some beautiful efforts but once or twice rushed out too far leaving his goal unprotected but no scores, however, were registered against him on these occasions. Tonkin and Brown were kept very busy and put up a splendid defence breaking up the Recs. forward line on several dangerous occasions. Many corners were conceded to both sides but nothing resulted from them.

The second half opened with the Football Club again attacking Goldman getting possession of the ball and passing out to Smith who took it well down the field and shot in a splendid center where Dailey was ready and sending in a low shot, gave Remedios no possible chance to save. The score being equal both sides fought hard for a leading point and although fed well by the halves neither side could break through. Several more corners were conceded but neither side took advantage.

The Club now played well up the field and made several dangerous rushes but without avail. Soon after this the Recs. got away and Shaffer handled the ball just outside the penalty area. The Recs were given a free kick but Tonkin cleared well. At this period of the game the Recs. forwards put in some clever work and repeatedly initiated dangerous-looking movements but nothing came of them until Johannson working up a position, shot at close range beating Harris and making the score 2-1 in their favor and thereby winning the Cup. There was no presentation after the match but we are informed that a Soccer Smoking Concert is being arranged, at which the Cup will be duly handed back again to the Shanghai Recreation Club.

Jujitsu Experts To Visit Shanghai

(Eastern News Agency)

Tokio, March 14.—Thirteen "jujitsu" experts of the Waseda University under the leadership of Professor Uji-iye left here for Dairen. It is understood that they will exhibit their arts of defence in leading cities of China, including Mukden, Tientsin, Peking, Hankow and Shanghai.

SPORT AND STAGE

BY DOMINO

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

Warrior of God, man's friend, and tyrant's foe.
Who from thy heart the demon Hate did ban.
Thou livest in our hearts, for all men know
This earth has never borne a nobler man.

* * *

THE QUAINTS

Someone or other once wrote something about their infinite variety never staling—you know the quotation. This is about right. Variety or vaudeville—call it what you will, the Quaints have got it during the past week they have given to delighted audiences, a pleasing version of "The Beggars Opera," and then in contrast "The Nine O'clock Revue." The Quaints have all kinds of names given to them, but you can take it from me that their middle name is—Versatility. There isn't a weak member in the cast. They all know how to sing, they act, they do everything that is likely to please an audience. The Lyceum Theater has been full for the last week. It is likely to be even fuller this week.

Tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday they are giving us "Wanted a Smile." I'm willing to take long odds that the company won't wait long before they get one from the dark side of the footlights. The last three days in the week Salisbury and his happy bunch are presenting a second version of "The Nine O'clock Revue." I hope to goodness that my friend Bobbie hasn't another song up his sleeve like "William The Conk." It was the hit of the first version of the revue. I have been singing it from the rise of the sun to the time of getting into my good bed. I am told that even there I insist that "I am William the Conk."

I should like to pay a little tribute to a couple of the dancers who have given the audience any amount of pleasure. There is Miss Madge Aberdare, who seems to know every step from the classical Salome to the rythmic clog. She got a great hand for her delicate tripping in the three shows last week. Another, a mere man, but one who has a very nice tenor voice, also danced for us, and danced into our affections. I refer to James Allan. He scored heavily with his "Nicholas" number. But they are all good. I fancy the secret of their success is that they are "all for each and each for all." And the very lovable Bobby Salisbury knows how to keep them together.

* * *

'OLD LADY 31'

Queer how caused remarks will develope into real happenings. Here is an example. While T. Daniel Frawley was in Shanghai last Spring, he was a House Guest of Mrs. Gardner Crane. One day she said "I do wish the American Colony here would do something in the Dramatic line—I don't believe they ever have. I'd gladly undertake it if I could get any co-operation." And so on and on went the conversation along these lines—when Mrs. Crane said: "T.D., do you think we would dare undertake Rachel Crothers play 'Old Lady 31.'

"T. D. is not what one would call an exuberant person, but he fairly beamed as he said "Nothing better, absolutely nothing better, particularly if you have good female talent and folks that know something of the life, habits and peculiarities of New England."

"Just what we have in the Dramatic Department of the American Woman's Club—oh, if I could only get hold of that play."

Then more persuasively Mrs. Crane continued. "Are you going to New York?—and, when?—and I wonder if you—" "You bet I will! I'll go straight to Rachel Crothers and see what can be done." This from our quiet T. Daniel!

Three months elapsed—but finally the manuscript came with carte blanche rights for production, and full exemption from royalties for the American Woman's Club. Miss Crothers is an enthusiastic club woman herself and, as Mrs. Crane says, no one did any finer work than she did during the great turmoil, as part and parcel of that wonderful organization, "The Stage Women's War Relief," where Chorus Girl, Actress, Authoress and Manageress toiled together day in and day out for the love of Right.

So the talent was gotten together for 'Old Lady 31,' and on March 31st and April 1st and 2nd will display their wares at the Carlton Theater at 9:15 p.m.—NOTE! It's going to be 9:15, too.

The Dramatic Department of the American Woman's Club is going to ring up the curtain at that time, and any one not seated will have to remain in the foyer until the prologue is finished. "It is for the true lovers of drama we are doing this," says Mrs. Crane, "not just because the actors like quiet and attention, but here is a play in which the interest of the entire three acts hangs on the prologue, and it isn't fair that early comers shouldn't have the benefit of it."

The cast includes:

Mrs. R. I. Clapp, Mrs. P. A. Sargeant, Mrs. A. M. Sheldon, Mrs. S. C. Kingsbury, Mrs. H. L. Cumming, Mrs. R. W. Squires, Mrs. H. V. Bernard, Mrs. C. L. Boynton, Mrs. R. L. Rubel, Mrs. D. G. Lyman, Mrs. Gardner Crane, Miss Loraine Fleming, Mr. H. A. Paddock, Mr. F. W. Schlobohm, Mr. P. A. Giovantini, Mr. Gardner Crane.

If energy, and no regard for expenditure, can do their part towards a good production, it is complete now. For all the rest, the Dramatic Department of the American Woman's Club rests modestly upon your mercies.

* * *

THE FRASER SHIELD

Mr. Sidney Barton, The British Consul-General and at one time a fine Soccer player, is going to kick the ball off this afternoon in the final of the Fraser Shield Competition. The Machine Gunners are pitted against the Scottish Company and both want to get the verdict. It should be a great game. The energetic hon. sec. Mr. Bridges tells me that he is going to take up a collection and it will all be given to St. Dunstan's. Nothing could be better. Westa tells us that our pockets are lined with heh-hooks. Let us give him on this occasion the "lie direct." Don't put your dollars into your pockets at all. Just carry them in the palm of the hand so that they can easily be got at.

Bridges tells me another bit of welcome news. He is hoping to get a few well known entertainers together to arrange a "Smoker." This is to be an "All Sportsmen's" affair. We haven't had a gathering of this sort for many years. It ought to be a great night.

* * *

"THE ETERNAL SPRING"

A friend from the Homeland sends me a cutting from one of the papers telling about a new play which he thinks would suit our A. D. C. After reading the notice I wrote for "The Eternal

(Continued on Page 2)

BASEBALLERS TO BEGIN PRACTICE TUESDAY EVENING

Navy Y.M.C.A. To Be Used For Preliminary Warming Up Work

Active preparation for the forthcoming baseball season is to start this week, Manager Gallop having made arrangements for the prospective ball tossers to use the gymnasium of the Y.M.C.A. to get the kinks out of their arms. Practice will begin Tuesday, from 5:30 until 7 o'clock.

Manager Gallop is especially hopeful that the battery candidates for this year's team will turn out for this preliminary work. The Navy "Y's" gym is very large and will afford the ball players plenty of room in which to toss the ball around. A supply of balls and gloves will be available at the gym. for all who wish to practice.

Inasmuch as a big contingent of American war vessels will be here in April Herby is anxious to have the homesters in shape for play as early as possible. The navy boys have been playing all winter in Manila and will be in tip top shape when they get here.

Herby hopes to begin outdoor practice within a week or two. The matshed and grandstands cannot be erected until after the spring race meeting, in May, but it is probable that arrangements will be made with either the Cricket or Swimming Club to use their quarters as dressing rooms pending the erection of the baseball clubhouse.

All those who hope to play ball this summer are urged to turn out for practice immediately.

NANYANG QUINT IS DEFEATED BY ST. JOHN'S 68-9

The Nanyang College basketballers went down to another defeat yesterday afternoon when they were badly trounced by the St. John's quintet in the Jessfield gymnasium by a score of 68 to 9.

The game was rather one-sided. The Nanyang players could not locate the baskets and throughout the play they succeeded in scoring only one field goal. The other seven points were gained through foul shots. They did not show much form in the game, but played scrappily throughout.

The St. John's players, on the other hand, showed excellent form. They will no doubt be the finalists in the Intercollegiate championship series, for the team is very well balanced. With the usual combination work, helped by the familiarity of their gymnasium, they soon led the score in yesterday's game by a big margin. At the interval the score stood at 38 to 5. The second half's play was like the first half, and the continuous scoring of the Saints made the game uninteresting.

The summaries:

St. John's 68		Nanyang 9
F. C. Tsang	l.f.	M. K. Wong
T. T. Yui	r.f.	Swan Ning
C. T. Zung	c.	Tseng
P. T. Lee	l.g.	George Chow
F. S. Tsang and I. V. Doong	r.g.	K. F. Chang

Goals from floor: F. C. Tsang 9, Yui, Zung and Lee, 5, F. S. Tsang 3, Doong and Tseng 1.

Goals from fouls: Yui 6, Wang, Tseng and Chow 2, Tsang, Lee, and Ning 1.

Referee: Peabody.
Timer: Tucker.
Scorer: Dung.

SCOTTISH RUGBY XV IS DEFEATED BY CLUB, 5---NIL

Second In Series Of League Games Proves Tough Struggle

An exciting Rugby match took place yesterday afternoon between the Shanghai Scottish and the Club, in the second of the series of League games for the season. The result was a narrow win for the Club by 5 pts to nil.

The first half was a tough tussle in which neither side showed its supremacy. The Scottish kicked off and forced the ball up the field their heavy forwards having the ball most of the time. The Club halves were good and had the ball out to their three quarters when it was possible. Once or twice the club threes looked like getting over and probably would have if the wing three quarters could have got the going sooner.

A ding dong struggle was kept up until the whistle blew, though the monotony was relieved from time to time with flashes of individual brilliance.

Upon resumption of play the Scottish forwards again tried to take the game in hand but the opposing forwards who were lighter seemed in better condition and just managed to hold their own. Grew, Thorn and Powell being particularly good.

The Scottish were given a free kick in front of the Club goal and thus had the game in their hands, however Nicholl had bad luck with the placing of the ball, and just missed.

Another chance of scoring was missed by Burns who instead of throwing himself on the ground over the line, kept on running till he was pushed into touch.

After this the Club asserted themselves and Bichard picked up the ball in the loose and threw it across to McMeekin who went over and scored.

Holdsworth converted. The Scottish played rather wildly after this and so lost what chance they had of equalising. The score remained at 5 pts. to nil in the club's favor when the whistle blew for 'no side.'

The third and last of the League matches will be played next Saturday between the Machine Gun Co. S.V.C. and the club. As the former were beaten by a small margin by the Scottish. A win for the club is anticipated.

S.N. Railway Beats H'chow-Ningpo XI

The Annual Football Match between The Shanghai Nanking Railway and Shanghai Hangchow Ningpo Railway was played Saturday afternoon on Markham Road Recreation Club Ground.

The weather was fine and the game was witnessed by about one thousand spectators. The Kiangwan Orphange Band played.

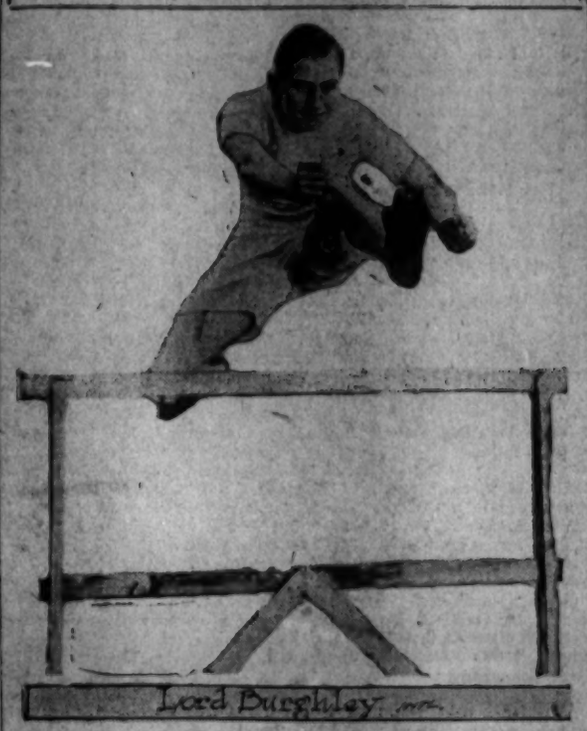
The game commenced at 3.15 and was refereed by Mr. A. H. Leslie to the satisfaction of all.

In the first ten minutes, it was quite an even game and both teams tried their best to score. A corner was sent to the center by D. Dzongts, the S.N.R. right wing, and was promptly headed by Castle Hoh, and T. H. Yao receiving the ball, netted it.

The score one to nil in favor of S.N.R. remained to the end, in spite of the hard press and severe attack by the S.H.N.R. forwards in the second half.

The S.N.R. had won twice in succession for the last two years and this victory entitled the winner to possess at last the Challenge Cup which was presented by Mr. M. Y. Chung, ex-managing Director of both railways.

A Titled Hurdler



Lord Burghley

Lord Burghley, student at Magdalene College, Cambridge University, in England, was one of the leading contestants in the Oxford-Cambridge relay races held at Iffley Road Track, Oxford. The photograph shows him going over the top in the 440-yard hurdles.

China Championships At Wuchang To Draw Entries From All Over Nation

BY K. S. CHANG

One of the greatest athletic events of the year in this country will be held at Wuchang on May 22, 23 and 24, when athletes from every Province will compete in the National Championships of China. This will be the third national meet in China, and hopes are high that its success will surpass the first two held at Nanking and Peking respectively.

As this meet will be open to every Chinese amateur athlete, it will probably attract the attention of every ambitious youth in the nation who either can run on the cinder track or play a ball game. Although the student class will comprise a large portion of the competitors, there will be a good number of out-of-school athletes going to Wuchang as contestants. It is almost certain that even such remote provinces as Manchuria, Szechwan and Yunnan will send down delegates for the big sporting affair.

The meet will be held under the auspices of the China Amateur Athletic Union which is a federation of athletic organisations in China.

Dr. J. H. Gray, as Honorary Secretary of the union, has nearly completed the plans of the meet, and has recently issued the following circular to the different organisations:

"Entry forms for the National Championships of China, which are to be held at Wuchang, Hupeh, May 22-24, are now ready for distribution. Entries close May 15 but it is hoped by the management that men will not wait until the last moment before sending in their entry forms. Those desiring further information regarding the Meet and entry forms for use can secure them by applying to Dr. J. H. Gray, 20 Museum Road, who as Honorary Secretary of the China Amateur Athletic Union is receiving these entries."

It has been decided to hold the meet on the ground of the Hupeh Recreation Club, Wuchang, an organisation established a year ago with the financial backing of the Tuchun of that province. The ground has been improved this year and the plans have been to

(Continued on Page 2)

GREAT INTEREST MANIFESTED IN FRIDAY'S BOXING

Billy Tingle Begins Hard Training For Bout With Odina

Much interest was expressed yesterday in the forthcoming boxing program, scheduled for the New Carlton next Friday evening. Billy Tingle, who will meet Odina, best of the Japanese quartet now in the city, started to work in earnest yesterday to get down to form. Billy has been idle as far as active battling is concerned, as he has not been in the ring since his last engagement with Keenan about a month ago. Billy is slightly over weight but is confident that he can get down to his customary 118 before Friday. Odina, the Japanese boy that he is to meet, weighs 124 and is reputed to be very fast.

The Japanese community here is all agog over boxing, the showing of the visitors from Japan having been so unexpectedly good that their countrymen here are anxious to see them in action again. A capacity house is anticipated at the New Carlton Friday in consequence.

OUTSIDERS FARE WELL AT KIANGWAN

Day Of Dividends At 105th Race Meeting

$362 ON HOME RUN

Jack Flint, Outsider Is Best In Steeplechase

Yesterday was a day of surprises, and pleasant ones, too, for the great throng of racing devotees who journeyed to the International Recreation Club's track at Kiangwan to witness the 105th race meeting. The meet was for non winners at the China New Year meeting and it was perhaps due to the absence of the better known ponies that the form players were unable to pick winners.

It was a day of big dividends, beginning with a $362 reward to those who backed "Home Run" in the first race, and ending with a payment of $55 to those who picked Ownership in the last event on the card. In between these numbers there were numerous big payments, including $37 on Pearl in the fourth; $369 on Jack Flint in the sixth (steeplechase); $38 on Daddy Long Legs in the seventh, $93 on McKenzie in the eighth; $56 on Baby Eyes in the ninth, and $53 on Roman Oriole in the tenth.

The big surprise of the day was the defeat of the field ponies, Boynefield and Smithfield, in the sixth event, the maiden steeplechase. These ponies, particularly the first named, were considered to be in a class by themselves over the sticks, and great was the consternation when Jack Flint, a rank outsider, made them look like selling platers.

The weather was fine and the track fast. Summaries:

1.—The March Subscription Griffin Plate, 7 furlongs.

	Rs.
Home Run, H. Maitland	144—1
Steam-Meter, Haimovitch	149—2
Good Joss, C. Encarnacao	146—3

Also ran: The Dachhound, Wm. Hu; Lammas Day, P. C. Wu; Opening Entry, Knoll; City of Nanyang, Patterson; Studebaker, Z. W. Yu; Orlington, H. Tomono; Chancellorship, W. Hill; Magic Ring, Quincey; Put and Take, J. Liou; Innocent's Day, A. Hughes; Haggis, C. R. Burkill.

Won by ½ length; ½ length. Time—1:50.

PARI-MUTUEL

	Win	Place
Home Run	23	89
Steam-Meter	99	361
Good Joss	43	126

Total chances 1853 3881
For win, $362.50; place 1st, $59.60; 2nd, $18.40; 3rd, $43.80.
Cash Sweep: 1st 440, 2nd 46, 3rd 157. Unplaced—310, 474, 287, 72, 356, 58, 153, 27, 143, 170, 431.

2.—The Perseverance Stakes, 5 furlongs.

	Rs.
Three Fours, J. K. Brand	152—1
Relationship, W. Hill	155—2
Dye Ken, Patterson	154—3

Also ran: Ability, Knoll; Louder, G. Pollock; The Yak, H. Maitland; Rheometer, Haimovitch; City of Hanyang, L. P. Soong; Fulfilment, A. N. Dallas; Silver Lake, Wm. Hu; Cherry Blossom, Z. W. Yu.

Won by 2 lengths; many lengths. Time—1:12.

PARI-MUTUEL

	Win	Place
Three Fours	1756	1954
Relationship	443	915
Dye Ken	69	161

Total chances 3156 4548
For win, $8.00; place 1st, $5.90; 2nd, $6.90; 3rd, $16.00.
Cash Sweep: 1st, 462; 2nd 584; 3rd 401. Unplaced—49, 530, 469, 72, 192, 536, 584, 697, 54, 401, 202.

3.—The Cash Sweep Plate, 1¼ miles.

	Rs.
Bonnie Scotland, Dallas	153—1
Censorship, W. Hill	161—2
Pugilist, J. K. Brand	147—3

Also ran: Daddy Long Legs, C. R. Burkill; Tut Tut, L. Osorio; Satisfaction, Haimovitch; Plainfield, Heard; The Englefield, Patterson; The Harrier, J. Liou; The Bison, Wm. Hu.

Won by 2 lengths; 2 lengths. Time—2:44 4-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

	Win	Place
Bonnie Scotland	1309	1478
Censorship	227	825

BARNEY GOOGLE By Billy De Beck

MR. GOOGLE - I AM MAJOR MUFT FROM KANSAS CITY - I'M HERE FOR THE PURPOSE OF INDUCING YOU TO JOIN WITH THE OTHER OWNERS WHO HAVE THEIR ENTRIES IN THE CROSS-CONTINENTAL RACE TO SWING TO KANSAS CITY AND CONTINUE WESTWARD FROM THERE - THEY'VE ALL AGREED - NOW IT'S UP TO YOU
NOTHING DOING !!
AND THE EXTRA 1000 THE TOWNS PEOPLE HAVE PLEDGED TO THE FIRST HORSE ARRIVING HAS NO ATTRACTION - WELL, WELL, I'M AFRAID MY TRIP UP TO CHICAGO WAS A WILD GOOSE CHASE AFTER ALL - I'LL CATCH THE VERY NEXT TRAIN BACK TO KANSAS CITY - 5:20 NOW - I JUST HAVE ABOUT EIGHTEEN MINUTES
WHOSE PICTURE IS THAT IN THE BACK OF YOUR WATCH ?
THAT'S MY TWENTY YEAR OLD NIECE - IN SPITE OF HER YOUTH SHE'S A GREAT STUDENT OF HUMAN NATURE AND SHE LOVES THOROUGHBRED HORSES - EVERY ONE CALLS HER "WEENIE" -
WEENIE ! - SHE'S WONDERFUL ! WONDERFUL WEENIE !! WAIT HERE A FEW MINUTES, MAJOR
I'VE CHANGED MY MIND, MAJOR LET'S GO!
ANYHOW WANTS ME TO TAKE SPARK PLUG TO KANSAS CITY ? ALL BY MAIL SEEMS ???!!
BECK

Pugilist	57	143
Total chances	2784	3621

For win, $13.60; place 1st, $8.40; 2nd, $20.80; 3rd $36.60. Cash Sweep: 1st, 347; 2nd, 836; 3rd, 733. Unplaced: 149, 86, 885, 840, 288, 283, 496.

4.—The Cosmopolitan Plate, 5 furlongs.

	lbs.	
Pearl, Crokam	156	1
Speedy Fellow, Quincey	152	2
Sir Colin, Knoll	147	3

Also ran: The King, Morriss; Blue Diamond, Patterson; Lincolnshire, J. Liou; Sunfire, Liddell; Mid Summer Day, P. C. Wu; Association, Wm. Hu; Gas-Meter, Haimovitch; Citizenship, L. F. Soong; Paddington, W. Hill; The Zebra, J. K. Brand; Kewiki, H. Maitland; Old Pagoda, Heard.

Won by 1 length; ½ length. Time—1:13 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Pearl	359	370
Speedy Fellow	177	201
Sir Colin	817	921

Total chances	3269	5410

For win, $37.10; place 1st, $19.70; 2nd, $23.10; 3rd, $10.90. Cash Sweep: 1st, 268; 2nd, 358; 3rd, 408. Unplaced—103, 817, 104, 437, 837, 362, 362, 221, 623, 897, 146, 548.

5.—The March Selling Plate, ¾ mile.

	lbs.	
Silver Lake, Knoll	147	1
Hot Stuff, Patterson	152	2
Orlington, L. F. Soong	152	3

Also ran: Saccharometer, Haimovitch; Golden Pagoda, P. C. Wu; Nationalisation, L. Ozorio; North Down, Quincey; The Salt, Spencer; Fandango, Maitland; Zi Zi Pan Pan, Heard; Sincerity, Wm. Hu; Sensible Kid, Z. W. Yu; Why Worry, Silas; The Dachshund, J. Liou; Operation, Hughes; The Country Bird, J. K. Brand; Silver Dragon, Encarnacao; Tai Shan, E. R. Brodie.

Won by 1½ lengths; a neck. Time—1:21 4-5.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Silver Lake	595	1392
Hot Stuff	132	410
Orlington	18	42

Total chances	3166	5452

For win, $15.60; place 1st, $9.60; 2nd, $17.40; 3rd, $126.60. Cash Sweep: 1st, 83; 2nd, 567; 3rd 52. Unplaced—669, 421, 217, 870, 727, 661, 191, 920, 262, 72, 596, 637, 621, 1, 655.

6.—A Maiden Steeplechase, 2 miles.

	lbs.	
Jack Flint, J. K. Brand	153	1
Hotch Pot, Haimovitch	149	2
Nordborg, Siang-Lund	161	3

Also ran: New Well, Sassoon; Smithfield, Maitland; Hullabaloo, C. R. Burkill; Goodfellow, Liddell; Boynefield, Greig; The Guagga, Wm. Hu.

Won by many lengths; many lengths.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Jack Flint	59	162
Hotch Pot	134	273
Nordborg	223	545

Total chances	2759	4312

For win, $209.70; place 1st, $34.60; 2nd, $22.70; 3rd, $13.80. Cash Sweep: 1st, 506; 2nd, 796; 3rd, 600. Unplaced—936, 220, 585, 705, 18, 576.

7.—The Llama Miao Plate, ¾ mile.

	lbs.	
Daddy Long Legs, Haimovitch	163	1
Farmland, A. N. Dallas	152	2
Invincible Dragon, Encarnacao	152	3

Also ran: New Moon, Hughes; English Money, Knoll; Sincerity, Patterson; Generalship, W. Hill; Statesmanship, L. F. Soong; Harfield, Heard; Cock a Doodle Do, J. K. Brand; Affinity, J. Liou; Silver Pagoda, C. R. Burkill; Cherry Blossom, Z. W. Yu; Haggin, Maitland.

Won by ½ length; 1 length. Time—1:29 3-5.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Daddy Long Legs	446	438
Farmland	472	527
Invincible Dragon	130	264

Total chances	3817	5356

For win, $36.50; place 1st, $18.60; 2nd, $16.30; 3rd, $27.60. Cash Sweep: 1st, 258; 2nd, 857; 3rd, 967. Unplaced—770, 624, 428, 634, 221, 121, 525, 463, 723, 595.

8.—The March Handicap, 1¼ miles.

	lbs.	
McKenzie, Crokam	148	1
Young Bill, C. R. Burkill	153	2
Century Star, Patterson	152	3

Also ran: Pretender, L. Ozorio; Occupation, Quincey; White Knight, G. Moller; Re-Organisation, A. N. Dallas; Ikoma, Knoll; Vesthorg, Haimovitch; Artful Dodger, Maitland; The Hawk, W. Hill; The Koulou, J. Liou; The Jaguer, Wm. Hu.

Won by a head; ¾ length. Time—2:38.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
McKenzie	138	232
Young Bill	1212	1083
Century Star	81	248

Total chances	3894	4767

For win, $93.20; place 1st, $18.20; 2nd, $9.10; 3rd, $22.90. Cash Sweep: 1st, 407; 2nd, 572; 3rd, 456. Unplaced—383, 741, 424, 542, 142, 405, 89, 799, 366, 767.

9.—The Saturday Selling Plate, 1¼ miles.

	lbs.	
Baby Eyes, Haimovitch	142	1
Conqueror Dahlia, Crokam	155	2
Kongo, J. Liou	152	3

Also ran: Clever Kid, Knoll; Nationalisation, L. Ozorio; St. Dunstan's Day, L. F. Soong; Galenite, Quincey; Gargany, Heard; Day Star, A. N. Dallas; Henry Y. Patterson; Zandam, Wm. Hu; The Full Moon, Maitland; Commandership, W. Hill; Morning Glory, Encarnacao.

Won by ¾ length; 2 lengths. Time—2:41.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Baby Eyes	253	469
Conqueror Dahlia	520	707
Kongo	63	103

Total chances	3229	4417

For win, $56.30; place 1st, $14.50; 2nd, $11.30; 3rd, $46.50. Cash Sweep: 1st, 737; 2nd, 740; 3rd, 881. Unplaced——153, 423, 424, 476, 771, 140, 765, 497, 239, 126, 312.

10.—The Farewell Plate, 7 furlongs.

	lbs.	
Roman Oriole, Haimovitch	152	1
Lincolnshire, Wm. Hu	150	2
Friarsfield, Heard	155	3

Also ran: Woodcroft, Liddell; Presidentship, W. Hill; Mirzapur, Crokam; Coquelicot, J. Liou; Speedy Fellow, Quincey; Mid Summer Day, L. F. Soong; Settington, Knoll; Association, H. Tomone; Woodland, Patterson; Lone Star, Encarnacao; September, Maitland; Dinna Ken, G. Pollock; Skyros, J. K. Brand; Full House, C. R. Burkill; Chalcacite, A. N. Dallas.

Won by ½ length; 2 lengths. Time—1:47 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Roman Oriole	394	617
Lincolnshire	52	85
Friarsfield	42	75

Total chances	3701	4453

For win, $53.70; place 1st, $13.70; 2nd, $33.30; 3rd, $76.70. Cash Sweep: 1st, 745; 2nd, 150; 3rd, 796. Unplaced—170, 23, 793, 714, 136, 422, 531, 826, 379, 699, 946, 374, 507, 295, 857.

11.—The Novices Race, 1½ miles.

	lbs.	
Ownership, L. Ozorio	142	1
Golden Chrysanthemum, Encarnacao	153	2
Pole Star, Hughes	150	3

Also ran: Standlight, G. Pollock; Litchfield, Greig; Golden Lake, Spencer; Clever Kid, Remedios.

Won by ¾ length; ½ length. Time—3:15 3-5.

PARI-MUTUEL.

	Win	Place
Ownership	217	178
Golden Chrysanthemum	847	451
Pole Star	520	605

Total chances	2668	2404

For win, $55.10; place 1st, $13.60; 2nd, $8.40; 3rd, $7.50. Cash Sweep: 1st, 339; 2nd, 236; 3rd, 170. Unplaced—451, 344, 431, 732.

Sport And Stage

(Continued from Page 1)

Spring." Yes! it looks the right sort of play. But read this:

"It is pleasant now and then to meet a play in which all the characters are "perfect dears."

There are no bad people or disagreeable people in "The Eternal Spring," a new comedy by Peter Garland, produced at the Royalty Theater last night; and although the piece belongs to a type known as "a sentimental sweetmeat," it does not suffer from too much sugar. There is charm, not syrup.

We are introduced once more to a middle-aged, absent-minded, unworldly professor who marries a sweet and pretty girl "for convenience." Stephen Gretton takes this step because slander is coupling his name with that of Mary, who acts as his secretary, and whose valuable services in that role he does not wish to lose.

She has loved him from the first. He grows to love her in the first month of spring. But each believes that the other has regretted the marriage. Misunderstanding, they agree to part, but only a few tears are shed before the discovery of the truth and a delightful reconciliation.

The piece has no strength of drama, but it has a certain amount of wit as well as a charm which comes from the pleasant natures of the characters.

There have been many stage professors of a similar type to Stephen, but none more delightful than the part as played by Mr. Dennis Eadie. He has nothing of stuffiness, nothing of grumpiness; he is not even foolish. Instead he is an easy-mannered gentleman, only slightly eccentric, with the saving grace of humor.

Miss Lilian Braithwaite as his sister who "carries gossip" has nothing of the cat. In spite of an eyeglass, she fairly oozes kindness. Mr. Robert Andrews as her son is a nice boy, although he does write poetry and attempt to make love to his uncle's young wife; Miss Ann Trevor is a joyous Sapper; Miss Faith Celli is a winsome Mary; and Mr. Athole Stewart plays the role of everybody's friend in a way to make it apparent that he has a heart of gold.

Altogether a delightful little company with whom to spend a happy evening."

All China Contests At Wuchang Draw From Whole Nation

(Continued from Page 1)

drawn out that the field and track events and the different ball games can be contested simultaneously.

The main contests will be the Field and Track events, but the three day program will include tennis, football, baseball, basketball and volleyball. Swimming in its different styles will also be competed. In addition, there will be exhibitions in Chinese Boxing, boyscout work and physical drills.

Prizes which will be distributed after the meet are of three kinds: the individual or team prize, the provincial prize and the sectional prize. The individual or team prize is given to the individual or team that has won the highest number of points, and the provincial prize to the province and the sectional prize to the section in a like manner. The sections are divided as follows: Manchuria (Kirin, Fengtien and Heilungkiang), North China (Chihli Shantung, Shansi and Honan), West China (Shensi, Hupeh Hunan and Szechwan), East China (Kiangsi Anhwei, Kiangsu and Chekiang), and South China (Fukien, Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Kweichow, Yunnan, and Hongkong).

As the meet will be held in the latter part of May, athletes will have ample time to train. It is the aim of the promoters of the meet to utilise the occasion as a medium for raising the athletic standard of China, with a view to a better showing in the forthcoming Far Eastern Olympic Games.

It is understood that Shanghai will send down at least a track team, a football team, a basketball team, and possibly a baseball team.

Fellow Employees Pay Fine Tribute To Mr. J. B. Ferrier

Mr. J. B. Ferrier, the well known Shanghai golfer, was the recipient of souvenirs yesterday from his fellow employees of the British American Tobacco Company, the occasion being his impending departure for Australia on leave. The presentations were from the Private Cost and General Ledger departments of the company.

Mr. C. R. Harrap, for the first named department, expressed the esteem and respect in which Mr. Ferrier was held by everybody in the Department. As the head of it, he had shown that he could run it quite as well as he could play golf, and it was the unanimous opinion of the staff that he was that rare combination: a perfect gentleman and an ideal skipper.

Immediately after this ceremony, Mr. T. Emamooden, on behalf of the General Ledger Department, presented Mr. Ferrier with a souvenir and paid a tribute to his accommodating spirit and his ever ready help and counsel.

The souvenirs took the form of a shield, with the names of the donors inscribed, from the Cost Department and a pair of cuff links and a silver cigarette case from the General Ledger Department.

Mr. Ferrier was recently entertained to dinner by the Cost Department.

Cushey Job Wins Waterloo Cup

(Reuter's Service)

Liverpool, March 14.—In the final of the Waterloo Cup here today, Cushey Job beat Whitechapel. The betting was 3 to 1 on the winner.

$1 ANY LENS REPAIR ONE DOLLAR THIS WEEK ONLY See Our Display Ad. on Page 2 O.I.C. 45a Nanking Road

Shanghai Stores Co.
21 Nanking Road Phone C. 867

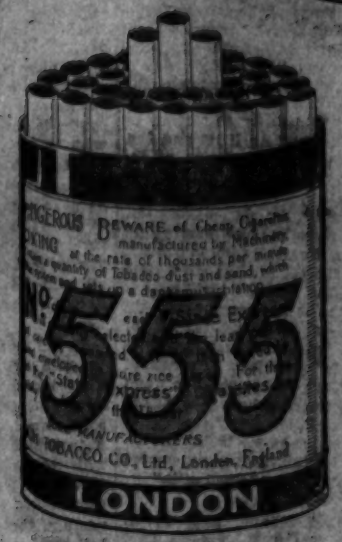
IF you are going on Home Leave do not forget that you will require extra SHIRTS, SOX, collars, underwear, etc., etc., for use on the boat. New spring stocks are constantly arriving at the

Shanghai Storst Co.
Men's Wear Specialists

Refracting and Manufacturing Dr. John Goddard Optician
Pole Lenses
Invisible Bifocals
Sun Glasses in Various Shades
W. T. Findley, M.D.
36 Nanking Road. Tel. 1969

Passengers' Baggage—All Risks of Accident Ashore and Afloat including Fire and Theft—
Send for prospectus
C. E. SPARKE INSURANCE OFFICE 44 Kiangse Road.
Agents:—Excess Insurance Co., Ltd.
Whose Assets exceed £2,000,000.

STATE EXPRESS 555 VIRGINIA CIGARETTES



Made by hand, one at a time, from pure Virginia Leaf selected on the actual Tobacco fields by our own experts.

Sole Manufacturers:
ARDATH TOBACCO CO., LTD., LONDON

JUST AS THE TWIG IS BENT THE TREE'S INCLINED.

We feel confident that if we can give a boy a good beginning we can insure him against a bad ending.

If we are keenly sensitive to the problems of childhood we all realize this.

It pays, therefore, to start a boy saving early in life, and you cannot have a better way than the I.S.S. System.

Incidentally, making the boy save will do you good.

Try it and see.

International Savings Society
7 AVENUE EDOUARD VII, SHANGHAI

DO YOU KNOW?

THAT THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE "Three Castles" CIGARETTES USE CONSIDERABLY MORE THAN HALF OF THE VIRGINIA TOBACCO GROWN IN THE UNITED STATES?

THAT THEY ARE ABLE THEREFORE TO SELECT THE FINEST LEAF.---
---THE ONLY KIND USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF "Three Castles"?

"Three Castles"

MADE IN ENGLAND

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

See BARNEY GOOGLE and SPARK PLUG, Every Day In THE CHINA PRESS

Bringing Up Father

Registered U. S. Patent Office

1 — I'M INDEED SORRY MR. JIGGS TO HEAR THAT YOU ARE POOR! / MY EYE SIGHT ISN'T POOR!

2 — MOTHER DEAR— / SH-H-H DADDY'S ASLEEP HE CAME HOME VERY TIRED!

3 — ? / OH! MOTHER ISN'T THIS THE FUNNIEST THING YOU EVER HEARD A CORNED BEEF EATING CONTEST AT DINTY MOORE'S I WONDER IF DADDY KNOWS ABOUT IT.

4 — OH! HU! JUST AS I SUSPECTED!

5 — BRING IN ANOTHER PORTION MIKE— / YOURE TWO PLATES AHEAD JIGGS!

6 — COME ON YOU BIG LOAFER I'LL SEE THAT YOU GET HOME / AW! LISTEN MAGGIE HAVE A HEART!

7 — THERE! NOW YOU'LL STAY HERE UNTIL I GET GOOD AND READY TO LET YOU UP. / I'D HAVE WON THAT SILVER CUP IF YOU HAD LET ME STAY—

8 — I STILL HAVE A CHANCE OF WINNIN THAT CUP!

9 — TAKE THIS OFF ME BACK BOYS I'M STILL IN THE CONTEST— / ATTA BOY HURRY UP YOU STILL GOT A CHANCE! / GROGAN IS AHEAD NOW!

10 — I THINK YOU ARE REALLY MEAN TO DADDY I'D LIKE SOME CORNED BEEF MYSELF WHY DON'T YOU SURPRISE HIM AND HAVE SOME FOR SUPPER! / IT CERTAINLY DID SMELL GOOD I THINK YOU ARE RIGHT MY CHILD

11 — I'LL RUN DOWN TO DINTY MOORES AND GET SOME BUT DON'T MAKE ANY NOISE YOUR FATHER IS SURE TO FALL ASLEEP. / I'LL HAVE THE TABLE ALL SET!

© 1924 BY INT'L FEATURE SERVICE, INC. GREAT BRITAIN RIGHTS RESERVED

12 — ! / GOOD BOYS JIGGS! / HOORAY! JIGGS WINS! / GIVE HIM THE CUP!

13 — THIS IS CERTAINLY WONDERFUL CORNED BEEF. / LISTEN MOTHER LET FATHER TELL US ABOUT WINNING THE CUP— / WELL AFTER I GOT SEVEN PLATES AHEAD OF GROGAN IT WUZ EASY.

GEO MCMANUS 2-24